

Data Resource Guide

Fiscal Year 2023

Successful Youth
Safer Communities
Strong Leaders,
Sustainable Partnerships

Maryland Department of Juvenile Services



Data Resource Guide Fiscal Year 2023

Maryland Department of Juvenile Services

State of Maryland

Wes Moore, Governor

Vincent Schiraldi, Secretary

December 2023

This guide fulfills the statutory reporting requirements set forth in Md. Human Services Code Ann. §9-204 regarding the agency's comprehensive juvenile services plan as well as reporting juvenile recidivism rates.

This *Data Resource Guide* as well as previous editions can be found on the DJS website:
djs.maryland.gov/Pages/Data-Resource-Guides.aspx

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Letter from the Governor...

Dear Friends:

It is my pleasure to present to you the Department of Juvenile Services' FY23 Data Resource Guide.

This is the first Department of Juvenile Services Data Resource Guide issued since I became governor and appointed Secretary Vinny Schiraldi to lead the department. Under Secretary Schiraldi's leadership, we are building a data-driven and stronger long-term approach to improving public safety and promoting both accountability and support for youth in our state.

My highest priority as governor is ensuring public safety and reducing violence in our communities. Sharing accurate and objective data is critical to achieving those goals. These Resource Guide data help inform critical collaborative strategies – including the department's Safe Summer initiative and the Thrive Academy – as part of a comprehensive approach to working with young people, families, and community organizations to make our communities safer. We will continue to collect, monitor, and analyze these data to inform our progress.

I look forward to continuing to work with Secretary Schiraldi and his team to support our young people as we create safer, thriving, healthy, and vibrant communities.

Sincerely,



Wes Moore
Governor



Wes Moore

A Word from the Secretary...

Welcome to the 13th edition of the Department of Juvenile Services' Data Resource Guide (DRG). Our Department is a data-driven agency, and the data we collect not only impact our decision-making process but also decisions made by many of our partners and stakeholders. We publish the DRG every year not only to meet statutory obligations but also to provide transparency, a crucial element towards reforming the justice system.

I am very excited to be part of the Department of Juvenile Services (DJS) family. One of my first acts when I came into office was to launch a listening tour across the state. I conducted 33 listening sessions at DJS facilities and community offices. I also met with courts, public defenders, state's attorneys, youth, and families. At the same time, our team compiled data to put juvenile crime in Maryland into context and released a report with those findings in September.



Vincent Schiraldi

The [data brief](#) showed some encouraging ten-year trends (an overall 50% decline in referrals to DJS and a 44% decline in violent crime referrals), but also some areas of concern, particularly around gun crimes. DJS is increasing its focus and resources on our highest-risk youth and in areas of the state that are experiencing the highest levels of crime and violence so that we can deploy resources most effectively. We launched the Thrive Academy, which will provide intensive services, supports, and opportunities to youth in Baltimore City and County (and later, Prince George's County) who are at the highest risk of being a victim or perpetrator of gun crime.

At DJS, we fully embrace Governor Moore's "all-of-the-above" approach to addressing public safety in Maryland. We need to do everything we can to ensure accountability and coordination – while also taking steps to prioritize prevention. We can't always be reacting to crime; we need to get ahead of the curve. Our team is hard at work on this all across the state, and I would like to thank them for everything they do for our young people and their families.

Sincerely,

Vincent Schiraldi

Executive Summary

The number of youth involved in all levels of the juvenile justice system in Maryland has seen a significant long-term decline over the past decade, including a steep decline during the COVID-19 pandemic (FY 2021). Since then, numbers for complaints—and subsequently detentions and commitments—have risen, but they are generally below pre-pandemic levels.

Complaints

The number of juvenile complaints in Maryland declined significantly over the past decade, but increased over the past two years. Despite these increases, the overall number of complaints is at or below pre-pandemic levels.

↓ **10-Year Trend: Number of Complaints Down 50.4%.**

Number of Crimes of Violence: Down 44.6%

Number of Non-Violent Felonies: Down 21.0%

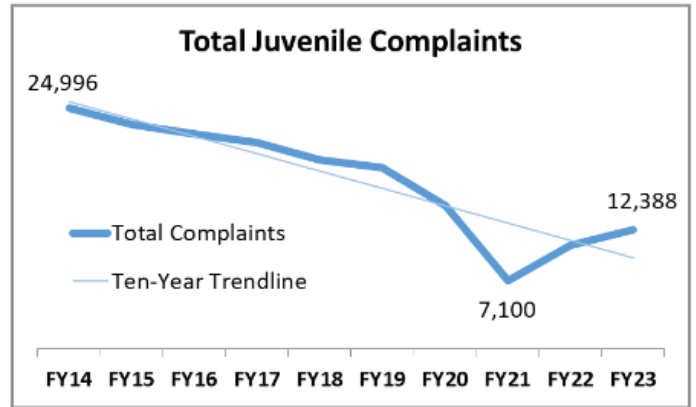
Number of Misdemeanors: Down 55.9%

↑ **1-Year Trend: Number of Complaints Up 14.8%.**

Number of Crimes of Violence: Up 17.2%

Number of Non-Violent Felonies: Up 70.6%

Number of Misdemeanors: Up 5.2%



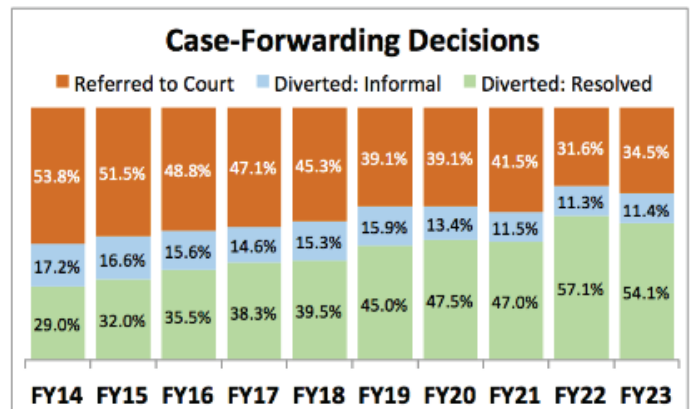
Diversions from Court

Over the past decade, DJS has steadily increased the proportion of complaints diverted from juvenile court, either by resolving complaints, or by entering into informal pre-court agreements. Diversions did decline slightly in the most recent year. Youth that have been diverted have a high rate of success, with few having new offenses within a year.

↑ **10-Year Trend: Diversion Rate is Up from 46.2% to 65.5%.**

↓ **1-Year Trend: Diversion Rate is Down from 68.4% to 65.5%.**

Outcome: 92.4 % of cases diverted in FY 2021 had no new sustained offense within a year.



Detention

The long-term and recent trends in the number of youth detained generally mirrors the overall trend in complaints. The number of youth detained under juvenile court jurisdiction declined significantly over ten years, and increased somewhat in the past two. Over the same time, the number of youth under adult court jurisdiction detained in a DJS facility has risen, and such cases now make up a majority of the DJS detained population. The number of youth in detention awaiting committed placement has also risen, but the number of youth detained pre-disposition has continued to decline.

↓ **10-Year Trend: Detained Population is Down 32.1%.**

Juvenile Court Pre-Disposition: Down 74.4%

Juvenile Court Pending Placement: Down 46.8%

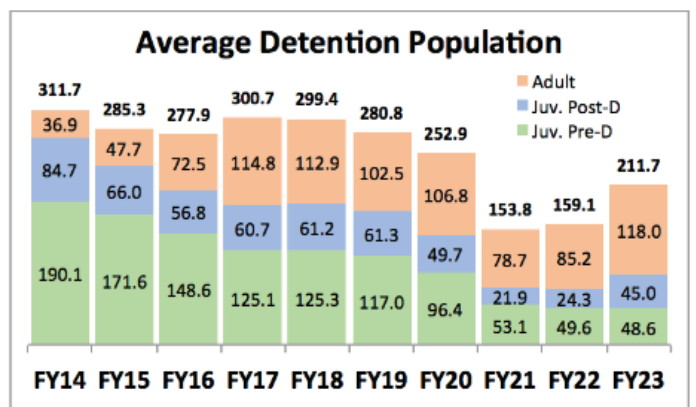
Adult Court Detained: Up 219.9%

↑ **1-Year Trend: Detained Population is Up 33.1%.**

Juvenile Court Pre-Disposition: Down 1.9%

Juvenile Court Pending Placement: Up 85.1%

Adult Court Detained: Up 38.6%



Community Supervision

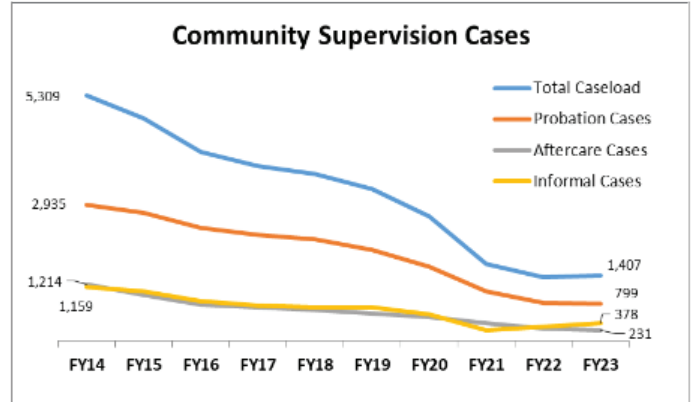
The number of youth supervised by DJS in the community has declined over ten years to an even greater extent than the decline in complaints. Pre-court cases for youth informally diverted from court have risen in the last two years, as the number of diversions from court have increased.

↓ **10-Year Trend: Overall Caseload is Down 73.5%.**

- Probation Caseload: Down 72.8%*
- Informal Pre-Court Caseload: Down 67.4%*
- Aftercare Caseload: Down 81.0%*

↑ **1-Year Trend: Overall Caseload is Up 1.6%.**

- Probation Caseload: Down 2.1%*
- Informal Pre-Court Caseload: Up 23.8%*
- Aftercare Caseload: Down 12.4%*



Outcome: 89.2% of FY 2021 probation cases had no new sustained juvenile or adult offense within a year of being placed on probation.

Youth Committed to Out-of-Home Treatment Programs

In the past 10 years, there has been a steady and steep decline in the number of youth committed by the juvenile court to out-of-home placement. This reflects a willingness of DJS to divert cases from court, but also the willingness of the court to order in-home supervision and services in lieu of placement.

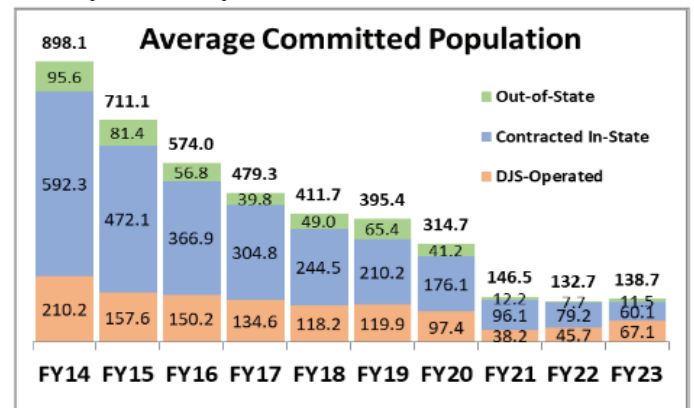
Despite these findings, as with other trends, there has been an increase in the number of commitments in the past year, largely driven by placements to DJS-operated programs. The population in contracted programs has continued to decline. There has been a slight uptick in out-of-state placements, though numbers remain small, with an average of just 11.5 youth in FY 2023. Youth committed to out-of-home placement generally have more serious offenses than youth diverted or placed on probation supervision.

↓ **10-Year Trend: Committed Population is Down 84.6%.**

- DJS-Operated Programs: Down 68.1%*
- Contracted In-State: Down 89.9%*
- Out-of-State: Down 88.0%*

↑ **1-Year Trend: Committed Population is Up 4.6%.**

- DJS-Operated Programs: Up 46.9%*
- Contracted In-State: Down 24.2%*
- Out-of-State: Up 49.1%*



Offense Category for Committed Youth (FY 2022-2023):

- The share of commitments for Crimes of Violence increased from 40.0% to 59.5%.*
- The share of commitments for Felonies decreased from 15.0% to 13.5%.*
- The share of commitments for Misdemeanors decreased from 44.6% to 27.0%.*

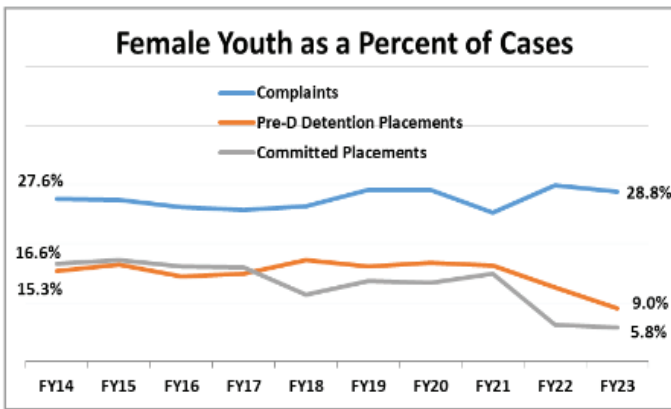
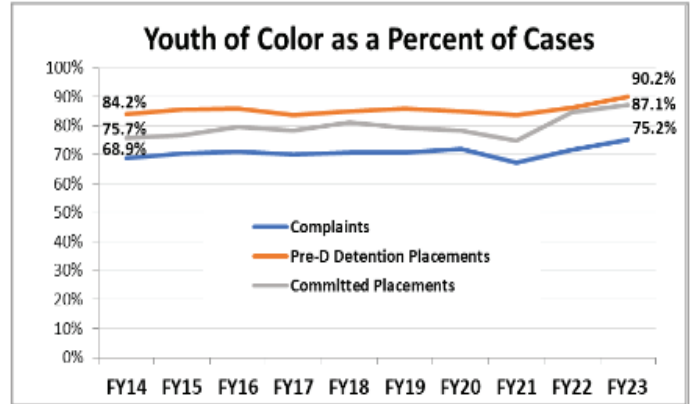
Outcome: 84.8% of youth released from committed programs in FY 2021 had no new sustained juvenile offense or adult conviction within a year.

Executive Summary (cont.)

Gender and Race Equity

Youth of color are overrepresented in facilities relative to intakes, and that trend has worsened in recent years.

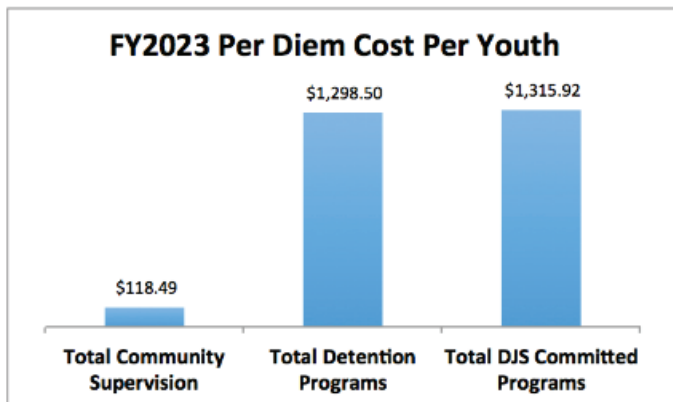
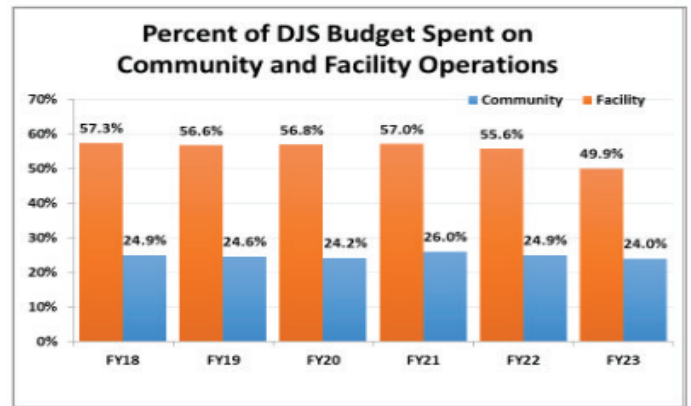
- The percentage of Pre-Disposition detention placements that are youth of color increased from 84.2% in FY 2014 to 90.2% in FY 2023.
- The percentage of commitments that are youth of color increased from 75.7% in FY 2014 to 87.1% in FY 2023.



The percent of referrals to DJS Intake for girls has been remarkably flat over the past decade, at just under 30%. However, girls have been decreasing as a proportion of Pre-Disposition admissions to detention, from 15.3% in FY 2014 to 9.0% in FY 2023, and of committed placements, which decreased from 16.6% in FY 2014 to 5.8% in FY 2023. Still, girls are generally committed for less serious offenses than boys, with 33.3% of girls placed into a committed treatment placement for misdemeanors in FY 2023, compared to 26.6% of boys.

Expenditures

The cost of operating and contracting out-of-home programs for youth detained or committed has made up at least half of the DJS budget in recent years. Although it has begun to decline somewhat in the past few years as a proportion of the budget, the absolute costs have remained flat, declining just 1.7% in five years, while the populations held have dropped 50.7%.



The daily cost to house a youth in facilities is vastly higher than the cost to supervise and provide services to youth in their home. In FY 2023, the in-home per-diem rate was under \$120. For detained and committed youth, it was more than ten times as much, well over a thousand dollars a day.

Section I: An Overview of the Maryland Department of Juvenile Services



Youth from Green Ridge Youth Center embarked on a History Hike, an event that allows for learning outside the classroom.

Introduction to the Maryland Department of Juvenile Services

The Maryland Department of Juvenile Services (DJS) is an executive agency responsible for managing, supervising, housing and providing programs to youth who are involved in the youth legal system. The Department’s mission is to transform young people’s lives, create safer communities, and forge more equitable systems through community-based partnerships that hold youth accountable while building on their strengths and support systems. At every stage of the justice system, DJS works statewide with other partners, stakeholders, and agencies including police and the courts. DJS is involved in every stage of the youth legal process and has the authority to resolve cases at intake without formal court processing unless they involve a crime of violence, at which point the case must be forwarded to the State’s Attorney. DJS has local offices in all 23 counties and Baltimore City, operating local youth detention centers and state commitment facilities. DJS works with community and agency partners to achieve meaningful positive outcomes for the youth we serve.

The following are some recent updates to the Department’s operations that provide context for the data included in this guide.

INCORPORATING STAFF, YOUTH, AND STAKEHOLDERS’ VOICES IN ALL WE DO

The new Secretary’s Listening Tour began in May 2023 and ended in August 2023. Secretary Schiraldi reached his goal of visiting with DJS staff at every level, in every field office, every facility, and throughout support services. Those discussions directly shaped the Strategies and Actions in the Department’s upcoming Strategic Plan. Key themes included: providing more programming to youth in residential facilities; more services, supports, and opportunities for young people and families in the community; focusing on staff workload and retention; and centering youth, family, and community feedback in all decision making.

Additionally, DJS staff held “Lunch and Learn” briefings to educate stakeholders on recent legislative changes and new avenues to connect young people to services pursuant to the Juvenile Justice Reform Act, particularly via Children in Need of Supervision (CINS) petitions. Since the law’s passage*, the number of youth referred to the Department for CINS services has nearly doubled statewide, and 90-day reoffending by youth under age 13 with CINS referrals declined from 24.1 percent in FY 2022 to 13.3 percent in FY 2023.

The Department is continuing to develop meaningful ways to engage youth and families in policy, including via youth roundtables in facilities that meet regularly to share feedback on residential operations, and by engaging youth in the community at our Evening Reporting Centers to gather their feedback on the agency’s strategic plan.

RENEWED EMPHASIS ON TREATMENT AND POSITIVE YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

The Department focuses on strategies that treat youth’s unmet needs, support positive youth development, prioritize keeping youth in the community and with their families, and are known to limit reoffending. To that end, DJS aims to utilize programming that focuses on addressing underlying trauma and supports behavior change while keeping young people in the community with their caregivers.

After reviewing data and outcomes within the Department of Juvenile Services, and from other jurisdictions across the country, DJS established the Comprehensive Treatment Model (CTM) to improve the way it delivers treatment services to youth in DJS-operated treatment programs. The CTM establishes that Dialectical Behavioral Therapy (DBT) is the Department’s overall treatment approach and that the intensity of services a youth receives is determined by the youth’s risk of recidivism and treatment needs. The CTM also incorporates principles of Positive Youth Development (PYD) and trauma informed care.

PYD is a comprehensive approach to understanding adolescent development and the successful transition to adulthood. Prior to the late 1990s, the focus of those who worked with teenagers was risk management and fixing problems such as school failure, unemployment, unplanned pregnancy, drug abuse, and crime. This deficit-based approach has dominated decisions of juvenile courts and youth justice systems. Only in the last 25 years or so has this deficit-based model begun to be replaced by the recognition that most young people thrive and develop even when enveloped in multiple-risk conditions. Furthermore, the deficit-based approach ignored the significance of strong programs, community resources, and research on adolescent development. PYD underscores the new DJS emphasis on providing a broad and deep range of positive services, supports, opportunities, and role models.

*The Juvenile Justice Reform Act went into effect in June 2022.

INVESTING IN COMMUNITIES

The majority of young people served by DJS either remain in the community or return home. Therefore, building strong connections with communities and a range of services, supports and opportunities for our young people – including in collaboration with sister agencies and the community – will not just reduce recidivism rates, but also increase positive outcomes.

These are the kinds of opportunities all of us want for our own kids. By partnering with communities that are the least resourced and most heavily impacted, and its sister agencies, specifically the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services (DPSCS) and the Department of Human Services (DHS), DJS has begun work to promote a safer and more fair, just, and equitable youth justice system. These initiatives will make the state safer and go a long way toward “Leaving No One Behind.”

MANAGING WITH DATA

DJS is committed to making decisions and driving policy based on data. Data gathered from assessment tools, and other information collected by caseworkers, investigators, auditors, and facility staff, are used at all levels of DJS management. This *Data Resource Guide* represents the most comprehensive report of the Department’s aggregated data, and it is expanded each year as new data become available. Data are shown at the state, region, county, and program level, which is crucial for analysis because statewide trends can mask local trends. Additionally, DJS is focused on finding new ways to use data to increase transparency and improve operations. Towards that end, DJS recently released a report putting youth crime in Maryland in context of adult crime and national trends. Further, beginning in the fall of 2023, DJS began implementing a “YouthStat” model of data-driven management. Executive meetings are supported by up-to-date and focused performance data, highlighting both progress and opportunities for improvement. Decisions can be quickly made to adjust policy, address issues, and learn from successes.

COMMITMENT TO CONSTANTLY IMPROVING EDUCATION

The Juvenile Services Education Program (JSEP), which started on July 1, 2022, is an independent education program housed in Maryland’s Department of Juvenile Services (previously, education services at DJS were provided by the Maryland State Department of Education). JSEP works to provide comprehensive educational services to all students in DJS residential facilities. JSEP creates an individual learning plan (ILP) for each student that builds on the student’s strengths and prepares them for continued success and positive engagement in their communities. Class sizes are small and often co-taught, offering teachers a unique opportunity to work with, and meet the needs of, their students. Students attend school six hours daily, year-round.

To reduce idle time and improve rehabilitative efforts, DJS has initiated expansion of after-school activities and reconfiguring of schools to educate students by grade level (like in a school in the community), not by living unit. This is opposed to the “one-room schoolhouse” where youth of various different grade levels are in the same room. Facilities are also now offering off-grounds trips and activities for young people to have more learning time outside of the classroom.

REIMAGINING RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES

DJS has taken a hard look at the services and conditions in its facilities by touring and establishing offices for top administrators in several facilities; examining the reports produced by the Attorney General’s Juvenile Justice Monitoring Unit (JJMU) and consulting with that unit; regularly reviewing internal Department of Investigation reports (including specialized reports that were commissioned); and obtaining an independent review of DJS facilities from national experts provided by the U.S. Department of Justice’s Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) through the Council of Juvenile Justice Administrators (CJJA).

DJS has taken a number of steps to ensure its facilities are the best they can be, including by (1) changing leadership within our Residential Services unit, including a new Deputy Secretary for Residential Services and several new facility superintendents; (2) launching the Comprehensive Treatment Model (CTM) referenced previously; and (3) establishing after school and weekend programming in the facilities to reduce idleness and engage young people in productive activities. DJS also worked diligently to reduce the vacancy rate among the facilities’ direct care staff from 18.4 percent in January 2023 to 8.1 percent in August 2023. Recidivism rates for youth reentering their communities from DJS facilities have declined significantly, and the Department continues to improve services and conditions to further drive down recidivism and help young people succeed upon their return home.

Additionally, DJS is assembling innovation teams made up of staff from all parts of a facility that will be taking a comprehensive approach to recommending changes to make the best facilities possible for youth and staff alike.

DJS Strategic Plan

MISSION OF THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE SERVICES (DJS)

To transform young people's lives, create safer communities, and forge more equitable systems through community-based partnerships that hold youth accountable while building on their strengths and support systems.

Successful Youth, Safer Communities, Strong Leaders, Sustainable Partnerships

Vision

Providing pathways to success for youth and families through partnerships across Maryland

We Value:

- the youth, families, and communities we serve.
- people who are providing positive opportunities for youth in our care.
- the safety, experience, expertise, diversity, passion, and integrity of our staff.
- the delivery of meaningful services, supports, and opportunities to youth and families.
- race equity and work to dismantle systemic and institutional policies and practices that perpetuate racial disparities.
- cultural humility and celebrate all human differences, including race, ethnicity, gender, religion, and sexual orientation.
- partnering with youth, families, and communities to leverage opportunities that promote positive growth and development.
- a community-based approach that holds youth accountable with the least-restrictive and most appropriate interventions, recognizing the need for trauma-informed care and a holistic approach to healing.
- those impacted by crime.
- the voices of youth, families, staff, and community members, including those with experience inside criminal and juvenile justice systems.
- continuous learning and responsibility throughout the system.
- change for the growth opportunities it brings.
- teamwork, interagency coordination, and grass roots partnerships

DJS Goals and Strategies

Goal 1: Improve Public Safety

Strategy 1: Target Highest-Intensity Resources to Highest-Risk Youth

Strategy 2: Create an Intensive Intervention for Youth at Risk of Gun Violence Involvement

Goal 2: Improve Youth Outcomes

Strategy 3: Deliver Meaningful Programs to Youth and Families

Strategy 4: Start Planning for Re-Entry Services upon Admission

Goal 3: Build Partnerships to Improve All Outcomes

Strategy 5: Create and Implement a Comprehensive Community Investment Strategy

Strategy 6: Prioritize Youth and Family Voices in Care Planning

Strategy 7: Broaden Restorative Justice Opportunities for DJS Youth and Victims

Goal 4: Achieve Organizational Excellence

Strategy 8: Right-Size Spending and Space

Strategy 9: Deliver Continuous Learning for All Employees

Strategy 10: Implement Technology Solutions to Serve Youth, Families, Staff, and Communities

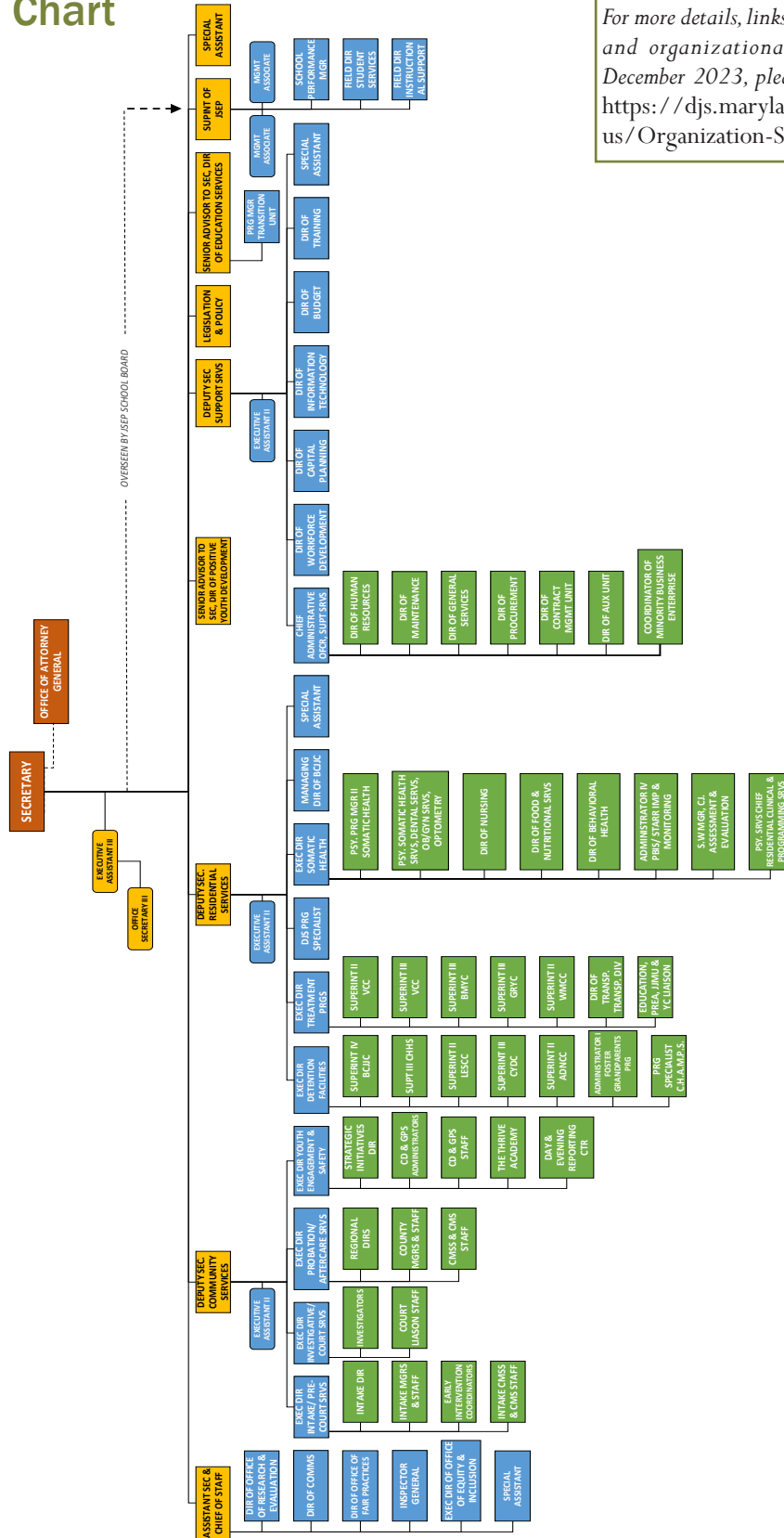
Strategy 11: Eliminate Bureaucratic Inefficiencies

See the DJS Website for the full Strategic Plan:

www.djs.maryland.gov

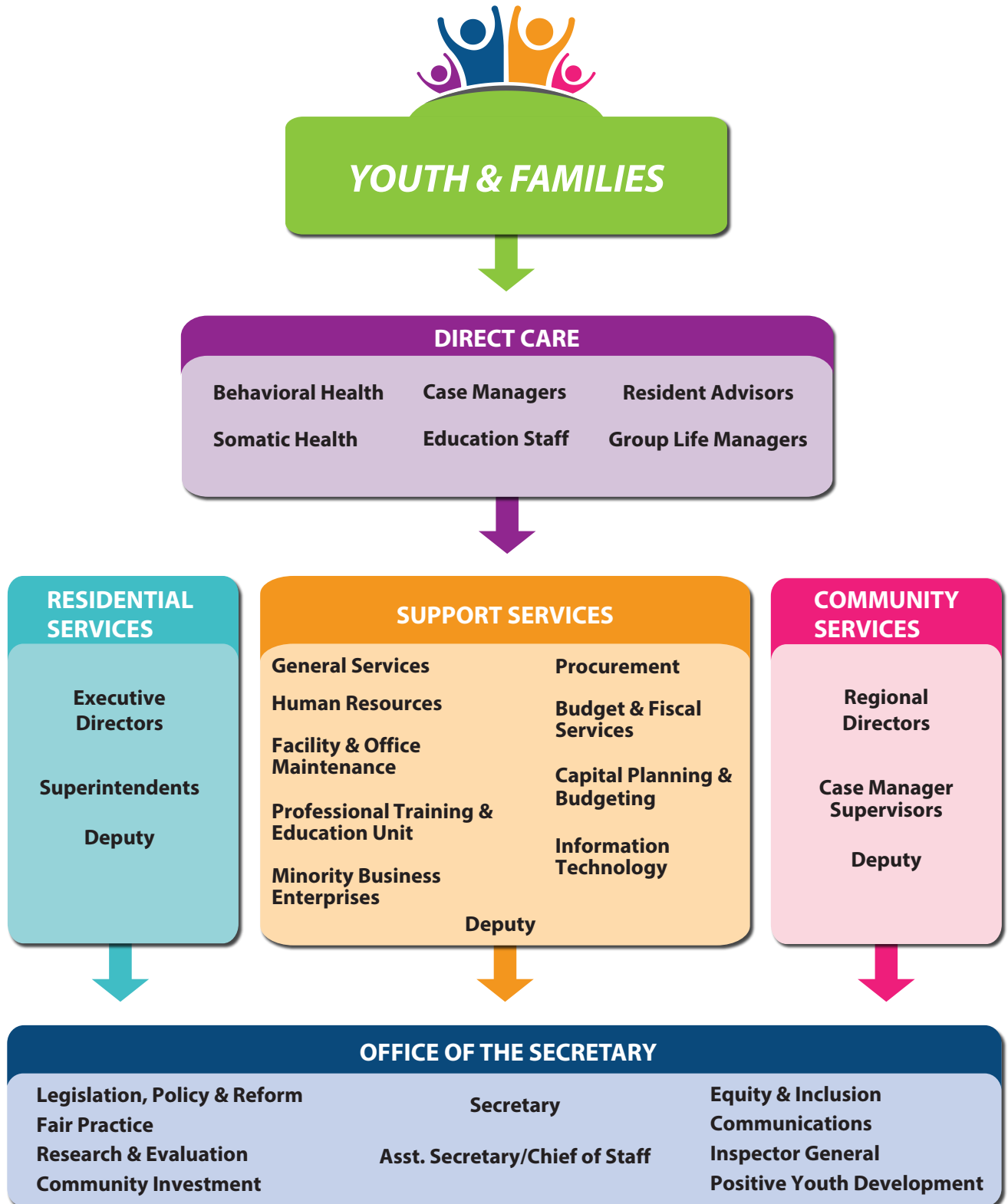
DJS Organizational Chart As of DECEMBER 2023

For more details, links to position descriptions, and organizational chart updates after December 2023, please see the DJS website: <https://djs.maryland.gov/Pages/about-us/Organization-Structure.aspx>



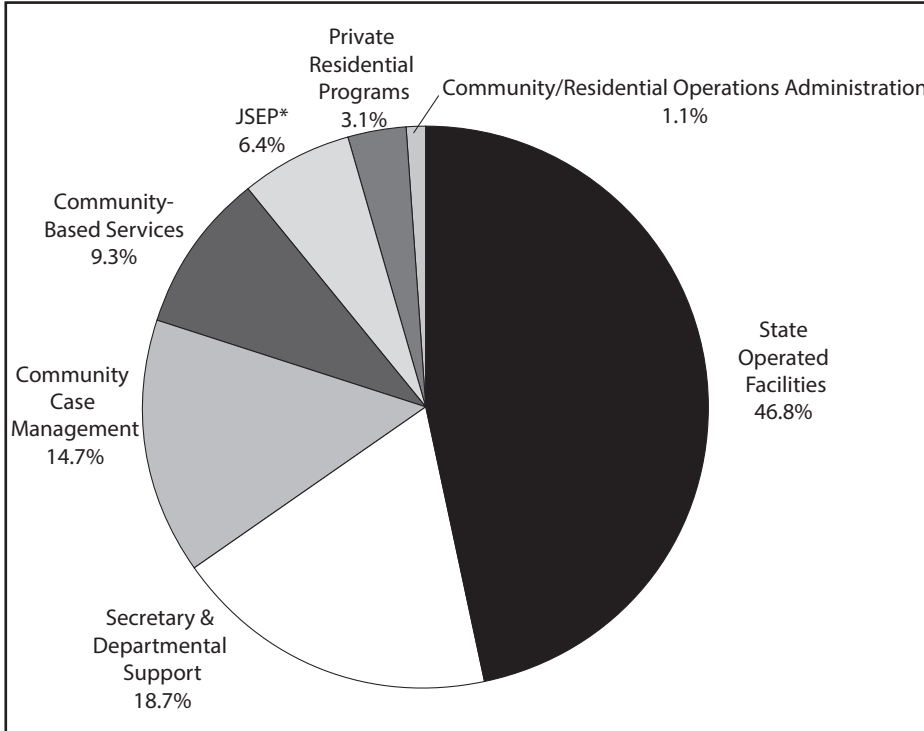
OVERSEEN BY SEP SCHOOL BOARD

DJS Organizational Chart in Practice

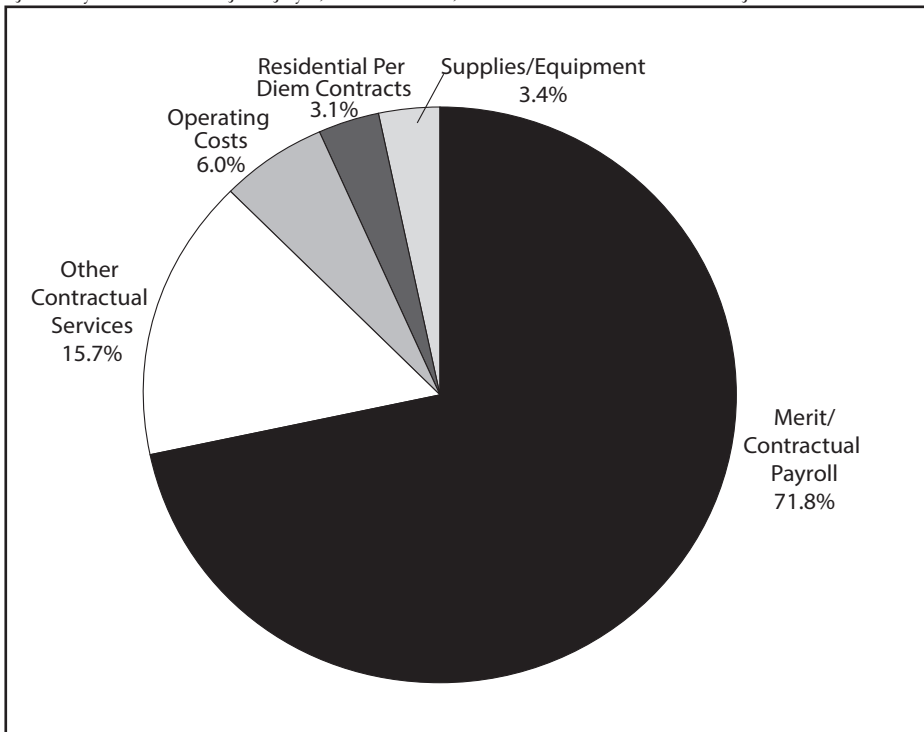


DJS Operating Expenditures, FY 2023

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the Department expended a total of \$300.1 million. The first pie chart reflects the major cost centers for which these funds were expended, and the second shows the expenditures by major object group. See Appendix B for additional information on facility costs.

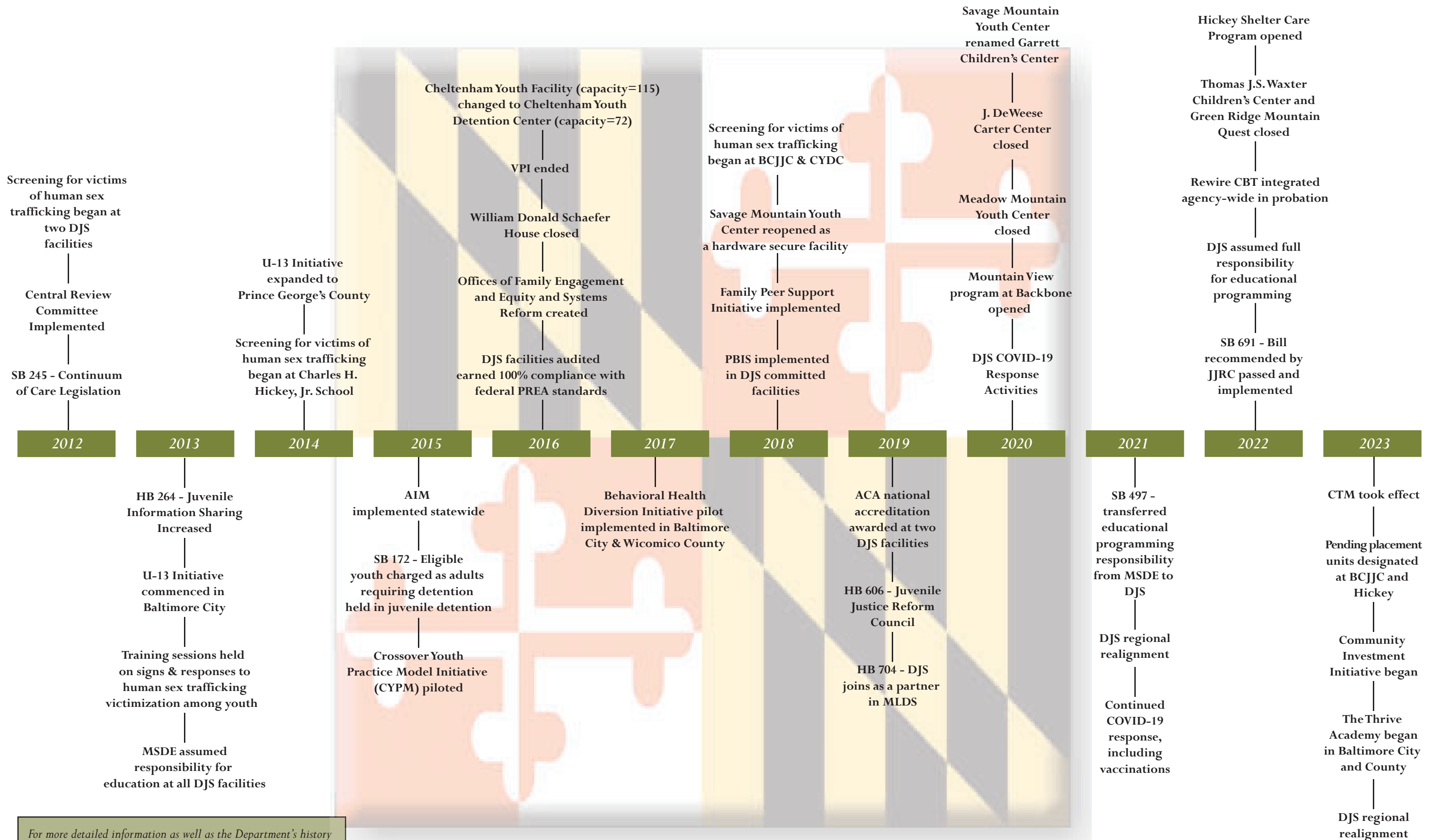


* JSEP fully transitioned to DJS on July 1, 2022. Therefore, FY 2023 is the first FY that includes JSEP.



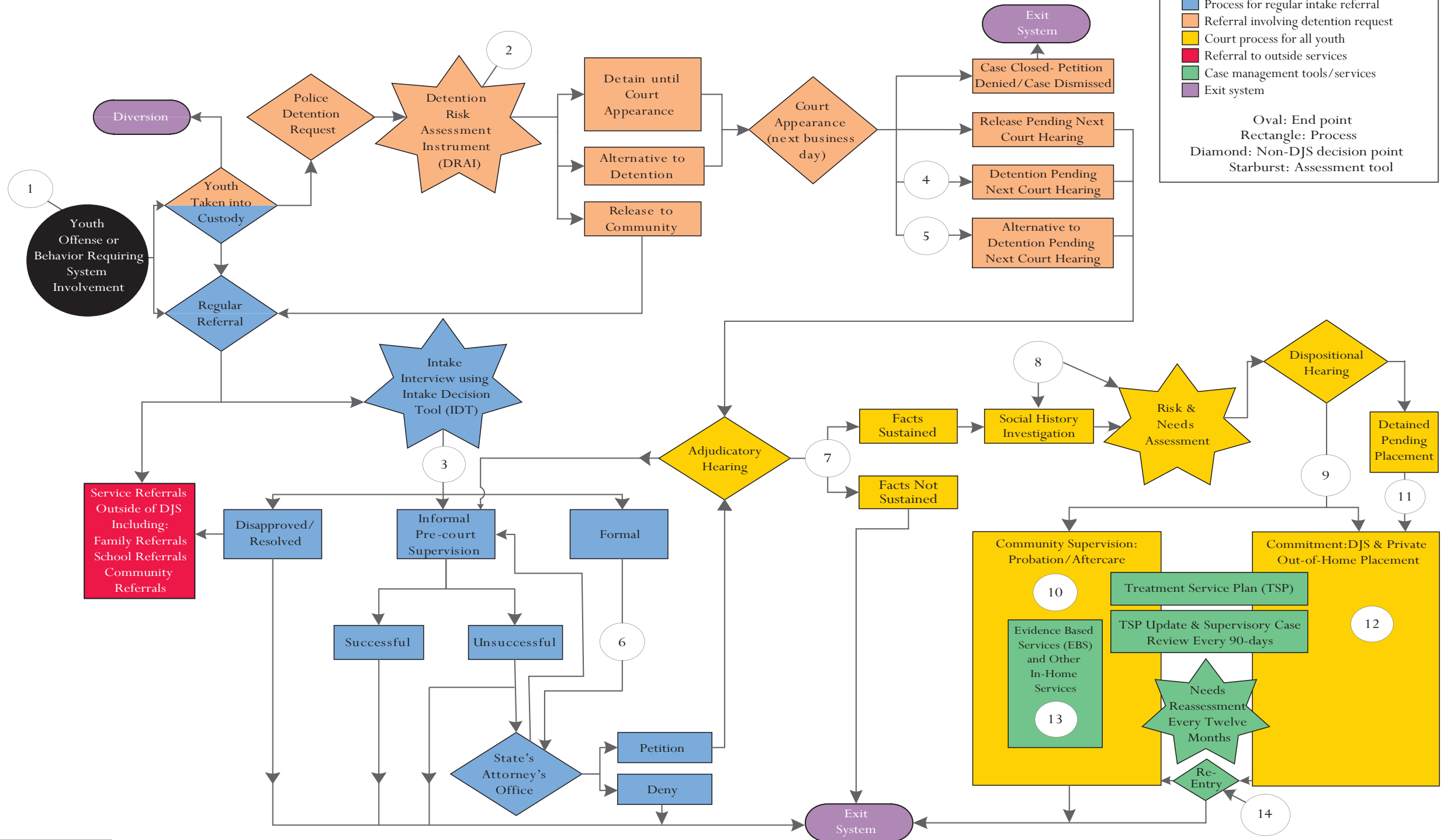
Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Department of Juvenile Services Historical Evolution Highlights Since 2012



For more detailed information as well as the Department's history prior to 2012, please see the Appendix Section.

Maryland Juvenile Justice System Process Flowchart



Key:

- Enter system
- Process for regular intake referral
- Referral involving detention request
- Court process for all youth
- Referral to outside services
- Case management tools/services
- Exit system

Oval: End point
 Rectangle: Process
 Diamond: Non-DJS decision point
 Starburst: Assessment tool

STEPS IN THE JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM (SEE PROCESS FLOWCHART)

1. Youth can be referred to DJS by law enforcement, schools, citizens, and parents. Some police departments run diversion programs, and only those youth who fail out of the program would be referred to DJS. Youth may also be apprehended by law enforcement agencies (on a writ or warrant) for failing to appear in court or violating the conditions of supervision while in an alternative to detention program, for example. Youth who have been charged as an adult who are transferred to the juvenile system are also then processed by DJS Intake as a juvenile complaint.
2. If requested by law enforcement, DJS makes an emergency detention decision to determine if a youth requires secure detention until the next court day. This decision is guided by the Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI).
3. Guided by the Intake Decision Tool (IDT), the intake complaint is assessed by an intake officer, who has statutory authority to determine how the case should be handled. The options are:
 - Disapprove as legally insufficient - refer to services as appropriate;
 - Resolve, when it is determined that furthering the case would be disadvantageous to the interests of the youth and to public safety. Refer to services as appropriate;
 - Enter into a pre-court supervision agreement where the family agrees to certain conditions, including participation in treatment services as appropriate, without court involvement. This is the main DJS court diversion program; or
 - Formally authorize the State's Attorney to petition the juvenile court for a hearing.
4. At the detention hearing, the juvenile court determines if detention is required until the adjudicatory or dispositional hearing. Youth may also be detained directly by the juvenile court in cases where the youth is presented during court hours, either on a new charge, a writ or warrant, or due to a violation or sanction of a supervision order (probation, community detention, drug court, etc.). DJS operates all secure juvenile detention centers.
5. Youth who present a lower risk may also be supervised in programs providing alternatives to secure detention. These programs ensure that the youth is available to attend the adjudicatory hearing. Youth must comply with certain restrictions, which may include house arrest, electronic monitoring, or evening reporting centers. Structured shelter is also used for cases where the youth cannot return home after arrest but otherwise represents a lower risk.
6. DJS formally authorizes the State's Attorney to petition the juvenile court. The State's Attorney then reviews the complaint and may dismiss it, file a petition to the juvenile court, or return the case to DJS Intake for pre-court diversion.
7. At the adjudicatory hearing (a fact-finding hearing), the juvenile court determines the outcome of the petitioned charges, which can be sustained or not sustained.
8. While a youth is awaiting disposition and/or supervision or placement, DJS conducts a series of assessments and investigations which will guide the DJS recommendation to the court on how the case should be handled.
9. For cases where a charge is sustained, a disposition hearing is held to determine if the youth is delinquent. If the youth is found delinquent, the court determines whether the youth requires DJS supervision and treatment under a probation order or a commitment order. A commitment order usually indicates an out-of-home placement.
10. Youth with a court-ordered disposition of probation receive supervision and services while they reside at home. Supervision intensity varies depending on the risk level of youth. Standard community supervision levels include low, moderate, high, and intensive supervision.
11. Youth with a court-ordered disposition of commitment who require placement in an out-of-home program may continue to wait in detention (pending placement) until an appropriate placement becomes available.
12. Youth who are committed to an out-of-home placement may be placed in a broad variety of programs (state-run or private, secure or non-secure) depending on the risk level and treatment needs of the youth.
13. DJS provides committed diversion programs for youth who might otherwise be placed out of home. These in-home programs provide services and treatment to the youth and family, and include Functional Family Therapy (FFT), Multisystemic Therapy (MST), and Family Centered Treatment (FCT).
14. Youth returning home from a committed placement are supervised on aftercare by DJS case managers who ensure that youth are connected in the community with required services including education, employment, and health services.

Juvenile Services Education Program (JSEP)

During the 2021 legislative session, the Maryland General Assembly passed, and the Governor signed SB 497, Chapter 145, Juvenile Services Education Board and Program, into law. The legislation transitioned the responsibility of implementing a juvenile services education program from the Maryland Department of Education (MSDE) to the Juvenile Services Education Program (JSEP) Board. SB 497 further stipulated that JSEP would be housed within the Department of Juvenile Services (DJS), with DJS having the responsibility of providing support to JSEP in the following eight areas: information and technology services; procurement services; fiscal services; capital planning and capital budgeting; human resources; facility and office maintenance; research and program evaluation; and investigating and monitoring.

JSEP is an independent unit within DJS. JSEP oversees and provides educational services to all youth in DJS-operated detention and committed treatment facilities.

Data reported for the DRG has been broken down into 4 quarters to reflect the Fiscal year. Typically, JSEP reports its data in a 5-session format, highlighting all 4 academic quarters and the summer session.

Vision:

We believe in the potential of every student. JSEP schools facilitate individualized education that builds on students' strengths, preparing them for continued success and positive engagement in their communities.

Mission:

The Juvenile Services Education Board will provide leadership, set policy, and advocate to ensure the Juvenile Services Education Program:

- Provides individualized education
- Prepares students to engage with their communities successfully
- Collaborates with youth, families, communities, and other stakeholders
- Ensures the effectiveness of school-based professionals
- Utilizes innovative practices and data-driven decision-making

Juvenile Services Education Program Board

The Juvenile Services Education Program Board comprises 11 members, including the Secretary of DJS and the State Superintendent of MSDE. The Governor appoints five board members with the advice and consent of the Senate. Appointed Board members meet monthly and serve four-year terms.

Generally, JSEP Board responsibilities include:

- Appointing the JSEP Superintendent;
- Developing accredited education programs;
- Reviewing quality assurance reports;
- Conducting performance reviews of the Superintendent every four years; and
- Approving the education curriculum, including post-secondary education, vocational, and online programs.

Student Outcomes and Measures

Data critical to JSEP are collected throughout the fiscal year to provide the information needed to make effective policies and educational decisions regarding school improvement and student achievement. Data are collected and analyzed to ensure that JSEP is progressing toward achieving satisfactory performance levels in key student growth and success areas. These areas reflect JSEP's goal to accelerate student achievement in preparation for a successful return to the community. Data collected during FY 2023 include: the number of academic credits, post-secondary enrollments, service learning hours, Accuplacer (reading and math), students served (middle school, high school), Career and Technical Education (CTE) certificates students obtained while in JSEP, and the passing rate for GED subtests.

Data Quality

JSEP data are reported in two formats. Data outcomes such as attendance, grades, and credits are stored within the student information system (SIS) and retrieved when needed. All JSEP schools also submit a monthly report covering various data points, including post-secondary

information. All data are reviewed and analyzed weekly, discussed quarterly with program leadership to inform school performance, and reported as school performance measures at the end of each fiscal year.

PowerSchool:

JSEP uses PowerSchool as its SIS. PowerSchool provides real-time analytics based on student performance. PowerSchool creates report cards, transcripts, and progress reports, and monitors progress in grade books, attendance, reports, and state standardized exams.

Earning Credits Toward High School Graduation:

Students enrolled in JSEP Schools are offered various opportunities to meet their educational goals. Many students enrolled in JSEP schools are over-aged and under-credited based on educational placement. JSEP offers credit opportunities through contracted courses throughout the school year, where students may earn full or partial credit toward high school graduation. Courses can be taken for original credit or as recovery to compensate for lost credits. Courses are conducted face-to-face, in a blended learning environment, or entirely online, depending on each student’s needs and course availability. JSEP offers courses aligned to the Maryland College and Career Ready Standards (MDCCRS). A list of core courses can be found below.

Credit Attainment:

Students who enter JSEP schools continue their path to graduation as if they had remained in their Local Educational Agency (LEA). Students are enrolled in their required courses and continue to earn credits based on the state and local graduation requirements. Final course grades are a weighted average of students’ grades in their LEA and JSEP courses.

CORE CONTENT AREA COURSES OFFERED

English Language Arts	Mathematics	Social Studies	Science
English 9	Algebra I	Modern World History	Biology
English 10	Geometry	United States History	Earth & Space Science
English 11	Algebra II	American Government	Conceptual Chemistry
English 12			

CREDITS EARNED, FY 2023

Credits Earned During FY 2023			
Summer Session	1st Semester	2nd Semester	Total
443	482.5	1,123.5	2,049.0

GED:

For some students, the path to a high school diploma is the GED process. The GED exam is administered through Pearson VUE. Pearson VUE-certified testing administrators manage all JSEP Pearson VUE testing sites and comply with GED Testing Services, Pearson VUE, and the Maryland Department of Labor and Licensing. This process is an alternative path for age-appropriate students to earn a high school diploma. The JSEP curriculum, which aligns with MDCCRS, Next Generation Science Standards, and Maryland Social Studies Standards and Framework, allows students to prepare for each GED subject (Math, Science, Reasoning through Language Arts, and Social Studies) and build confidence step by step. In addition, students have access to supplemental instructional material and online pre-GED examinations that address skills deficiencies and test readiness. Once all testing qualifications are met, students are registered at no cost to the student and tested. Students must pass all four modules of the GED to obtain their diploma. Schools provided a graduation ceremony and invited families to attend.

- *The GED Mobile Lab*

JSEP planned, constructed, and implemented two Pearson VUE-approved GED Mobile Labs, allowing JSEP to administer all four sections of the GED exam at remote locations. The GED mobile is a testing site and functions at all JSEP schools.

Juvenile Services Education Program (JSEP) (cont.)

- Aztec**

Aztec’s GED Prep Series utilizes ongoing test data to generate and continuously adapt highly sensitive individual learning plans. Students work autonomously and benefit from a comprehensive and well-articulated curriculum to heighten their learning motivation. Teachers can utilize student learning plans to augment instruction and remediate individual skill gaps.

GED Pass Rates*, FY 2023				
1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
89%	67%	58%	67%	74%

* Reflects students who took the full GED exam (all four sections).

Post-Secondary:

JSEP works to identify the unique educational and employment needs and goals of each Post-Secondary student. Students can complete college placement tests, earn industry-recognized certifications, or complete specialized training in-person or virtually. Student options include credit-bearing college courses, non-credit-bearing workforce development, and continuing education courses through our partnerships with Garrett College, Frederick Community College, Anne Arundel Community College, and the Community College of Baltimore County.

Post-Secondary Enrollments, FY 2023				
1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
2	21	22	25	70

Accuplacer:

Accuplacer is a post-secondary assessment given by JSEP to help colleges assess student readiness for introductory credit-bearing courses and make reliable placement decisions for students.

Accuplacer Test Administered, FY 2023				
1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
5	0	4	6	15

Career and Technical Education (CTE):

JSEP students enroll in the Career Research and Development (CRD) CTE pathway. Using Maryland’s Career Development model, this CTE program allows students to explore potential career opportunities across various industries through self-awareness, career awareness, and exploration. It emphasizes the importance of academic and career goal-setting. Course content integrates competencies needed to be successful in an increasingly competitive, globalized workplace. Students are introduced to job readiness, job seeking, job keeping, and career advancement.

Special Education:

JSEP provides a free and appropriate public education (FAPE) to students with disabilities per the Code of Maryland Annotated Regulations (COMAR) and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). JSEP implements all special education modifications and accommodations in a student’s IEP and complies with all special education laws and regulations. JSEP students with disabilities receive specially designed instruction in the least restrictive environment (LRE) and are provided with supplemental aids and services to maximize participation in

grade-level learning. JSEP is committed to educating students with disabilities within the DJS setting. This commitment includes providing instruction to students in the LRE with the services and supports needed to facilitate access to the general education curriculum, access to rigor, and access to skill attainment to promote positive post-secondary outcomes. Students enrolled in JSEP schools are provided instruction in core content areas and access to designated career technology education courses in alignment with the Maryland CCRS. All coursework is comparable to coursework offered within the other 24 local school systems in Maryland. In FY 2023, there were a total of 398 students who received special education services through JSEP.

Student Outcomes Summary:

Outcomes	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
GED Pass Rate*	89%	67%	58%	67%	74%
Certifications & Certificates Issued	42	35	75	24	194
Service Learning Hours	517.2	850	701	969.5	3,038
Accuplacer Test Administered	5	0	4	6	15
Post-Secondary Enrollments	2	21	22	25	70
Post-Secondary Credits Completed	0	26	15	19	60
Number of Students Served**	894	494	568	545	1,253
		Summer	1st Semester	2nd Semester	Total
Credits Earned		443	482.5	1,123.5	2,049.0

* Reflects students who took the full GED exam (all four sections).

** Students can be served across multiple quarters based on length of stay; therefore youth are counted multiple times if served in multiple quarters. Data for the 1st Quarter also include the summer due to the measurement dates.

Juvenile Justice Reform Legislation

2022 LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

During the 2022 session of the Maryland General Assembly, legislation (Senate Bill 691 /House Bill 459) was introduced and passed putting many of the Juvenile Justice Reform Council (JJRC) recommendations into statute. The following changes went into effect June 1, 2022.

Minimum Age of Jurisdiction Recommendation

- Eliminates juvenile court jurisdiction of delinquent offenses for children under the age of 13, except children between the ages of 10-12 alleged to have committed a Crime of Violence (14-101). CINS referrals are still under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Intake / Pre-court Supervision

- Eliminates requirement of victim consent for informal adjustment.
- Eliminates requirement for State's Attorney approval to proceed with an informal adjustment for non-violent felonies.
- Establishes a statutory process for the court to return a petition back to DJS intake for assessment, services and supervision, rather than formal prosecution.

Detention Utilization

- Requires Courts to consider a validated risk assessment and require a court review every 14 days.
- Requires DJS to develop a community release plan within 10 days of a decision to detain a child.
- Prohibits detention for misdemeanor offenses, except handgun violations and repeat misdemeanor offenses.
- Prohibits use of detention for technical violations of probation.

Probation

- Sets a statutory maximum length of supervision for juvenile probation:
 - Misdemeanor Offenses
 - Maximum initial term is 6 months. The court may extend probation in 3-month increments if there is good cause to extend the probation and the purpose of the extension is to ensure the child completes a treatment or rehabilitative program or service.
 - The total maximum time a youth may be on probation for a misdemeanor offense is 1 year.
 - Felony Offenses
 - Maximum initial term is 1 year.
 - Up to 1 year, the court may extend probation in 3-month increments if there is good cause to extend the probation and the purpose of the extension is to ensure the child completes a treatment or rehabilitative program or service.
 - Beyond the first year, the court may extend the probation period up to an additional two years if the court finds clear and convincing evidence that there is good cause to extend probation and it is in the best interest of the child.
 - The total maximum time a youth may be on probation for a felony offense is 3 years.
- There are no statutory time frames for Crimes of Violence
 - DJS will manage community supervision for young people charged with a Crime of Violence pursuant to current policy and procedures.

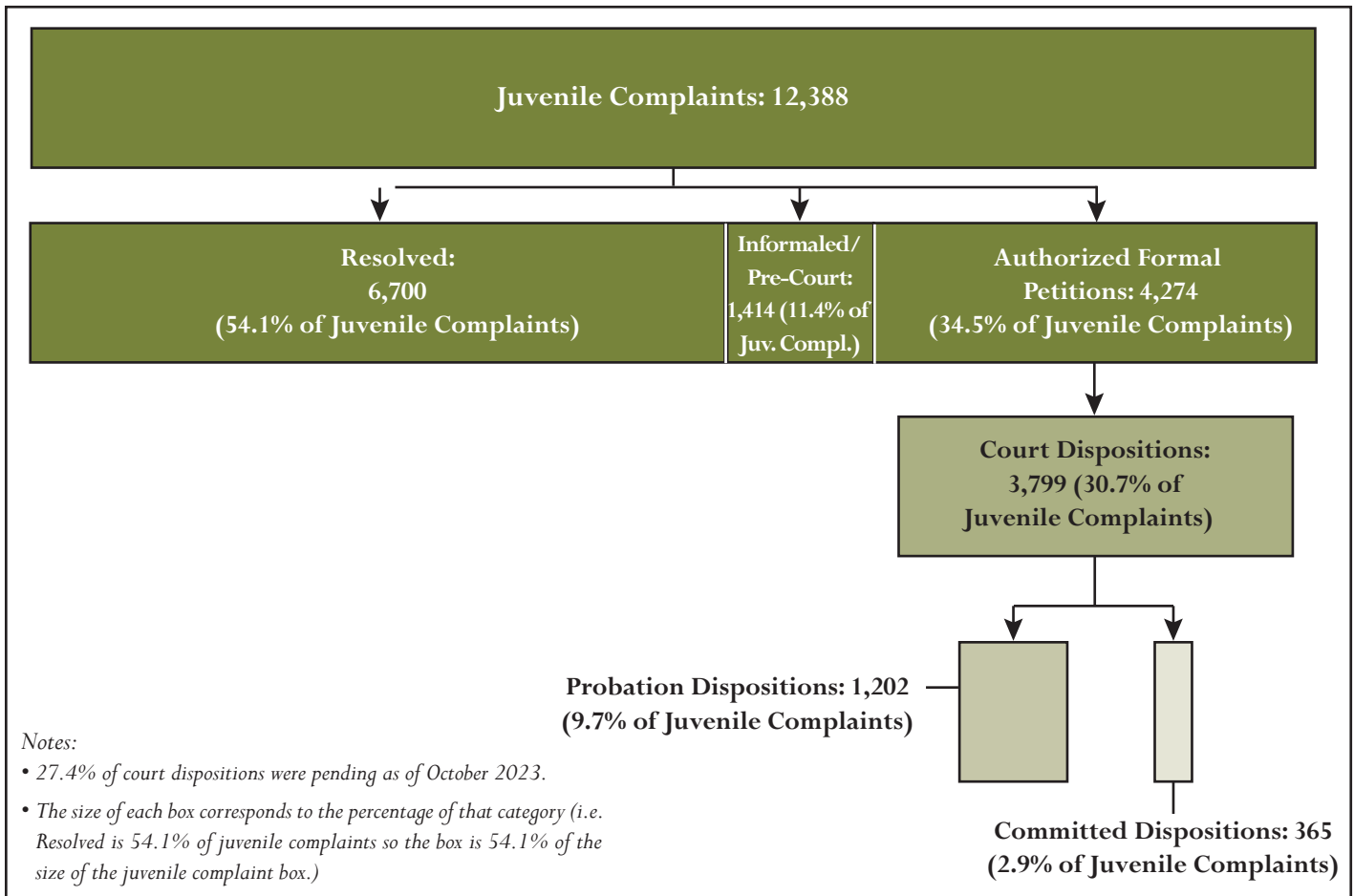
Utilization of Out-of-Home Committed Placements

- Prohibits commitment to DJS for misdemeanors and technical violations of probation, except firearm offenses.

Additional information, data, presentations and reports from the JJRC can be found at the web address below:

<https://djs.maryland.gov/Pages/Juvenile-Justice-Reform-Council.aspx>

Flow of FY 2023 Case Referrals*



In FY 2023:

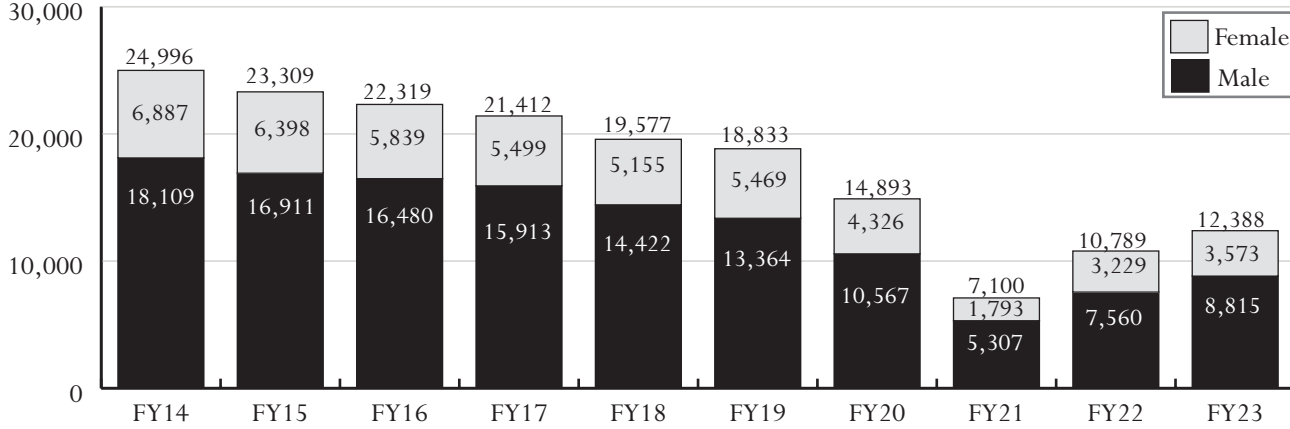
- There were a total of 12,388 juvenile complaints processed by DJS.
 - 34.5% (4,274) of those juvenile complaints were referred to the State’s Attorney for the authorization of a formal petition (as opposed to being resolved at intake or youth receiving pre-court supervision).
- Of the 4,274 juvenile complaints referred to the State’s Attorney, 88.9% (3,799) were petitioned and resulted in a court disposition. The remaining 11.1% includes 8.2% not petitioned (351), 2.6% denied by State’s Attorney (109), 0.4% initial petition withdrawn (15).
- Of the 3,799 court dispositions:
 - 27.4% (1,042) were pending dispositions as of October 2023.
 - 31.6% (1,202) received probation, and 9.6% (365) were committed to DJS.
 - The remaining 31.3% (1,190) included stet, jurisdiction waived to adult court, dismissed, closed, nolle prosequi, services not ordered, committed to other agency or “other”. (See *Intake & Community Supervision, Case Forwarding Decision and Court Action table* for more detail.)
- Of the 365 committed court dispositions, there were 80.0% (292) committed admissions (192 distinct youth). The remaining 20.0% (73) include community commitments and youth who had already been in a committed placement prior to the new intake.
 - Of the 292 committed admissions, 69.5% (203) were placed into DJS-operated facilities, while 30.5% (89) were placed into non-DJS operated facilities.
 - Of the 89 committed admissions to non-DJS operated facilities:
 - 43.8% (39) were group home admissions, and 43.8% (39) were RTC admissions.
 - The remaining 12.4% (11) were out-of-state admissions.

* Many FY 2023 cases were pending court action at the time of final data collection for this *Data Resource Guide*.

Long-Term Trends

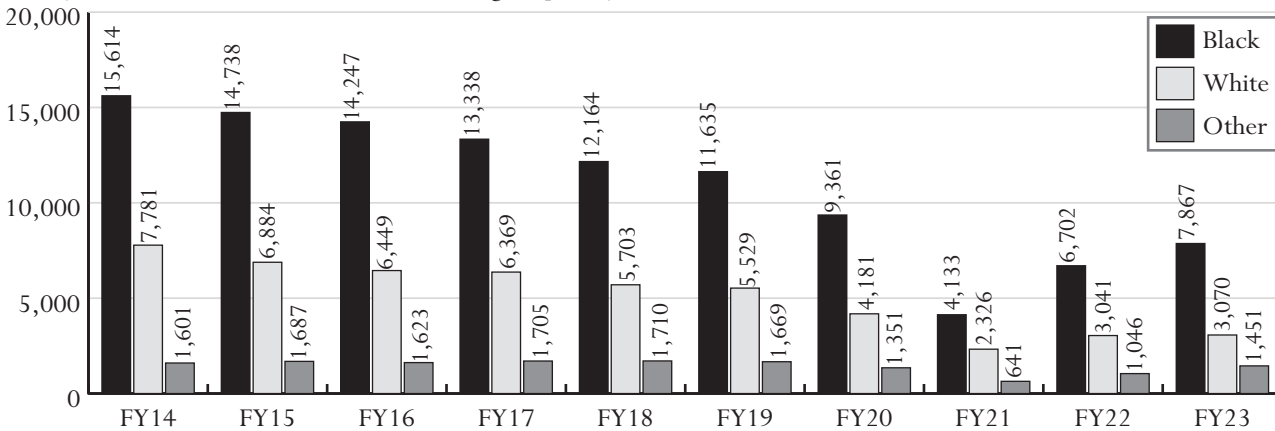
JUVENILE COMPLAINTS TOTAL AND BY SEX FY 2014-2023

• Overall, juvenile complaints decreased 50.4% between FY 2014 and FY 2023. Both sexes saw a decrease during that time period; males decreased 51.3% and females decreased 48.1%.



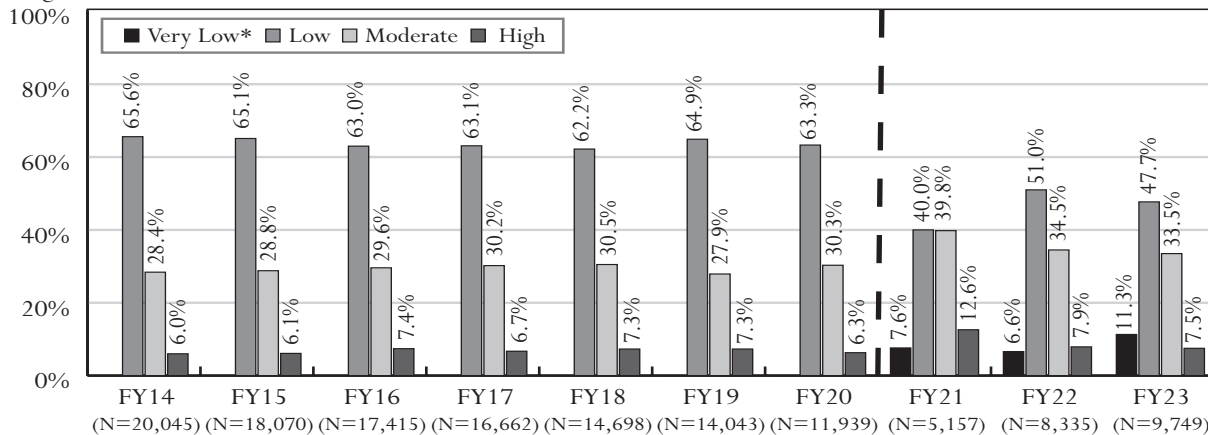
JUVENILE COMPLAINTS BY RACE/ETHNICITY FY 2014-2023

• Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, juvenile complaints decreased for all races/ethnicities: black youth (49.6%), white youth (60.5%), and youth of other races/ethnicities including Hispanic youth (9.4%).



INTAKE COMPLAINTS BY IDT RISK LEVEL, FY 2014-2023

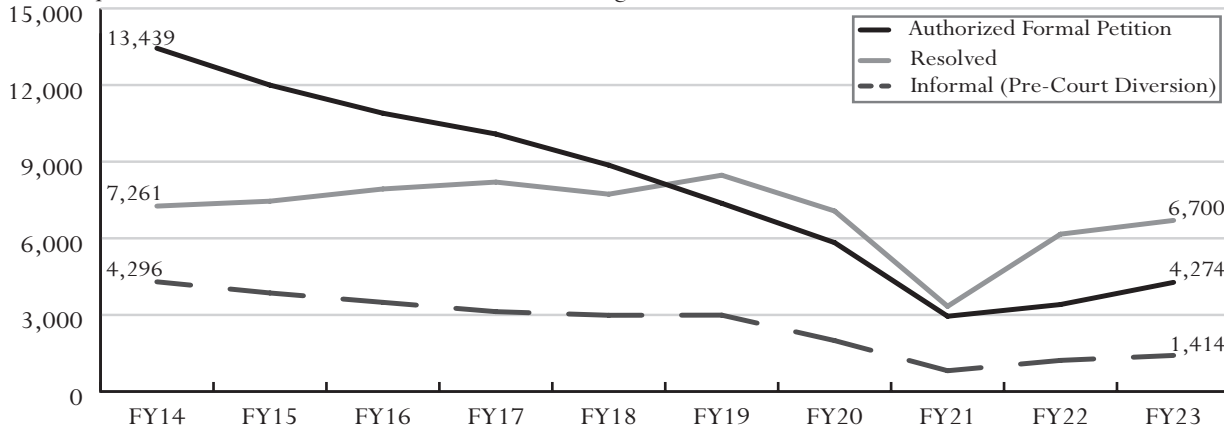
• Between FY 2014 and FY 2020, complaints with a low risk decreased from 65.6% to 63.3% and the percentage with a high risk increased from 6.0% to 6.3%. Between FY 2021 and FY 2023, the percentage with very low risk increased from 7.6% to 11.3% and the percentage with a high risk decreased from 12.6% to 7.5%.



(N=20,045) (N=18,070) (N=17,415) (N=16,662) (N=14,698) (N=14,043) (N=11,939) (N=5,157) (N=8,335) (N=9,749)
 *The Very Low category was added in FY 2021 when the tool changed to the IDT. Data prior to FY 2021 are not directly comparable to FY 2021 and after due to the reorganization of all categories.
 Data Sources: Data prior to FY 2020 will reflect previously reported values unless there was a methodological change.

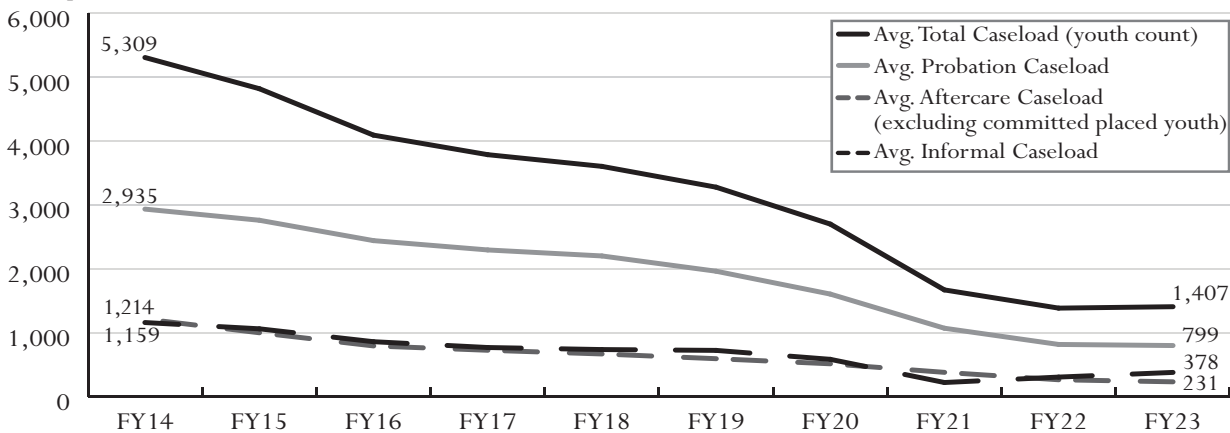
DJS CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS FY 2014-2023

• Authorized formal petitions comprised the highest number of case forwarding decisions until FY 2019. Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, authorized formal petitions decreased 68.2%, the number of cases being resolved decreased 7.7%, and informals decreased 67.1%.



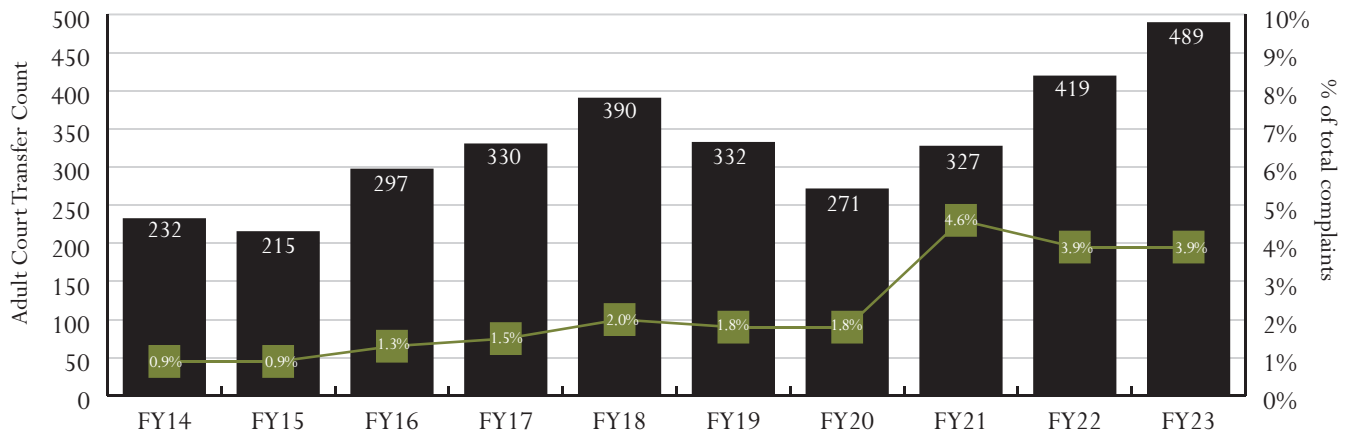
DJS COMMUNITY SUPERVISED YOUTH FY 2014-2023

• Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, total caseload decreased 73.5%, aftercare cases decreased 81.0%, informal cases decreased 67.4%, and probation cases decreased 72.8%.



COMPLAINTS TRANSFERRED FROM ADULT COURT, FY 2014-2024

• Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, the number of complaints transferred from adult court increased 110.8%. During the same time period, the percentage of total complaints that were transferred from adult court increased from 0.9% to 3.9%.

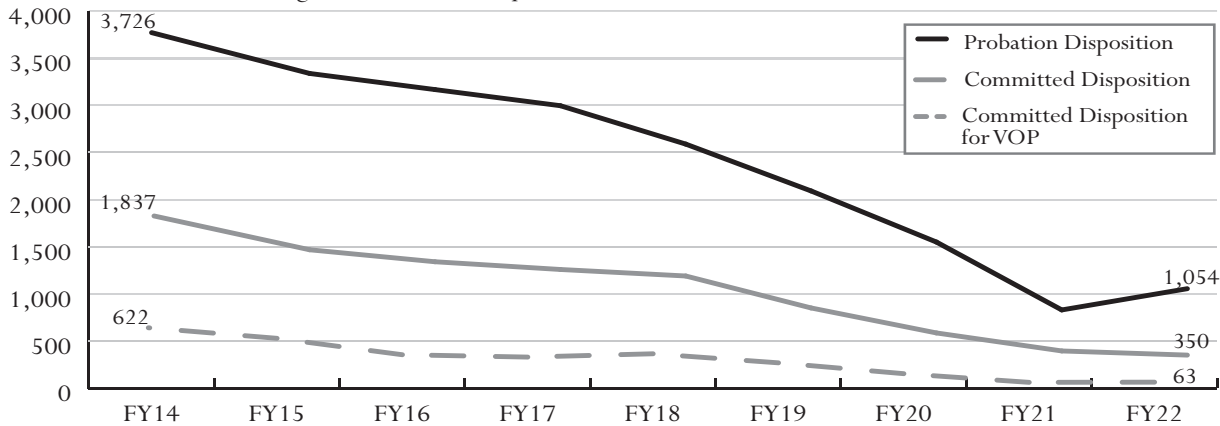


Data Sources: Data prior to FY 2020 will reflect previously reported values unless there was a methodological change.

Long-Term Trends (cont.)

CASES WITH PROBATION DISPOSITION, CASES WITH COMMITTED DISPOSITION, AND VOPs RESULTING IN COMMITTED DISPOSITION, FY 2014-2022*

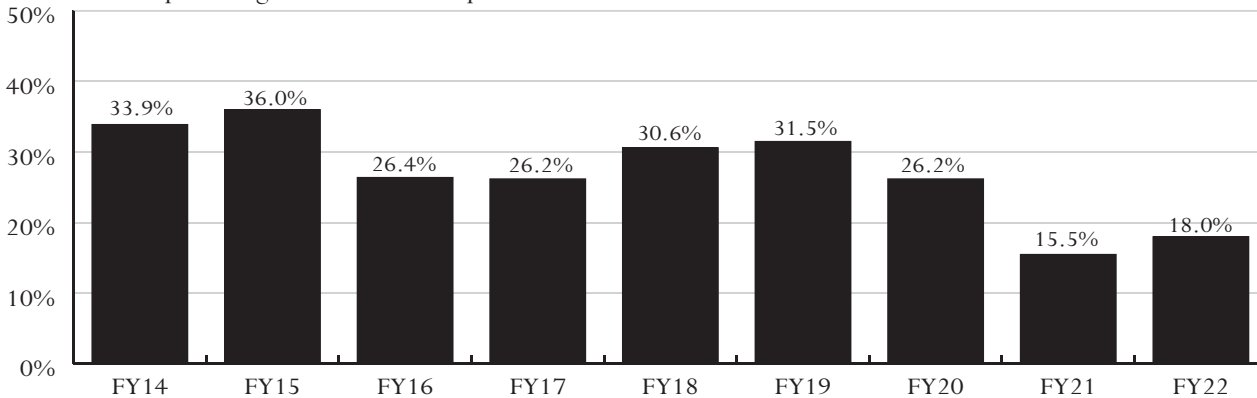
• Between FY 2014 and FY 2022, cases with probation dispositions decreased 71.7%, cases with committed dispositions decreased 80.9%, and VOPs resulting in a committed disposition decreased 89.9%.



* Many 2023 cases are still pending disposition; therefore, data for FY 2023 are not presented here.

PERCENTAGE OF COMMITTED DISPOSITION FOR VOP FY 2014-2022*

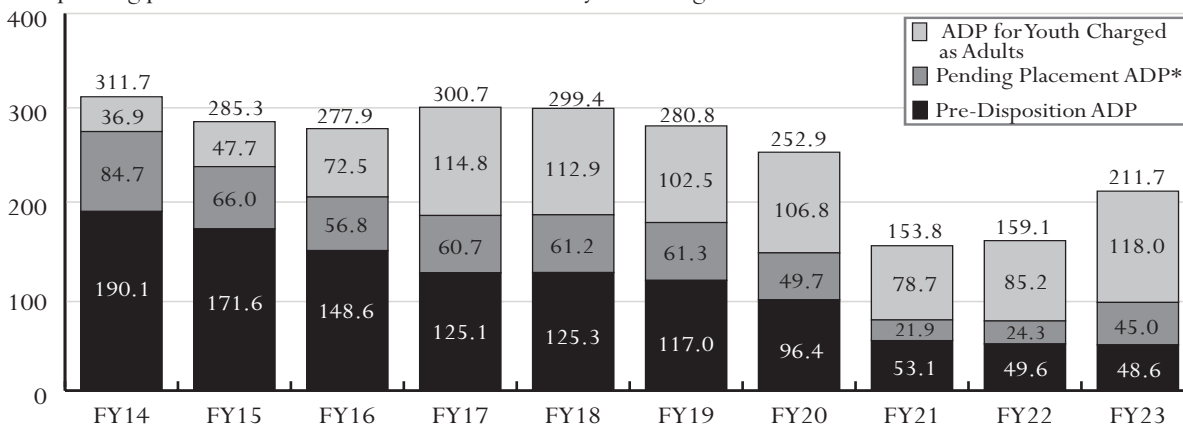
• Between FY 2014 and FY 2022, the percentage of committed dispositions for VOP decreased from 33.9% to 18.0%. Since its peak in FY 2015, the percentage of committed dispositions for VOP decreased from 36.0% to 18.0%.



* Many 2023 cases are still pending disposition; therefore, data for FY 2023 are not presented here.

DETAINED AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (ADP) FY 2014-2023

• Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, ADP for the total detained population decreased 32.1%, ADP for pre-disposition decreased 74.4%, ADP for pending placement decreased 46.8%, and ADP for youth charged as adults increased 219.9%.

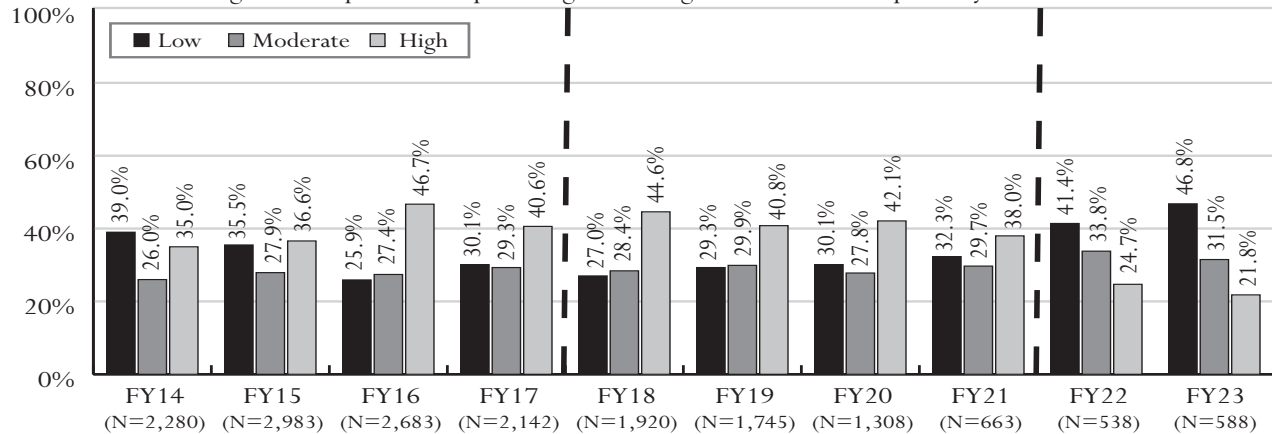


* Includes post-removal detention ADP

Data Sources: Data prior to FY 2020 will reflect previously reported values unless there was a methodological change.

PRE-D DETENTION PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL*, FY 2014-2023

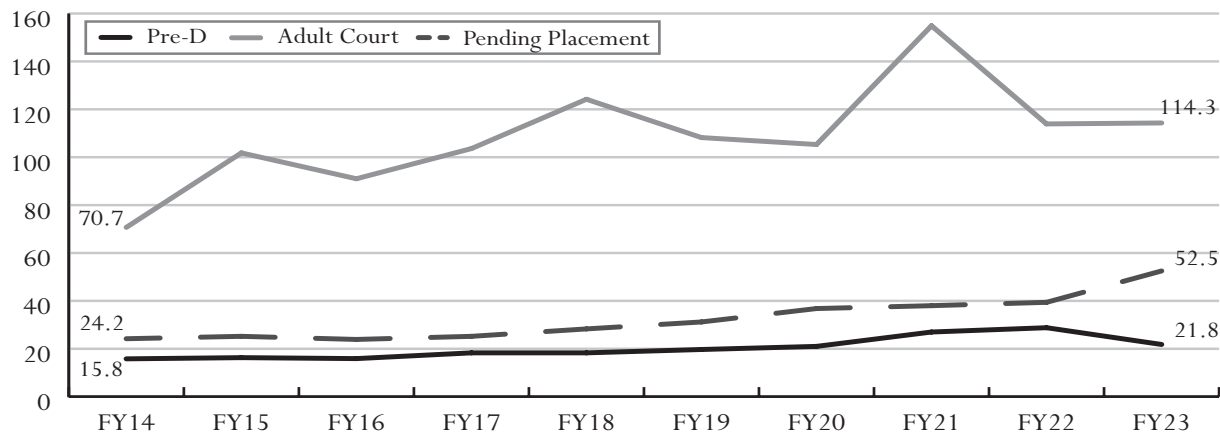
• For pre-d placements with a completed DRAI, the percentage with a low risk increased between FY 2018 and FY 2021 and between FY 2022 and FY 2023. During the same periods, the percentage with a high risk decreased respectively.



*The vertical lines on the graph indicate DRAI score range changes. Data from one period are not directly comparable to other periods due to category reorganizations.

ALOS FOR PRE-D, PENDING PLACEMENT*, AND ADULT COURT, FY 2014-2023

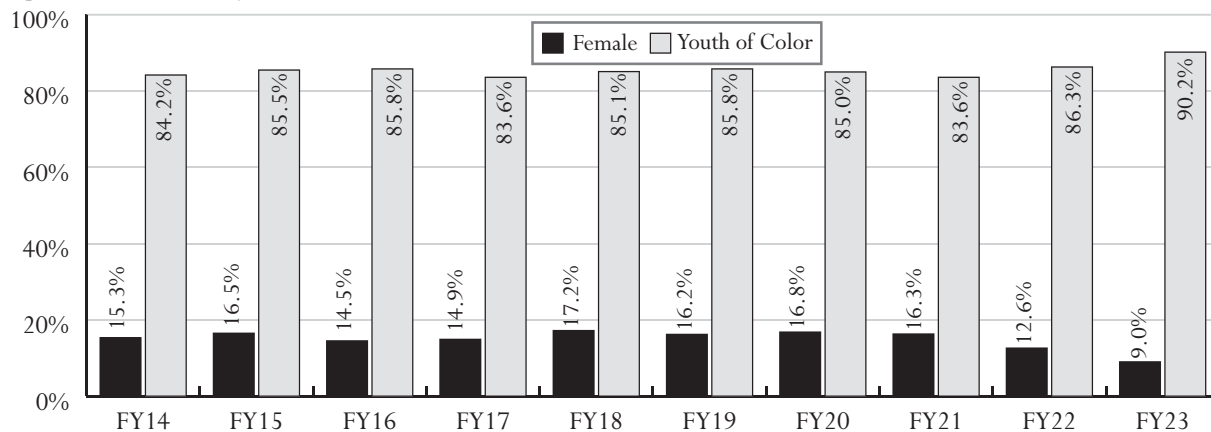
• Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, ALOS for pre-D detention increased 37.9%, adult court ALOS increased 61.7%, and pending placement ALOS increased 117.3%.



* Includes post-removal detention ADP

PERCENTAGE OF PRE-D PLACEMENTS THAT ARE FEMALE AND YOUTH OF COLOR, FY 2014-2023

• The percentage of pre-d placements that are female decreased from 15.3% in FY 2014 to 9.0% in FY 2023. The percentage of pre-d placements that are youth of color increased from 84.2% in FY 2014 to 90.2% in FY 2023.

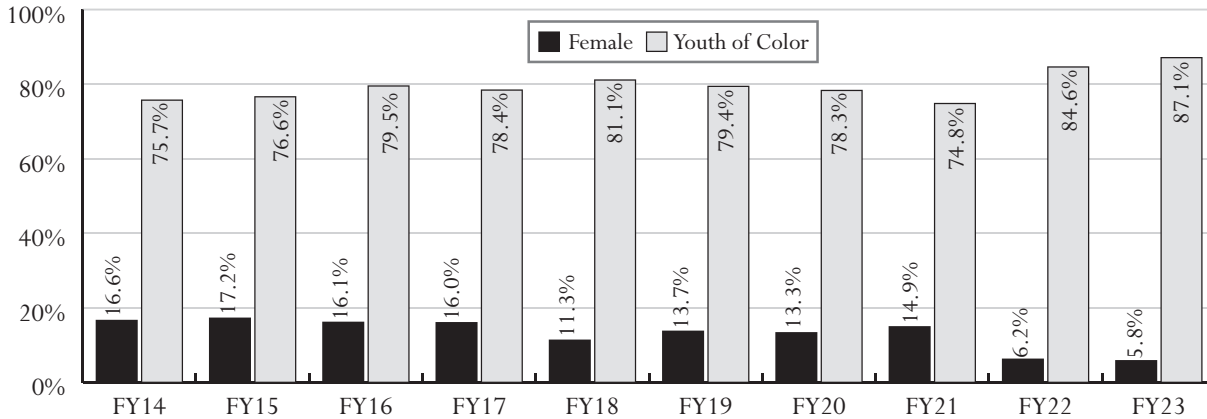


Data Sources: Data prior to FY 2019 will reflect previously reported values unless there was a methodological change.

Long-Term Trends (cont.)

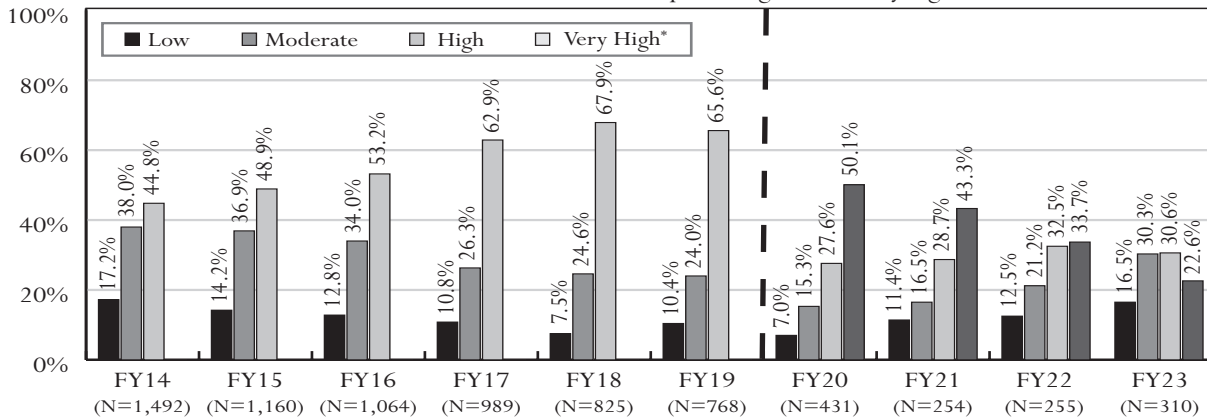
PERCENTAGE OF COMMITMENTS THAT ARE FEMALE AND YOUTH OF COLOR, FY 2014-2023

The percentage of commitments that are female decreased from 16.6% in FY 2014 to 5.8% in FY 2023. The percentage of commitments that are youth of color increased from 75.7% in FY 2014 to 87.1% in FY 2023.



COMMITTED PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL, FY 2014-2023

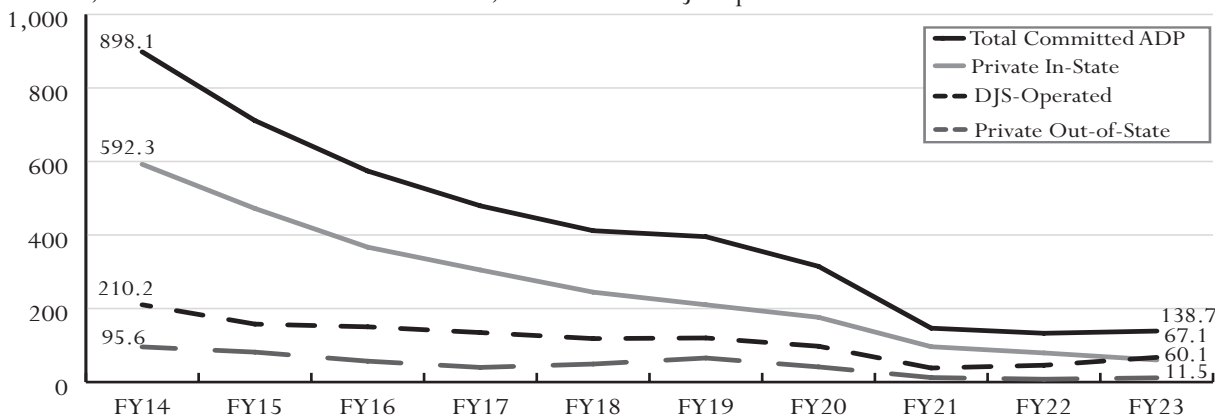
For placements with a pre-validation MCASP, the percentage with a low risk decreased from 17.2% in FY 2013 to 10.4% in FY 2019 and the percentage with a high risk increased from 44.8% to 65.6%. For placements with a post-validation MCASP, the percentage with a low risk increased from 7.0% in FY 2020 to 16.5% in FY 2023 and the percentage with a very high risk decreased from 50.1% to 22.6%.



*The Very High category was added in FY 2020. Data prior to FY 2020 are not directly comparable to FY 2020 and after due to the reorganization of all categories. FY 2020-FY 2023 commitment placements for MCASP risk level only contains placements with post-validation assessments.

COMMITTED RESIDENTIAL AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (ADP) FY 2014-2023

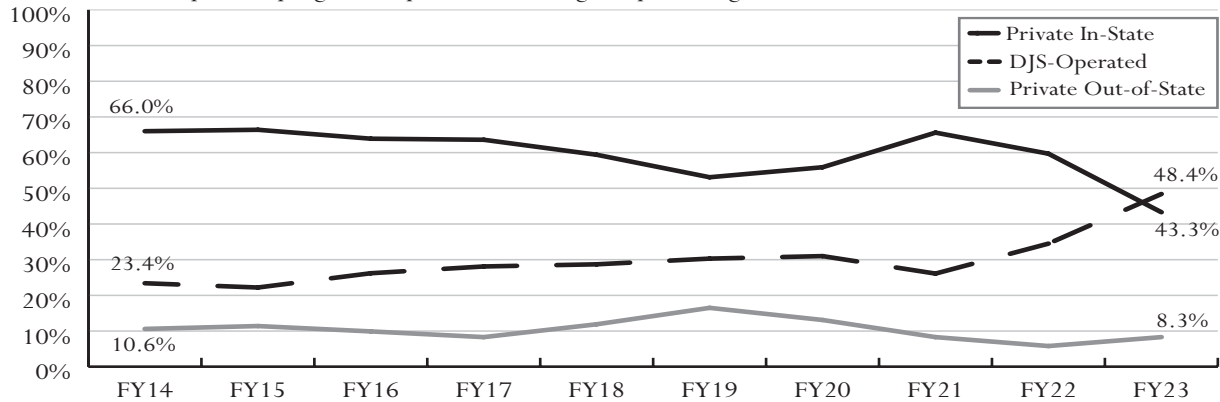
Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, ADP for the total committed population decreased 84.6%. ADP for Private In-State facilities decreased 89.9%, Private Out-of-State facilities 88.0%, and 68.1% for DJS-Operated facilities.



Data Sources: Data prior to FY 2019 will reflect previously reported values unless there was a methodological change.

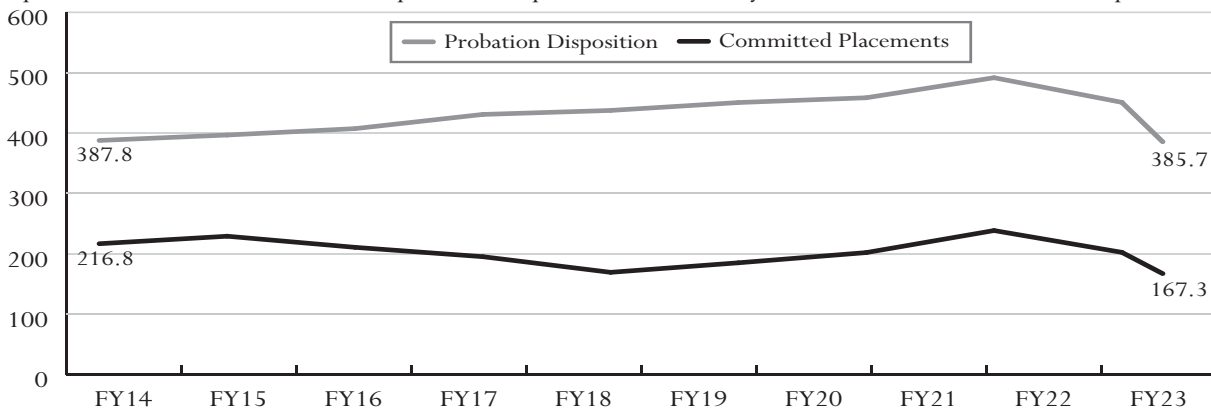
YOUTH IN TREATMENT PROGRAMS AS A PERCENTAGE OF ADP, FY 2014-2023

- Between FY 2014 and FY 2022, the highest percentage of the total committed ADP was represented by private in-state programs. In FY 2023, DJS-operated programs represented the highest percentage for the first time.



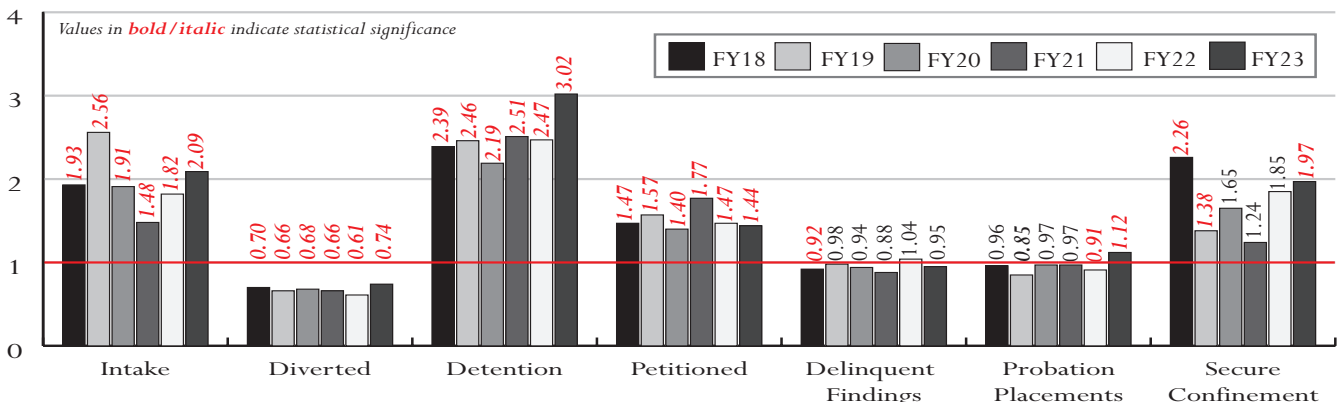
ALOS FOR PROBATION CASE CLOSURES AND COMMITTED PLACEMENTS, FY 2014-2023

- Between FY 2014 and FY 2023, ALOS for releases from probation dispositions have consistently been higher than ALOS for committed placements. ALOS for releases from probation dispositions decreased by 0.5% while ALOS for committed placements decreased 22.8%.



RRI FOR ALL YOUTH OF COLOR COMPARED WITH WHITE YOUTH AT KEY CONTACT POINTS, FY 2018-2023

- Each year between FY 2018 and FY 2023, youth of color were overrepresented at the key contact points of: intake (overall increase), detention (overall increase), and petition (overall decrease) with each having statistically significant results.
- Youth of color were underrepresented each year at diversion with each being statistically significant and showing an overall stable rate.
- At the secure confinement point, rates decreased between FY 2018 and FY 2023 with those years being statistically significant.
- For probation, FY 2023 was the first year where youth of color were overrepresented.



Note: The red line represents an RRI of 1.0 meaning no disproportional contact. A rate higher than 1.0 indicates that youth of color are over-represented at that decision point, and a rate below 1.0 shows they are under-represented. See the Appendix Section for more information on the RRI and key contact points.

Data Sources: Data prior to FY 2019 will reflect previously reported values unless there was a methodological change.

Regional Summary Trends

Youth from out of state with complaints in Maryland are listed by the jurisdiction where they are charged or supervised, except for youth in detention or committed placement, who are listed by their region of residence/jurisdiction.

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, PRE-DISPOSITIONAL DETENTION (PLACEMENTS AND ADP), AND POST-DISPOSITIONAL DET. PENDING PLACEMENT (PLACEMENTS AND ADP) BY REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION FY 2021-2023

Region	Intake Complaints			Pre-D Detention						Post-D Pending Placement					
				Placements			ADP			Placements*			ADP*		
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23
Region 1	1,077	1,413	1,270	85	76	35	6.3	7.8	5.4	25	35	27	2.0	3.1	4.7
Region 2	464	767	689	25	23	19	1.1	2.1	1.3	5	6	12	0.7	0.6	1.7
Region 3	1,583	2,534	2,660	139	98	88	11.0	7.8	6.7	37	41	37	4.1	3.8	6.5
Region 4	620	760	781	44	34	23	3.7	2.3	0.7	21	20	7	1.9	3.2	1.7
Region 5	980	1,434	2,012	63	38	34	6.5	2.8	3.6	26	25	38	2.5	2.7	4.5
Region 6	767	1,239	1,645	41	48	88	3.5	5.5	7.5	24	23	42	2.2	2.0	5.6
Region 7	1,026	1,892	2,192	64	75	140	3.9	3.8	8.9	24	25	50	2.6	3.1	5.9
Region 8	583	750	1,139	246	183	204	14.7	15.2	10.9	52	41	98	5.2	5.3	12.9
Out-of-State**	N/A	N/A	N/A	42	53	80	2.5	2.4	3.6	8	6	10	0.8	0.5	1.4
Statewide	7,100	10,789	12,388	749	628	711	53.1	49.6	48.6	222	222	321	21.9	24.3	45.0

* Post-removal detention placements are included in the total number of placements and ADP.

** N/A: These Out-of-State youth are listed by region of Maryland court jurisdiction.

POST-REMOVAL DETENTION (PLACEMENTS AND ADP) AND ADULT COURT (PLACEMENTS AND ADP) FY 2021-2023; CASES WITH PROBATION DISPOSITIONS FY 2021-2022 - BY REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION

Region	Post-Removal Detention						Adult Court						Cases with Probation	
	Placements			ADP			Placements			ADP			Dispositions*	
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22
Region 1	3	7	9	0.3	0.7	2.0	7	11	15	3.0	3.3	3.7	67	62
Region 2	1	1	3	0.4	0.1	0.3	2	5	2	1.1	1.5	0.5	30	42
Region 3	5	5	4	0.7	0.7	0.9	33	43	63	14.1	15.0	20.7	262	286
Region 4	7	3	4	0.8	0.8	0.9	10	12	9	4.4	2.7	3.2	43	67
Region 5	1	1	8	0.3	0.1	1.1	18	24	39	7.4	7.1	11.9	89	132
Region 6	2	1	10	0.4	0.0	1.0	14	23	25	6.1	4.7	6.4	112	134
Region 7	4	3	6	0.4	0.4	0.7	38	60	85	13.5	13.8	21.3	125	207
Region 8	6	1	24	0.5	0.1	3.8	57	91	127	21.5	27.4	39.7	101	124
Out-of-State**	1	0	1	0.2	0.0	0.6	19	41	20	7.5	9.7	10.6	N/A	N/A
Statewide	30	22	69	4.0	3.0	11.4	198	310	385	78.7	85.2	118.0	829	1,054

* Dispositions shown are for cases referred during the FY. FY 2023 data are not shown due to many cases pending disposition.

** N/A: These Out-of-State youth are listed by region of Maryland court jurisdiction.

Youth from out of state with complaints in Maryland are listed by the jurisdiction where they are charged or supervised, except for youth in detention or committed placement, who are listed by their region of residence/jurisdiction.

AVERAGE SUPERVISED CASELOAD FY 2021-2023; CASES WITH COMMITTED DISPOSITIONS AND VOPs RESULTING IN COMMITTED DISPOSITIONS FY 2021-2022; COMMITTED PLACEMENTS AND ADP FY 2021-2023 - BY REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION

Region	Average Supervised Caseload*			Cases with Commit. Dispositions**		VOPs Resulting in Commit. Dispositions**		Committed					
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY21	FY22	Placements***			ADP***		
								FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23
Region 1	143	101	88	42	45	20	13	21	33	29	10.9	18.6	16.2
Region 2	73	66	59	4	11	2	3	8	4	11	6.6	5.1	2.8
Region 3	306	243	222	101	69	9	11	42	43	38	16.9	21.1	18.9
Region 4	98	96	83	36	15	2	6	24	22	12	15.7	12.6	6.2
Region 5	263	208	200	46	40	5	3	41	30	32	27.4	17.1	15.4
Region 6	233	167	185	47	58	16	14	30	21	44	25.8	12.5	18.5
Region 7	234	210	247	37	40	5	4	25	34	50	16.4	15.9	21.2
Region 8	319	295	323	81	72	2	9	58	60	88	22.2	24.7	33.9
Out-of-State ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	13	7	4.5	5.0	5.7
Statewide	1,670	1,385	1,407	394	350	61	63	262	260	311	146.5	132.7	138.7

*Includes all Pre-Court, probation, and community aftercare

** Dispositions shown are for cases referred during the FY. FY 2023 data are not shown due to many cases pending disposition.

*** Placements and ADP reflect annual activity and don't reflect just cases referred in FY, many of which also may not yet be placed.

¹N/A: These Out-of-State youth are listed by region of Maryland court jurisdiction.

ASSESSED RISK LEVELS FOR DRAIS INVOLVING PRE-DISPOSITIONAL DETENTION ADMISSIONS*, FY 2021-2023 - BY REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION

Region	FY2021					FY2022					FY2023				
	% Admis. with DRAI	Complete DRAIs	High	Mod.	Low	% Admis. with DRAI	Complete DRAIs	High	Mod.	Low	% Admis. with DRAI	Complete DRAIs	High	Mod.	Low
Region 1	95.3%	81	45.7%	25.9%	28.4%	93.3%	70	32.9%	37.1%	30.0%	80.0%	28	21.4%	50.0%	28.6%
Region 2	100.0%	25	44.0%	28.0%	28.0%	91.3%	21	33.3%	52.4%	14.3%	94.7%	18	38.9%	22.2%	38.9%
Region 3	86.3%	120	35.0%	30.0%	35.0%	78.4%	76	26.3%	36.8%	36.8%	84.1%	74	21.6%	40.5%	37.8%
Region 4	90.9%	40	27.5%	45.0%	27.5%	82.4%	28	17.9%	32.1%	50.0%	87.0%	20	30.0%	25.0%	45.0%
Region 5	76.2%	48	47.9%	25.0%	27.1%	92.1%	35	11.4%	34.3%	54.3%	70.6%	24	33.3%	29.2%	37.5%
Region 6	82.9%	34	14.7%	55.9%	29.4%	79.2%	38	23.7%	28.9%	47.4%	77.3%	68	22.1%	39.7%	38.2%
Region 7	85.9%	55	23.6%	23.6%	52.7%	82.3%	65	23.1%	21.5%	55.4%	79.3%	111	15.3%	28.8%	55.9%
Region 8	92.3%	227	46.7%	28.2%	25.1%	89.6%	164	28.7%	41.5%	29.9%	87.7%	179	26.8%	31.8%	41.3%
Out-of-State	78.6%	33	12.1%	21.2%	66.7%	85.7%	42	7.1%	9.5%	83.3%	82.5%	66	7.6%	13.6%	78.8%
Statewide	88.5%	663	38.0%	29.7%	32.3%	86.1%	539	24.7%	34.0%	41.4%	82.7%	588	21.8%	31.5%	46.8%

* DRAIs shown above do not reflect all DRAIs given. The percentages are only reflective of completed DRAIs involving a pre-dispositional detention admission.

County/Regional Trends

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, PRE-DISPOSITIONAL DETENTION (PLACEMENTS AND ADP), AND POST-DISPOSITIONAL DET. PENDING PLACEMENT (PLACEMENTS AND ADP) BY COUNTY/REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION FY 2021-2023⁺

County/ Region	Intake Complaints			Pre-D Detention						Post-D Pending Placement					
	FY21	FY22	FY23	Placements			ADP			Placements*			ADP*		
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23
Region 1	1,077	1,413	1,270	85	76	35	6.3	7.8	5.4	25	35	27	2.0	3.1	4.7
Dorchester	205	337	192	20	19	7	1.5	1.7	0.4	9	6	2	0.6	0.5	0.4
Somerset	118	171	138	10	18	1	1.2	1.4	0.1	3	7	1	0.3	0.6	0.7
Wicomico	311	540	579	38	30	21	3.0	2.8	3.0	9	17	20	0.7	1.7	3.0
Worcester	443	365	361	17	9	6	0.6	1.8	1.9	4	5	4	0.4	0.3	0.6
Region 2	464	767	689	25	23	19	1.1	2.1	1.3	5	6	12	0.7	0.6	1.7
Caroline	76	137	162	6	12	5	0.2	0.9	0.3	2	4	4	0.5	0.4	0.6
Cecil	217	259	235	16	7	7	0.8	0.8	0.8	2	1	5	0.1	0.0	0.7
Kent	33	88	63	0	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Queen Anne's	57	137	92	1	3	1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Talbot	81	146	137	2	1	5	0.0	0.0	0.2	1	1	3	0.0	0.2	0.4
Region 3	1,583	2,534	2,660	139	98	88	11.0	7.8	6.7	37	41	37	4.1	3.8	6.5
Baltimore Co.	1,347	2,233	2,375	102	80	76	8.8	6.3	5.9	29	36	27	3.3	3.1	5.2
Harford	236	301	285	37	18	12	2.2	1.5	0.8	8	5	10	0.8	0.7	1.2
Region 4	620	760	781	44	34	23	3.7	2.3	0.7	21	20	7	1.9	3.2	1.7
Allegany	290	274	246	23	11	1	1.4	1.4	0.1	9	13	5	0.8	2.0	1.5
Garrett	96	96	89	0	3	0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0	1	0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Washington	234	390	446	21	20	22	2.2	0.8	0.6	12	6	2	1.2	1.0	0.2
Region 5	980	1,434	2,012	63	38	34	6.5	2.8	3.6	26	25	38	2.5	2.7	4.5
Anne Arundel	589	965	1,506	40	32	25	4.6	2.5	3.1	20	24	29	2.2	2.7	3.8
Carroll	221	246	233	8	1	2	1.3	0.1	0.0	5	0	1	0.3	0.0	0.1
Howard	170	223	273	15	5	7	0.6	0.2	0.4	1	1	8	0.1	0.1	0.6
Region 6	767	1,239	1,645	41	48	88	3.5	5.5	7.5	24	23	42	2.2	2.0	5.6
Frederick	179	353	389	14	9	14	1.8	1.2	1.4	5	3	8	0.6	0.2	1.4
Montgomery	588	886	1,256	27	39	74	1.7	4.2	6.1	19	20	34	1.6	1.8	4.2
Region 7	1,026	1,892	2,192	64	75	140	3.9	3.8	8.9	24	25	50	2.6	3.1	5.9
Calvert	181	277	294	7	2	6	0.3	0.0	0.4	4	3	4	0.6	0.3	0.5
Charles	179	310	519	11	10	8	0.1	0.4	0.8	1	3	1	0.2	0.3	0.2
Prince George's	454	811	968	38	54	118	3.1	2.7	6.6	12	16	36	1.2	1.8	4.5
St. Mary's	212	494	411	8	9	8	0.4	0.7	1.0	7	3	9	0.6	0.7	0.7
Region 8	583	750	1,139	246	183	204	14.7	15.2	10.9	52	41	98	5.2	5.3	12.9
Baltimore City	583	750	1,139	246	183	204	14.7	15.2	10.9	52	41	98	5.2	5.3	12.9
Out-of-State**	N/A	N/A	N/A	42	53	80	2.5	2.4	3.6	8	6	10	0.8	0.5	1.4
Statewide	7,100	10,789	12,388	749	628	711	53.1	49.6	48.6	222	222	321	21.9	24.3	45.0

* Post-removal detention placements are included in the total number of placements and ADP. ** N/A: These Out-of-State youth are listed by county of Maryland court jurisdiction; ⁺ If there are no placements and ADP is >0, ADP reflects a balance from previous FYs. If there is at least one placement and 0 ADP, ADP is <0.05.

- Between FY 2021 and FY 2023:
 - Intake Complaints increased 74.5%.
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Placements decreased 5.1%, and ADP decreased 8.5%.
 - Post-Dispositional Detention Pending Placements increased 44.6%, and ADP increased 105.2%.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

POST-REMOVAL DETENTION (PLACEMENTS AND ADP) AND ADULT COURT (PLACEMENTS AND ADP) FY 2021-2023; CASES WITH PROBATION DISPOSITIONS FY 2021-2022⁺ - BY COUNTY/REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION

County/ Region	Post-Removal Detention						Adult Court						Cases with Probation	
	Placements			ADP			Placements			ADP			Dispositions*	
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22
Region 1	3	7	9	0.3	0.7	2.0	7	11	15	3.0	3.3	3.7	67	62
Dorchester	1	1	1	0.0	0.0	0.3	3	2	0	0.8	0.4	0.2	19	16
Somerset	0	2	0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0	1	3	0.0	0.7	0.9	11	5
Wicomico	0	2	5	0.1	0.4	0.9	2	7	12	2.0	1.3	2.5	24	20
Worcester	2	2	3	0.2	0.1	0.5	2	1	0	0.1	0.8	0.1	13	21
Region 2	1	1	3	0.4	0.1	0.3	2	5	2	1.1	1.5	0.5	30	42
Caroline	1	1	2	0.4	0.1	0.1	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7	3
Cecil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1	2	2	0.6	0.8	0.5	10	23
Kent	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	2
Queen Anne's	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	1	0	0.0	0.2	0.0	8	2
Talbot	0	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.2	1	1	0	0.5	0.4	0.0	5	12
Region 3	5	5	4	0.7	0.7	0.9	33	43	63	14.1	15	20.7	262	286
Baltimore Co.	5	3	4	0.7	0.4	0.9	32	38	54	13.7	13.9	18.7	227	235
Harford	0	2	0	0.0	0.3	0.0	1	5	9	0.4	1.1	1.9	35	51
Region 4	7	3	4	0.8	0.8	0.9	10	12	9	4.4	2.7	3.2	43	67
Allegany	2	1	3	0.2	0.3	0.8	2	2	5	0.6	0.2	1.4	22	39
Garrett	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	1	0	0.0	0.4	0.0	10	3
Washington	5	2	1	0.7	0.5	0.1	8	9	4	3.9	2.2	1.8	11	25
Region 5	1	1	8	0.3	0.1	1.1	18	24	39	7.4	7.1	11.9	89	132
Anne Arundel	1	1	7	0.3	0.1	1.0	12	13	26	5.3	3.3	7.1	57	84
Carroll	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	1	5	0.0	0.0	1.2	17	20
Howard	0	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	6	10	8	2.1	3.8	3.6	15	28
Region 6	2	1	10	0.4	0.0	1.0	14	23	25	6.1	4.7	6.4	112	134
Frederick	2	1	1	0.4	0.0	0.2	2	2	3	1.4	0.5	1.1	34	29
Montgomery	0	0	9	0.0	0.0	0.8	12	21	22	4.7	4.2	5.3	78	105
Region 7	4	3	6	0.4	0.4	0.7	38	60	85	13.5	13.8	21.3	125	207
Calvert	0	1	1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0	1	0	0.0	0.0	0.3	3	14
Charles	1	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0	4	6	7	1.4	1.6	2.5	28	22
Prince George's	1	2	2	0.1	0.4	0.1	29	51	73	11.0	11.1	17.8	79	142
St. Mary's	2	0	3	0.1	0.0	0.3	5	2	5	1.1	1.0	0.7	15	29
Region 8	6	1	24	0.5	0.1	3.8	57	91	127	21.5	27.4	39.7	101	124
Baltimore City	6	1	24	0.5	0.1	3.8	57	91	127	21.5	27.4	39.7	101	124
Out-of-State**	1	0	1	0.2	0.0	0.6	19	41	20	7.5	9.7	10.6	N/A	N/A
Statewide	30	22	69	4.0	3.0	11.4	198	310	385	78.7	85.2	118.0	829	1,054

* Dispositions shown are for cases referred during the FY. FY 2023 data are not shown due to many cases pending disposition. **N/A: These Out-of-State youth are listed by county of Maryland court jurisdiction. + If there are no placements and ADP is >0, ADP reflects a balance from previous FYs. If there is at least one placement and 0 ADP, ADP is <0.05.

- Between FY 2021 and FY 2023:
 - Post-Removal Detention Placements increased 130.0%, and ADP increased 183.5%.
 - Adult Court Placements increased 94.4%, and ADP increased 50.0%.
- Between FY 2021 and FY 2022, Probation Dispositions increased 27.1%.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

County/Regional Trends (cont.)

AVERAGE SUPERVISED CASELOAD FY 2021-2023; CASES WITH COMMITTED DISPOSITIONS AND VOPs RESULTING IN COMMITTED DISPOSITIONS FY 2021-2022; COMMITTED PLACEMENTS AND ADP FY 2021-2023 - BY COUNTY/REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION⁺

County / Region	Average Supervised Caseload*			Cases with Commit. Dispositions**		VOPs Resulting in Commit. Dispositions**		Committed					
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY21	FY22	Placements***			ADP***		
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY21	FY22	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23
Region 1	143	101	88	42	45	20	13	21	33	29	10.9	18.6	16.2
Dorchester	27	20	18	13	18	7	5	6	6	3	2.0	5.2	2.9
Somerset	14	10	8	8	5	6	1	2	7	2	1.9	3.3	3.5
Wicomico	67	46	42	18	16	5	5	10	14	18	5.0	6.4	7.9
Worcester	34	25	21	3	6	2	2	3	6	6	2.0	3.7	1.9
Region 2	73	66	59	4	11	2	3	8	4	11	6.6	5.1	2.8
Caroline	10	11	8	1	3	0	1	4	2	4	3.7	1.1	0.9
Cecil	45	39	31	3	2	2	1	3	1	5	0.9	2.3	1.3
Kent	3	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Queen Anne's	9	8	9	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1.4	0.9	0.0
Talbot	7	8	8	0	4	0	0	1	1	2	0.5	0.8	0.7
Region 3	306	243	222	101	69	9	11	42	43	38	16.9	21.1	18.9
Baltimore Co.	241	203	183	69	56	8	11	32	34	26	12.6	15.0	13.0
Harford	65	39	39	32	13	1	0	10	9	12	4.3	6.1	5.8
Region 4	98	96	83	36	15	2	6	24	22	12	15.7	12.6	6.2
Allegany	48	47	38	23	6	2	0	13	11	7	9.2	8.4	3.3
Garrett	23	24	12	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0.0	0.4	1.4
Washington	27	25	32	13	7	0	6	11	9	5	6.5	3.8	1.5
Region 5	263	208	200	46	40	5	3	41	30	32	27.4	17.1	15.4
Anne Arundel	169	126	120	33	29	2	2	31	28	26	21.9	14.2	13.5
Carroll	30	33	35	3	0	0	0	6	0	1	4.0	1.4	0.3
Howard	65	49	45	10	11	3	1	4	2	5	1.4	1.5	1.7
Region 6	233	167	185	47	58	16	14	30	21	44	25.8	12.5	18.5
Frederick	58	29	34	8	6	3	0	5	3	10	4.6	1.3	3.3
Montgomery	175	138	150	39	52	13	14	25	18	34	21.2	11.3	15.2
Region 7	234	210	247	37	40	5	4	25	34	50	16.4	15.9	21.2
Calvert	28	24	25	3	4	0	0	5	3	4	2.5	2.0	2.6
Charles	38	26	25	2	3	0	1	3	6	1	3.4	2.3	1.2
Prince George's	140	132	169	27	29	5	2	12	19	37	7.2	9.1	13.7
St. Mary's	28	28	29	5	4	0	1	5	6	8	3.3	2.5	3.6
Region 8	319	295	323	81	72	2	9	58	60	88	22.2	24.7	33.9
Baltimore City	319	295	323	81	72	2	9	58	60	88	22.2	24.7	33.9
Out-of-State⁺⁺	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	13	7	4.5	5.0	5.7
Statewide	1,670	1,385	1,407	394	350	61	63	262	260	311	146.5	132.7	138.7

* Includes all Pre-Court, probation, and community aftercare. ** Dispositions shown are for cases referred during the FY. FY 2023 data are not shown due to many cases pending disposition. *** Placements and ADP reflect annual activity and don't reflect just cases referred in FY, many of which also may not yet be placed. ** N/A: These Out-of-State youth are listed by county of Maryland court jurisdiction. ⁺ If there are no placements and ADP is >0, ADP reflects a balance from previous FYs. If there is at least one placement and 0 ADP, ADP is <0.05.

- Between FY 2021 and FY 2023, Committed Placements increased 18.7%, and ADP decreased 5.3%.
- Between FY 2021 and FY 2022, Cases with Committed Dispositions decreased 11.2%, and VOPs resulting in Committed Dispositions increased 3.3%.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent youth under juvenile court jurisdiction except adult court tables (placement and ADP).

ASSESSED RISK LEVELS FOR DRAIS INVOLVING PRE-DISPOSITIONAL DETENTION ADMISSIONS*, FY 2021-2023 - BY COUNTY/REGION OF RESIDENCE/JURISDICTION

County / Region	FY2021					FY2022					FY2023				
	% Admis. with DRAI	Complete DRAIs	High	Mod.	Low	% Admis. with DRAI	Complete DRAIs	High	Mod.	Low	% Admis. with DRAI	Complete DRAIs	High	Mod.	Low
Region 1	95.3%	81	45.7%	25.9%	28.4%	93.3%	70	32.9%	37.1%	30.0%	80.0%	28	21.4%	50.0%	28.6%
Dorchester	95.0%	19	63.2%	10.5%	26.3%	89.5%	17	52.9%	47.1%	0.0%	85.7%	6	16.7%	50.0%	33.3%
Somerset	90.0%	9	22.2%	33.3%	44.4%	94.4%	17	47.1%	23.5%	29.4%	100.0%	1	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Wicomico	94.7%	36	47.2%	27.8%	25.0%	100.0%	29	17.2%	41.4%	41.4%	85.7%	18	27.8%	44.4%	27.8%
Worcester	100.0%	17	35.3%	35.3%	29.4%	77.8%	7	14.3%	28.6%	57.1%	50.0%	3	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Region 2	100.0%	25	44.0%	28.0%	28.0%	91.3%	21	33.3%	52.4%	14.3%	94.7%	18	38.9%	22.2%	38.9%
Caroline	100.0%	6	66.7%	16.7%	16.7%	91.7%	11	45.5%	54.5%	0.0%	100.0%	5	60.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Cecil	100.0%	16	43.8%	25.0%	31.2%	100.0%	7	14.3%	42.9%	42.9%	100.0%	7	42.9%	14.3%	42.9%
Kent	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Queen Anne's	100.0%	1	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	66.7%	2	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	1	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Talbot	100.0%	2	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%	1	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	5	20.0%	20.0%	60.0%
Region 3	86.3%	120	35.0%	30.0%	35.0%	78.4%	76	26.3%	36.8%	36.8%	84.1%	74	21.6%	40.5%	37.8%
Baltimore Co.	85.3%	87	40.2%	28.7%	31.0%	81.0%	64	28.1%	35.9%	35.9%	85.5%	65	24.6%	35.4%	40.0%
Harford	89.2%	33	21.2%	33.3%	45.5%	66.7%	12	16.7%	41.7%	41.7%	75.0%	9	0.0%	77.8%	22.2%
Region 4	90.9%	40	27.5%	45.0%	27.5%	82.4%	28	17.9%	32.1%	50.0%	87.0%	20	30.0%	25.0%	45.0%
Allegany	100.0%	23	26.1%	43.5%	30.4%	63.6%	7	28.6%	57.1%	14.3%	100.0%	1	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Garrett	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100.0%	3	33.3%	0.0%	66.7%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Washington	81.0%	17	29.4%	47.1%	23.5%	90.0%	18	11.1%	27.8%	61.1%	86.4%	19	31.6%	21.1%	47.4%
Region 5	76.2%	48	47.9%	25.0%	27.1%	92.1%	35	11.4%	34.3%	54.3%	70.6%	24	33.3%	29.2%	37.5%
Anne Arundel	70.0%	28	39.3%	28.6%	32.1%	90.6%	29	10.3%	34.5%	55.2%	72.0%	18	33.3%	33.3%	33.3%
Carroll	75.0%	6	16.7%	33.3%	50.0%	100.0%	1	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	50.0%	1	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Howard	93.3%	14	78.6%	14.3%	7.1%	100.0%	5	20.0%	20.0%	60.0%	71.4%	5	40.0%	20.0%	40.0%
Region 6	82.9%	34	14.7%	55.9%	29.4%	79.2%	38	23.7%	28.9%	47.4%	77.3%	68	22.1%	39.7%	38.2%
Frederick	85.7%	12	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%	9	0.0%	33.3%	66.7%	78.6%	11	9.1%	72.7%	18.2%
Montgomery	81.5%	22	22.7%	59.1%	18.2%	74.4%	29	31.0%	27.6%	41.4%	77.0%	57	24.6%	33.3%	42.1%
Region 7	85.9%	55	23.6%	23.6%	52.7%	82.3%	65	23.1%	21.5%	55.4%	79.3%	111	15.3%	28.8%	55.9%
Calvert	71.4%	5	40.0%	40.0%	20.0%	0.0%	0	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	4	0.0%	75.0%	25.0%
Charles	90.9%	10	20.0%	10.0%	70.0%	80.0%	8	25.0%	62.5%	12.5%	75.0%	6	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%
Prince George's	84.2%	32	25.0%	25.0%	50.0%	84.5%	49	20.4%	14.3%	65.3%	78.8%	93	15.1%	25.8%	59.1%
St. Mary's	100.0%	8	12.5%	25.0%	62.5%	88.9%	8	37.5%	25.0%	37.5%	100.0%	8	37.5%	25.0%	37.5%
Region 8	92.3%	227	46.7%	28.2%	25.1%	89.6%	164	28.7%	41.5%	29.9%	87.7%	179	26.8%	31.8%	41.3%
Baltimore City	92.3%	227	46.7%	28.2%	25.1%	89.6%	164	28.7%	41.5%	29.9%	87.7%	179	26.8%	31.8%	41.3%
Out-of-State	78.6%	33	12.1%	21.2%	66.7%	85.7%	42	7.1%	9.5%	83.3%	82.5%	66	7.6%	13.6%	78.8%
Statewide	88.5%	663	38.0%	29.7%	32.3%	86.1%	539	24.7%	34.0%	41.4%	82.7%	588	21.8%	31.5%	46.8%

* DRAIs shown above do not reflect all DRAIs given. The percentages are only reflective of completed DRAIs involving a pre-dispositional detention admission.

- For pre-dispositional detention admissions with a completed DRAI, the percentage of admissions with a high risk decreased from 38.0% to 21.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Section II: Intake and Community Supervision



Youth from Region 8 attended an open house event offered by Living Classrooms Foundation Fresh Start to learn about the benefits of the program. Fresh Start provides job readiness skills in the construction field and offers educational plans tailored to each individual's needs.

Introduction to Intake and Community Services

The Department provides a continuum of services to youth in the community across multiple stages of the juvenile justice system. At intake, DJS intake officers receive complaints from persons or agencies (e.g. private citizens, schools, victims, or law enforcement agencies) and assess whether the juvenile court has jurisdiction and whether judicial action or another resolution is warranted, and in some cases, whether or not to detain youth until the court can make a determination. Case Management Specialists supervise DJS-involved youth placed on informal (Pre-Court) supervision, or court-ordered probation and aftercare supervision.

Pre-Adjudication Services

The DJS Pre-Adjudication Services unit oversees statewide Intake and Community Detention Operations. The Intake unit manages and monitors a uniform statewide approach for the review of intake complaints. Staff conduct youth assessments and reviews and make service referrals to promote the best interest of the child and public safety.

Intake Process

Intake officers review all delinquent and Child in Need of Supervision (CINS) complaints, citations, referrals for service, and peace order requests. Intake officers determine within 25 days whether the juvenile court has jurisdiction and whether judicial action is in the best interest of the public and/or the child. DJS intake officers are authorized to: (a) disapprove a complaint as legally insufficient; (b) resolve the matter at intake with or without services; (c) propose an informal adjustment period (also called Pre-Court supervision); or (d) authorize the filing of a petition by the State’s Attorney’s Office. DJS can informally handle all complaints; however, violent felonies and handgun violations must be reviewed by the State’s Attorney and approved for informal adjustment. The intake decision-making process may involve an interview with the youth, parent and/or guardian, and where applicable, the victim(s).

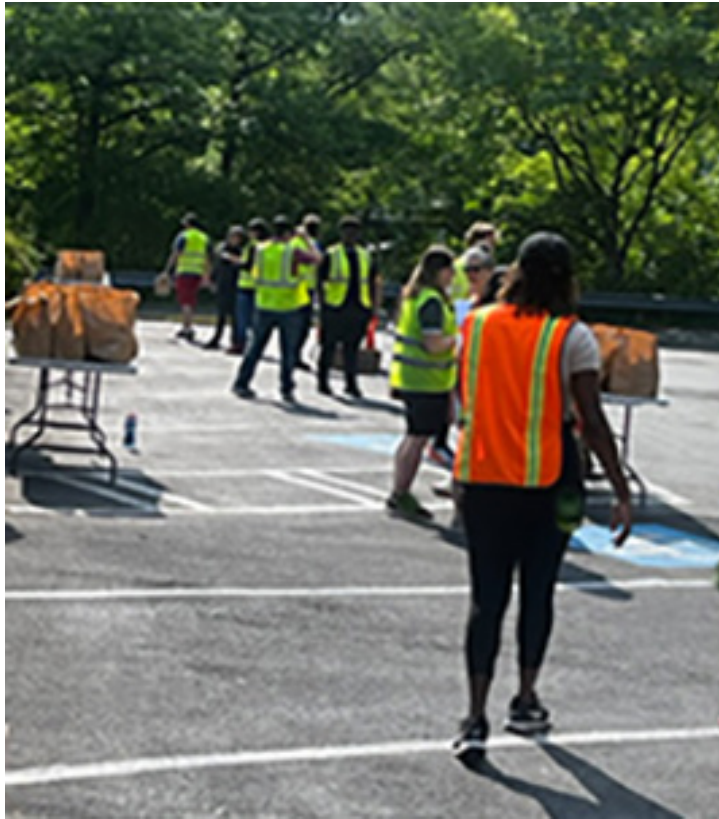
Intake decisions must be fair and equitable, despite the fact that systemic racism, biases, and prejudices can influence which youth are referred to DJS intake. In 2017, the Department began revising its intake policies and procedures to integrate best practices in the juvenile justice field in conjunction with lessons learned based on data analysis and the experiences of youth who present at DJS intake. Specifically, the Department partnered with the University of Maryland School of Social Work to develop a validated, objective intake decision tool that would identify a youth’s risk of recidivism, strengths, and service needs. This Intake Decision Tool (IDT - see Appendix C), implemented in July 2020, guides the intake decision and is intended to ensure fair and equitable decisions that are developmentally appropriate, culturally proficient, and tailored to

Pre-Adjudication Services Reform Principles:

- Divert youth from court involvement when possible;
- Hold youth accountable for harm to victims and communities;
- Increase access to services and supports that address risk and needs;
- Increase opportunities for positive outcomes in school, workforce, and community;
- Ensure developmentally appropriate decisions;
- Prioritize restorative approaches;
- Foster positive youth development and resiliency;
- Engage youth and family in case planning; and
- Identify trauma and understand the impact of traumatic experiences.

the risks, needs, and strengths of youth. This tool includes a newly validated version of the MCASP Intake Risk Screen, the tool used by the Department to guide intake decisions between FY 2010 and FY 2019. The validated risk screen is incorporated into the Intake Decision Tool generates a risk score, which measures the risk of reoffending. Importantly, the IDT collects detailed information on social history factors, e.g., school, use of free time, employment, relationships in the community, and family, that are used to identify service needs, as well as prompting the appropriate service referrals. The tool also requires that the intake officer consider any aggravating and mitigating factors, as well as any service access considerations that may be barriers to youth obtaining services.

Throughout the intake process, the focus is on positive youth development (recognizing and building on the strengths and assets of youth) and family engagement (actively involving the youth and family voice in all aspects of case planning) – both of which promote



Youth from the DJS Region 7 Largo office participating in a community service project at the College Park Food Pantry.

successful outcomes. Supported by the IDT, the Department aims to divert youth from court involvement when possible and refer the youth and family to services when needed, including high-risk youth who may be safely supervised by DJS with interventions that reduce the risk of recidivism.

Rewire: Learning Skills for Change

In FY 2022 the Department began an exciting new initiative to train staff in Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) principles in community supervision practices across community service programs. In this three-year partnership with Roca Impact Institute, community detention, pre-adjudication and post-adjudication case managers are training in practical skills to teach to youth about interrupting problematic thoughts, feelings, and actions in order to make positive change. When staff complete the training, they receive coaching as they implement Rewire. In FY 2023, DJS staff who excel in Rewire began training as trainers and coaches to pass along the Rewire skills and culture to their peers.

Detention Decision

In addition to assessing the merit of complaints received at intake and making the case forwarding decision, DJS intake officers are responsible for determining whether youth who have been taken into custody require secure detention or may be released to a parent, guardian, or other responsible adult and, if so, under what conditions. Intake officers are directed by statute (Md. Code, Courts and Judicial Proceedings, §3-8A-15) to authorize detention if deemed necessary to protect the youth or others, or if the youth is deemed likely to leave the jurisdiction of the court.

The decision to authorize detention is guided by a decision-making tool called the Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI). The DRAI is designed to provide an objective assessment of the probability that a youth will reoffend or fail to appear for future court dates. The DRAI was most recently validated in FY 2017, and most recently updated in December 2022 (see Appendix C). Because detention and case forwarding decisions are somewhat independent of one another, a youth may be released or put on an ATD but still have their case formally processed in court or receive a pre-court supervision. Youth who are detained or assigned to an ATD by DJS Intake are reviewed the next court day by the juvenile court, which may continue the placement or release the youth. By statute, the court must consider the DRAI when making this determination.

Intake services are provided by the DJS regions during normal working hours (Monday-Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.). The Baltimore City Region provides 24/7 intake services and houses a centralized intake unit at the Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center, which provides statewide intake services including the completion of a DRAI to make detention decisions during non-traditional work hours and/or holidays for all regions across the state.

Alternatives to Detention

Youth not detained are released to a caregiver. Some may have no additional restrictions or conditions, while other youth are required to participate in an alternative to detention (ATD) program pending their court hearing. These include:

- Community Detention (CD) - available statewide. This may also include electronic monitoring (EM), or GPS monitoring.
- Evening Reporting Centers (ERC) - Baltimore City, PACT Baltimore City, Prince George's County, Montgomery County, Western Baltimore County, and Wicomico County

Shelter care may be utilized for youth requiring care, but not in a secure setting. Additionally, shelter care can be utilized if a parent, guardian, or custodian is not available to provide supervision and care until the youth returns to court.

Community Detention

The Department provides regional Community Detention services, with or without electronic monitoring, typically for youth whose cases have been forwarded to the juvenile court at intake. The program operates 24/7 and serves as the primary ATD. Community Detention allows youth to continue participating in community activities such as school or work, and it helps maintain community ties and support systems.

Community Detention supervision includes face-to-face and telephone contacts, as well as random unannounced visits at home, school, and work. The level of supervision depends on the assessed supervision needs of each youth and the court-ordered release conditions. Community Detention Officers (CDOs) are trained to monitor violations of court-ordered release conditions and to report any changes in a youth's home or school situation. CDOs work closely with the youth and family to ensure compliance with the program and intervene in accordance with the Department's graduated responses (AIM initiative) when addressing Community Detention violations. Youth who violate the conditions of release may be withdrawn from the program and placed in secure detention.

The electronic monitoring component provides an additional layer of supervision. Compliance with the program is monitored electronically using an ankle bracelet worn by the youth and a receiver located in the youth's home. All electronic notifications related to the youth's schedule and equipment functionality are received in real time. The Command Center and assigned CDO carefully review the information to ensure that supervision violations receive proper intervention and follow-up. The Command Center, located in Baltimore City, is centrally operated and provides 24/7 staffing.

Pre-Court Supervision (Informal Adjustment)

As discussed in the Intake Process section, one option for a case received at DJS intake is to handle the case informally, without involving the juvenile court, through an informal adjustment option called Pre-Court supervision. This is conducted under an agreement executed by the DJS intake officer that stipulates conditions of the supervision period; it requires consent by the youth, parent/guardian, and victim (where applicable). Approval by the State's Attorney's Office is required if the case involves a violent felony offense. For non-violent felonies, when the alleged offense does not involve the use of a handgun or threat to cause physical injury or bodily harm, after conducting an intake conference, DJS can proceed with Pre-Court supervision and does not need approval from the States Attorney's Office. DJS must make reasonable efforts to contact the victim prior to proceeding with the Pre-Court supervision agreement.

Pre-Court agreements are tailored to the individual circumstances of the case, and they may include the payment of restitution, the completion of community service hours, and participation in specialized community-based services and counseling or treatment programs such as substance abuse treatment. Agreements are generally in effect for a period of 90 days; however, in some circumstances the period may be extended to 180 days to allow for the youth to participate in a substance abuse or mental health treatment program. If a youth fails to meet the conditions of the agreement, the DJS intake officer may elect to forward the case to the State's Attorney's Office for review.

Post-Adjudication Services

The DJS Community Services unit consists of 30 local offices throughout the state that oversee the case management operations for youth under court-ordered probation and aftercare services. Community Services also includes the Resource Units, which assist in facilitating in-home and out-of-home treatment services for youth. After disposition, DJS case managers regularly review youth's progress and length of stay on probation, in placement, or on aftercare to ensure services are being delivered and are moving the youth towards successful closure. DJS has moved towards a system of continuous case management, where – to the extent possible – a youth's case will be assigned to and managed by the same case manager for the duration of court-ordered supervision.

Disposition Recommendation

After adjudication, efforts to divert youth from the deep end of the system focus on community-based treatment rather than out-of-home committed care. When youth are being evaluated for services, a



Baltimore City Evening Reporting Center's first Annual Job Fair



Youth working on a wall mural for Living Classrooms during a summer program.

community treatment plan is part of the review to ensure that only the most at-risk youth receive out-of-home residential treatment. At the start of probation supervision (or in some instances, prior to disposition if ordered by the juvenile court), a Social History Investigation and report are completed by the assigned CMS. This report describes the social adjustment and circumstances of the youth and their family. The CMS also completes the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment, which builds on the IDT but provides a much broader and more comprehensive assessment of individual risk, needs, and strengths. The MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment categorizes youth as having either low, moderate, high, or very high risk of recidivism. It also assesses the level of need on each of the following treatment domains (which have been shown to influence risk for reoffending): (a) School; (b) Use of Free Time; (c) Employment; (d) Community Relationships; (e) Family; (f) Alcohol and Drugs; (g) Mental Health; and (h) Attitudes and Aggression. See Appendix C for more information on MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment items. The CMS uses the Social History Investigation and MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment to develop recommendations to the juvenile court.

The MAST is a specialized diagnostic team responsible for assessing youth detained pending court disposition and at risk of placement. The MAST includes a psychologist, social worker or professional counselor, substance abuse counselor, community case manager, detention facility case manager supervisor, resource specialist, and a

Juvenile Services Education Program (JSEP) representative. Following completion of assessments, a MAST or community staffing meeting is held, which includes the participation of youth and family. MAST completes an in-depth review of the case information, and the team develops and submits a report, which includes both security and treatment recommendations, to the juvenile court for consideration at disposition.

Probation

Youth who are adjudicated and found delinquent by the juvenile court may be placed on probation under the supervision of a DJS case management specialist (CMS). Probation is the most frequently used juvenile court disposition. A probation term requires youth to abide by general supervision conditions, as well as any special conditions imposed by the court. The CMS also creates a Treatment Service Plan (TSP) for each youth under court-ordered supervision, which includes a statement of services to be provided to the youth and family. The TSP is guided by the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment which helps to determine the appropriate supervision level for the youth, and frame specific goals for the youth and family. In developing is TSP, input from youth, parents and/or guardians, and service providers (as appropriate) is also solicited.

Aftercare and Re-entry

Aftercare supervision is similar to probation supervision in that the CMS performs many of the same supervisory tasks and relies on the same decision-making tool (the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment). Aftercare services are provided for youth who have been committed to or released from the custody of DJS for placement outside the home, or for the receipt of in-home services in some jurisdictions. A CMS is assigned to the case upon commitment. Aftercare planning is initiated at commitment, before the youth is placed in a residential program. Plans are guided by risk and needs assessments, are updated according to youth's progress in residential care, and also include identification and monitoring of services needed upon release. Building on services provided in the residential placement, the CMS is also responsible for managing the re-entry process so youth and family are linked to services and possible continuation of treatment in the community. Youth's adjustment and compliance with any court directives is monitored. Additionally, a variety of programs are available to assist youth returning to the community, including independent living programs, transitional educational services, and employment programs (e.g., job readiness training, career exploration, and vocational training). As a step-down to community supervision, some youth are also monitored with GPS supervision. GPS may also be ordered by the court, or as a graduated response by a case manager for high-risk cases, and for youth on home passes from secure placement.

Accountability Incentives Management (AIM)

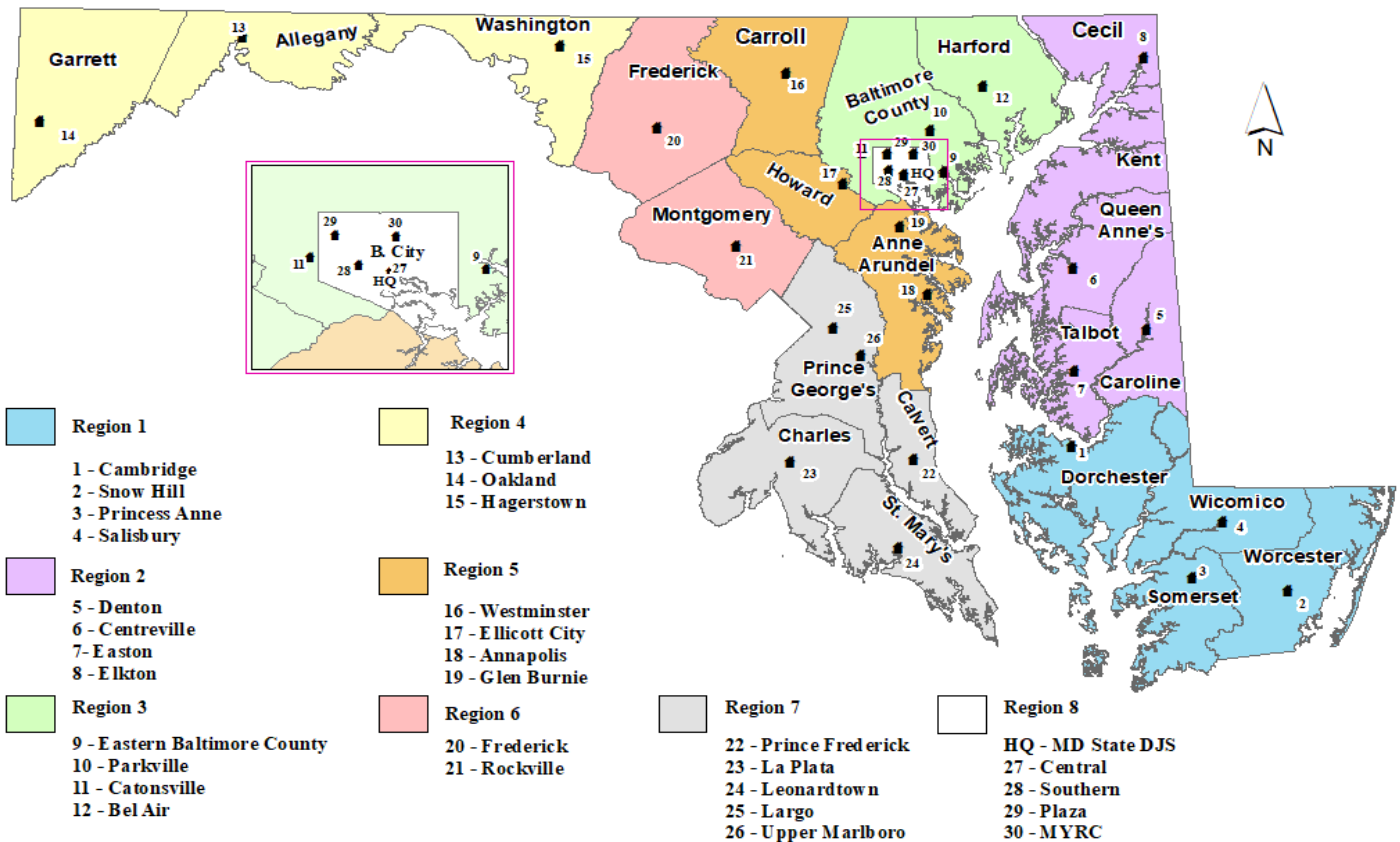
Instituted in 2015, the AIM initiative gives DJS case managers a structured system of graduated responses to deter negative behaviors and encourage positive behaviors of youth under court-ordered community supervision. AIM seeks to reduce technical violations of Community Detention, probation, or aftercare supervision by ensuring certain, fair, and immediate responses to youth behavior that promote successful completion of supervision.

Interstate Compact (IC)

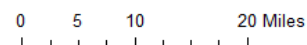
IC unit provides for the cooperative supervision of probation and aftercare youth who move from state to state, as well as the return

of runaways, absconders, and escapees. The Interstate Commission for Juveniles (ICJ) was formed in 2014 and includes all 50 states and territories (except Puerto Rico). This Commission governs each member state as to the provision of proper supervision or return of delinquent youth and status offenders on probation or aftercare who have absconded, escaped, or run away and, in so doing, have endangered their own safety or the safety of others. It is the responsibility of each member state to provide supervision and services to ICJ cases using the same standards that prevail for its own youth placed on probation or aftercare supervision.

DJS Offices by County and Region for FY 2023*



*See Appendix P for the new regional breakdown as of November 15, 2023



Total Statewide Activity

During FY 2023, there were eight regions across the state that encompass 24 jurisdictions.

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	4.6%	3.9%	3.9%
Citizen	1.8%	3.6%	3.1%
Police*	90.7%	90.3%	91.1%
Violation of Probation**	2.9%	2.2%	1.8%
Total Complaints	7,100	10,789	12,388

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES⁺, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	47.0%	57.1%	54.1%
Informaled	11.5%	11.3%	11.4%
Authorized Formal Petition	41.5%	31.6%	34.5%
Total Complaints	7,100	10,789	12,388
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.4%	0.5%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	10.3%	10.0%	11.1%
Stet	7.9%	10.4%	10.6%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.4%	0.2%	0.3%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	29.7%	27.2%	15.1%
Pending Disposition*	6.8%	7.9%	24.4%
Services Not Ordered	2.4%	1.4%	0.4%
Probation	28.1%	30.9%	28.1%
Committed to DJS	13.4%	10.3%	8.5%
Committed to Other Agency	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%
Other**	0.6%	1.4%	0.8%
Total Formal Complaints	2,948	3,407	4,274

¹ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	1,669.8	1,384.6	1,407.4
Pre-Court	220.2	305.1	377.8
Probation	1,070.4	816.3	799.0
Aftercare	379.2	263.3	230.6
Committed-Aftercare	146.5	132.7	138.7

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Statewide population (ages 11-17) increased 4.2% (from 528,690 to 550,646).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 34.5% of complaints were formalized, while 11.4% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 74.5%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 41.5% to 34.5%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 21.8% were High risk, 31.5% were Moderate risk, and 46.8% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 43.4 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 20.6 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 84.6 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 12.3% to 12.6%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 8.8% to 13.0%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 71.0% to 65.0%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 15.5% (61) to 14.8% (54).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	58.2%	62.1%	63.5%
White	32.8%	28.2%	24.8%
Hispanic/Other	9.0%	9.7%	11.7%
Sex			
Male	74.7%	70.1%	71.2%
Female	25.3%	29.9%	28.8%
Age			
11 and under	3.8%	4.0%	1.0%
12	4.5%	6.0%	1.5%
13	7.2%	10.1%	10.1%
14	14.2%	14.8%	17.5%
15	17.4%	19.3%	23.2%
16	20.4%	20.7%	23.0%
17	27.4%	20.9%	20.6%
18-20	5.2%	4.2%	3.3%
Total Complaints	7,100	10,789	12,388

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	47.0%	49.8%	61.6%
Assault (Felony)	2.4%	2.4%	8.4%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	19.3%	15.8%	4.4%
Carjacking	1.4%	3.3%	9.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.9%	1.1%	0.8%
Handgun Violation	3.9%	11.7%	22.5%
Harassment	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Murder	0.3%	0.0%	2.1%
Other Person ⁺	11.0%	3.7%	1.5%
Robbery	3.7%	6.2%	10.1%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.5%	3.4%	2.5%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.1%	2.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	33.8%	32.5%	27.9%
Arson	0.6%	0.7%	0.2%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	5.3%	4.3%	6.1%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.7%	1.7%	8.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	3.5%	3.0%	1.9%
Malicious Destruction	5.6%	3.7%	2.5%
Other Property ⁺	2.8%	0.4%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	3.9%	2.9%	3.4%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	10.4%	15.7%	5.9%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.9%	2.5%	2.9%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.2%	1.0%	2.7%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.7%	1.5%	0.2%
Citations	4.1%	1.4%	0.2%
Alcohol Violation	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	2.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.4%	1.3%	0.2%
CINS Offenses**	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.5%	0.1%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	9.3%	13.8%	7.4%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.4%	5.1%	2.9%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.1%	3.5%	0.2%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.6%	0.7%	1.9%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	4.3%	4.5%	2.3%
Total Offenses	22,542	1,414	476

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

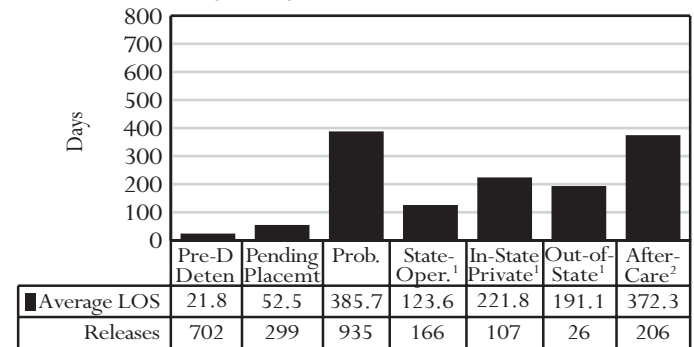
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	12.6%	16.5%	49.3%
Felony	13.0%	15.2%	18.9%
- Person-to-Person	1.3%	3.0%	2.2%
- Property	9.9%	6.9%	9.9%
- Drugs	1.6%	1.1%	3.0%
- Unspecified	0.3%	4.2%	3.8%
Misdemeanor	65.0%	67.1%	31.8%
- Person-to-Person	42.9%	39.2%	24.1%
- Property	19.0%	20.5%	5.2%
- Drugs	1.6%	1.6%	0.3%
- Unspecified	1.6%	5.7%	2.2%
Ordinance Offenses	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.8%	1.2%	0.0%
CINS	4.1%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Complaints/Dispositions	12,388	1,202	365

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

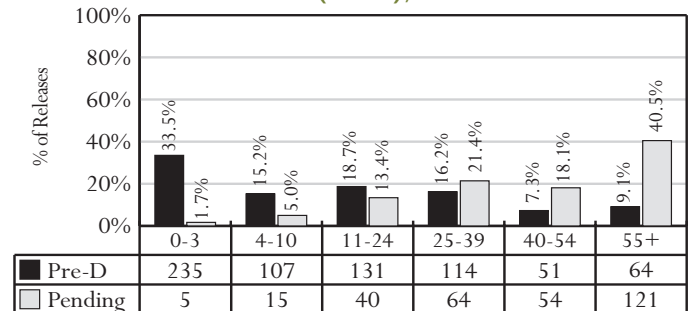
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Female Statewide Activity

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	1.8%	0.7%	0.8%
Citizen	2.7%	5.7%	5.2%
Police*	93.6%	92.4%	93.1%
Violation of Probation**	1.8%	1.3%	0.9%
Total Complaints	1,793	3,229	3,573

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	64.2%	72.1%	70.9%
Informaled	12.2%	11.3%	11.7%
Authorized Formal Petition	23.6%	16.6%	17.5%
Total Complaints	1,793	3,229	3,573
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	1.1%	1.1%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	12.3%	13.5%	11.7%
Stet	11.1%	10.8%	13.3%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	32.6%	31.2%	16.5%
Pending Disposition*	8.3%	7.7%	25.5%
Services Not Ordered	3.1%	2.6%	0.3%
Probation	23.4%	28.0%	25.8%
Committed to DJS	8.3%	4.1%	4.2%
Committed to Other Agency	0.2%	0.0%	0.3%
Other**	0.7%	0.7%	1.1%
Total Formal Complaints	423	535	624

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	294.1	247.1	240.5
Pre-Court	56.6	88.4	107.8
Probation	185.8	125.2	113.0
Aftercare	51.7	33.5	19.7
Committed-Aftercare	17.9	11.8	10.2

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

• Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Female population (ages 11-17) increased 3.8% (from 259,195 to 268,918).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

• 17.5% of complaints were formalized, while 11.7% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

• Total complaints increased 99.3%.

• The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 23.6% to 17.5%.

• Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

• For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 15.5% were High risk, 27.6% were Moderate risk, and 56.9% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

• Time from offense to intake referral date was 39.7 days.

• Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 21.1 days.

• Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 97.5 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

• The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 4.1% to 4.7%.

• The percentage of Felonies increased from 4.9% to 7.2%.

• The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 80.4% to 77.9%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

• The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 37.1% (13) to 7.7% (2).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	55.4%	61.6%	65.3%
White	37.8%	30.3%	24.6%
Hispanic/Other	6.9%	8.1%	10.0%
Sex			
Male	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Female	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Age			
11 and under	4.2%	4.0%	1.1%
12	6.0%	7.8%	1.3%
13	8.0%	13.1%	13.1%
14	13.4%	16.4%	20.1%
15	16.5%	19.0%	23.8%
16	20.1%	19.2%	21.4%
17	28.1%	17.8%	16.7%
18-20	3.7%	2.8%	2.5%
Total Complaints	1,793	3,229	3,573

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	57.4%	50.8%	54.5%
Assault (Felony)	1.6%	3.3%	15.2%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	31.1%	31.1%	18.2%
Carjacking	0.4%	2.7%	3.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.3%	1.1%	3.0%
Handgun Violation	0.7%	3.3%	9.1%
Harassment	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	19.8%	4.9%	3.0%
Robbery	0.9%	2.7%	3.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	0.4%	0.5%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.3%	1.1%	0.0%
Property Offenses	26.2%	35.0%	33.3%
Arson	0.4%	0.5%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	3.2%	6.0%	9.1%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.8%	0.5%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.6%	4.9%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	4.6%	3.3%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	2.4%	2.7%	12.1%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	9.3%	16.9%	12.1%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.2%	0.0%	3.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.3%	0.0%	3.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.8%	1.1%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.1%	1.1%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	7.6%	13.1%	9.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.7%	4.9%	3.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.4%	3.3%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.4%	2.2%	6.1%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	4.0%	2.7%	0.0%
Total Offenses	5,671	183	33

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

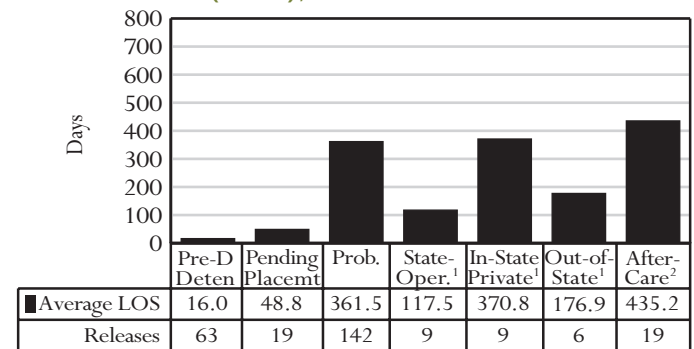
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	4.7%	10.6%	23.1%
Felony	7.2%	13.7%	34.6%
- Person-to-Person	0.7%	0.6%	3.8%
- Property	6.0%	9.3%	26.9%
- Drugs	0.3%	0.0%	3.8%
- Unspecified	0.3%	3.7%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	77.9%	75.2%	42.3%
- Person-to-Person	57.3%	47.2%	26.9%
- Property	17.9%	23.6%	15.4%
- Drugs	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.8%	4.3%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.5%	0.6%	0.0%
CINS	5.5%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>3,573</i>	<i>161</i>	<i>26</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>28.8%</i>	<i>13.4%</i>	<i>7.1%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

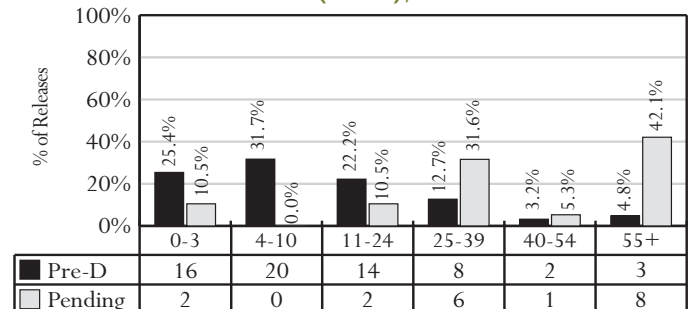
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Statewide Activity for Youth Under Age 13

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citizen	2.2%	5.8%	6.4%
Police*	97.6%	94.0%	93.6%
Violation of Probation**	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%
Total Complaints	589	1,083	299

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	61.6%	73.0%	69.9%
Informaled	15.4%	13.0%	7.7%
Authorized Formal Petition	22.9%	13.9%	22.4%
Total Complaints	589	1,083	299
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.7%	3.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	14.1%	14.6%	14.9%
Stet	7.4%	11.3%	6.0%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	26.7%	36.4%	26.9%
Pending Disposition*	8.1%	15.9%	28.4%
Services Not Ordered	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	31.9%	16.6%	19.4%
Committed to DJS	8.1%	3.3%	1.5%
Committed to Other Agency	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	1.3%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	135	151	67

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	80.7	71.9	33.6
Pre-Court	22.3	34.2	15.0
Probation	46.8	29.4	14.1
Aftercare	11.6	8.3	4.5
Committed-Aftercare	1.0	0.1	0.0

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Under 13 population (ages 11-17) increased 1.0% (from 151,619 to 153,072).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 22.4% of complaints were formalized, while 7.7% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints decreased 49.2%.

- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 22.9% to 22.4%.

- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 12.5% were High risk, 12.5% were Moderate risk, and 75.0% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 52.2 days.

- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 24.5 days.

- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 179.5 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 9.5% to 21.4%.

- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 3.9% to 0.7%.

- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 82.9% to 14.4%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 9.1% (1) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	59.9%	65.0%	63.5%
White	34.6%	29.5%	27.8%
Hispanic/Other	5.4%	5.5%	8.7%
Sex			
Male	69.1%	64.9%	71.2%
Female	30.9%	35.1%	28.8%
Age			
8 and under	20	51	15
9	31	53	5
10	73	86	27
11	148	246	73
12	317	647	179
Total Complaints	589	1,083	299

* Data for age are not presented in percentages due to the small size of some categories.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	43.1%	86.7%	75.0%
Assault (Felony)	7.3%	6.7%	25.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	15.0%	40.0%	25.0%
Carjacking	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.7%	0.0%	25.0%
Other Person ⁺	5.3%	6.7%	0.0%
Robbery	7.5%	20.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	3.6%	13.3%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	8.5%	6.7%	25.0%
Arson	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.5%	6.7%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	2.2%	0.0%	25.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	46.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	2.2%	6.7%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.0%	6.7%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	413	15	4

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

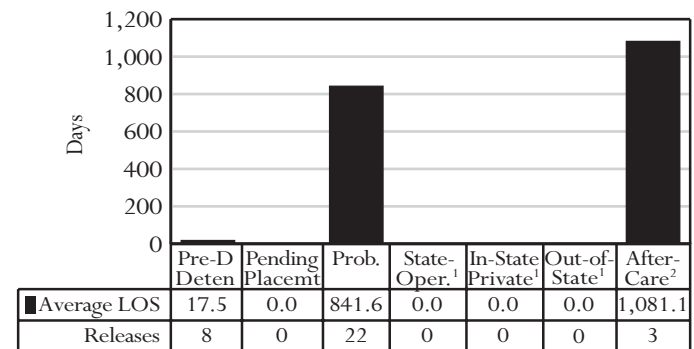
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	21.4%	30.8%	100.0%
Felony	0.7%	23.1%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.7%	15.4%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	7.7%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	14.4%	46.2%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	12.7%	46.2%	0.0%
- Property	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	63.2%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>299</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>2.4%</i>	<i>1.1%</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

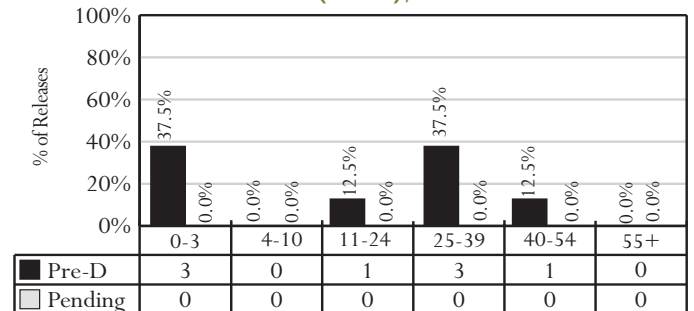
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Statewide Activity for Youth of Color

The data shown on these pages provide additional detail for youth of color (non-white youth).

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	6.2%	5.0%	4.7%
Citizen	1.7%	3.8%	3.2%
Police*	88.7%	88.8%	90.2%
Violation of Probation**	3.4%	2.5%	1.9%
Total Complaints	4,774	7,748	9,318

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES¹, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	41.8%	55.7%	52.2%
Informaled	9.7%	9.5%	10.5%
Authorized Formal Petition	48.4%	34.8%	37.3%
Total Complaints	4,774	7,748	9,318
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.2%	0.4%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	9.6%	9.3%	10.6%
Stet	7.8%	9.5%	10.1%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	30.7%	28.3%	15.3%
Pending Disposition*	7.2%	8.1%	24.6%
Services Not Ordered	2.4%	1.4%	0.4%
Probation	27.3%	30.3%	28.4%
Committed to DJS	13.9%	11.2%	8.9%
Committed to Other Agency	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%
Other**	0.4%	1.3%	0.8%
Total Formal Complaints	2,313	2,696	3,476

¹ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	1,276.0	1,040.5	1,101.2
Pre-Court	135.2	190.6	257.4
Probation	823.4	637.5	649.6
Aftercare	317.3	212.4	194.2
Committed-Aftercare	102.0	103.1	113.3

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Youth of Color population (ages 11-17) increased 9.8% (from 297,311 to 326,348).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 37.3% of complaints were formalized, while 10.5% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 95.2%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 48.4% to 37.3%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 21.9% were High risk, 31.3% were Moderate risk, and 46.8% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 44.4 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 20.7 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 81.1 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 14.4% to 13.7%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 9.6% to 15.0%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 70.8% to 64.5%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 13.7% (44) to 10.4% (32).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	86.6%	86.5%	84.4%
White	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic/Other	13.4%	13.5%	15.6%
Sex			
Male	76.6%	71.0%	71.1%
Female	23.4%	29.0%	28.9%
Age			
11 and under	3.5%	3.9%	0.9%
12	4.5%	5.9%	1.4%
13	7.3%	10.0%	10.1%
14	14.8%	14.9%	18.0%
15	18.5%	20.1%	23.9%
16	20.5%	20.4%	22.3%
17	25.5%	20.4%	20.0%
18-20	5.4%	4.4%	3.3%
Total Complaints	4,774	7,748	9,318

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type <small>Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	48.4%	50.8%	64.5%
Assault (Felony)	2.6%	2.4%	7.8%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	19.0%	15.3%	4.4%
Carjacking	1.7%	3.8%	10.3%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.9%	1.0%	1.0%
Handgun Violation	4.6%	13.5%	24.4%
Harassment	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Murder	0.4%	0.0%	2.2%
Other Person ⁺	11.4%	3.6%	1.5%
Robbery	4.3%	6.9%	11.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.2%	2.7%	1.7%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.9%	1.5%	0.0%
Property Offenses	34.5%	32.7%	24.9%
Arson	0.6%	0.6%	0.2%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	6.1%	4.4%	3.7%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.5%	1.5%	6.1%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	3.5%	2.9%	2.0%
Malicious Destruction	5.1%	3.0%	2.9%
Other Property ⁺	2.5%	0.2%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	4.5%	2.9%	3.7%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	10.7%	17.2%	6.4%
Drug-Related Offenses	3.0%	2.6%	2.4%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.3%	1.1%	2.4%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.7%	1.5%	0.0%
Citations	2.8%	0.7%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	1.4%	0.1%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.2%	0.6%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.9%	13.2%	8.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.6%	5.1%	3.4%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.6%	2.6%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.6%	0.7%	2.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	4.2%	4.8%	2.7%
Total Offenses	17,807	1,166	409

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

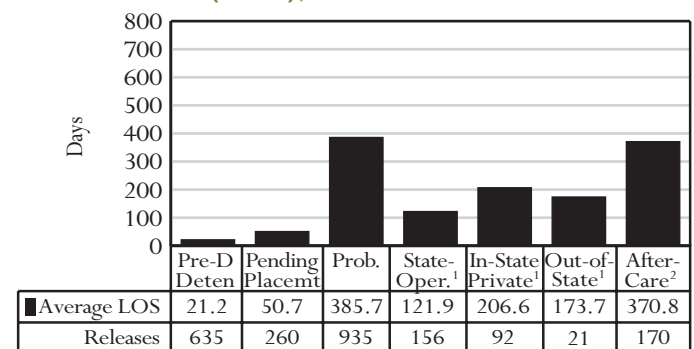
Offense Category* <small>of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	13.7%	17.8%	49.2%
Felony	15.0%	14.5%	16.2%
- Person-to-Person	1.2%	2.0%	2.3%
- Property	11.7%	6.9%	7.1%
- Drugs	1.8%	1.2%	2.6%
- Unspecified	0.3%	4.4%	4.2%
Misdemeanor	64.5%	67.4%	34.6%
- Person-to-Person	43.4%	38.8%	26.5%
- Property	18.2%	21.3%	5.5%
- Drugs	1.5%	1.5%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.4%	5.9%	2.6%
Ordinance Offenses	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.0%	0.3%	0.0%
CINS	3.5%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>9,318</i>	<i>988</i>	<i>309</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>75.2%</i>	<i>82.2%</i>	<i>84.7%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

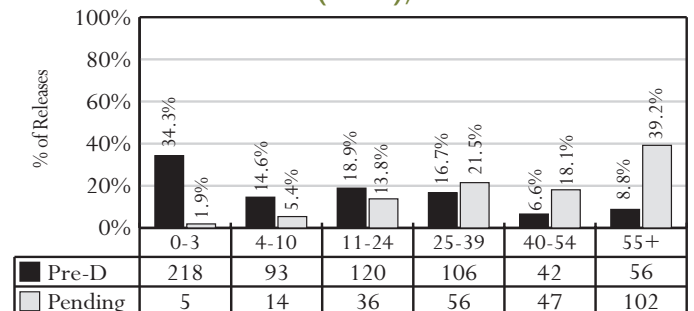
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Region 1

Regional Director: Jennifer Wimbrow-Jenkins
Counties of: Dorchester, Somerset, Wicomico, and Worcester
1st Judicial Circuit

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	1.3%	1.2%	1.0%
Citizen	1.0%	1.9%	1.6%
Police*	94.2%	94.6%	95.8%
Violation of Probation**	3.4%	2.3%	1.6%
Total Complaints	1,077	1,413	1,270

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	65.2%	74.3%	68.4%
Informaled	7.1%	4.7%	9.9%
Authorized Formal Petition	27.7%	21.0%	21.7%
Total Complaints	1,077	1,413	1,270
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	11.7%	16.2%	9.5%
Stet	10.1%	11.4%	18.2%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	1.3%	0.7%	1.8%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	27.2%	27.9%	14.5%
Pending Disposition*	6.0%	4.4%	21.8%
Services Not Ordered	4.7%	2.4%	1.8%
Probation	22.5%	20.9%	21.5%
Committed to DJS	14.1%	15.2%	8.0%
Committed to Other Agency	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	1.0%	0.3%	2.2%
Total Formal Complaints	298	297	275

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	142.6	101.3	88.4
Pre-Court	20.4	18.8	34.1
Probation	100.1	66.3	37.5
Aftercare	22.1	16.2	16.8
Committed-Aftercare	11.2	19.3	17.6

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Region 1 population (ages 11-17) decreased 0.1% (from 18,875 to 18,860).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 21.7% of complaints were formalized, while 9.9% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 17.9%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 27.7% to 21.7%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 21.4% were High risk, 50.0% were Moderate risk, and 28.6% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 29.5 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 21.1 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 100.5 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 5.0% to 6.2%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 7.2% to 6.8%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 73.8% to 71.3%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 47.6% (20) to 22.7% (5).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	56.8%	65.5%	66.5%
White	37.6%	28.7%	26.5%
Hispanic/Other	5.6%	5.8%	6.9%
Sex			
Male	70.0%	62.7%	62.6%
Female	30.0%	37.3%	37.4%
Age			
11 and under	2.9%	4.7%	0.8%
12	4.9%	8.6%	1.7%
13	7.0%	11.1%	13.1%
14	14.5%	16.2%	16.1%
15	13.6%	21.3%	19.5%
16	20.9%	19.1%	22.4%
17	33.1%	17.3%	24.3%
18-20	3.1%	1.8%	2.0%
Total Complaints	1,077	1,413	1,270

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	56.9%	62.7%	64.0%
Assault (Felony)	1.3%	0.0%	4.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	19.8%	32.8%	12.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.9%	4.5%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.3%	6.0%	16.0%
Harassment	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	30.0%	7.5%	0.0%
Robbery	1.0%	4.5%	12.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.3%	3.0%	20.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.7%	4.5%	0.0%
Property Offenses	21.7%	16.4%	12.0%
Arson	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	1.5%	0.0%	4.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.3%	4.5%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	4.4%	6.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	1.3%	1.5%	4.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	7.3%	4.5%	4.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.6%	1.5%	8.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.7%	0.0%	8.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Citations	6.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.1%	19.4%	16.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.8%	6.0%	4.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.8%	9.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.3%	0.0%	4.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	4.2%	4.5%	8.0%
Total Offenses	2,550	67	25

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

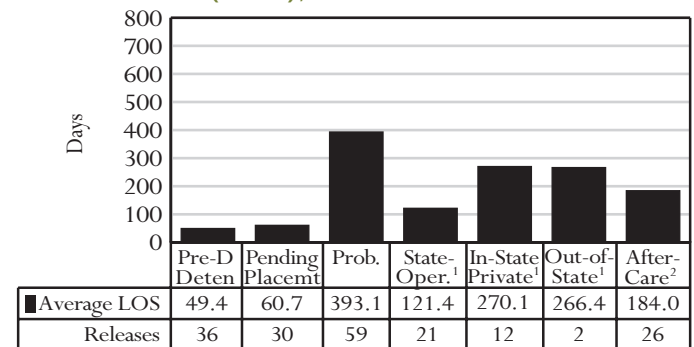
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	6.2%	5.1%	27.3%
Felony	6.8%	10.2%	27.3%
- Person-to-Person	1.5%	3.4%	4.5%
- Property	4.2%	1.7%	9.1%
- Drugs	1.1%	0.0%	9.1%
- Unspecified	0.0%	5.1%	4.5%
Misdemeanor	71.3%	84.7%	45.5%
- Person-to-Person	50.4%	66.1%	27.3%
- Property	17.9%	11.9%	4.5%
- Drugs	1.2%	1.7%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.8%	5.1%	13.6%
Ordinance Offenses	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	8.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	4.5%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>1,270</i>	<i>59</i>	<i>22</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>10.3%</i>	<i>4.9%</i>	<i>6.0%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

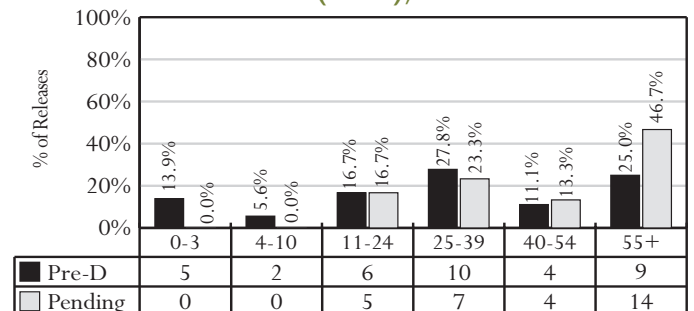
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Dorchester County

310 Gay St., Cambridge, MD 21613 (ph) 410-228-6452

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	2.0%	1.2%	1.0%
Citizen	1.5%	1.2%	2.1%
Police*	93.2%	95.8%	95.3%
Violation of Probation**	3.4%	1.8%	1.6%
Total Complaints	205	337	192

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	49.3%	66.5%	62.5%
Informaled	13.7%	3.6%	13.0%
Authorized Formal Petition	37.1%	30.0%	24.5%
Total Complaints	205	337	192
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	9.2%	21.8%	4.3%
Stet	2.6%	6.9%	10.6%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	5.3%	2.0%	4.3%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	28.9%	25.7%	8.5%
Pending Disposition*	5.3%	5.0%	44.7%
Services Not Ordered	1.3%	2.0%	0.0%
Probation	25.0%	15.8%	23.4%
Committed to DJS	17.1%	17.8%	4.3%
Committed to Other Agency	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	2.6%	1.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	76	101	47

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	27.2	20.0	17.8
Pre-Court	6.6	3.9	6.7
Probation	14.8	14.4	6.7
Aftercare	5.9	1.7	4.4
Committed-Aftercare	2.3	6.3	4.4

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Dorchester County population (ages 11-17) increased 1.7% (from 2,612 to 2,656).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 24.5% of complaints were formalized, while 13.0% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints decreased 6.3%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 37.1% to 24.5%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 16.7% were High risk, 50.0% were Moderate risk, and 33.3% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 15.4 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 25.3 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 153.7 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 4.5% to 7.3%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 14.2% to 11.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 72.1% to 70.8%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 53.8% (7) to 100.0% (2).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	81.5%	80.1%	75.5%
White	16.6%	14.8%	20.8%
Hispanic/Other	2.0%	5.0%	3.6%
Sex			
Male	70.7%	64.1%	63.0%
Female	29.3%	35.9%	37.0%
Age			
11 and under	5.9%	11.0%	1.0%
12	11.2%	15.1%	1.6%
13	10.7%	13.4%	21.9%
14	15.1%	16.6%	18.2%
15	16.6%	21.7%	18.8%
16	19.5%	12.8%	13.5%
17	18.0%	8.3%	25.0%
18-20	2.9%	1.2%	0.0%
Total Complaints	205	337	192

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	43.1%	63.6%	0.0%
Assault (Felony)	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	18.8%	45.5%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	15.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	2.0%	18.2%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	30.8%	0.0%	50.0%
Arson	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	7.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	9.2%	0.0%	50.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	11.5%	36.4%	50.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	2.5%	27.3%	50.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.2%	9.1%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	357	11	2

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

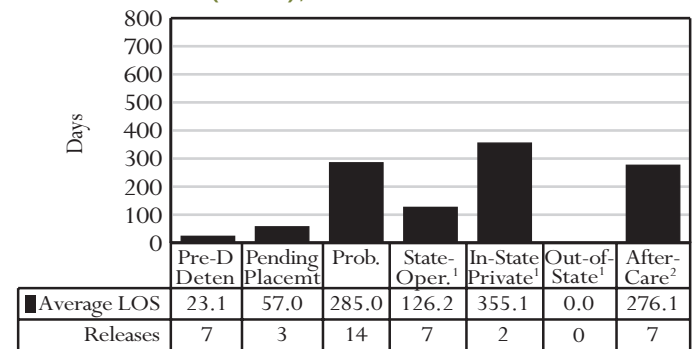
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	7.3%	18.2%	0.0%
Felony	11.5%	18.2%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	10.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	18.2%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	70.8%	63.6%	100.0%
- Person-to-Person	41.7%	54.5%	0.0%
- Property	22.4%	0.0%	50.0%
- Drugs	4.2%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.6%	9.1%	50.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	4.2%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>192</i>	<i>11</i>	<i>2</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>1.5%</i>	<i>0.9%</i>	<i>0.5%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

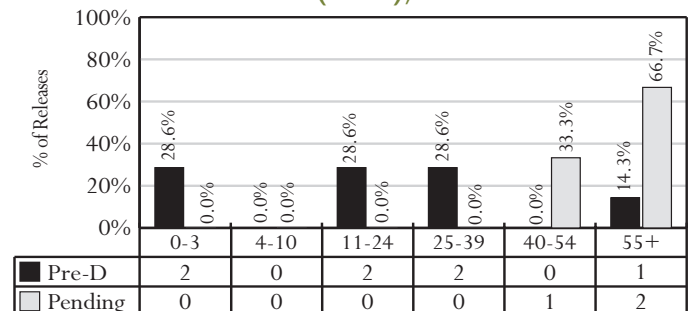
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Somerset County

12155 Elm St., Suite B, Princess Anne, MD 21853 (ph) 410-845-4680

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	2.5%	1.8%	0.7%
Citizen	3.4%	7.0%	6.5%
Police*	89.0%	90.1%	92.8%
Violation of Probation**	5.1%	1.2%	0.0%
Total Complaints	118	171	138

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	58.5%	80.1%	71.7%
Informaled	5.1%	1.8%	11.6%
Authorized Formal Petition	36.4%	18.1%	16.7%
Total Complaints	118	171	138

Court Action for Formalized Cases

CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	34.9%	45.2%	39.1%
Stet	7.0%	0.0%	8.7%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	14.0%	19.4%	17.4%
Pending Disposition*	0.0%	3.2%	13.0%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	25.6%	16.1%	4.3%
Committed to DJS	18.6%	16.1%	4.3%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	8.7%
Total Formal Complaints	43	31	23

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	14.2	10.4	8.4
Pre-Court	2.2	1.6	3.7
Probation	9.6	7.0	2.6
Aftercare	2.4	1.8	2.1
Committed-Aftercare	1.9	3.3	4.0

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Somerset County population (ages 11-17) decreased 2.8% (from 2,108 to 2,048).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 16.7% of complaints were formalized, while 11.6% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 16.9%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 36.4% to 16.7%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 100.0% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 37.4 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 22.3 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 51.3 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 8.8% to 8.0%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 5.3% to 3.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 78.4% to 63.8%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 75.0% (6) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	63.6%	73.7%	77.5%
White	33.1%	20.5%	17.4%
Hispanic/Other	3.4%	5.8%	5.1%
Sex			
Male	75.4%	66.7%	60.1%
Female	24.6%	33.3%	39.9%
Age			
11 and under	4.2%	8.2%	2.9%
12	7.6%	9.9%	11.6%
13	2.5%	12.3%	21.0%
14	17.8%	16.4%	23.2%
15	19.5%	18.1%	12.3%
16	13.6%	15.8%	18.1%
17	31.4%	17.0%	8.7%
18-20	3.4%	2.3%	2.2%
Total Complaints	118	171	138

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	48.3%	100.0%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	2.4%	0.0%	100.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	28.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.9%	100.0%	0.0%
Harassment	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	10.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	24.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	8.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	15.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	211	1	1

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

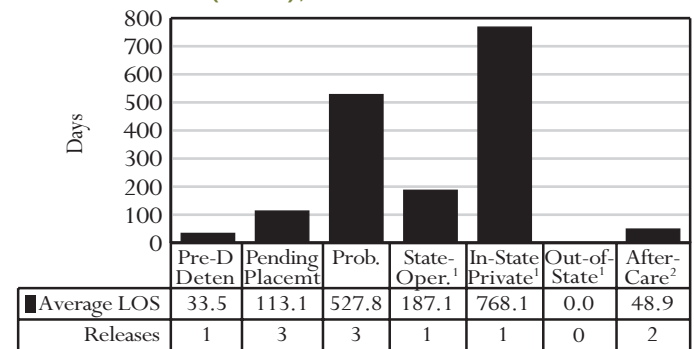
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	8.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Felony	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	63.8%	100.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	48.6%	100.0%	0.0%
- Property	14.5%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	22.5%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>138</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>1.1%</i>	<i>0.1%</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

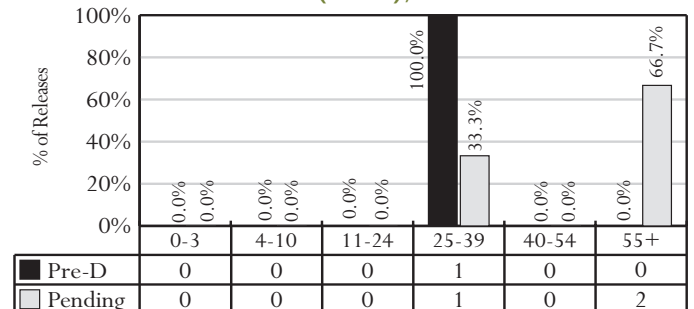
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Wicomico County

201 Baptist St., Room 1134, Suite 21, Salisbury, MD 21801 (ph) 410-713-3800

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	2.3%	0.9%	1.4%
Citizen	0.0%	0.4%	0.2%
Police*	91.3%	95.9%	96.4%
Violation of Probation**	6.4%	2.8%	2.1%
Total Complaints	311	540	579

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES⁺, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	63.3%	79.8%	66.7%
Informaled	2.6%	3.0%	10.0%
Authorized Formal Petition	34.1%	17.2%	23.3%
Total Complaints	311	540	579
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	8.5%	8.6%	5.9%
Stet	13.2%	22.6%	25.2%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	29.2%	26.9%	10.4%
Pending Disposition*	3.8%	3.2%	19.3%
Services Not Ordered	2.8%	0.0%	3.0%
Probation	22.6%	21.5%	23.0%
Committed to DJS	17.0%	17.2%	11.1%
Committed to Other Agency	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.9%	0.0%	1.5%
Total Formal Complaints	106	93	135

¹ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	67.2	45.9	41.5
Pre-Court	3.4	2.6	15.5
Probation	54.2	34.7	18.9
Aftercare	9.6	8.6	7.1
Committed-Aftercare	4.9	6.6	7.3

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Wicomico County population (ages 11-17) decreased 2.5% (from 10,550 to 10,291).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 23.3% of complaints were formalized, while 10.0% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 86.2%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 34.1% to 23.3%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 27.8% were High risk, 44.4% were Moderate risk, and 27.8% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 34.6 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 18.9 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 77.8 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 5.9% to 7.8%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 5.7% to 6.0%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 82.6% to 80.1%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 27.8% (5) to 20.0% (3).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	68.2%	74.1%	75.6%
White	26.7%	18.1%	15.9%
Hispanic/Other	5.1%	7.8%	8.5%
Sex			
Male	64.0%	59.3%	55.8%
Female	36.0%	40.7%	44.2%
Age			
11 and under	3.5%	2.0%	0.2%
12	4.8%	8.0%	0.3%
13	12.5%	12.0%	14.7%
14	25.4%	20.4%	18.7%
15	14.1%	25.7%	23.5%
16	15.4%	20.6%	24.2%
17	21.2%	10.0%	16.6%
18-20	2.9%	1.3%	1.9%
Total Complaints	311	540	579

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	69.5%	52.9%	66.7%
Assault (Felony)	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	22.7%	35.3%	16.7%
Carjacking	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.0%	2.9%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.4%	0.0%	22.2%
Harassment	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	40.2%	11.8%	0.0%
Robbery	0.6%	0.0%	5.6%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.4%	2.9%	22.2%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	18.1%	20.6%	5.6%
Arson	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.3%	5.9%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	3.4%	8.8%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.8%	2.9%	5.6%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	6.0%	2.9%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.4%	2.9%	11.1%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	11.1%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.6%	2.9%	0.0%
Citations	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	7.1%	23.5%	16.7%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.6%	2.9%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.2%	11.8%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.4%	0.0%	5.6%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	3.8%	8.8%	11.1%
Total Offenses	1,385	34	18

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

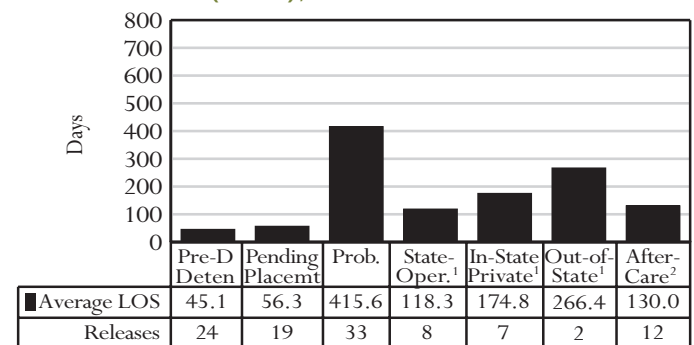
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	7.8%	0.0%	20.0%
Felony	6.0%	9.7%	26.7%
- Person-to-Person	1.7%	3.2%	0.0%
- Property	2.9%	3.2%	6.7%
- Drugs	1.4%	0.0%	13.3%
- Unspecified	0.0%	3.2%	6.7%
Misdemeanor	80.1%	90.3%	53.3%
- Person-to-Person	62.5%	64.5%	40.0%
- Property	15.4%	16.1%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.3%	3.2%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.9%	6.5%	13.3%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	1.2%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>579</i>	<i>31</i>	<i>15</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>4.7%</i>	<i>2.6%</i>	<i>4.1%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

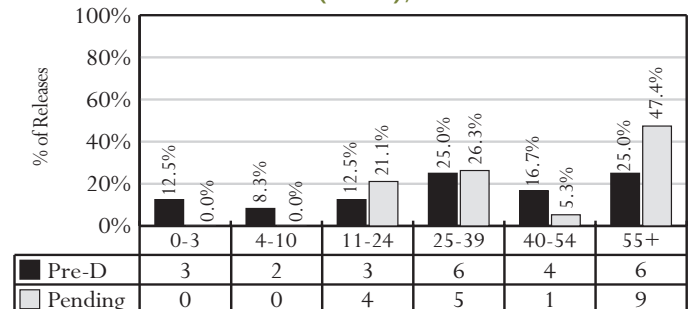
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Worcester County

203 River St., Snow Hill, MD 21863 (ph) 410-632-0206

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.0%	1.4%	0.6%
Citizen	0.9%	2.5%	1.7%
Police*	98.2%	93.7%	96.4%
Violation of Probation**	0.9%	2.5%	1.4%
Total Complaints	443	365	361

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	75.6%	70.7%	73.1%
Informaled	7.9%	9.6%	7.5%
Authorized Formal Petition	16.5%	19.7%	19.4%
Total Complaints	443	365	361
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	5.5%	5.6%	10.0%
Stet	15.1%	8.3%	12.9%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	30.1%	36.1%	25.7%
Pending Disposition*	13.7%	5.6%	14.3%
Services Not Ordered	13.7%	6.9%	1.4%
Probation	17.8%	29.2%	22.9%
Committed to DJS	4.1%	8.3%	5.7%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%
Total Formal Complaints	73	72	70

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	34	25.1	20.8
Pre-Court	8.2	10.7	8.3
Probation	21.6	10.2	9.3
Aftercare	4.2	4.1	3.2
Committed-Aftercare	2.1	3.1	1.9

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Worcester County population (ages 11-17) increased 7.2% (from 3,605 to 3,865).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 19.4% of complaints were formalized, while 7.5% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints decreased 18.5%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition increased from 16.5% to 19.4%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 100.0% were Moderate risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 25.9 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 22.1 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 118.1 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 2.2% to 2.5%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 3.8% to 6.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 60.3% to 60.1%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 66.7% (2) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	35.7%	35.6%	42.9%
White	56.2%	60.8%	50.1%
Hispanic/Other	8.1%	3.6%	6.9%
Sex			
Male	72.5%	64.7%	74.2%
Female	27.5%	35.3%	25.8%
Age			
11 and under	0.7%	1.1%	0.8%
12	1.4%	2.7%	0.0%
13	2.5%	7.1%	3.0%
14	5.6%	9.6%	8.3%
15	10.4%	15.9%	16.3%
16	27.3%	24.4%	26.0%
17	49.0%	36.4%	42.1%
18-20	3.2%	2.7%	3.3%
Total Complaints	443	365	361

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type <small>Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	38.9%	76.2%	75.0%
Assault (Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	10.6%	23.8%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.0%	9.5%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.0%	14.3%	0.0%
Harassment	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	21.8%	4.8%	0.0%
Robbery	0.8%	4.8%	50.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.2%	4.8%	25.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.3%	14.3%	0.0%
Property Offenses	23.6%	19.0%	25.0%
Arson	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.7%	0.0%	25.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.5%	4.8%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	4.4%	4.8%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	8.9%	9.5%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	16.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	9.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	5.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.5%	4.8%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	4.5%	4.8%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	597	21	4

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

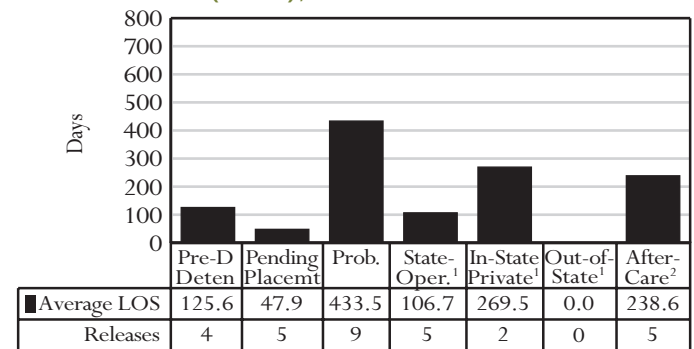
Offense Category* <small>of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	2.5%	6.2%	50.0%
Felony	6.6%	6.2%	50.0%
- Person-to-Person	1.4%	6.2%	25.0%
- Property	3.9%	0.0%	25.0%
- Drugs	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	60.1%	87.5%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	36.3%	75.0%	0.0%
- Property	20.8%	12.5%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	9.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	18.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	3.0%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>361</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>4</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>2.9%</i>	<i>1.3%</i>	<i>1.1%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

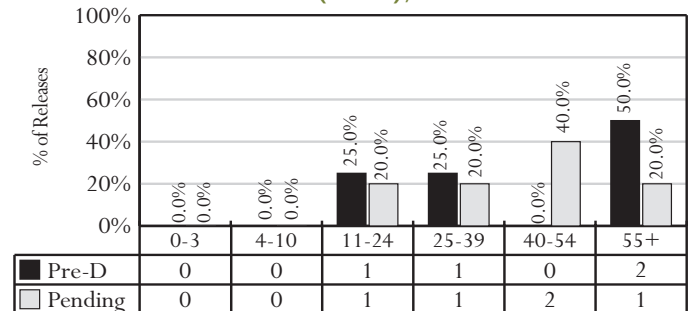
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Region 2

Acting Regional Director: Chris Dulik
Counties of: Caroline, Cecil, Kent, Queen Anne's, and Talbot
2nd Judicial Circuit

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	1.5%	0.9%	1.2%
Citizen	0.4%	0.0%	0.1%
Police*	95.9%	97.3%	98.0%
Violation of Probation**	2.2%	1.8%	0.7%
Total Complaints	464	767	689

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	60.8%	63.0%	60.1%
Informaled	13.6%	10.4%	14.8%
Authorized Formal Petition	25.6%	26.6%	25.1%
Total Complaints	464	767	689
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	8.4%	16.2%	13.3%
Stet	6.7%	14.7%	13.9%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	41.2%	32.8%	22.0%
Pending Disposition*	10.1%	8.3%	19.1%
Services Not Ordered	3.4%	1.5%	0.0%
Probation	25.2%	20.6%	22.5%
Committed to DJS	3.4%	5.4%	6.4%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	119	204	173

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	73.4	65.9	59.2
Pre-Court	16.1	19.0	23.7
Probation	48.4	40.2	29.6
Aftercare	8.9	6.7	5.8
Committed-Aftercare	6.9	6.2	4.1

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Region 2 population (ages 11-17) increased 0.3% (from 21,147 to 21,205).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 25.1% of complaints were formalized, while 14.8% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 48.5%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 25.6% to 25.1%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 38.9% were High risk, 22.2% were Moderate risk, and 38.9% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 25.0 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 22.6 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 116.2 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 4.6% to 7.8%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 5.1% to 6.2%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 75.0% to 66.5%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 50.0% (2) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	34.9%	42.6%	39.0%
White	57.8%	49.7%	49.3%
Hispanic/Other	7.3%	7.7%	11.6%
Sex			
Male	70.0%	66.0%	71.7%
Female	30.0%	34.0%	28.3%
Age			
11 and under	5.4%	3.4%	0.7%
12	4.1%	7.3%	0.9%
13	9.9%	11.6%	13.1%
14	11.6%	18.0%	14.5%
15	16.6%	17.9%	23.8%
16	20.5%	20.1%	23.7%
17	28.7%	20.2%	21.5%
18-20	3.2%	1.6%	1.9%
Total Complaints	464	767	689

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	44.5%	70.2%	31.2%
Assault (Felony)	2.2%	8.5%	12.5%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	24.6%	36.2%	6.2%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.8%	2.1%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.8%	2.1%	0.0%
Harassment	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	10.7%	6.4%	6.2%
Robbery	0.7%	2.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	2.5%	6.4%	6.2%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.6%	6.4%	0.0%
Property Offenses	25.5%	19.1%	56.2%
Arson	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	1.7%	0.0%	37.5%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.8%	0.0%	12.5%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.9%	6.4%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	7.9%	2.1%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	3.3%	2.1%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.5%	0.0%	6.2%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	6.6%	8.5%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	3.5%	2.1%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	2.7%	2.1%	0.0%
Citations	10.1%	0.0%	6.2%
Alcohol Violation	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	6.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.8%	0.0%	6.2%
CINS Offenses**	6.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	10.1%	8.5%	6.2%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.0%	2.1%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	6.6%	6.4%	6.2%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	1,069	47	16

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

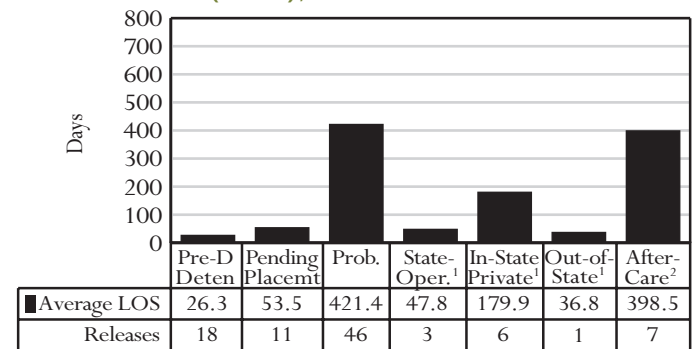
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	7.8%	10.3%	36.4%
Felony	6.2%	7.7%	63.6%
- Person-to-Person	1.7%	7.7%	9.1%
- Property	3.3%	0.0%	54.5%
- Drugs	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	66.5%	82.1%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	44.6%	59.0%	0.0%
- Property	18.9%	20.5%	0.0%
- Drugs	2.5%	2.6%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	10.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	9.1%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>689</i>	<i>39</i>	<i>11</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>5.6%</i>	<i>3.2%</i>	<i>3.0%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

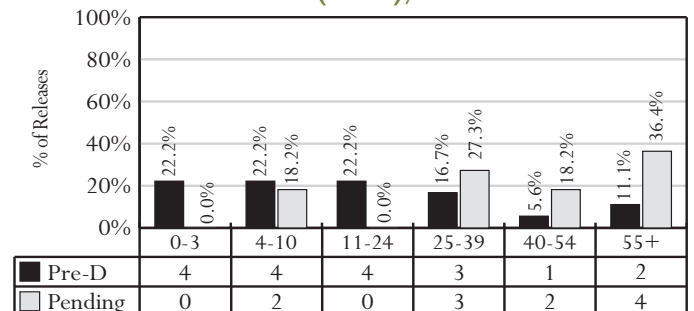
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Caroline County

317 Carter Ave., Suite 105, Denton, MD 21629 (ph) 410-819-6556

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	2.6%	0.0%	1.2%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	94.7%	94.9%	98.8%
Violation of Probation**	2.6%	5.1%	0.0%
Total Complaints	76	137	162

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES⁺, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	64.5%	64.2%	67.9%
Informaled	9.2%	6.6%	6.8%
Authorized Formal Petition	26.3%	29.2%	25.3%
Total Complaints	76	137	162
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	4.9%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	10.0%	30.0%	17.1%
Stet	0.0%	10.0%	26.8%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	40.0%	37.5%	17.1%
Pending Disposition*	0.0%	2.5%	4.9%
Services Not Ordered	10.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Probation	35.0%	7.5%	19.5%
Committed to DJS	5.0%	7.5%	9.8%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	20	40	41

⁺ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	10.2	10.8	7.7
Pre-Court	1.5	2.2	2.3
Probation	8.0	6.1	3.7
Aftercare	0.7	2.5	1.7
Committed-Aftercare	3.4	0.8	0.9

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Caroline County population (ages 11-17) decreased 0.2% (from 3,097 to 3,091).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 25.3% of complaints were formalized, while 6.8% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 113.2%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 26.3% to 25.3%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 60.0% were High risk, 20.0% were Moderate risk, and 20.0% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 21.5 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 21.6 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 60.9 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 3.6% to 4.3%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 6.6% to 8.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 68.6% to 58.6%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP did not change from 0.0% (0) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	52.6%	55.5%	50.0%
White	39.5%	38.7%	40.1%
Hispanic/Other	7.9%	5.8%	9.9%
Sex			
Male	75.0%	66.4%	67.3%
Female	25.0%	33.6%	32.7%
Age			
11 and under	9.2%	0.0%	0.6%
12	3.9%	4.4%	0.0%
13	11.8%	6.6%	7.4%
14	11.8%	16.1%	9.9%
15	22.4%	15.3%	27.8%
16	18.4%	32.8%	29.6%
17	21.1%	21.9%	21.6%
18-20	1.3%	2.9%	3.1%
Total Complaints	76	137	162

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type <small>Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	33.5%	75.0%	0.0%
Assault (Felony)	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	22.3%	50.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	6.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.6%	25.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	27.9%	0.0%	100.0%
Arson	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	2.4%	0.0%	75.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.6%	0.0%	25.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	13.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	13.5%	25.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	8.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	251	8	4

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

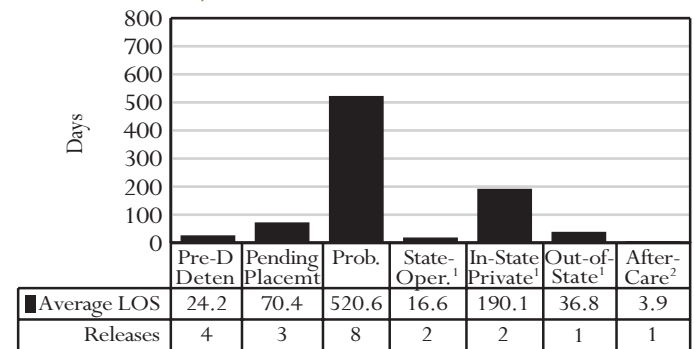
Offense Category* <small>of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	4.3%	0.0%	25.0%
Felony	8.6%	25.0%	75.0%
- Person-to-Person	3.7%	25.0%	0.0%
- Property	3.1%	0.0%	75.0%
- Drugs	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	58.6%	75.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	38.3%	75.0%	0.0%
- Property	19.8%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	13.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	14.8%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>162</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>4</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>1.3%</i>	<i>0.7%</i>	<i>1.1%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

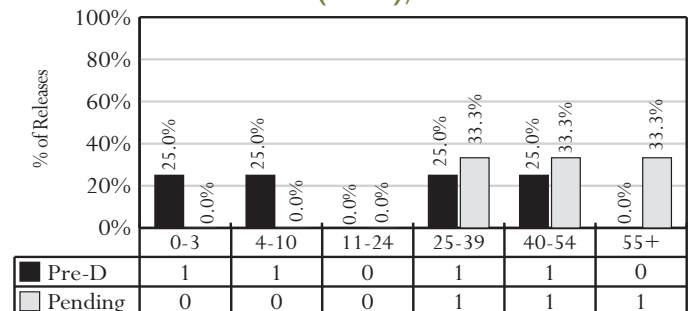
AVERAGE LOS, FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Cecil County

106 E. Main St., Suite 102, Elkton, MD 21921 (ph) 410-996-2800

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.9%	1.2%	1.3%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%
Police*	95.4%	96.5%	97.4%
Violation of Probation**	3.7%	2.3%	0.9%
Total Complaints	217	259	235

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	55.8%	52.9%	43.4%
Informaled	15.7%	19.3%	28.1%
Authorized Formal Petition	28.6%	27.8%	28.5%
Total Complaints	217	259	235
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	9.7%	11.1%	3.0%
Stet	8.1%	11.1%	10.4%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	40.3%	23.6%	26.9%
Pending Disposition*	16.1%	18.1%	38.8%
Services Not Ordered	3.2%	1.4%	0.0%
Probation	16.1%	31.9%	11.9%
Committed to DJS	4.8%	2.8%	9.0%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	62	72	67

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	44.7	39.3	30.6
Pre-Court	8.9	10.6	15.0
Probation	30.4	26.6	13.5
Aftercare	5.4	2.1	2.1
Committed-Aftercare	1.0	3.3	2.3

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Cecil County population (ages 11-17) increased 0.2% (from 9,409 to 9,429).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 28.5% of complaints were formalized, while 28.1% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 8.3%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 28.6% to 28.5%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 42.9% were High risk, 14.3% were Moderate risk, and 42.9% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 27.3 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 22.9 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 162.1 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 3.5% to 8.9%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 5.8% to 7.7%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 84.6% to 76.6%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 66.7% (2) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	31.3%	27.0%	29.8%
White	65.0%	69.5%	62.1%
Hispanic/Other	3.7%	3.5%	8.1%
Sex			
Male	69.6%	66.8%	77.0%
Female	30.4%	33.2%	23.0%
Age			
11 and under	3.7%	3.9%	0.4%
12	3.7%	13.1%	1.7%
13	12.9%	13.9%	19.6%
14	13.4%	19.7%	14.0%
15	17.5%	17.4%	21.3%
16	18.0%	13.9%	23.0%
17	25.8%	17.4%	19.1%
18-20	5.1%	0.8%	0.9%
Total Complaints	217	259	235

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	50.7%	80.0%	36.4%
Assault (Felony)	1.8%	20.0%	9.1%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	28.1%	30.0%	9.1%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.3%	10.0%	0.0%
Harassment	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	10.5%	10.0%	9.1%
Robbery	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	3.4%	0.0%	9.1%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	2.1%	10.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	29.4%	10.0%	45.5%
Arson	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	2.9%	0.0%	27.3%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	2.1%	0.0%	9.1%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	7.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	9.1%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	9.4%	10.0%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.8%	10.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.3%	10.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.2%	0.0%	9.1%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	2.1%	0.0%	9.1%
CINS Offenses**	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	10.5%	0.0%	9.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	7.6%	0.0%	9.1%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	381	10	11

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

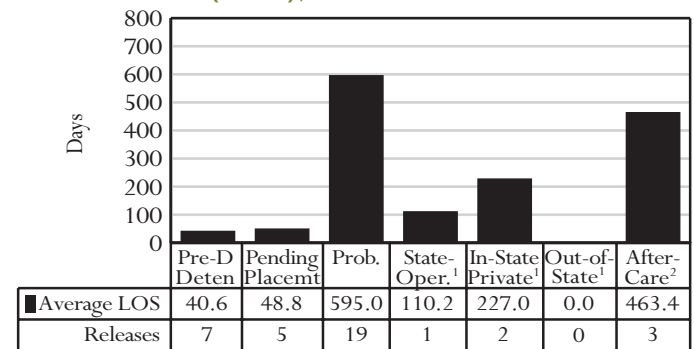
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	8.9%	25.0%	33.3%
Felony	7.7%	0.0%	66.7%
- Person-to-Person	1.7%	0.0%	16.7%
- Property	5.1%	0.0%	50.0%
- Drugs	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	76.6%	75.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	54.0%	50.0%	0.0%
- Property	20.4%	12.5%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.9%	12.5%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	5.1%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>235</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>6</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>1.9%</i>	<i>0.7%</i>	<i>1.6%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

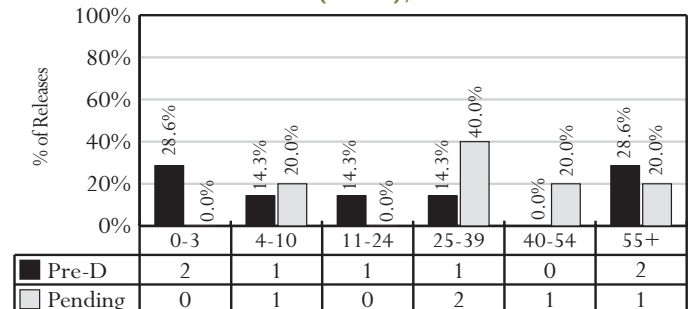
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Kent County

120 Broadway, Suite 9, Centreville, MD 21617 (ph) 410-819-4180

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Citizen	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	97.0%	98.9%	98.4%
Violation of Probation**	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%
Total Complaints	33	88	63

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	72.7%	71.6%	69.8%
Informaled	12.1%	3.4%	4.8%
Authorized Formal Petition	15.2%	25.0%	25.4%
Total Complaints	33	88	63
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	20.0%	31.8%	18.8%
Stet	40.0%	9.1%	12.5%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	40.0%	40.9%	18.8%
Pending Disposition*	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	0.0%	9.1%	50.0%
Committed to DJS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	5	22	16

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	2.6	0.8	3.6
Pre-Court	1.5	0.8	1.0
Probation	0.5	0.0	2.5
Aftercare	0.7	0.0	0.0
Committed-Aftercare	0.0	0.0	0.0

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Kent County population (ages 11-17) decreased 4.8% (from 1,538 to 1,464).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 25.4% of complaints were formalized, while 4.8% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 90.9%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition increased from 15.2% to 25.4%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- There were no Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 15.2 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 26.3 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 65.4 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 8.0% to 6.3%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 3.4% to 4.8%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 62.5% to 47.6%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	30.3%	54.5%	44.4%
White	57.6%	33.0%	39.7%
Hispanic/Other	12.1%	12.5%	15.9%
Sex			
Male	54.5%	61.4%	49.2%
Female	45.5%	38.6%	50.8%
Age			
11 and under	9.1%	5.7%	1.6%
12	0.0%	6.8%	1.6%
13	9.1%	22.7%	7.9%
14	15.2%	28.4%	17.5%
15	21.2%	14.8%	20.6%
16	12.1%	12.5%	20.6%
17	33.3%	9.1%	30.2%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Complaints	33	88	63

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	43.2%	62.5%	0.0%
Assault (Felony)	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	19.3%	50.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	17.0%	12.5%	0.0%
Robbery	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	19.3%	37.5%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	5.7%	37.5%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	23.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	18.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	88	8	0

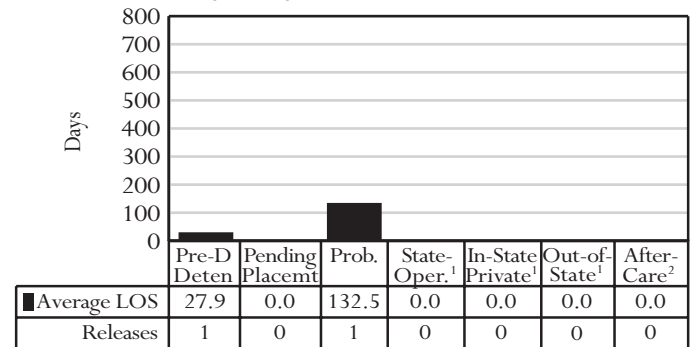
¹ Alleged offenses
² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.
⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.
 ** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	6.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Felony	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	47.6%	100.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	25.4%	62.5%	0.0%
- Property	20.6%	37.5%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	30.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	11.1%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>63</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>0.5%</i>	<i>0.7%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>

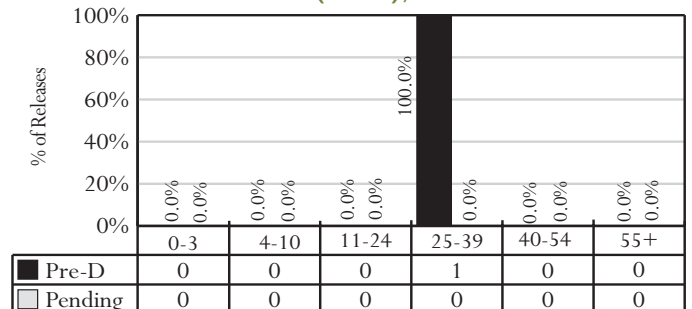
* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.
¹ Alleged offenses
² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program
² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Queen Anne's County

120 Broadway, Suite 9, Centreville, MD 21617 (ph) 410-819-4180

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	5.3%	1.5%	0.0%
Citizen	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	93.0%	97.8%	100.0%
Violation of Probation**	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Total Complaints	57	137	92

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES¹, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	54.4%	70.1%	60.9%
Informaled	17.5%	7.3%	17.4%
Authorized Formal Petition	28.1%	22.6%	21.7%
Total Complaints	57	137	92
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	6.2%	19.4%	10.0%
Stet	0.0%	29.0%	15.0%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	31.2%	35.5%	25.0%
Pending Disposition*	6.2%	0.0%	15.0%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	50.0%	6.5%	25.0%
Committed to DJS	0.0%	6.5%	0.0%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	3.2%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	16	31	20

¹ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	8.5	7.5	9.3
Pre-Court	2.8	2.6	4.0
Probation	4.2	3.0	3.7
Aftercare	1.6	1.9	1.6
Committed-Aftercare	1.4	0.9	0.0

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Queen Anne's County population (ages 11-17) increased 0.1% (from 4,458 to 4,460).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 21.7% of complaints were formalized, while 17.4% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 61.4%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 28.1% to 21.7%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 100.0% were Moderate risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 21.2 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 22.1 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 84.0 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 0.7% to 10.9%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 0.7% to 5.4%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 75.2% to 72.8%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	35.1%	38.7%	39.1%
White	59.6%	49.6%	46.7%
Hispanic/Other	5.3%	11.7%	14.1%
Sex			
Male	73.7%	73.0%	79.3%
Female	26.3%	27.0%	20.7%
Age			
11 and under	1.8%	1.5%	0.0%
12	5.3%	2.9%	0.0%
13	5.3%	7.3%	17.4%
14	5.3%	12.4%	22.8%
15	12.3%	18.2%	20.7%
16	29.8%	27.7%	18.5%
17	40.4%	27.0%	18.5%
18-20	0.0%	2.9%	2.2%
Total Complaints	57	137	92

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	57.4%	66.7%	0.0%
Assault (Felony)	3.2%	11.1%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	31.6%	33.3%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	18.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	1.9%	11.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.9%	11.1%	0.0%
Property Offenses	22.6%	11.1%	0.0%
Arson	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	8.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	5.8%	11.1%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	5.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	7.1%	22.2%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.3%	11.1%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	5.8%	11.1%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	155	9	0

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

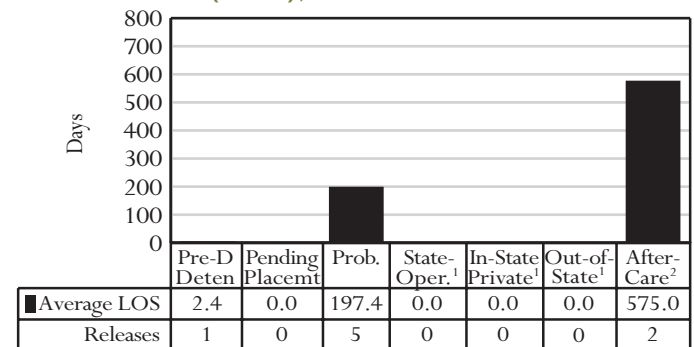
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	10.9%	20.0%	0.0%
Felony	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	72.8%	80.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	60.9%	80.0%	0.0%
- Property	12.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.5%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	4.3%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>92</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>0.7%</i>	<i>0.4%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

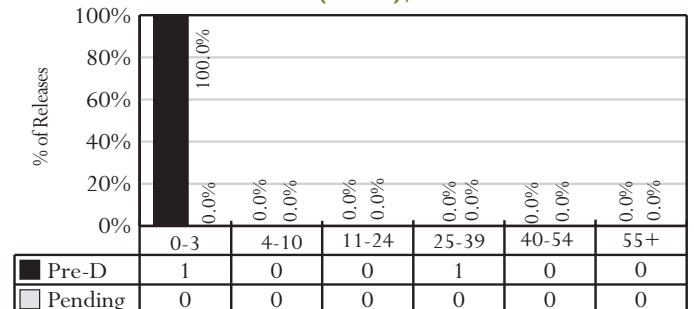
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Talbot County

301 Bay St., Suite 201, Easton, MD 21601 (ph) 410-822-5010

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.0%	0.7%	2.2%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	100.0%	99.3%	96.4%
Violation of Probation**	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Total Complaints	81	146	137

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES⁺, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	70.4%	67.8%	74.5%
Informaled	9.9%	5.5%	4.4%
Authorized Formal Petition	19.8%	26.7%	21.2%
Total Complaints	81	146	137
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	0.0%	0.0%	31.0%
Stet	6.2%	17.9%	3.4%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	56.2%	38.5%	17.2%
Pending Disposition*	6.2%	2.6%	6.9%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	31.2%	30.8%	34.5%
Committed to DJS	0.0%	10.3%	3.4%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	16	39	29

⁺ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	7.3	7.5	7.9
Pre-Court	1.4	2.8	1.4
Probation	5.4	4.5	6.0
Aftercare	0.6	0.2	0.5
Committed-Aftercare	1.0	1.2	1.0

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Talbot County population (ages 11-17) increased 4.3% (from 2,646 to 2,760).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 21.2% of complaints were formalized, while 4.4% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 69.1%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition increased from 19.8% to 21.2%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 20.0% were High risk, 20.0% were Moderate risk, and 60.0% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 32.4 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 21.6 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 78.4 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 8.9% to 8.8%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 7.5% to 2.2%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 71.2% to 62.8%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	29.6%	54.8%	39.4%
White	54.3%	34.9%	44.5%
Hispanic/Other	16.0%	10.3%	16.1%
Sex			
Male	70.4%	60.3%	73.0%
Female	29.6%	39.7%	27.0%
Age			
11 and under	7.4%	6.2%	1.5%
12	6.2%	4.1%	0.7%
13	3.7%	9.6%	8.0%
14	9.9%	15.8%	13.9%
15	9.9%	22.6%	27.0%
16	25.9%	16.4%	22.6%
17	33.3%	24.0%	23.4%
18-20	3.7%	1.4%	2.9%
Total Complaints	81	146	137

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	37.1%	66.7%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	2.6%	8.3%	100.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	17.5%	25.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.0%	8.3%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	7.7%	8.3%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	4.6%	8.3%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	3.1%	8.3%	0.0%
Property Offenses	20.1%	33.3%	0.0%
Arson	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	6.7%	8.3%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.6%	8.3%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	6.2%	16.7%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	9.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	14.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	11.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	9.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	9.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	4.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	4.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	194	12	1

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

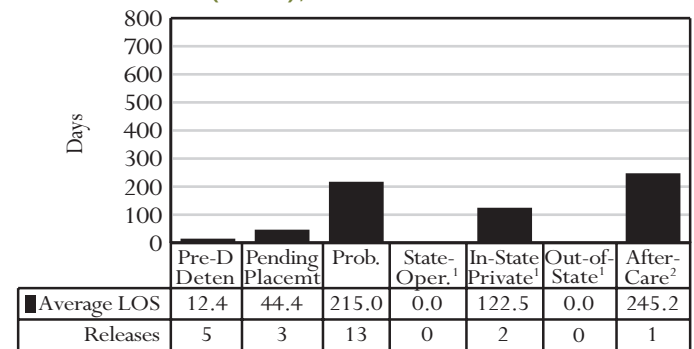
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	8.8%	10.0%	100.0%
Felony	2.2%	10.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	1.5%	10.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	62.8%	80.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	33.6%	40.0%	0.0%
- Property	19.0%	40.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	10.2%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	14.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	11.7%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>137</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>1.1%</i>	<i>0.8%</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

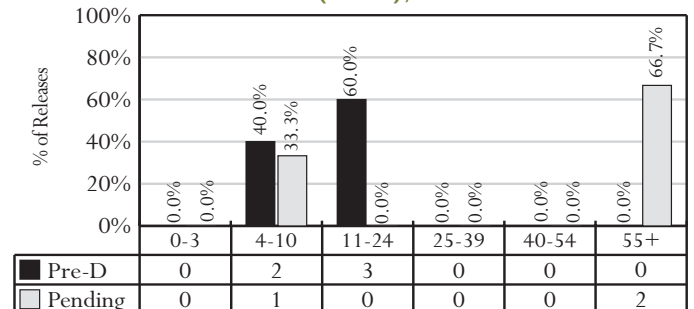
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Region 3

Regional Director: Celena Falline
Counties of: Baltimore and Harford
3rd Judicial Circuit

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	3.1%	2.5%	3.0%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	93.4%	94.6%	94.3%
Violation of Probation**	3.5%	2.9%	2.7%
Total Complaints	1,583	2,534	2,660

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	48.6%	63.3%	55.3%
Informaled	8.0%	6.0%	6.6%
Authorized Formal Petition	43.4%	30.7%	38.1%
Total Complaints	1,583	2,534	2,660
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.1%	0.6%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	5.5%	4.6%	6.9%
Stet	13.5%	18.1%	19.2%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	19.1%	22.8%	13.9%
Pending Disposition*	5.8%	6.3%	25.1%
Services Not Ordered	1.3%	0.5%	0.2%
Probation	38.1%	36.8%	28.2%
Committed to DJS	14.7%	8.9%	4.7%
Committed to Other Agency	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	1.3%	1.8%	1.2%
Total Formal Complaints	687	778	1,013

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	306	242.7	222.2
Pre-Court	35.6	45.6	44.2
Probation	217.7	158	143.4
Aftercare	52.7	39	34.5
Committed-Aftercare	16.3	21.1	17.4

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Region 3 population (ages 11-17) increased 5.8% (from 94,411 to 99,897).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 38.1% of complaints were formalized, while 6.6% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 68.0%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 43.4% to 38.1%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 21.6% were High risk, 40.5% were Moderate risk, and 37.8% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 35.8 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 19.4 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 96.4 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 13.9% to 12.0%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 9.3% to 17.4%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 74.7% to 68.8%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 8.9% (9) to 27.1% (13).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	70.8%	70.2%	73.2%
White	24.6%	22.7%	18.9%
Hispanic/Other	4.6%	7.1%	7.8%
Sex			
Male	74.9%	71.6%	69.3%
Female	25.1%	28.4%	30.7%
Age			
11 and under	3.0%	4.6%	0.3%
12	4.7%	5.7%	0.5%
13	7.4%	10.0%	8.7%
14	18.6%	14.7%	17.7%
15	18.5%	19.7%	25.2%
16	19.6%	21.5%	25.1%
17	25.3%	20.4%	19.2%
18-20	3.0%	3.4%	3.3%
Total Complaints	1,583	2,534	2,660

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	41.9%	41.8%	63.9%
Assault (Felony)	2.9%	3.0%	14.8%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	20.4%	16.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	1.3%	3.0%	23.0%
Child Abuse	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.1%	1.5%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	2.7%	5.0%	14.8%
Harassment	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Murder	0.2%	0.0%	1.6%
Other Person ⁺	5.4%	3.6%	0.0%
Robbery	3.7%	6.2%	6.6%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.6%	2.7%	3.3%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.2%	0.6%	0.0%
Property Offenses	46.0%	47.2%	29.5%
Arson	1.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	8.6%	7.7%	11.5%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.7%	1.8%	9.8%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	4.5%	4.5%	1.6%
Malicious Destruction	7.7%	5.0%	1.6%
Other Property ⁺	4.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	4.6%	5.6%	3.3%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	13.8%	21.7%	1.6%
Drug-Related Offenses	3.8%	4.7%	3.3%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.6%	1.8%	3.3%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	2.2%	3.0%	0.0%
Citations	1.6%	0.9%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.9%	0.3%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	6.6%	5.3%	3.3%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.3%	1.5%	1.6%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.8%	2.1%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.2%	0.0%	1.6%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	2.3%	1.8%	0.0%
Total Offenses	4,409	337	61

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

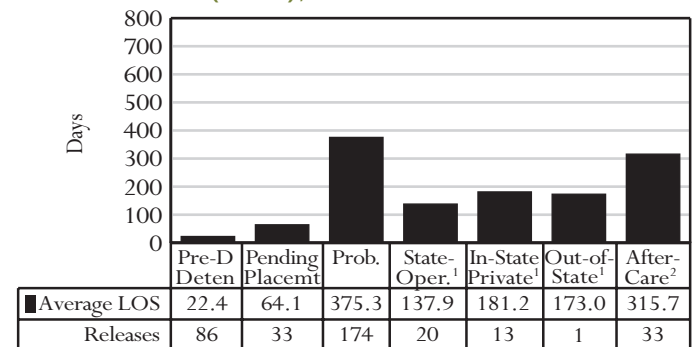
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	12.0%	15.7%	70.8%
Felony	17.4%	18.2%	22.9%
- Person-to-Person	1.2%	3.1%	2.1%
- Property	13.9%	12.6%	14.6%
- Drugs	2.1%	2.1%	4.2%
- Unspecified	0.1%	0.3%	2.1%
Misdemeanor	68.8%	65.7%	6.2%
- Person-to-Person	40.9%	30.1%	6.2%
- Property	25.7%	30.4%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.4%	2.8%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.9%	2.4%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	1.7%	0.3%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>2,660</i>	<i>286</i>	<i>48</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>21.5%</i>	<i>23.8%</i>	<i>13.2%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

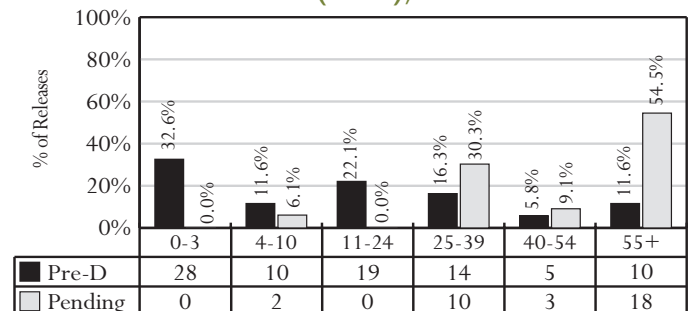
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Baltimore County

431 Eastern Blvd., Ste. 100, Essex, MD 21221 (ph) 410-780-1200; 1 Rolling Cross Road, Catonsville, MD 21228 (ph) 443-341-1200; 9700 Old Harford Road, Bldg 22, Parkville, MD 21234 (ph) 410-663-7695

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	3.4%	2.7%	2.7%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	93.0%	94.4%	94.4%
Violation of Probation**	3.6%	2.9%	2.9%
Total Complaints	1,347	2,233	2,375

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	49.1%	64.9%	56.2%
Informaled	7.9%	5.6%	6.4%
Authorized Formal Petition	43.0%	29.5%	37.4%
Total Complaints	1,347	2,233	2,375
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	6.0%	4.6%	6.2%
Stet	15.9%	21.4%	21.8%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	18.8%	22.0%	14.6%
Pending Disposition*	5.9%	6.4%	24.8%
Services Not Ordered	1.2%	0.6%	0.2%
Probation	39.2%	35.7%	27.5%
Committed to DJS	11.9%	8.5%	4.2%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.5%	0.9%	0.7%
Total Formal Complaints	579	659	888

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	241.3	203.3	183.0
Pre-Court	30.6	40.2	36.9
Probation	178.4	132.7	118.9
Aftercare	32.3	30.4	27.1
Committed-Aftercare	12.2	16.0	11.7

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Baltimore County population (ages 11-17) increased 6.3% (from 71,659 to 76,208).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 37.4% of complaints were formalized, while 6.4% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 76.3%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 43.0% to 37.4%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 24.6% were High risk, 35.4% were Moderate risk, and 40.0% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 32.2 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 19.5 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 81.7 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 14.2% to 11.9%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 8.7% to 17.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 75.5% to 69.1%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 11.6% (8) to 32.4% (12).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	72.6%	71.8%	75.8%
White	23.2%	20.9%	17.6%
Hispanic/Other	4.2%	7.3%	6.6%
Sex			
Male	74.3%	70.8%	68.7%
Female	25.7%	29.2%	31.3%
Age			
11 and under	2.6%	4.5%	0.3%
12	4.8%	5.6%	0.4%
13	7.8%	10.4%	9.2%
14	18.3%	14.9%	18.1%
15	18.1%	20.0%	25.6%
16	20.3%	21.3%	24.1%
17	25.5%	20.1%	19.0%
18-20	2.6%	3.2%	3.3%
Total Complaints	1,347	2,233	2,375

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	40.0%	39.9%	66.0%
Assault (Felony)	2.5%	2.4%	12.8%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	19.4%	13.7%	0.0%
Carjacking	1.4%	3.4%	29.8%
Child Abuse	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.1%	1.4%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	2.7%	5.5%	14.9%
Harassment	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Murder	0.3%	0.0%	2.1%
Other Person ⁺	5.1%	3.1%	0.0%
Robbery	3.8%	7.2%	4.3%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.3%	2.1%	2.1%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.1%	0.7%	0.0%
Property Offenses	48.5%	49.8%	31.9%
Arson	1.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	9.1%	7.9%	10.6%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.8%	2.1%	12.8%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	4.9%	5.2%	2.1%
Malicious Destruction	7.8%	5.2%	2.1%
Other Property ⁺	4.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	5.0%	5.2%	2.1%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	14.8%	23.7%	2.1%
Drug-Related Offenses	3.1%	3.8%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.4%	1.7%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.7%	2.1%	0.0%
Citations	1.4%	1.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.8%	0.3%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.6%	0.7%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	6.7%	5.5%	2.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.3%	1.7%	2.1%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.8%	2.1%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	2.5%	1.7%	0.0%
Total Offenses	3,948	291	47

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

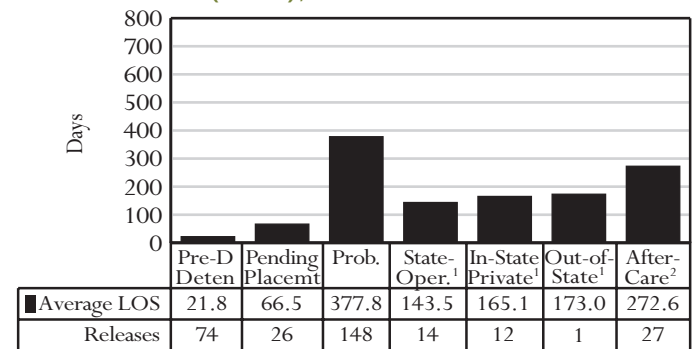
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	11.9%	17.2%	75.7%
Felony	17.6%	16.8%	18.9%
- Person-to-Person	0.9%	2.5%	2.7%
- Property	14.6%	11.9%	13.5%
- Drugs	1.9%	2.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.1%	0.4%	2.7%
Misdemeanor	69.1%	65.6%	5.4%
- Person-to-Person	40.0%	27.9%	5.4%
- Property	26.9%	33.6%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.2%	1.6%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.0%	2.5%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	1.5%	0.4%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>2,375</i>	<i>244</i>	<i>37</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>19.2%</i>	<i>20.3%</i>	<i>10.1%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

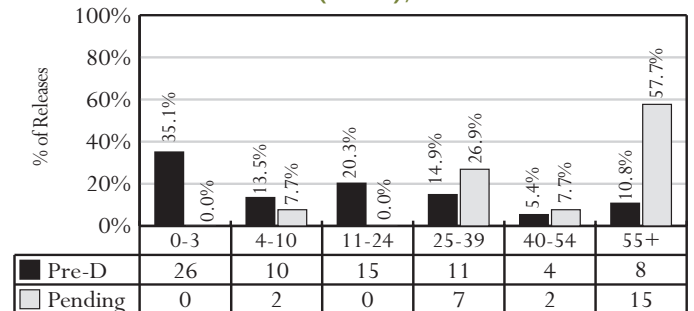
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Harford County

2 South Bond Street, Bel Air, MD 21014 (ph) 410-836-4680

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	1.3%	1.0%	6.0%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	95.3%	96.0%	93.0%
Violation of Probation**	3.4%	3.0%	1.1%
Total Complaints	236	301	285

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	46.2%	51.2%	48.1%
Informaled	8.1%	9.3%	8.1%
Authorized Formal Petition	45.8%	39.5%	43.9%
Total Complaints	236	301	285
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.8%	4.8%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	2.8%	5.0%	12.0%
Stet	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	20.4%	26.9%	8.8%
Pending Disposition*	5.6%	5.9%	27.2%
Services Not Ordered	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	32.4%	42.9%	33.6%
Committed to DJS	29.6%	10.9%	8.8%
Committed to Other Agency	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	5.6%	6.7%	4.8%
Total Formal Complaints	108	119	125

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	64.7	39.4	39.2
Pre-Court	5.1	5.5	7.3
Probation	39.2	25.3	24.5
Aftercare	20.4	8.6	7.4
Committed-Aftercare	4.1	5.1	5.7

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Harford County population (ages 11-17) increased 4.1% (from 22,752 to 23,689).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 43.9% of complaints were formalized, while 8.1% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 20.8%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 45.8% to 43.9%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 77.8% were Moderate risk and 22.2% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 65.0 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 18.6 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 143.3 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 12.3% to 13.0%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 14.0% to 16.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 68.8% to 67.0%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 3.1% (1) to 9.1% (1).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	60.6%	58.1%	51.9%
White	32.6%	35.9%	30.2%
Hispanic/Other	6.8%	6.0%	17.9%
Sex			
Male	78.4%	77.4%	74.7%
Female	21.6%	22.6%	25.3%
Age			
11 and under	5.1%	5.3%	0.4%
12	3.8%	6.3%	1.1%
13	5.1%	7.3%	4.9%
14	19.9%	13.0%	13.7%
15	20.8%	16.9%	21.8%
16	15.7%	23.3%	33.3%
17	24.2%	23.3%	21.1%
18-20	5.5%	4.7%	3.9%
Total Complaints	236	301	285

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	57.5%	54.3%	57.1%
Assault (Felony)	5.9%	6.5%	21.4%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	28.9%	30.4%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.4%	2.2%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	2.8%	2.2%	14.3%
Harassment	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	7.8%	6.5%	0.0%
Robbery	2.8%	0.0%	14.3%
Sex Offense (Felony)	4.3%	6.5%	7.1%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	24.3%	30.4%	21.4%
Arson	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	3.9%	6.5%	14.3%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	6.9%	4.3%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	3.3%	2.2%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	2.0%	8.7%	7.1%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	5.2%	8.7%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	9.1%	10.9%	14.3%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	2.8%	2.2%	14.3%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	6.3%	8.7%	0.0%
Citations	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	5.9%	4.3%	7.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.9%	2.2%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.2%	0.0%	7.1%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	1.1%	2.2%	0.0%
Total Offenses	461	46	14

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

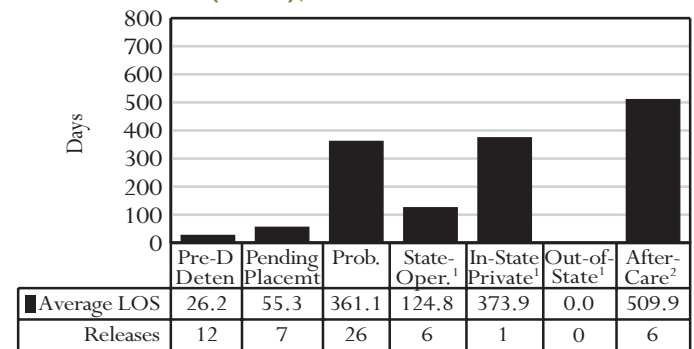
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	13.0%	7.1%	54.5%
Felony	16.5%	26.2%	36.4%
- Person-to-Person	3.9%	7.1%	0.0%
- Property	8.4%	16.7%	18.2%
- Drugs	4.2%	2.4%	18.2%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	67.0%	66.7%	9.1%
- Person-to-Person	48.4%	42.9%	9.1%
- Property	15.4%	11.9%	0.0%
- Drugs	3.2%	9.5%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	2.4%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>42</i>	<i>11</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>2.3%</i>	<i>3.5%</i>	<i>3.0%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

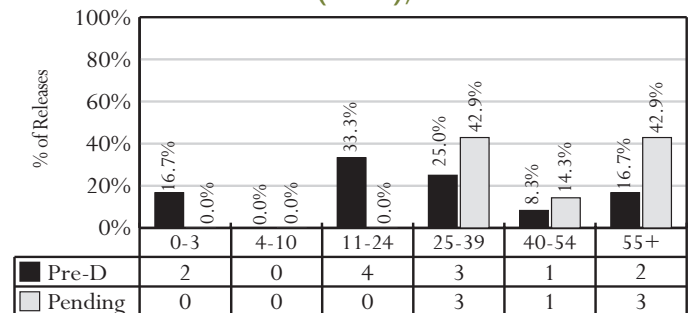
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Region 4

Regional Director: Derek Getic
Counties of: Allegany, Garrett, and Washington
4th Judicial Circuit

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.6%	1.1%	1.2%
Citizen	3.5%	14.1%	12.9%
Police*	93.1%	82.0%	85.8%
Violation of Probation**	2.7%	2.9%	0.1%
Total Complaints	620	760	781

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	58.2%	57.1%	57.7%
Informaled	10.8%	18.4%	16.3%
Authorized Formal Petition	31.0%	24.5%	26.0%
Total Complaints	620	760	781
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	2.2%	2.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	32.3%	15.1%	30.0%
Stet	1.6%	5.9%	4.9%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	22.9%	27.4%	30.0%
Pending Disposition*	2.1%	3.2%	13.3%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	1.6%	0.5%
Probation	22.4%	36.0%	17.7%
Committed to DJS	18.8%	8.1%	1.5%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	192	186	203

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	97.7	95.5	82.5
Pre-Court	16.8	29.8	31.6
Probation	58.7	47.2	38.6
Aftercare	22.1	18.6	12.3
Committed-Aftercare	15.6	12.9	7.2

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Region 4 population (ages 11-17) decreased 1.0% (from 20,931 to 20,721).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 26.0% of complaints were formalized, while 16.3% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 26.0%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 31.0% to 26.0%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 30.0% were High risk, 25.0% were Moderate risk, and 45.0% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 30.7 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 19.2 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 109.8 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 4.6% to 7.3%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 4.7% to 4.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 78.9% to 70.4%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 5.6% (2) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	33.2%	37.5%	37.0%
White	65.0%	58.4%	57.6%
Hispanic/Other	1.8%	4.1%	5.4%
Sex			
Male	65.3%	61.2%	64.1%
Female	34.7%	38.8%	35.9%
Age			
11 and under	9.8%	6.4%	2.8%
12	9.7%	8.3%	2.3%
13	11.0%	15.9%	13.8%
14	15.8%	20.4%	22.2%
15	17.1%	15.7%	19.8%
16	16.5%	18.0%	23.8%
17	18.5%	13.7%	14.3%
18-20	1.6%	1.6%	0.9%
Total Complaints	620	760	781

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	50.7%	56.8%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	2.1%	2.3%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	24.4%	31.8%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.3%	0.0%	33.3%
Harassment	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	17.2%	15.9%	33.3%
Robbery	0.9%	2.3%	33.3%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.9%	4.5%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	23.4%	22.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.7%	6.8%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	7.4%	6.8%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	1.4%	4.5%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	7.2%	4.5%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	8.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.8%	20.5%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.1%	6.8%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.3%	9.1%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	6.1%	4.5%	0.0%
Total Offenses	1,276	44	3

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

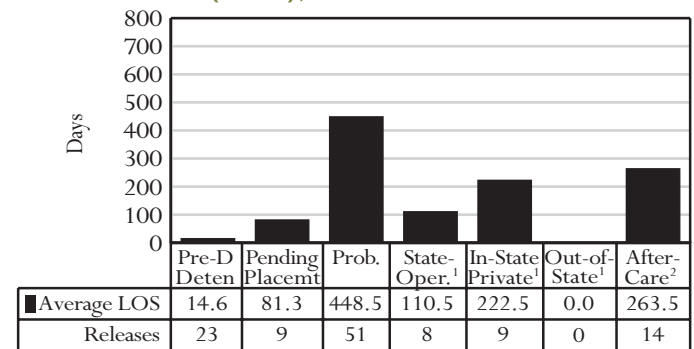
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	7.3%	8.3%	33.3%
Felony	4.6%	8.3%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	2.4%	5.6%	0.0%
- Property	1.4%	2.8%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	70.4%	83.3%	66.7%
- Person-to-Person	48.8%	63.9%	66.7%
- Property	17.8%	5.6%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.8%	13.9%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	13.4%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>781</i>	<i>36</i>	<i>3</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>6.3%</i>	<i>3.0%</i>	<i>0.8%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

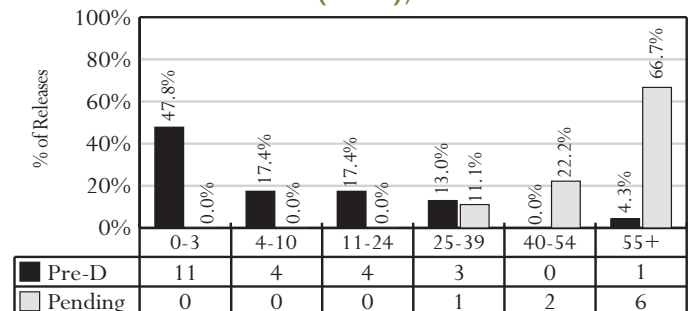
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Allegany County

1 James Day Dr., Cumberland, MD 21502 (ph) 301-722-1600

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.0%	0.4%	1.2%
Citizen	3.1%	4.4%	3.7%
Police*	95.9%	94.9%	95.1%
Violation of Probation**	1.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Total Complaints	290	274	246

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	66.9%	57.7%	65.4%
Informaled	4.5%	18.6%	13.4%
Authorized Formal Petition	28.6%	23.7%	21.1%
Total Complaints	290	274	246
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	4.6%	3.8%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	10.8%	13.8%	21.2%
Stet	0.0%	1.5%	13.5%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	33.7%	10.8%	40.4%
Pending Disposition*	1.2%	0.0%	5.8%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	26.5%	60.0%	13.5%
Committed to DJS	27.7%	9.2%	1.9%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	83	65	52

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	47.7	47.2	38.5
Pre-Court	2.5	9.6	7.6
Probation	35.4	29.2	24.5
Aftercare	9.8	8.4	6.4
Committed-Aftercare	9.2	8.7	5.1

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Allegany County population (ages 11-17) decreased 8.6% (from 5,655 to 5,168).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 21.1% of complaints were formalized, while 13.4% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints decreased 15.2%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 28.6% to 21.1%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 100.0% were Moderate risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 11.6 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 17.9 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 89.5 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 5.1% to 7.7%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 5.8% to 5.3%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 76.6% to 70.7%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 8.7% (2) to 0.0% (0).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	25.9%	24.5%	26.0%
White	73.8%	72.3%	69.5%
Hispanic/Other	0.3%	3.3%	4.5%
Sex			
Male	55.2%	59.1%	58.1%
Female	44.8%	40.9%	41.9%
Age			
11 and under	14.8%	10.6%	0.8%
12	12.8%	8.4%	4.5%
13	10.7%	13.5%	17.5%
14	14.8%	23.7%	23.6%
15	20.3%	16.8%	21.1%
16	14.5%	16.1%	18.7%
17	11.4%	10.2%	13.8%
18-20	0.7%	0.7%	0.0%
Total Complaints	290	274	246

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	61.8%	71.4%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	29.9%	28.6%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.7%	0.0%	100.0%
Harassment	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	19.7%	42.9%	0.0%
Robbery	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	14.2%	14.3%	0.0%
Arson	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	5.0%	14.3%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	8.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	7.0%	14.3%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	5.0%	14.3%	0.0%
Total Offenses	401	7	1

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

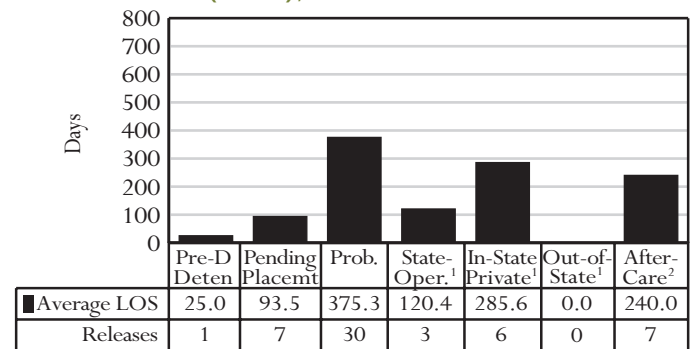
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Felony	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	70.7%	100.0%	100.0%
- Person-to-Person	54.9%	71.4%	100.0%
- Property	10.6%	14.3%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	4.9%	14.3%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	12.6%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>246</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>2.0%</i>	<i>0.6%</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

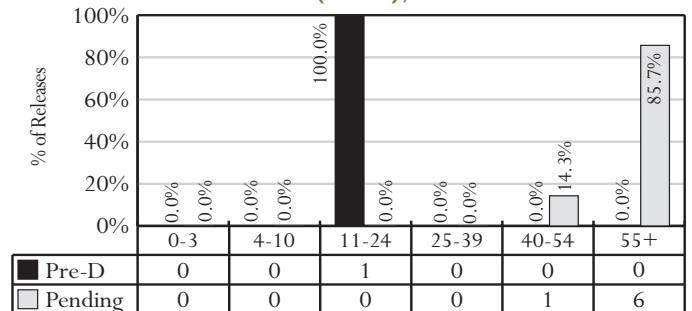
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Garrett County

7000 Thayer Center, Oakland, MD 21550 (ph) 301-334-8608

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Citizen	3.1%	21.9%	16.9%
Police*	95.8%	74.0%	83.1%
Violation of Probation**	1.0%	3.1%	0.0%
Total Complaints	96	96	89

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES¹, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	69.8%	57.3%	53.9%
Informaled	16.7%	27.1%	29.2%
Authorized Formal Petition	13.5%	15.6%	16.9%
Total Complaints	96	96	89
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	6.7%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	0.0%	20.0%	6.7%
Stet	0.0%	13.3%	0.0%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	15.4%	20.0%	20.0%
Pending Disposition*	7.7%	6.7%	6.7%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	76.9%	20.0%	53.3%
Committed to DJS	0.0%	13.3%	6.7%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	6.7%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	13	15	15

¹ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	23.3	23.7	12.0
Pre-Court	2.9	6.6	5.7
Probation	16.2	14.0	4.4
Aftercare	4.1	3.2	1.9
Committed-Aftercare	0.0	0.4	1.4

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Garrett County population (ages 11-17) decreased 9.1% (from 2,238 to 2,034).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 16.9% of complaints were formalized, while 29.2% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints decreased 7.3%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition increased from 13.5% to 16.9%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- There were no Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 17.2 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 16.7 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 50.8 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 9.4% to 1.1%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 4.2% to 4.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors increased from 45.8% to 57.3%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	13.5%	8.3%	10.1%
White	85.4%	91.7%	89.9%
Hispanic/Other	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex			
Male	69.8%	62.5%	67.4%
Female	30.2%	37.5%	32.6%
Age			
11 and under	6.2%	4.2%	4.5%
12	11.5%	6.2%	0.0%
13	12.5%	16.7%	9.0%
14	14.6%	21.9%	14.6%
15	9.4%	10.4%	28.1%
16	13.5%	19.8%	19.1%
17	30.2%	19.8%	24.7%
18-20	2.1%	1.0%	0.0%
Total Complaints	96	96	89

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

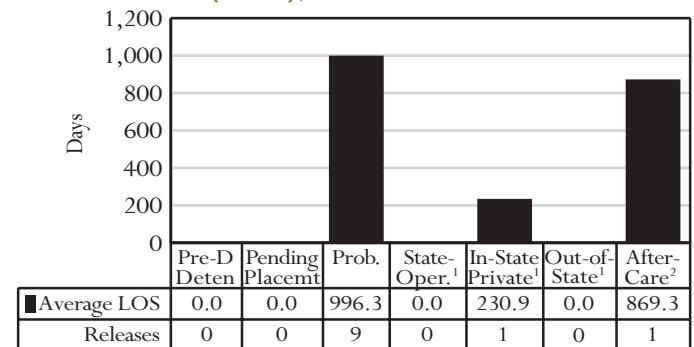
OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type <small>Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	40.5%	37.5%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	15.9%	37.5%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	12.7%	0.0%	100.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	15.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	12.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	18.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	6.3%	62.5%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	4.8%	25.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Offenses</i>	<i>126</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>1</i>

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

Offense Category* <small>of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Felony	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	57.3%	100.0%	100.0%
- Person-to-Person	34.8%	62.5%	100.0%
- Property	12.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	7.9%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.2%	37.5%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	11.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	25.8%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>89</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>0.7%</i>	<i>0.7%</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

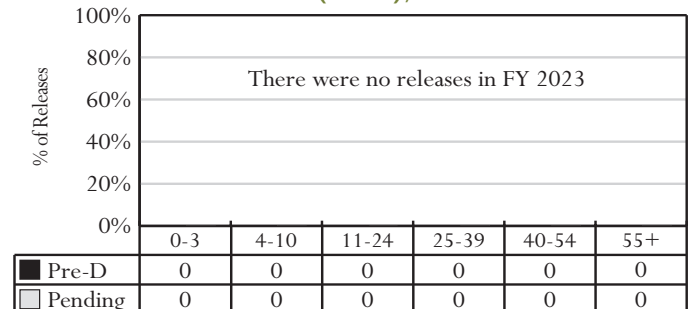
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Washington County

44 N. Potomac St., Suite 300, Hagerstown, MD 21740 (ph) 301-791-7171

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	1.7%	1.5%	1.3%
Citizen	4.3%	19.0%	17.3%
Police*	88.5%	74.9%	81.2%
Violation of Probation**	5.6%	4.6%	0.2%
Total Complaints	234	390	446

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	42.7%	56.7%	54.3%
Informaled	16.2%	16.2%	15.2%
Authorized Formal Petition	41.0%	27.2%	30.5%
Total Complaints	234	390	446
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.9%	0.7%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	55.2%	15.1%	36.0%
Stet	3.1%	7.5%	2.2%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	14.6%	38.7%	27.2%
Pending Disposition*	2.1%	4.7%	16.9%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	2.8%	0.7%
Probation	11.5%	23.6%	15.4%
Committed to DJS	13.5%	6.6%	0.7%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	96	106	136

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	26.7	24.6	32.0
Pre-Court	11.4	13.6	18.3
Probation	7.1	4.0	9.8
Aftercare	8.2	7.0	3.9
Committed-Aftercare	6.4	3.8	0.6

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Washington County population (ages 11-17) increased 3.7% (from 13,038 to 13,518).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 30.5% of complaints were formalized, while 15.2% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 90.6%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 41.0% to 30.5%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 31.6% were High risk, 21.1% were Moderate risk, and 47.4% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 44.1 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 20.4 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 137.5 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 3.1% to 8.3%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 4.1% to 4.3%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 88.7% to 72.9%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	50.4%	53.8%	48.4%
White	45.7%	40.5%	44.6%
Hispanic/Other	3.8%	5.6%	7.0%
Sex			
Male	76.1%	62.3%	66.8%
Female	23.9%	37.7%	33.2%
Age			
11 and under	5.1%	4.1%	3.6%
12	5.1%	8.7%	1.6%
13	10.7%	17.4%	12.8%
14	17.5%	17.7%	22.9%
15	16.2%	16.2%	17.5%
16	20.1%	19.0%	27.6%
17	22.6%	14.6%	12.6%
18-20	2.6%	2.3%	1.6%
Total Complaints	234	390	446

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	46.5%	58.6%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	1.2%	3.4%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	22.8%	31.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Harassment	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	16.6%	13.8%	0.0%
Robbery	0.7%	3.4%	100.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.7%	6.9%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	29.8%	31.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.9%	10.3%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	8.9%	6.9%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	2.0%	6.9%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	10.3%	6.9%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	6.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	10.1%	10.3%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.3%	6.9%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	7.5%	3.4%	0.0%
Total Offenses	749	29	1

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

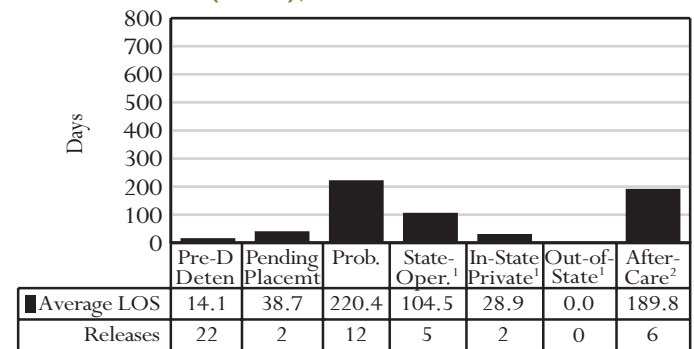
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	8.3%	14.3%	100.0%
Felony	4.3%	14.3%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	2.0%	9.5%	0.0%
- Property	1.1%	4.8%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	72.9%	71.4%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	48.2%	61.9%	0.0%
- Property	22.9%	4.8%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.8%	4.8%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	11.4%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>446</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>3.6%</i>	<i>1.7%</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

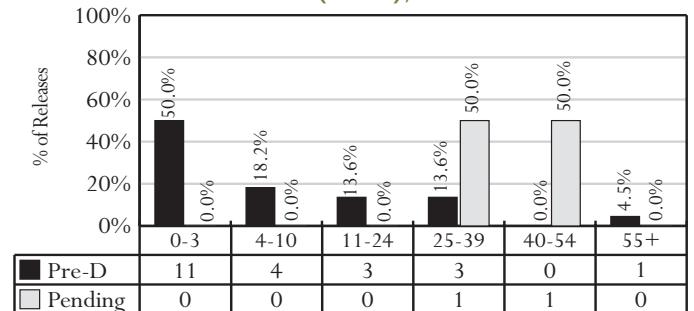
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Region 5

Regional Director: Delmonica Hawkins
Counties of: Anne Arundel, Carroll, and Howard
5th Judicial Circuit

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	3.3%	3.0%	3.2%
Citizen	0.7%	1.2%	1.5%
Police*	94.8%	94.8%	94.7%
Violation of Probation**	1.2%	1.0%	0.5%
Total Complaints	980	1,434	2,012

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	46.3%	57.2%	59.3%
Informaled	19.0%	16.4%	11.9%
Authorized Formal Petition	34.7%	26.4%	28.8%
Total Complaints	980	1,434	2,012
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	10.3%	12.7%	10.0%
Stet	6.5%	5.5%	10.0%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.9%	0.5%	0.2%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	27.6%	20.6%	9.0%
Pending Disposition*	13.8%	14.5%	27.6%
Services Not Ordered	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	26.2%	34.8%	29.5%
Committed to DJS	13.5%	10.6%	13.4%
Committed to Other Agency	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%
Total Formal Complaints	340	379	580

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	263.5	208.4	200.1
Pre-Court	45.4	60.3	74.9
Probation	157.7	101.6	91.4
Aftercare	60.4	46.4	33.9
Committed-Aftercare	27.1	17.8	15.6

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Region 5 population (ages 11-17) increased 4.6% (from 95,603 to 100,027).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 28.8% of complaints were formalized, while 11.9% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 105.3%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 34.7% to 28.8%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 33.3% were High risk, 29.2% were Moderate risk, and 37.5% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 72.7 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 20.7 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 87.2 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 10.7% to 11.1%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 5.9% to 8.0%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 77.5% to 73.3%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 10.9% (5) to 6.4% (5).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	47.0%	55.7%	54.7%
White	42.2%	33.1%	33.2%
Hispanic/Other	10.7%	11.2%	12.1%
Sex			
Male	76.5%	72.9%	71.5%
Female	23.5%	27.1%	28.5%
Age			
11 and under	4.7%	2.9%	0.4%
12	3.6%	5.4%	0.9%
13	4.5%	10.1%	10.7%
14	11.9%	11.2%	18.1%
15	15.5%	17.1%	21.7%
16	24.6%	22.5%	21.5%
17	30.5%	25.0%	22.5%
18-20	4.7%	5.9%	4.2%
Total Complaints	980	1,434	2,012

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	49.5%	51.5%	41.7%
Assault (Felony)	2.0%	2.0%	7.5%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	22.6%	19.5%	3.3%
Carjacking	0.2%	0.0%	2.5%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.9%	1.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	2.3%	4.5%	19.2%
Harassment	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.2%	0.0%	0.8%
Other Person ⁺	14.8%	5.5%	0.8%
Robbery	2.4%	8.5%	7.5%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.3%	6.5%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.4%	4.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	31.4%	27.5%	47.5%
Arson	0.9%	1.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	3.0%	2.0%	4.2%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	2.5%	2.5%	11.7%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	3.1%	4.0%	6.7%
Malicious Destruction	5.0%	5.0%	8.3%
Other Property ⁺	3.3%	1.5%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	2.4%	2.0%	6.7%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	11.2%	9.5%	10.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.9%	0.5%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.7%	0.5%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.5%	1.5%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.3%	1.5%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	11.5%	19.0%	10.8%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.2%	4.5%	2.5%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.8%	10.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	1.6%	1.5%	4.2%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	5.9%	3.0%	4.2%
Total Offenses	3,563	200	120

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

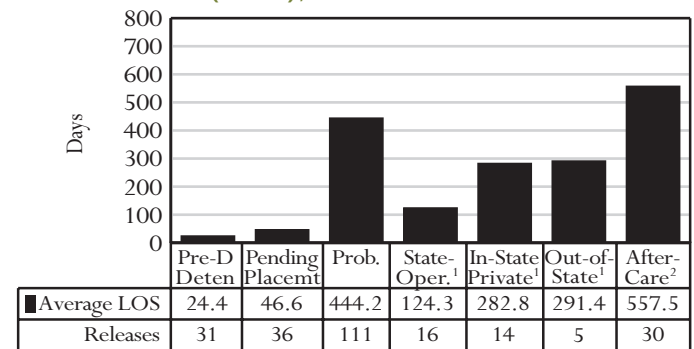
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	11.1%	17.5%	44.9%
Felony	8.0%	13.5%	20.5%
- Person-to-Person	0.7%	4.1%	1.3%
- Property	5.8%	4.1%	12.8%
- Drugs	0.8%	0.6%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.6%	4.7%	6.4%
Misdemeanor	73.3%	68.4%	34.6%
- Person-to-Person	48.1%	46.8%	24.4%
- Property	21.1%	17.5%	7.7%
- Drugs	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.6%	4.1%	2.6%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	5.7%	0.6%	0.0%
CINS	1.8%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>2,012</i>	<i>171</i>	<i>78</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>16.2%</i>	<i>14.2%</i>	<i>21.4%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

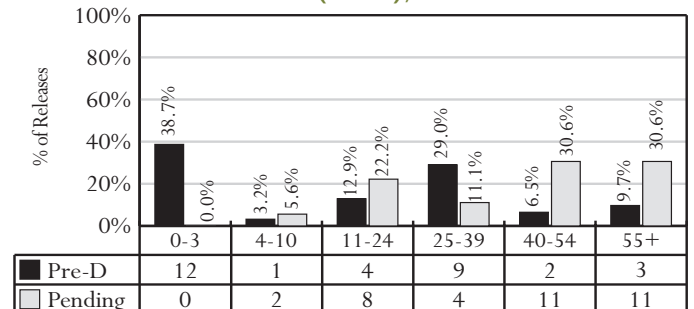
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Anne Arundel County

49 Old Solomons Island Rd., Suite 300, Annapolis, MD 21401(ph) 410-295-5740;
7500 Ritchie Hwy., Suite 306, Glen Burnie, MD 21061 (ph) 410-412-7115

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	4.9%	3.3%	3.5%
Citizen	0.7%	0.0%	0.1%
Police*	93.0%	95.5%	96.0%
Violation of Probation**	1.4%	1.1%	0.4%
Total Complaints	589	965	1,506

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	53.8%	67.7%	68.3%
Informaled	8.3%	8.1%	6.1%
Authorized Formal Petition	37.9%	24.2%	25.6%
Total Complaints	589	965	1,506
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	9.9%	12.0%	7.3%
Stet	8.1%	6.4%	6.5%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	21.1%	12.4%	6.0%
Pending Disposition*	19.3%	20.1%	30.1%
Services Not Ordered	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	25.6%	35.9%	33.9%
Committed to DJS	14.8%	12.4%	16.1%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.9%	0.0%	0.3%
Total Formal Complaints	223	234	386

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	168.6	126.0	119.9
Pre-Court	15.2	11.4	28.7
Probation	109.5	77.8	66.2
Aftercare	43.9	36.8	25.1
Committed-Aftercare	21.6	14.9	13.5

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Anne Arundel County population (ages 11-17) increased 5.3% (from 48,763 to 51,323).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 25.6% of complaints were formalized, while 6.1% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 155.7%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 37.9% to 25.6%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 33.3% were High risk, 33.3% were Moderate risk, and 33.3% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 78.3 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 18.8 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 77.1 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 10.1% to 10.9%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 4.9% to 5.4%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 79.7% to 77.0%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 6.1% (2) to 6.5% (4).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	53.7%	62.9%	55.4%
White	34.8%	26.0%	32.0%
Hispanic/Other	11.5%	11.1%	12.6%
Sex			
Male	76.2%	73.1%	69.5%
Female	23.8%	26.9%	30.5%
Age			
11 and under	4.4%	2.5%	0.3%
12	3.2%	5.8%	1.1%
13	3.4%	9.4%	11.6%
14	12.1%	10.3%	18.3%
15	14.9%	18.9%	21.2%
16	25.8%	23.8%	22.0%
17	30.4%	22.4%	21.1%
18-20	5.8%	6.9%	4.4%
Total Complaints	589	965	1,506

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	55.9%	55.2%	42.9%
Assault (Felony)	2.1%	0.6%	5.1%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	24.0%	20.1%	3.1%
Carjacking	0.2%	0.0%	3.1%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.2%	1.3%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	2.7%	4.5%	21.4%
Harassment	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.3%	0.0%	1.0%
Other Person ⁺	18.4%	7.1%	1.0%
Robbery	2.7%	9.7%	8.2%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.4%	7.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.6%	4.5%	0.0%
Property Offenses	26.1%	24.7%	50.0%
Arson	0.7%	1.3%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	1.8%	1.3%	4.1%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.9%	1.3%	14.3%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.8%	3.2%	8.2%
Malicious Destruction	4.4%	6.5%	10.2%
Other Property ⁺	3.6%	1.9%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	1.5%	0.6%	5.1%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	9.2%	8.4%	8.2%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.8%	1.3%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.3%	1.3%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	11.3%	18.8%	7.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.1%	5.2%	2.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.2%	8.4%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	2.0%	1.9%	4.1%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	5.9%	3.2%	1.0%
Total Offenses	2,740	154	98

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

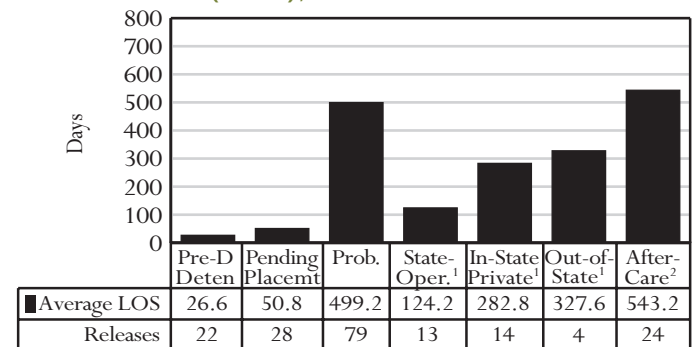
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	10.9%	16.8%	48.4%
Felony	5.4%	13.0%	17.7%
- Person-to-Person	0.7%	3.8%	1.6%
- Property	3.7%	3.1%	11.3%
- Drugs	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.7%	6.1%	4.8%
Misdemeanor	77.0%	70.2%	33.9%
- Person-to-Person	52.2%	48.1%	25.8%
- Property	20.5%	18.3%	6.5%
- Drugs	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.4%	3.8%	1.6%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.1%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>1,506</i>	<i>131</i>	<i>62</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>12.2%</i>	<i>10.9%</i>	<i>17.0%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

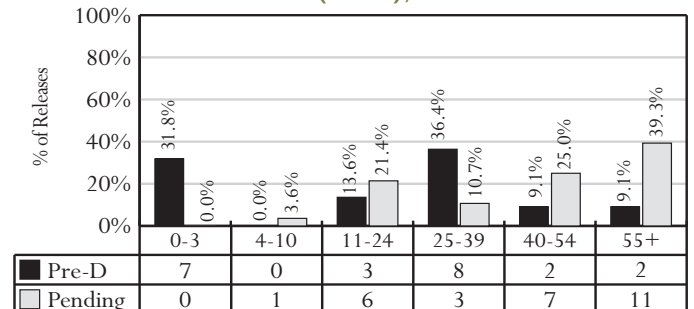
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Carroll County

101 N. Court St., Westminster, MD 21157 (ph) 410-871-3600

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.5%	1.2%	2.1%
Citizen	0.9%	1.2%	4.3%
Police*	98.6%	97.2%	91.8%
Violation of Probation**	0.0%	0.4%	1.7%
Total Complaints	221	246	233

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES¹, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	39.8%	40.2%	45.9%
Informaled	42.5%	45.1%	40.8%
Authorized Formal Petition	17.6%	14.6%	13.3%
Total Complaints	221	246	233
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	10.3%	22.2%	19.4%
Stet	0.0%	2.8%	3.2%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	5.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	33.3%	13.9%	9.7%
Pending Disposition*	0.0%	5.6%	19.4%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	43.6%	55.6%	45.2%
Committed to DJS	7.7%	0.0%	3.2%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	39	36	31

¹ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	29.7	33.1	35.3
Pre-Court	19.6	24.1	25.7
Probation	5.9	4.4	4.4
Aftercare	4.1	4.6	5.2
Committed-Aftercare	4.0	1.4	0.3

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Carroll County population (ages 11-17) increased 2.6% (from 15,210 to 15,606).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 13.3% of complaints were formalized, while 40.8% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 5.4%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 17.6% to 13.3%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 100.0% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 28.9 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 22.4 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 57.0 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 6.9% to 6.4%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 6.9% to 5.2%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 79.7% to 73.8%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	12.2%	25.6%	28.8%
White	81.0%	67.9%	61.8%
Hispanic/Other	6.8%	6.5%	9.4%
Sex			
Male	74.7%	71.5%	77.3%
Female	25.3%	28.5%	22.7%
Age			
11 and under	6.3%	3.7%	1.3%
12	2.3%	7.3%	0.4%
13	5.4%	15.4%	11.2%
14	11.3%	12.2%	23.2%
15	17.2%	15.9%	24.5%
16	22.2%	20.7%	20.6%
17	32.6%	21.1%	16.3%
18-20	2.7%	3.7%	2.6%
Total Complaints	221	246	233

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	37.3%	57.1%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	2.2%	21.4%	100.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	27.7%	21.4%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.3%	7.1%	0.0%
Harassment	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.3%	7.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	34.7%	7.1%	0.0%
Arson	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	8.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	14.0%	7.1%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.9%	7.1%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.6%	7.1%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.4%	7.1%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.9%	7.1%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	10.5%	21.4%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.9%	21.4%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	314	14	1

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

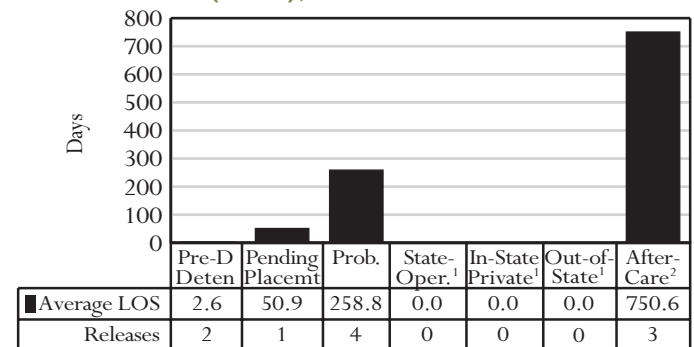
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	6.4%	21.4%	100.0%
Felony	5.2%	14.3%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	1.3%	7.1%	0.0%
- Property	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.7%	7.1%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	73.8%	57.1%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	41.2%	50.0%	0.0%
- Property	29.2%	7.1%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.3%	7.1%	0.0%
CINS	9.9%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>233</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>1.9%</i>	<i>1.2%</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

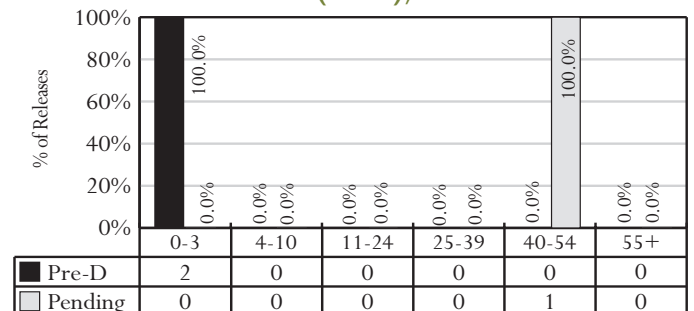
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Howard County

3451 Court House Dr., Ellicott City, MD 21043 (ph) 410-480-7878

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	1.2%	3.6%	2.9%
Citizen	0.6%	6.3%	6.6%
Police*	95.9%	88.8%	90.1%
Violation of Probation**	2.4%	1.3%	0.4%
Total Complaints	170	223	273

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	28.8%	30.5%	21.2%
Informaled	25.3%	20.6%	19.0%
Authorized Formal Petition	45.9%	48.9%	59.7%
Total Complaints	170	223	273
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	11.5%	11.0%	14.7%
Stet	5.1%	4.6%	19.6%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	1.3%	1.8%	0.6%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	43.6%	40.4%	16.0%
Pending Disposition*	5.1%	5.5%	23.3%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	19.2%	25.7%	16.0%
Committed to DJS	12.8%	10.1%	9.2%
Committed to Other Agency	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.9%	0.6%
Total Formal Complaints	78	109	163

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	65.2	49.3	44.9
Pre-Court	10.6	24.9	20.5
Probation	42.2	19.4	20.8
Aftercare	12.4	5.0	3.6
Committed-Aftercare	1.4	1.5	1.8

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Howard County population (ages 11-17) increased 4.6% (from 31,630 to 33,098).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 59.7% of complaints were formalized, while 19.0% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 60.6%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition increased from 45.9% to 59.7%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 40.0% were High risk, 20.0% were Moderate risk, and 40.0% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 79.6 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 29.5 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 129.1 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 17.5% to 16.5%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 9.0% to 24.2%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 65.5% to 52.7%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 30.0% (3) to 6.7% (1).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	69.4%	57.8%	73.3%
White	17.6%	25.1%	15.4%
Hispanic/Other	12.9%	17.0%	11.4%
Sex			
Male	80.0%	74.0%	78.0%
Female	20.0%	26.0%	22.0%
Age			
11 and under	3.5%	3.6%	0.0%
12	6.5%	1.3%	0.4%
13	7.1%	7.2%	5.5%
14	12.4%	13.9%	12.8%
15	15.3%	10.8%	21.6%
16	23.5%	18.8%	19.8%
17	28.2%	40.8%	35.5%
18-20	3.5%	3.6%	4.4%
Total Complaints	170	223	273

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type <small>Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	22.2%	31.2%	33.3%
Assault (Felony)	1.4%	0.0%	14.3%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	12.0%	15.6%	4.8%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.2%	3.1%	9.5%
Harassment	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	2.2%	6.2%	4.8%
Sex Offense (Felony)	0.6%	3.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.6%	3.1%	0.0%
Property Offenses	58.0%	50.0%	38.1%
Arson	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	11.0%	6.2%	4.8%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	5.9%	9.4%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	4.5%	9.4%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	8.1%	9.4%	14.3%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	19.8%	15.6%	19.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	13.2%	18.8%	28.6%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.4%	3.1%	4.8%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	7.7%	12.5%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.4%	0.0%	4.8%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	4.7%	3.1%	19.0%
Total Offenses	509	32	21

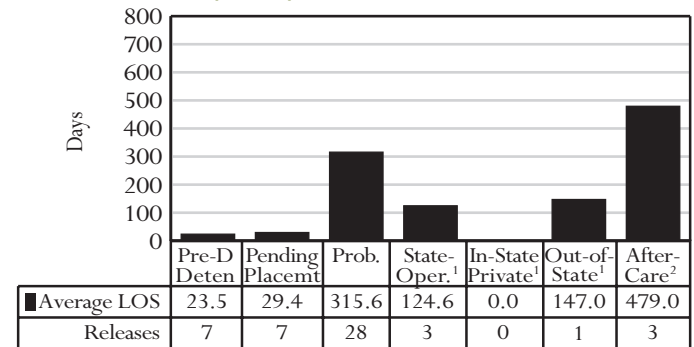
¹ Alleged offenses
² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.
⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.
 ** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

Offense Category* <small>of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	16.5%	19.2%	26.7%
Felony	24.2%	15.4%	33.3%
- Person-to-Person	0.7%	3.8%	0.0%
- Property	20.5%	11.5%	20.0%
- Drugs	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.7%	0.0%	13.3%
Misdemeanor	52.7%	65.4%	40.0%
- Person-to-Person	31.5%	38.5%	20.0%
- Property	17.6%	19.2%	13.3%
- Drugs	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	3.3%	7.7%	6.7%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	4.4%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>273</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>15</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>2.2%</i>	<i>2.2%</i>	<i>4.1%</i>

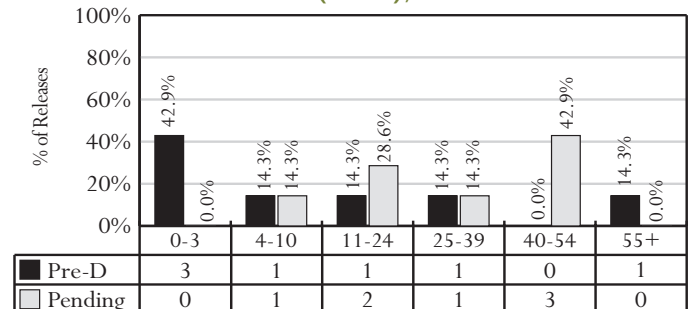
* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.
¹ Alleged offenses
² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program
² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Region 6

Regional Director: Wanda Frink
Counties of: Frederick and Montgomery
6th Circuit Court

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	4.4%	3.0%	2.5%
Citizen	2.1%	3.8%	1.5%
Police*	87.9%	90.3%	91.8%
Violation of Probation**	5.6%	2.9%	4.3%
Total Complaints	767	1,239	1,645

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	31.8%	45.3%	41.9%
Informaled	15.3%	19.9%	18.0%
Authorized Formal Petition	52.9%	34.8%	40.1%
Total Complaints	767	1,239	1,645
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	6.4%	5.3%	15.2%
Stet	9.6%	6.3%	7.1%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	30.8%	29.7%	16.1%
Pending Disposition*	5.4%	6.7%	20.9%
Services Not Ordered	8.1%	6.3%	1.5%
Probation	27.6%	31.1%	27.9%
Committed to DJS	11.6%	13.5%	9.6%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%
Other**	0.2%	0.7%	0.9%
Total Formal Complaints	406	431	659

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	233.2	166.6	184.9
Pre-Court	37.0	47.0	73.8
Probation	146.0	94.2	92.9
Aftercare	50.1	25.4	18.2
Committed-Aftercare	28.1	13.1	19.6

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Region 6 population (ages 11-17) increased 4.6% (from 117,721 to 123,086).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 40.1% of complaints were formalized, while 18.0% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 114.5%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 52.9% to 40.1%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 22.1% were High risk, 39.7% were Moderate risk, and 38.2% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 45.5 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 25.3 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 77.3 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 12.2% to 15.6%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 8.8% to 12.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 68.7% to 63.1%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 34.0% (16) to 38.1% (24).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	44.6%	45.8%	45.7%
White	25.7%	27.4%	21.7%
Hispanic/Other	29.7%	26.8%	32.6%
Sex			
Male	76.4%	73.0%	75.4%
Female	23.6%	27.0%	24.6%
Age			
11 and under	1.4%	4.1%	0.5%
12	2.0%	4.1%	1.8%
13	4.6%	7.2%	8.5%
14	9.0%	12.6%	15.8%
15	15.9%	21.1%	24.1%
16	24.3%	21.5%	23.4%
17	28.7%	23.7%	21.6%
18-20	14.2%	5.6%	4.3%
Total Complaints	767	1,239	1,645

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	36.4%	40.4%	57.7%
Assault (Felony)	2.0%	3.1%	4.2%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	15.0%	10.1%	12.7%
Carjacking	1.1%	3.1%	12.7%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.6%	1.8%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	2.0%	7.9%	16.9%
Harassment	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	7.5%	3.5%	1.4%
Robbery	4.1%	5.7%	9.9%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.5%	3.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.1%	2.2%	0.0%
Property Offenses	39.4%	33.8%	32.4%
Arson	0.5%	1.3%	1.4%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	4.9%	6.6%	7.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	2.8%	3.9%	16.9%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	5.0%	3.1%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	4.9%	3.1%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	6.3%	2.6%	2.8%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	13.1%	12.7%	4.2%
Drug-Related Offenses	3.8%	1.3%	4.2%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.7%	0.4%	2.8%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	3.1%	0.9%	1.4%
Citations	5.3%	4.8%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	3.8%	4.8%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	13.1%	19.7%	5.6%
Cons. to Commit Offense	4.9%	11.8%	5.6%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	4.6%	2.6%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	3.6%	3.1%	0.0%
Total Offenses	3,070	228	71

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

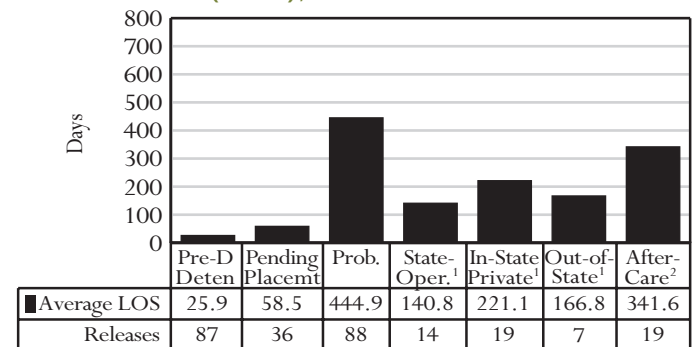
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	15.6%	20.7%	46.0%
Felony	12.6%	24.5%	19.0%
- Person-to-Person	1.0%	2.2%	0.0%
- Property	9.8%	8.7%	11.1%
- Drugs	1.0%	0.5%	3.2%
- Unspecified	0.9%	13.0%	4.8%
Misdemeanor	63.1%	48.9%	34.9%
- Person-to-Person	38.8%	27.7%	27.0%
- Property	18.9%	15.2%	6.3%
- Drugs	4.1%	1.1%	1.6%
- Unspecified	1.2%	4.9%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	5.5%	6.0%	0.0%
CINS	3.0%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>1,645</i>	<i>184</i>	<i>63</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>13.3%</i>	<i>15.3%</i>	<i>17.3%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

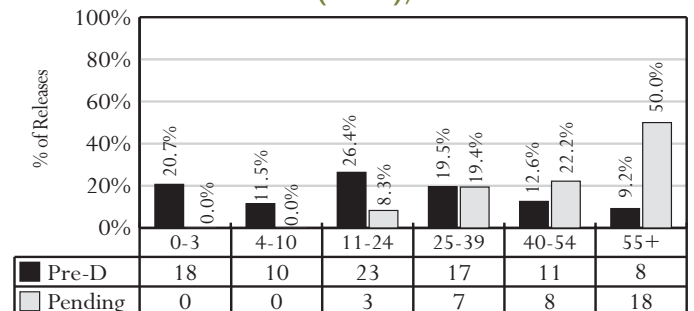
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Frederick County

1888 N. Market St., Frederick, MD 21701 (ph) 301-745-6080

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.6%	0.6%	1.5%
Citizen	1.7%	5.9%	2.1%
Police*	88.8%	90.1%	91.5%
Violation of Probation**	8.9%	3.4%	4.9%
Total Complaints	179	353	389

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES⁺, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	45.3%	61.8%	53.2%
Informaled	13.4%	14.7%	18.5%
Authorized Formal Petition	41.3%	23.5%	28.3%
Total Complaints	179	353	389
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	9.5%	14.5%	21.8%
Stet	8.1%	6.0%	12.7%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	24.3%	30.1%	17.3%
Pending Disposition*	1.4%	7.2%	9.1%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	45.9%	34.9%	30.0%
Committed to DJS	10.8%	7.2%	8.2%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	74	83	110

⁺ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	58.4	29.0	34.4
Pre-Court	6.7	7.8	18.4
Probation	40.6	19.9	14.7
Aftercare	11.1	1.3	1.4
Committed-Aftercare	5.4	1.3	3.8

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Frederick County population (ages 11-17) increased 12.4% (from 24,042 to 27,035).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 28.3% of complaints were formalized, while 18.5% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 117.3%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 41.3% to 28.3%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 9.1% were High risk, 72.7% were Moderate risk, and 18.2% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 67.5 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 21.0 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 81.7 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 4.2% to 8.2%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 6.8% to 6.7%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors increased from 70.0% to 73.8%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 37.5% (3) to 77.8% (7).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	35.2%	36.8%	39.6%
White	50.3%	38.0%	28.0%
Hispanic/Other	14.5%	25.2%	32.4%
Sex			
Male	70.4%	68.6%	68.9%
Female	29.6%	31.4%	31.1%
Age			
11 and under	3.9%	5.9%	1.3%
12	3.9%	7.4%	4.9%
13	5.0%	9.3%	10.5%
14	8.4%	15.0%	15.2%
15	17.3%	21.5%	21.3%
16	17.3%	22.7%	24.7%
17	31.3%	15.3%	18.0%
18-20	12.8%	2.8%	4.1%
Total Complaints	179	353	389

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type <small>Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	50.9%	65.1%	22.2%
Assault (Felony)	1.6%	2.3%	0.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	22.9%	20.9%	11.1%
Carjacking	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.1%	7.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.6%	16.3%	11.1%
Harassment	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	14.7%	11.6%	0.0%
Robbery	1.9%	2.3%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	2.3%	4.7%	0.0%
Property Offenses	25.1%	16.3%	77.8%
Arson	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.5%	2.3%	11.1%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.8%	2.3%	44.4%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	6.2%	4.7%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	3.1%	2.3%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	1.6%	0.0%	11.1%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	8.9%	4.7%	11.1%
Drug-Related Offenses	6.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	5.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.4%	2.3%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.8%	2.3%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	6.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	7.3%	16.3%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.5%	2.3%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.2%	7.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	2.6%	4.7%	0.0%
Total Offenses	617	43	9

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

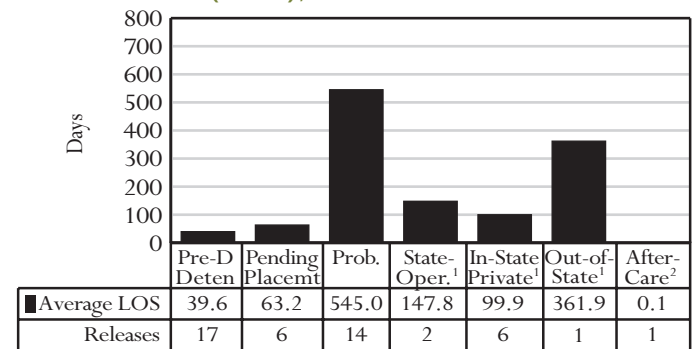
Offense Category* <small>of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	8.2%	9.1%	44.4%
Felony	6.7%	6.1%	22.2%
- Person-to-Person	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	2.3%	3.0%	22.2%
- Drugs	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.3%	3.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	73.8%	81.8%	33.3%
- Person-to-Person	45.8%	66.7%	22.2%
- Property	21.6%	9.1%	11.1%
- Drugs	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.5%	6.1%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	2.1%	3.0%	0.0%
CINS	9.3%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>389</i>	<i>33</i>	<i>9</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>3.1%</i>	<i>2.7%</i>	<i>2.5%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

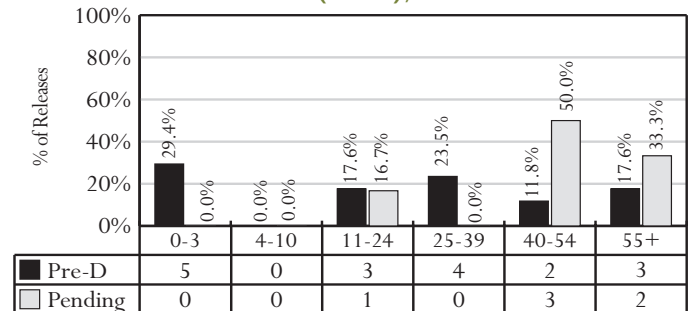
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Montgomery County

7300 Calhoun Pl., Suite 500, Rockville, MD 20855 (ph) 301- 610-8500

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	5.6%	4.0%	2.8%
Citizen	2.2%	2.9%	1.3%
Police*	87.6%	90.4%	91.9%
Violation of Probation**	4.6%	2.7%	4.1%
Total Complaints	588	886	1,256

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMAL CASES⁺, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	27.7%	38.7%	38.5%
Informaled	15.8%	22.0%	17.8%
Authorized Formal Petition	56.5%	39.3%	43.7%
Total Complaints	588	886	1,256
Court Action for Formal Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	5.7%	3.2%	13.8%
Stet	9.9%	6.3%	6.0%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	32.2%	29.6%	15.8%
Pending Disposition*	6.3%	6.6%	23.3%
Services Not Ordered	9.9%	7.8%	1.8%
Probation	23.5%	30.2%	27.5%
Committed to DJS	11.7%	14.9%	9.8%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.6%	0.4%
Other**	0.3%	0.9%	1.1%
Total Formal Complaints	332	348	549

⁺ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	174.7	137.6	150.4
Pre-Court	30.3	39.2	55.5
Probation	105.5	74.3	78.2
Aftercare	39.0	24.1	16.8
Committed-Aftercare	22.7	11.9	15.8

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Montgomery County population (ages 11-17) increased 2.5% (from 93,678 to 96,051).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 43.7% of complaints were formalized, while 17.8% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 113.6%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 56.5% to 43.7%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 24.6% were High risk, 33.3% were Moderate risk, and 42.1% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 38.5 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 26.7 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 76.3 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 15.3% to 17.9%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 9.6% to 14.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 68.2% to 59.8%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 33.3% (13) to 31.5% (17).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	47.4%	49.3%	47.5%
White	18.2%	23.3%	19.7%
Hispanic/Other	34.4%	27.4%	32.7%
Sex			
Male	78.2%	74.7%	77.5%
Female	21.8%	25.3%	22.5%
Age			
11 and under	0.7%	3.4%	0.2%
12	1.4%	2.8%	0.8%
13	4.4%	6.3%	7.9%
14	9.2%	11.6%	16.0%
15	15.5%	20.9%	25.0%
16	26.4%	21.1%	23.0%
17	27.9%	27.1%	22.7%
18-20	14.6%	6.8%	4.4%
Total Complaints	588	886	1,256

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	32.7%	34.6%	62.9%
Assault (Felony)	2.0%	3.2%	4.8%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	13.0%	7.6%	12.9%
Carjacking	1.3%	3.8%	14.5%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.4%	0.5%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	2.1%	5.9%	17.7%
Harassment	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	5.7%	1.6%	1.6%
Robbery	4.7%	6.5%	11.3%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.3%	3.8%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.9%	1.6%	0.0%
Property Offenses	43.0%	37.8%	25.8%
Arson	0.5%	1.6%	1.6%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	6.0%	7.6%	6.5%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	3.0%	4.3%	12.9%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	5.6%	3.8%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	4.6%	2.7%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	7.5%	3.2%	1.6%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	14.1%	14.6%	3.2%
Drug-Related Offenses	3.1%	1.6%	4.8%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.5%	0.5%	3.2%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	2.6%	1.1%	1.6%
Citations	5.7%	5.4%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	4.4%	5.4%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	14.6%	20.5%	6.5%
Cons. to Commit Offense	5.7%	14.1%	6.5%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	4.9%	1.6%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	3.9%	2.7%	0.0%
Total Offenses	2,453	185	62

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

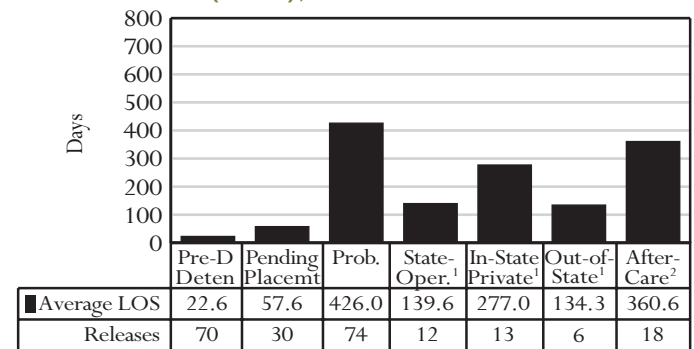
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	17.9%	23.2%	46.3%
Felony	14.5%	28.5%	18.5%
- Person-to-Person	0.6%	2.6%	0.0%
- Property	12.1%	9.9%	9.3%
- Drugs	0.7%	0.7%	3.7%
- Unspecified	1.0%	15.2%	5.6%
Misdemeanor	59.8%	41.7%	35.2%
- Person-to-Person	36.7%	19.2%	27.8%
- Property	18.1%	16.6%	5.6%
- Drugs	3.6%	1.3%	1.9%
- Unspecified	1.4%	4.6%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.5%	6.6%	0.0%
CINS	1.1%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>1,256</i>	<i>151</i>	<i>54</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>10.1%</i>	<i>12.6%</i>	<i>14.8%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

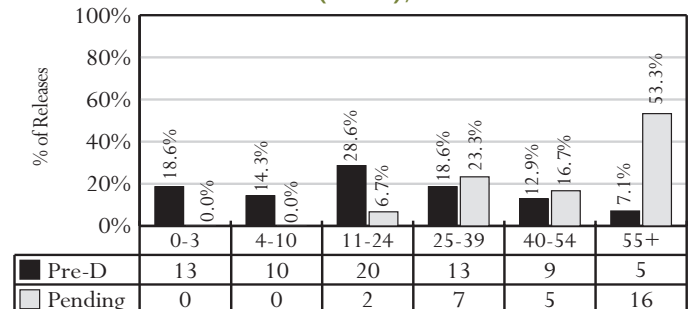
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Region 7

Regional Director: Douglas Mohler
Counties of: Calvert, Charles, St. Mary's, and Prince George's
7th Judicial Circuit

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	8.4%	5.3%	6.2%
Citizen	5.6%	8.1%	5.6%
Police*	84.6%	85.4%	87.3%
Violation of Probation**	1.5%	1.2%	1.0%
Total Complaints	1,026	1,892	2,192

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	46.0%	54.0%	53.6%
Informaled	13.5%	12.0%	9.7%
Authorized Formal Petition	40.5%	34.0%	36.7%
Total Complaints	1,026	1,892	2,192
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.6%	0.4%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	15.4%	15.8%	9.8%
Stet	9.4%	12.9%	8.1%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	26.4%	19.1%	12.1%
Pending Disposition*	7.7%	8.9%	30.3%
Services Not Ordered	0.7%	0.2%	0.1%
Probation	30.0%	32.1%	32.0%
Committed to DJS	8.9%	6.2%	6.0%
Committed to Other Agency	1.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Other**	0.5%	3.9%	1.2%
Total Formal Complaints	416	644	804

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	234.0	209.7	247.3
Pre-Court	34.1	60.0	58.9
Probation	140.4	117.3	151.0
Aftercare	59.6	32.4	37.4
Committed-Aftercare	18.1	17.7	22.3

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Region 7 population (ages 11-17) increased 6.5% (from 113,390 to 120,792).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 36.7% of complaints were formalized, while 9.7% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 113.6%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 40.5% to 36.7%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 15.3% were High risk, 28.8% were Moderate risk, and 55.9% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 44.3 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 20.4 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 85.6 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 14.9% to 15.8%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 9.6% to 14.3%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 66.4% to 56.3%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 13.5% (5) to 8.3% (4).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	66.4%	69.6%	72.7%
White	22.6%	20.9%	16.8%
Hispanic/Other	11.0%	9.5%	10.5%
Sex			
Male	76.1%	69.8%	74.0%
Female	23.9%	30.2%	26.0%
Age			
11 and under	4.9%	3.5%	2.6%
12	4.4%	5.8%	2.9%
13	8.6%	9.8%	9.2%
14	12.2%	15.8%	18.3%
15	18.1%	18.9%	23.0%
16	17.4%	20.8%	21.2%
17	27.1%	20.3%	19.5%
18-20	7.3%	5.1%	3.2%
Total Complaints	1,026	1,892	2,192

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	47.1%	55.0%	75.7%
Assault (Felony)	3.1%	1.3%	11.4%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	16.5%	12.3%	4.3%
Carjacking	3.5%	9.4%	15.7%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.6%	0.0%	2.9%
Handgun Violation	5.7%	17.2%	17.1%
Harassment	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	1.4%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Murder	0.6%	0.0%	2.9%
Other Person ⁺	7.2%	2.3%	2.9%
Robbery	5.4%	7.1%	12.9%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.6%	3.2%	4.3%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.8%	1.9%	0.0%
Property Offenses	34.7%	33.7%	15.7%
Arson	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	5.7%	3.6%	2.9%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.0%	1.3%	5.7%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	3.8%	1.6%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	5.1%	2.9%	1.4%
Other Property ⁺	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	6.4%	2.6%	1.4%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	10.2%	21.7%	4.3%
Drug-Related Offenses	1.8%	1.6%	2.9%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.8%	0.6%	2.9%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.1%	1.0%	0.0%
Citations	3.7%	1.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.6%	1.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.9%	8.7%	5.7%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.1%	4.9%	4.3%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	1.5%	1.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.8%	0.3%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	5.5%	2.6%	1.4%
Total Offenses	4,514	309	70

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

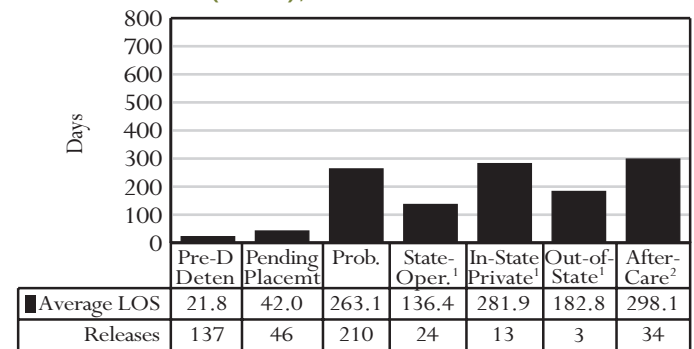
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	15.8%	23.7%	72.9%
Felony	14.3%	13.2%	14.6%
- Person-to-Person	1.3%	2.3%	4.2%
- Property	11.9%	6.2%	2.1%
- Drugs	1.0%	0.8%	4.2%
- Unspecified	0.1%	3.9%	4.2%
Misdemeanor	56.3%	62.3%	12.5%
- Person-to-Person	39.4%	35.0%	10.4%
- Property	14.4%	23.3%	2.1%
- Drugs	0.6%	1.2%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.9%	2.7%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.2%	0.8%	0.0%
CINS	7.3%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>2,192</i>	<i>257</i>	<i>48</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>17.7%</i>	<i>21.4%</i>	<i>13.2%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

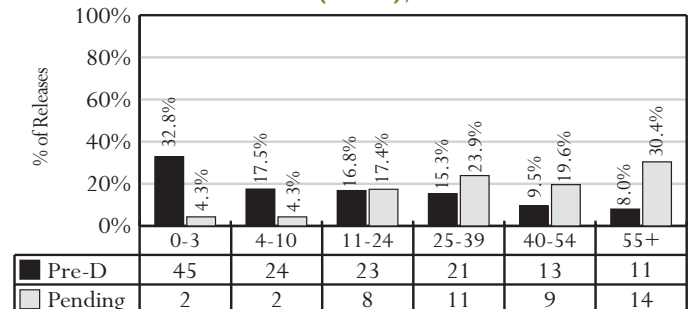
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Calvert County

200 Duke St., Suite 2800, Prince Frederick, MD 20678 (ph) 443-550-6275

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	0.6%	0.4%	1.4%
Citizen	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Police*	98.9%	99.6%	98.6%
Violation of Probation**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Complaints	181	277	294

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	61.9%	64.6%	68.4%
Informaled	19.9%	19.1%	21.8%
Authorized Formal Petition	18.2%	16.2%	9.9%
Total Complaints	181	277	294
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	8.9%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	27.3%	22.2%	10.3%
Stet	21.2%	15.6%	10.3%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	30.3%	11.1%	13.8%
Pending Disposition*	0.0%	0.0%	10.3%
Services Not Ordered	3.0%	2.2%	3.4%
Probation	9.1%	31.1%	41.4%
Committed to DJS	9.1%	8.9%	6.9%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%
Total Formal Complaints	33	45	29

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	28.0	23.9	24.9
Pre-Court	8.9	12.3	16.3
Probation	16.8	9.8	7.4
Aftercare	2.4	1.8	1.2
Committed-Aftercare	2.5	2.1	3.2

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Calvert County population (ages 11-17) increased 1.7% (from 8,920 to 9,073).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 9.9% of complaints were formalized, while 21.8% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 62.4%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 18.2% to 9.9%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 75.0% were Moderate risk and 25.0% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 15.5 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 24.3 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 37.6 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 5.1% to 5.4%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 5.1% to 3.4%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 57.4% to 50.7%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	32.0%	36.5%	40.5%
White	61.9%	60.3%	56.5%
Hispanic/Other	6.1%	3.2%	3.1%
Sex			
Male	68.5%	63.2%	73.8%
Female	31.5%	36.8%	26.2%
Age			
11 and under	6.1%	3.6%	0.3%
12	5.0%	5.8%	0.3%
13	14.4%	11.2%	6.1%
14	16.0%	13.7%	18.0%
15	13.3%	19.5%	25.5%
16	16.0%	21.7%	26.9%
17	28.2%	22.0%	22.8%
18-20	1.1%	2.5%	0.0%
Total Complaints	181	277	294

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	35.7%	13.3%	66.7%
Assault (Felony)	2.3%	0.0%	33.3%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	15.5%	6.7%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.3%	6.7%	33.3%
Harassment	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	10.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	22.5%	53.3%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	2.3%	6.7%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	3.1%	20.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	2.1%	6.7%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	4.4%	20.0%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	0.8%	0.0%	33.3%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.3%	0.0%	33.3%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	26.4%	13.3%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	22.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.5%	13.3%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	13.3%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	5.2%	6.7%	0.0%
Total Offenses	387	15	3

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

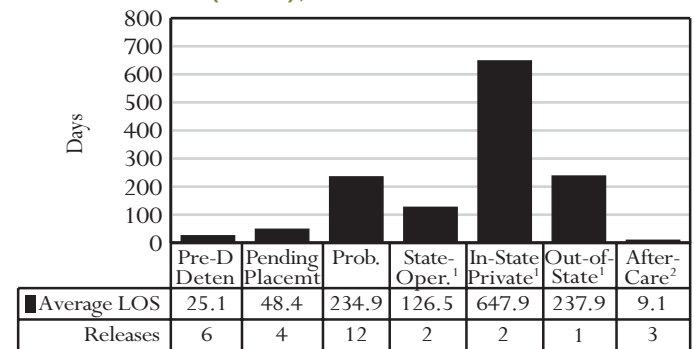
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	5.4%	0.0%	50.0%
Felony	3.4%	25.0%	50.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	3.4%	16.7%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	50.7%	58.3%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	37.8%	16.7%	0.0%
- Property	11.2%	33.3%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.4%	8.3%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	32.7%	16.7%	0.0%
CINS	7.8%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>294</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>2</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>2.4%</i>	<i>1.0%</i>	<i>0.5%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

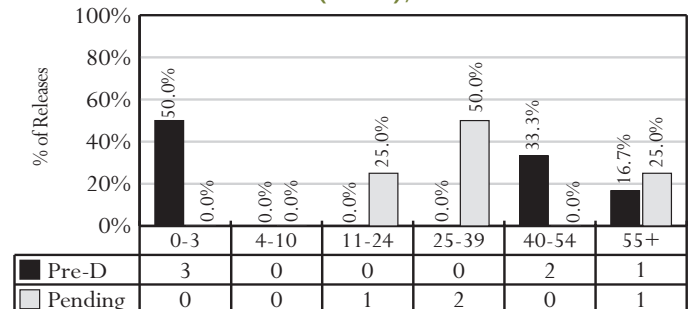
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Charles County

200 Kent Ave., La Plata, MD 20646 (ph) 301-392-6900

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	6.1%	3.5%	2.3%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Police*	93.9%	95.8%	96.7%
Violation of Probation**	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Total Complaints	179	310	519

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	55.9%	62.6%	75.3%
Informaled	2.2%	10.3%	6.7%
Authorized Formal Petition	41.9%	27.1%	17.9%
Total Complaints	179	310	519
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	25.3%	29.8%	19.4%
Stet	9.3%	25.0%	18.3%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	12.0%	13.1%	6.5%
Pending Disposition*	10.7%	1.2%	21.5%
Services Not Ordered	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	37.3%	26.2%	31.2%
Committed to DJS	2.7%	3.6%	3.2%
Committed to Other Agency	2.7%	1.2%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	75	84	93

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	37.8	26.1	25.2
Pre-Court	1.0	5.9	7.4
Probation	25.4	16.5	14.7
Aftercare	11.4	3.7	3.0
Committed-Aftercare	3.4	3.6	1.2

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Charles County population (ages 11-17) increased 7.7% (from 15,656 to 16,854).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 17.9% of complaints were formalized, while 6.7% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 189.9%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 41.9% to 17.9%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 50.0% were Moderate risk and 50.0% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 63.2 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 15.0 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 82.2 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 11.9% to 7.1%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 7.4% to 9.4%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 72.9% to 56.3%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	77.1%	80.3%	85.5%
White	17.3%	12.3%	10.8%
Hispanic/Other	5.6%	7.4%	3.7%
Sex			
Male	83.2%	68.4%	71.1%
Female	16.8%	31.6%	28.9%
Age			
11 and under	3.4%	3.5%	10.4%
12	2.2%	5.2%	10.2%
13	5.0%	3.5%	10.8%
14	5.6%	13.9%	20.2%
15	19.0%	14.5%	13.7%
16	26.8%	29.4%	17.5%
17	27.4%	18.4%	14.8%
18-20	10.6%	11.6%	2.3%
Total Complaints	179	310	519

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	45.6%	55.3%	100.0%
Assault (Felony)	2.1%	7.9%	25.0%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	20.1%	13.2%	0.0%
Carjacking	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.7%	10.5%	25.0%
Harassment	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	11.9%	10.5%	0.0%
Robbery	2.2%	2.6%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.9%	7.9%	50.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.7%	2.6%	0.0%
Property Offenses	27.6%	21.1%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.7%	5.3%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	5.5%	2.6%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	5.1%	5.3%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	6.7%	7.9%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.3%	5.3%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.2%	5.3%	0.0%
Citations	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	15.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	5.6%	18.4%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.1%	13.2%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	1.6%	5.3%	0.0%
Total Offenses	821	38	4

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

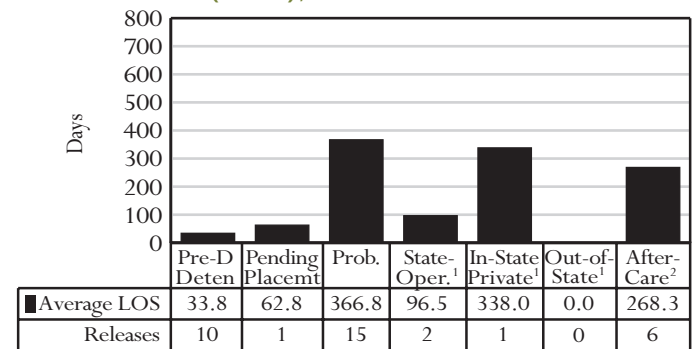
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	7.1%	20.7%	66.7%
Felony	9.4%	24.1%	33.3%
- Person-to-Person	1.3%	6.9%	33.3%
- Property	6.4%	6.9%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	10.3%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	56.3%	55.2%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	39.9%	34.5%	0.0%
- Property	15.6%	6.9%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.2%	6.9%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.6%	6.9%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	24.5%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>519</i>	<i>29</i>	<i>3</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>4.2%</i>	<i>2.4%</i>	<i>0.8%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

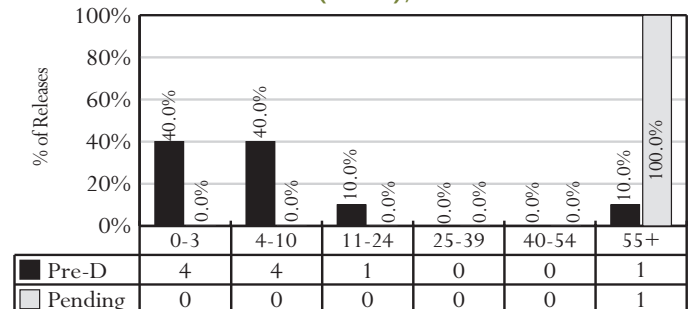
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

Prince George's County

14735 Main St., Suite M0400, Upper Marlboro, MD 20772 (ph) 301-782-1740; 1100 Mercantile Lane, Suite 120, Upper Marlboro, MD 20774 (ph) 301-386-6240

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	15.2%	10.9%	11.6%
Citizen	12.3%	19.0%	11.8%
Police*	70.0%	68.2%	74.6%
Violation of Probation**	2.4%	2.0%	2.1%
Total Complaints	454	811	968

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	29.7%	35.0%	27.7%
Informaled	13.4%	12.3%	8.6%
Authorized Formal Petition	56.8%	52.7%	63.7%
Total Complaints	454	811	968
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	8.9%	9.4%	6.2%
Stet	7.4%	11.2%	6.8%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	33.7%	21.1%	12.3%
Pending Disposition*	7.8%	12.4%	34.8%
Services Not Ordered	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	30.6%	33.3%	32.1%
Committed to DJS	10.5%	6.8%	6.0%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.8%	5.6%	1.5%
Total Formal Complaints	258	427	617

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	140.3	132.1	168.6
Pre-Court	15.3	31.7	27.0
Probation	83.7	76.4	111.8
Aftercare	41.4	24.0	29.8
Committed-Aftercare	8.9	9.5	14.3

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Prince George's County population (ages 11-17) increased 7.3% (from 77,945 to 83,663).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 63.7% of complaints were formalized, while 8.6% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 113.2%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition increased from 56.8% to 63.7%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 15.1% were High risk, 25.8% were Moderate risk, and 59.1% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 43.4 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 23.8 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 89.5 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 25.4% to 26.7%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 15.7% to 25.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 58.2% to 47.3%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP decreased from 18.5% (5) to 10.8% (4).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	79.3%	80.4%	78.9%
White	2.9%	3.2%	2.4%
Hispanic/Other	17.8%	16.4%	18.7%
Sex			
Male	81.7%	79.7%	80.5%
Female	18.3%	20.3%	19.5%
Age			
11 and under	3.5%	1.5%	0.1%
12	4.4%	4.4%	0.9%
13	8.6%	10.5%	8.1%
14	13.7%	15.3%	16.3%
15	19.6%	20.5%	27.8%
16	15.0%	20.1%	21.2%
17	25.3%	21.9%	20.7%
18-20	9.9%	5.8%	5.0%
Total Complaints	454	811	968

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	45.9%	57.1%	78.2%
Assault (Felony)	3.9%	0.4%	9.1%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	10.9%	10.5%	5.5%
Carjacking	5.5%	12.2%	20.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.0%	0.0%	3.6%
Handgun Violation	8.7%	19.7%	14.5%
Harassment	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	1.8%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	1.0%	0.0%	3.6%
Other Person ⁺	3.4%	1.3%	3.6%
Robbery	8.1%	8.8%	16.4%
Sex Offense (Felony)	1.5%	2.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	1.0%	2.1%	0.0%
Property Offenses	41.0%	34.0%	12.7%
Arson	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	8.1%	4.2%	1.8%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	0.6%	0.8%	3.6%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	4.8%	0.4%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	3.7%	1.7%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	8.7%	2.1%	1.8%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	13.2%	24.8%	5.5%
Drug-Related Offenses	2.1%	1.3%	1.8%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.9%	0.8%	1.8%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.2%	0.4%	0.0%
Citations	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	10.4%	7.1%	7.3%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.4%	3.4%	5.5%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.4%	1.3%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	1.3%	0.4%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	7.3%	2.1%	1.8%
Total Offenses	2,690	238	55

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

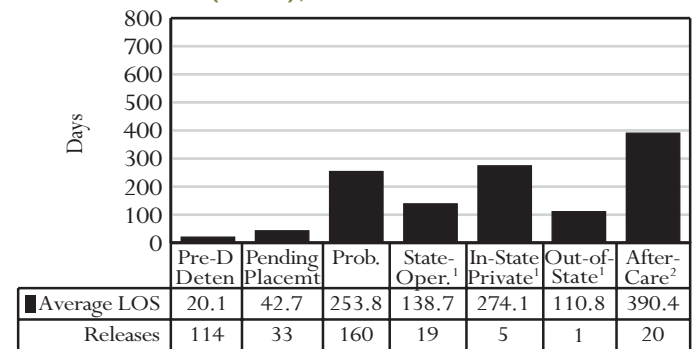
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	26.7%	27.3%	78.4%
Felony	25.6%	11.1%	8.1%
- Person-to-Person	2.0%	1.0%	0.0%
- Property	22.2%	6.1%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.2%	1.0%	2.7%
- Unspecified	0.2%	3.0%	5.4%
Misdemeanor	47.3%	61.6%	13.5%
- Person-to-Person	28.8%	35.4%	10.8%
- Property	14.7%	23.7%	2.7%
- Drugs	1.1%	0.5%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.7%	2.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.2%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>968</i>	<i>198</i>	<i>37</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>7.8%</i>	<i>16.5%</i>	<i>10.1%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

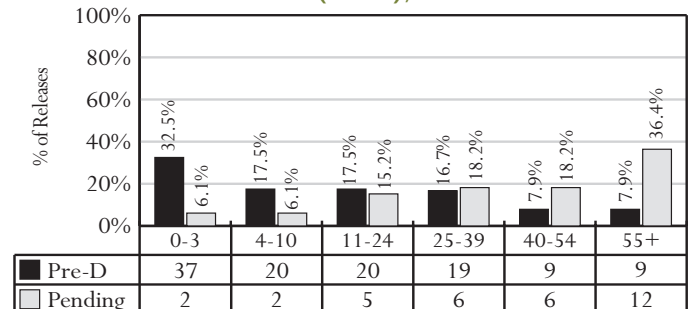
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

St. Mary's County

23110 Leonard Hall Dr., Suite 1040, Leonardtown, MD 20650 (ph) 301-880-2850

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	2.4%	0.2%	1.7%
Citizen	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Police*	95.8%	99.0%	97.3%
Violation of Probation**	1.9%	0.8%	0.2%
Total Complaints	212	494	411

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES[†], FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	59.0%	73.7%	76.6%
Informaled	17.5%	8.5%	7.5%
Authorized Formal Petition	23.6%	17.8%	15.8%
Total Complaints	212	494	411
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	26.0%	30.7%	30.8%
Stet	12.0%	8.0%	4.6%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	8.0%	19.3%	16.9%
Pending Disposition*	8.0%	3.4%	9.2%
Services Not Ordered	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	30.0%	33.0%	27.7%
Committed to DJS	10.0%	4.5%	9.2%
Committed to Other Agency	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	50	88	65

[†] Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	27.8	27.8	28.6
Pre-Court	9.0	10.2	8.2
Probation	14.5	14.7	17.0
Aftercare	4.4	2.9	3.4
Committed-Aftercare	3.3	2.5	3.6

* Average daily active cases

U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the St. Mary's County population (ages 11-17) increased 3.1% (from 10,869 to 11,201).

Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 15.8% of complaints were formalized, while 7.5% were informaled.

Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 93.9%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 23.6% to 15.8%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 37.5% were High risk, 25.0% were Moderate risk, and 37.5% were Low risk.

Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 43.0 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 16.2 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 70.9 days.

Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 5.1% to 8.8%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 3.6% to 1.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors increased from 81.0% to 81.5%.

Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- There were no commitments resulting from VOP in either year.

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	59.0%	63.6%	65.0%
White	35.8%	33.4%	29.9%
Hispanic/Other	5.2%	3.0%	5.1%
Sex			
Male	64.6%	58.1%	62.3%
Female	35.4%	41.9%	37.7%
Age			
11 and under	8.0%	6.9%	0.2%
12	5.7%	8.5%	0.2%
13	6.6%	11.7%	12.2%
14	11.3%	18.8%	20.9%
15	18.4%	18.8%	21.9%
16	16.0%	16.0%	21.7%
17	29.7%	17.8%	20.2%
18-20	4.2%	1.4%	2.7%
Total Complaints	212	494	411

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. All data represent only youth under juvenile court jurisdiction.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type <small>Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	61.7%	61.1%	50.0%
Assault (Felony)	1.8%	0.0%	12.5%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	36.9%	38.9%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.0%	5.6%	25.0%
Harassment	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.3%	5.6%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Person ⁺	15.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense (Felony)	2.1%	11.1%	12.5%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Offenses	24.4%	38.9%	50.0%
Arson	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	0.8%	0.0%	12.5%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	3.1%	0.0%	25.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	2.4%	5.6%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	9.4%	22.2%	12.5%
Other Property ⁺	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	5.4%	11.1%	0.0%
Drug-Related Offenses	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Offenses	616	18	8

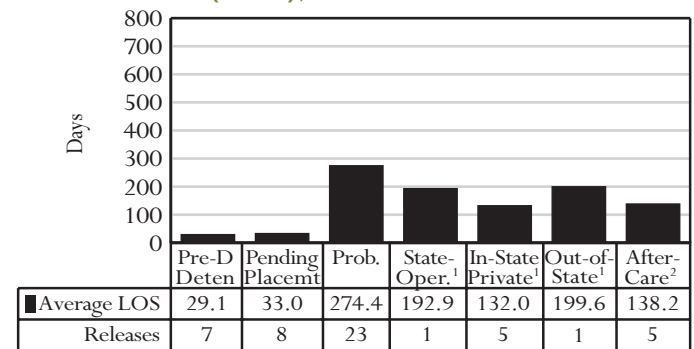
¹ Alleged offenses
² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.
⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.
^{**} Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

Offense Category* <small>of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)</small>	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	8.8%	5.6%	50.0%
Felony	1.5%	11.1%	33.3%
- Person-to-Person	0.5%	11.1%	16.7%
- Property	0.7%	0.0%	16.7%
- Drugs	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	81.5%	83.3%	16.7%
- Person-to-Person	65.0%	44.4%	16.7%
- Property	14.4%	38.9%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	6.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	1.9%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>411</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>6</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>3.3%</i>	<i>1.5%</i>	<i>1.6%</i>

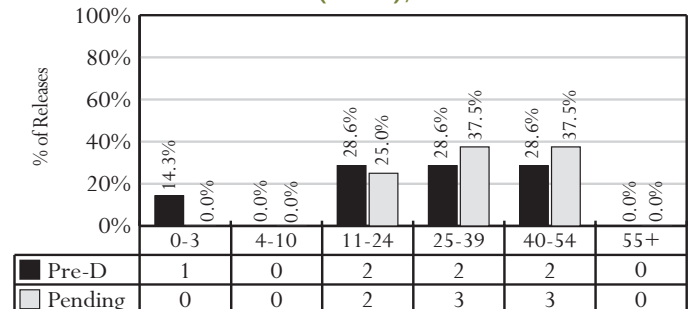
* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.
¹ Alleged offenses
² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program
² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

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Region 8

300 N. Gay Street, Baltimore, MD 21202 443-263-8796;
520 N. Hilton Street, Baltimore, MD 21229 410-464-2427

Regional Director: Olusola Ogunranti
Baltimore City
8th Judicial Circuit

COMPLAINT SOURCE, FY 2021-2023

Complaint Source	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Adult Court Transfers	17.3%	18.9%	12.0%
Citizen	1.7%	5.1%	7.7%
Police*	77.7%	72.8%	77.9%
Violation of Probation**	3.3%	3.2%	2.4%
Total Complaints	583	750	1,139

* Includes referrals from School Resource Officers

** Includes only technical violations

CASE FORWARDING DECISIONS AND COURT ACTION FOR FORMALIZED CASES¹, FY 2021-2023

Case Forwarding Decision	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Resolved	8.9%	25.2%	38.3%
Informaled	7.0%	9.7%	11.9%
Authorized Formal Petition	84.0%	65.1%	49.8%
Total Complaints	583	750	1,139
Court Action for Formalized Cases			
CRIA ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Petition Withdrawn, Denied by SAO, Non Est	7.1%	4.3%	10.2%
Stet	0.0%	1.2%	0.5%
Jurisdiction Waived to Adult Ct	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Dismissed, Closed, Nolle Pros	49.2%	45.1%	19.8%
Pending Disposition*	5.1%	9.0%	22.2%
Services Not Ordered	1.4%	0.2%	0.0%
Probation	20.6%	25.4%	30.0%
Committed to DJS	16.5%	14.8%	16.2%
Committed to Other Agency	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other**	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Formal Complaints	490	488	567

¹ Reflects the ultimate disposition at court. ¹ Court Remand for Informal Action

* Includes Continuance without DJS Supervision, Continued Cases, Waiver from Juvenile to Adult-Denied, Writ Pending, and Pending at the time of final data collection for the DRG. This number will change with court completions.

** Includes Commitment Rescinded-Aftercare Supervision, Jurisdiction Transferred, and Interstate Courtesy.

AVERAGE CASELOAD*, FY 2021-2023

	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Community	319.4	294.5	322.9
Pre-Court	14.7	24.5	36.4
Probation	201.5	191.4	214.7
Aftercare	103.2	78.7	71.7
Committed-Aftercare	23.0	24.4	35.1

* Average daily active cases

• U.S. Census and Maryland Department of Planning Estimation Data:

- Between July 2018 and July 2022, the Baltimore City population (ages 11-17) decreased 1.2% (from 46,613 to 46,059).

• Intake Case Forwarding Decisions (FY 2023):

- 49.8% of complaints were formalized, while 11.9% were informaled.

• Intake Trends (FY 2021-2023):

- Total complaints increased 95.4%.
- The percentage of total complaints authorized for formal petition decreased from 84.0% to 49.8%.
- Note: Many 2023 cases are still pending court action, so a disposition trend is not presented.

• Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (FY 2023):

- For Pre-Dispositional Detention admissions with a completed DRAI, 26.8% were High risk, 31.8% were Moderate risk, and 41.3% were Low risk.

• Time Frames - Averages (FY 2023):

- Time from offense to intake referral date was 40.0 days.
- Time from intake referral date to case forwarding decision was 15.7 days.
- Time from case forwarding decision to sustained adjudication was 53.0 days.

• Offense Category for Intake Cases (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 33.6% to 19.6%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 21.2% to 26.9%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors increased from 44.1% to 49.8%.

• Commitments for VOP (FY 2021-2023):

- The percentage of commitments resulting from VOP increased from 2.5% (2) to 3.3% (3).

INTAKE COMPLAINT DECISION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	94.0%	93.7%	93.9%
White	3.1%	3.6%	4.0%
Hispanic/Other	2.9%	2.7%	2.0%
Sex			
Male	89.2%	82.5%	77.3%
Female	10.8%	17.5%	22.7%
Age			
11 and under	0.2%	2.7%	0.2%
12	2.7%	3.2%	1.0%
13	6.0%	6.8%	8.0%
14	16.8%	12.0%	16.9%
15	25.9%	21.5%	26.3%
16	18.5%	18.8%	22.9%
17	24.7%	26.3%	20.6%
18-20	5.1%	8.8%	4.1%
Total Complaints	583	750	1,139

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OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Offense Type Includes all offenses in complaint(s) (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Charges ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Person-to-Person	55.6%	53.8%	78.2%
Assault (Felony)	3.1%	2.2%	7.3%
Assault (Misdemeanor)	17.4%	8.8%	0.9%
Carjacking	2.2%	0.5%	5.5%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	4.1%	0.5%	1.8%
Handgun Violation	14.8%	35.2%	41.8%
Harassment	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	1.4%	0.0%	5.5%
Other Person ⁺	3.1%	0.0%	0.9%
Robbery	7.8%	4.9%	13.6%
Sex Offense (Felony)	0.8%	1.1%	0.9%
Sex Offense (Misd.)	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%
Property Offenses	27.2%	18.7%	10.9%
Arson	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	11.8%	2.7%	2.7%
Burglary/Break (Felony)	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break (Misd.)	1.8%	1.1%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	3.2%	0.5%	0.0%
Other Property ⁺	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft (Felony)	2.4%	0.5%	0.9%
Theft (Misdemeanor)	6.0%	13.7%	7.3%
Drug-Related Offenses	5.6%	4.4%	4.5%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	4.0%	2.2%	4.5%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	1.6%	2.2%	0.0%
Citations	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Possession of Marj. <10g	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic Viol. Non-Incarc.	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS Offenses**	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.9%	0.5%	0.0%
Uncategorized Offenses	8.3%	22.5%	6.4%
Cons. to Commit Offense	3.3%	4.4%	1.8%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.7%	0.5%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.6%	0.5%	1.8%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	3.8%	17.0%	2.7%
Total Offenses	2,091	182	110

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

⁺ The most common offenses for Other Person and Other Property are listed in Appendix L.

** Includes Runaway, Truant, and Ungovernable

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

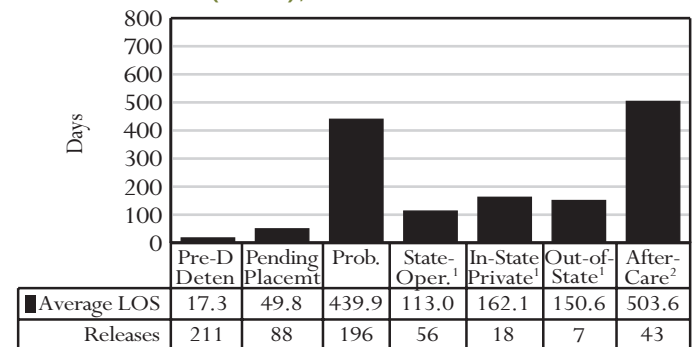
Offense Category* of the Most Serious Offense (VOPs categorized by original offense)	Intake Cases ¹	Probation Dispositions ²	Commitment Dispositions ²
Crime of Violence	19.6%	8.2%	39.1%
Felony	26.9%	10.0%	10.9%
- Person-to-Person	1.4%	1.8%	2.2%
- Property	20.2%	3.5%	3.3%
- Drugs	5.1%	1.8%	3.3%
- Unspecified	0.2%	2.9%	2.2%
Misdemeanor	49.8%	81.8%	50.0%
- Person-to-Person	37.3%	46.5%	39.1%
- Property	10.6%	14.7%	7.6%
- Drugs	0.6%	2.4%	0.0%
- Unspecified	1.2%	18.2%	3.3%
Ordinance Offenses	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	3.1%	N/A	N/A
Interstate Warrant/Hold	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Complaints/Dispositions</i>	<i>1,139</i>	<i>170</i>	<i>92</i>
<i>% of Statewide</i>	<i>9.2%</i>	<i>14.1%</i>	<i>25.2%</i>

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

¹ Alleged offenses

² Adjudicated offenses from FY 2023 complaints. Many are still pending court action.

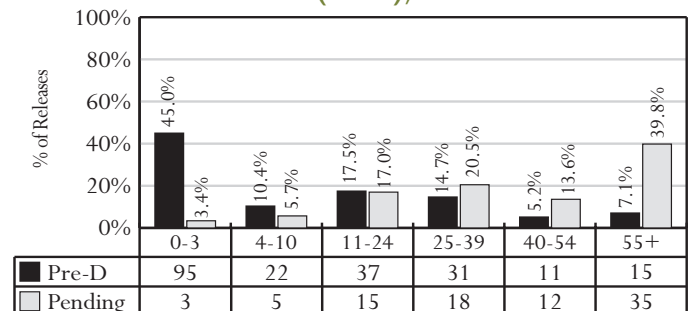
AVERAGE LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES



¹ Average LOS for releases from a treatment program

² Average LOS on aftercare following release from a treatment program

YOUTH DETENTION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 RELEASES*



* Selected time intervals are based on statute, code, and policy.

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Pre-Court Supervision

Pre-Court supervision in Maryland is a statewide program that serves to divert youth from formal juvenile court processing. Also referred to as “informal adjustment,” it is a way of holding youth accountable for their actions while avoiding formal processing in the courts. A DJS intake officer can offer Pre-Court supervision when it is determined that the juvenile court has jurisdiction, but it would be in the best interests of the public and the youth to handle the complaint without judicial action. Youth referred for less serious offenses and with a lower risk of recidivism are more likely to be handled informally. Youth with non-violent felony offenses can also be referred for Pre-Court. Approval is required from the State’s Attorney’s Office for violent felonies. A Pre-Court supervision agreement is a contract unique to the case that outlines the purpose, proposed length, conditions of behavior, and services to be accessed. The parties agree to participate, and intake staff provides support to ensure that youth and families can access services where applicable. Conditions may include short-term participation in an Evening Reporting Center (ERC) program (for first-time, serious offenders), participation in Multisystemic Therapy (MST) or Functional Family Therapy (FFT), referrals to Maryland Coalition of Families (MCF) to work with a family peer support specialist, Neighborhood Youth Panels, teen court, restitution payments, community service completion, or specialized substance abuse/mental health counseling or treatment programs. The assigned Intake Case Management Supervisor maintains contact with the youth, parent/guardian, and service providers to provide support in ensuring progress in meeting the Pre-Court supervision agreement terms. The Department must make reasonable efforts to contact the victim prior to proceeding with the Pre-Court supervision agreement.

If the conditions of the agreement are met, the case is generally closed. If terms are not successfully met, the case may be sent to the State’s Attorney for formal processing or closed. All parties to the agreement and the arresting officer are informed about the failure to complete the terms, and the subsequent decision about the case, and all have a right to appeal.

COMPLAINTS PLACED ON PRE-COURT SUPERVISION BY REGION, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	7.9%	5.9%	8.8%
Region 2	7.2%	6.2%	6.8%
Region 3	13.2%	10.0%	12.2%
Region 4	7.5%	10.2%	8.4%
Region 5	22.4%	19.0%	17.0%
Region 6	17.6%	19.2%	20.4%
Region 7	16.2%	19.6%	14.5%
Region 8	8.0%	9.9%	12.1%
Total Cases	876	1,315	1,508

CASES BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	49.3%	54.5%	57.0%
White	40.3%	36.4%	30.3%
Hispanic/Other	10.4%	9.0%	12.7%
Sex			
Male	73.7%	71.9%	72.5%
Female	26.3%	28.1%	27.5%
Age			
11 and under	4.6%	4.0%	1.3%
12	5.3%	7.0%	1.3%
13	8.0%	12.1%	11.9%
14	12.3%	17.9%	20.0%
15	20.0%	19.3%	26.0%
16	17.6%	21.5%	23.1%
17	29.1%	17.0%	15.3%
18-20	3.2%	1.3%	1.1%
Total Complaints	876	1,315	1,508

• Placement Trends:

- Overall placements to Pre-Court supervision increased 72.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 14.7% from FY 2022 to FY 2023.
- The highest percentage of placements to Pre-Court supervision came from Region 5 in FY 2021, Region 7 in FY 2022 and from Region 6 in FY 2023.

• Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 12.2% to 12.9%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 12.5% to 22.9%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 70.4% to 57.8%.
- Misdemeanors comprised over half of all alleged offenses for youth placed on Pre-Court supervision in FY 2023.
- See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.

• Completion Status (FY 2023):

- Statewide, nearly two thirds of youth placed on Pre-Court supervision completed the terms of their agreement.
- The percentage of successful completions ranged from 51.1% to 83.2% for counties having more than 10 releases.

• Length of Stay (FY 2023):

- Nearly half of youth released from Pre-Court supervision had a LOS of 61-90 days.

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CASES BY OFFENSE, FY 2023

Most Serious Alleged Offense	FY2023
Offense Type	
Arson	0.9%
Auto Theft/Unauthorized Use	11.2%
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	8.8%
Carjacking	0.3%
Conspiracy to Commit Offense	0.2%
Deadly Weapon	2.5%
Disturbing the Peace	0.9%
First Degree Assault-Felony	3.1%
Handgun Violation	0.8%
Malicious Destruction	5.1%
Manslaughter	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	1.0%
Murder	0.0%
Narcotics (CDS-Felony)	5.2%
Narcotics (CDS-Misd.)	2.8%
Other/Missing ¹	10.3%
Resisting Arrest	0.7%
Robbery	4.6%
Second Degree Assault-Misdemeanor	27.1%
Sex Offense	2.0%
Theft Felony	3.5%
Theft Misdemeanor	6.3%
Trespassing	1.5%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	1.2%
Offense Category	
Crime of Violence*	12.9%
Felony	22.9%
- Person-to-Person	2.1%
- Property	15.3%
- Drugs	5.2%
- Unspecified	0.3%
Misdemeanor	57.8%
- Person-to-Person	37.3%
- Property	17.5%
- Drugs	1.6%
- Unspecified	1.3%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%
Citations	1.6%
CINS	4.7%
Total Cases	1,508

¹ Includes: Affray, Alcoholic Bev. Violation, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Escape, Extortion by Verbal Threat, False Alarm, False Report, Fraud-Misdemeanor, Harassment, Identity Fraud, Judicial Process-Influence or Intimidate-Misdemeanor, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Telephone Misuse, Threat of mass violence, Truant, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, Unlawful Visual Surveillance of Private Place, Vaporizer Violation, Violation of Local Ordinance, and Violation of Natural Resources Article.

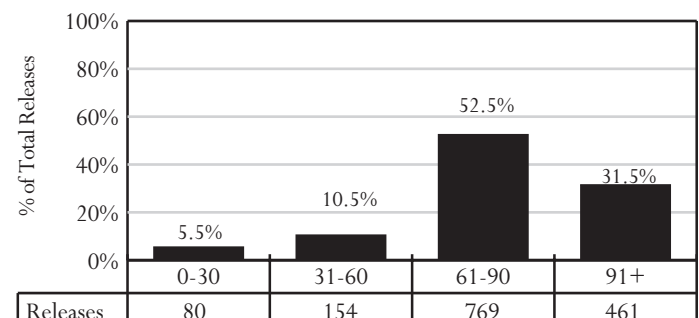
* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

CASE CLOSURES AND COMPLETION STATUS BY COUNTY/REGION, FY 2023

Region/County	Releases	Successful	Unsuccessful [^]
Region 1	117	56.4%	43.6%
Dorchester	21	47.6%	52.4%
Somerset	13	53.8%	46.2%
Wicomico	52	61.5%	38.5%
Worcester	31	54.8%	45.2%
Region 2	95	83.2%	16.8%
Caroline	8	62.5%	37.5%
Cecil	56	87.5%	12.5%
Kent	5	60.0%	40.0%
Queen Anne's	19	89.5%	10.5%
Talbot	7	71.4%	28.6%
Region 3	166	68.1%	31.9%
Baltimore Co.	133	66.2%	33.8%
Harford	33	75.8%	24.2%
Region 4	119	79.8%	20.2%
Allegany	29	86.2%	13.8%
Garrett	22	77.3%	22.7%
Washington	68	77.9%	22.1%
Region 5	269	71.7%	28.3%
Anne Arundel	105	66.7%	33.3%
Carroll	94	81.9%	18.1%
Howard	70	65.7%	34.3%
Region 6	291	55.3%	44.7%
Frederick	74	71.6%	28.4%
Montgomery	217	49.8%	50.2%
Region 7	225	76.4%	23.6%
Calvert	59	78.0%	22.0%
Charles	31	93.5%	6.5%
Prince George's	101	68.3%	31.7%
St. Mary's	34	82.4%	17.6%
Region 8	182	51.1%	48.9%
Baltimore City	182	51.1%	48.9%
Statewide	1,464	66.4%	33.6%

[^] Includes withdraw of consent by a third party as well as SAO overrides

PRE-COURT SUPERVISION LOS (DAYS), FY 2023 CASE CLOSURES*



* Basic agreement is 90 days but can be extended by a court to 180 days.

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Pre-Court Supervision (cont.)

PRE-COURT SERVICE AND PROVIDER OPTIONS, FY 2023

Region	Service	Location
Region 1	Community Conferencing	All Counties in Region
	Family Centered Treatment (FCT)	All Counties in Region
	Family Preservation (DSS in-home)	All Counties in Region
	Functional Family Therapy (FFT)	All Counties in Region
	Maryland Coalition of Families (MCF)	All Counties in Region
	Mobile Crisis	All Counties in Region
	Victim Awareness	All Counties in Region
	Wraparound MD	All Counties in Region
	Anger Management	Wicomico
	Choices	Wicomico
	Evening Reporting Center (ERC)	Wicomico
	Kumon Learning	Wicomico
	Mentoring	Wicomico
Tri County Mediation	Wicomico	
Region 2	Community Conferencing	All Counties in Region
	Family Centered Treatment (FCT)	All Counties in Region
	Functional Family Therapy (FFT)	All Counties in Region
	Maryland Coalition of Families (MCF)	All Counties in Region
	Mobile Crisis	All Counties in Region
	Victim Awareness	All Counties in Region
	Wraparound MD	All Counties in Region
	Teen Court (Diversion)	Caroline and Talbot
	Mediation	Cecil
	YES (Youth Empowerment Source)	Cecil
	Neighborhood Youth Panel	Cecil
Region 3	Community Conferencing (CRC)	Baltimore County
	JOINS	Baltimore County
	Multisystemic Therapy-Emerging Adults (MST-EA)	Baltimore County
	Youth Advocate Program (YAP)	Baltimore County
	Choice	Baltimore County
	Anger Management	Both Counties in Region
	Family Centered Treatment (FCT)	Both Counties in Region
	Functional Family Therapy (FFT)	Both Counties in Region
	Maryland Coalition of Families (MCF)	Both Counties in Region
	Victim Awareness	Both Counties in Region
	DJS Evening Reporting Ctr. (ERC)	Eastern Baltimore County
Teen Court	Harford	
Region 4	Anger Management	All Counties in Region
	Family Centered Treatment (FCT)	All Counties in Region
	Homebuilders	All Counties in Region
	Shoplifting Abatement	All Counties in Region
	Victim Awareness and Education Program (VAEP)	All Counties in Region
	Juvenile Firesetters Program	Washington
	Multisystemic Therapy (MST)	Washington
	Liberation, Inc	Washington
	Opportunity Hub	Washington
	Juvenile Diversion (Potomac Case Management)	Washington

PRE-COURT SERVICE AND PROVIDER OPTIONS, FY 2023

Region	Service	Location
Region 5	Anger Management	All Counties in Region
	Family Centered Treatment (FCT)	All Counties in Region
	Functional Family Therapy (FFT)	All Counties in Region
	Victim Awareness	All Counties in Region
	Project Chesapeake	Anne Arundel
	Maryland Coalition of Families (MCF)	Anne Arundel, Carroll
	Choice	Anne Arundel, Howard
	Youth Advocate Programs (YAP)	Anne Arundel, Howard
	Family Engagement	Carroll
Firesetter's Diversion	Howard	
Region 6	Anger Management	Both Counties in Region
	Conflict Resolution Center of Montgomery County	Both Counties in Region
	Functional Family Therapy (FFT)	Both Counties in Region
	Mentoring MD/Sevita Health	Both Counties in Region
	Multisystemic Therapy (MST)	Both Counties in Region
	Truancy Review Board/ Council	Both Counties in Region
	Victim Awareness	Both Counties in Region
	Juvenile Entry Diversion Initiative (JEDI)	Frederick
	Juvenile Firesetters Program	Frederick
	Positive Alternative for Dangerous Destructive Decisions (PADD)	Frederick
	Shoplifting Abatement	Frederick
	Youthful Offender Program	Frederick
	Choice	Montgomery
	Evening Reporting Center - Pride Youth Services	Montgomery
Family Intervention Services (FIS)	Montgomery	
Maryland Coalition of Families (MCF)	Montgomery	
Region 7	Anger Management	All Counties in Region
	Family Centered Treatment (FCT)	All Counties in Region
	Functional Family Therapy (FFT)	All Counties in Region
	Victim Awareness	All Counties in Region
	Tri-County Youth Services	Charles, Calvert, St. Mary's
	Choice	Prince George's
	PG Evening Reporting Center (ERC)	Prince George's
Multisystemic Therapy (MST)	Prince George's, Charles	
Region 8	Anger Management	Baltimore City
	Choice	Baltimore City
	DJS Evening Reporting Center (ERC)	Baltimore City
	Fresh Start	Baltimore City
	Maryland Coalition of Families (MCF)	Baltimore City
	Mentoring Network	Baltimore City
	PACT Evening Reporting Center (ERC)	Baltimore City
	Restorative Response Baltimore	Baltimore City
	Teen Court	Baltimore City
Victim Awareness	Baltimore City	

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Section III: Detention



DJS youth participated in a JSEP and CHAMPS hosted Egg-Stravaganza statewide STEM contest at BCJJC. Youth had to think as an engineer does to create and decorate a vehicle with the goal of carrying an egg through the race course without breaking it..

Introduction to Detention

DJS operates five detention facilities across the State, since closing Alfred D. Noyes Children’s Center in October 2022, to provide temporary and secure custody of youth subject to court jurisdiction. Youth may be detained at various points in the juvenile justice system. The juvenile court may order detention for youth pending a court hearing (pre- or post-disposition), pending initial placement in a treatment program, or pending placement in a treatment program post-removal. Youth are commonly detained for new complaints alleging delinquent behavior, writs and warrants issued by the court, or violations of alternatives to detention (ATD) program conditions. Additionally, DJS intake officers have the authority to detain youth under certain conditions. Note that youth pending adult criminal charges may also be held in DJS detention facilities while the transfer of jurisdiction from adult to juvenile court is being considered (*see “Youth Charged as Adults Pending Transfer” on page 128-129*).

DETENTION PROCESS

The decision whether to detain a youth is primarily determined by the juvenile court. However, juvenile detention may be authorized by DJS intake officers on a temporary basis at the request of a law enforcement officer or community detention officer. DJS is empowered by statute to detain a youth who either poses a clear risk to themselves/others, or is deemed likely to fail to appear for the subsequent court hearing. The Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI- see Appendix C) guides this decision, which is subject to court review on the next court day. The DRAI objectively informs detention decisions by taking into account three factors:

- (1) the assessed risk that a youth will reoffend or will fail to appear for a court hearing, based on known risk factors from the youth’s history, including offenses adjudicated and pending adjudication;
- (2) seriousness of the current alleged offense; and
- (3) other factors that require DJS to temporarily detain a youth regardless of risk or offense seriousness, including an outstanding writ, warrant, or interstate hold.

By law, the DRAI must be validated every five years in order to ensure that the assessed risk factors remain both accurate and predictive. The DRAI is an essential tool for the Department and the court to ensure fair and evidence-based decision making regarding the use of secure detention.

DETENTION ADMISSIONS

Each detention facility operates an admissions area 24 hours a day where all youth admitted to detention are processed. An admissions officer interviews youth to collect and verify basic identifying information. The admissions officer also searches the DJS information system to obtain available information on a youth’s delinquency and placement history. A photograph of each youth is taken and included in the case record for identification purposes. Each youth receives a facility handbook that includes information on facility procedures, the

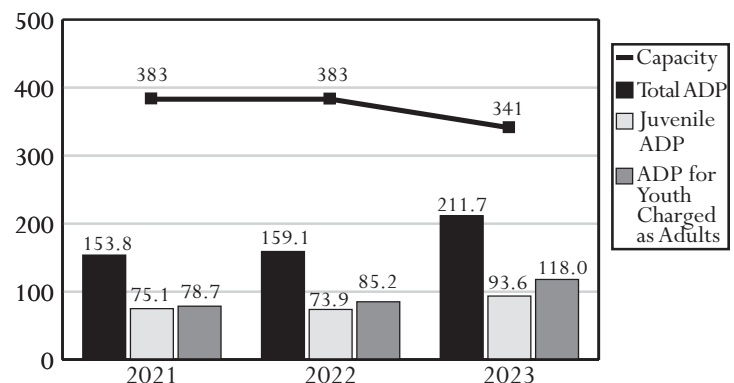
behavior motivation program, services and programming, grievance procedures, and the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA). Youth are issued clothing to wear in the facility. Personal clothing is cleaned, catalogued, packaged, and placed in secure storage.

The admissions process includes an initial health screening. A Registered Nurse conducts the admission health assessment, which consists of a review of physical health, mental health, and substance abuse needs. A licensed physician or nurse practitioner conducts a review of medical history and a physical examination within seven days of admission.

DETENTION CASE MANAGEMENT

Youth detained by the juvenile court are assigned a DJS community case manager and a facility case manager. The community case manager visits the youth in detention, interviews the youth and family, and completes required investigations and/or assessments, e.g., a Social History Investigation or MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment (see Appendix C). The facility case manager acts as a liaison with the court,

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION VS CAPACITY*, FY 2021-2023



*The decrease in capacity for FY 2023 reflects the closure of Thomas J.S. Waxter Children’s Center. **Total ADP has consistently been below capacity.**

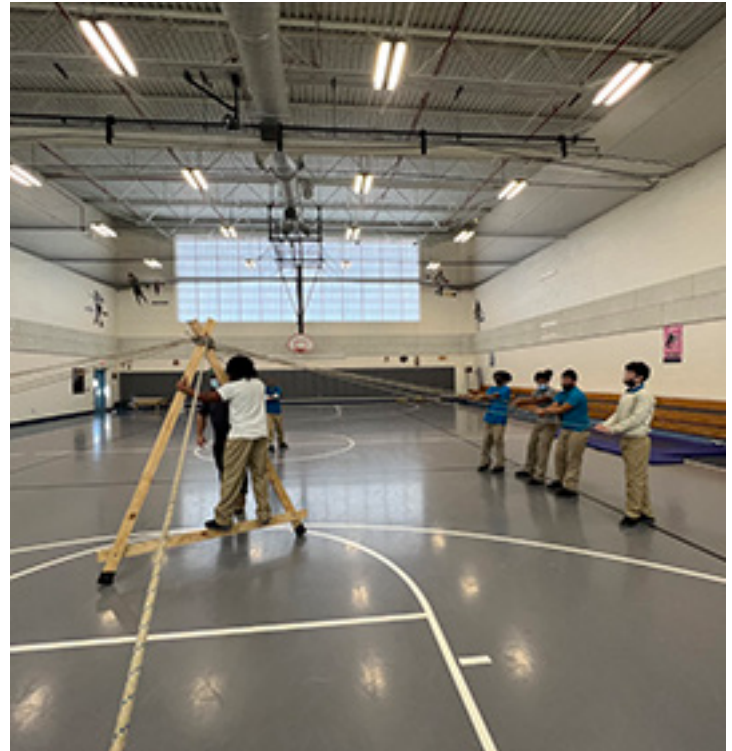
family, community case manager, and treatment service providers while the youth is in detention. The facility case manager also assists youth with understanding the facility handbooks and the behavior motivation program upon admission to the facility, and answers any questions the youth may have. They facilitate individual meetings, weekly groups, and activities. They monitor youth progress in the behavior motivation program and may provide information and input for the Multidisciplinary Assessment Staffing Team meetings.

Services Provided in Detention Facilities

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES

DJS Behavioral Health Services (BHS) establishes and implements policies concerning the delivery of mental health, substance use, and evidence-based treatment services to youth under DJS supervision. BHS licensed and certified staff counselors and contractors provide assessments and necessary services. BHS provides integrated mental health and substance use disorder screening, assessments, and short-term crisis services in DJS detention facilities. For youth who are pending placement, BHS provides individual and family therapy in order to prepare youth to transition to a treatment program. This allows youth the opportunity to begin working on treatment goals and begin learning dialectical behavior therapy (DBT) skills.

Upon admission to a detention center, each youth is screened by trained staff for urgent behavioral health concerns. Within seven days of admission the youth is assessed by a qualified behavioral health professional. The screening consists of an interview, the administration of tests as appropriate, and the review of any prior assessments or records (e.g., psychosocial or clinical assessments). If the initial behavioral health screen reveals mental health concerns, more in-depth evaluations or additional services are recommended. These evaluations, conducted by psychiatrists, social workers or



Youth at Cheltenham Youth Detention Center participating in the Reflections low ropes and team-building activities program.

licensed psychologists, examine the emotional, adaptive, and cognitive functioning of detained youth.

Additionally, counselors and other behavioral health staff screen and assess youth in detention and determine appropriate levels of substance use treatment. This information assists case managers in linking youth with appropriate community and residential services. Behavioral health staff work closely with the Department's medical director for those youth requiring medication management as a result of their drug addiction.

CAPACITY, ADMISSIONS, ADP, AND UTILIZATION, FY 2023*

Facility	Capacity	Admissions	ADP	Utilization
Alfred D. Noyes	29	26	2.8	9.7%
Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Ctr	120	432	66.2	55.2%
Charles H. Hickey School	72	289	55.7	77.3%
Cheltenham Youth Facility	72	432	55.9	77.6%
Lower Eastern Shore Children's Ctr	24	115	16.5	68.6%
Western MD Children's Center	24	102	14.7	61.1%
Total	341	1,208**	211.7	62.1%

*Includes youth charged as adults pending transfer. Noyes closed on 10/18/2022.

**Total represents placements, not admissions.

SOMATIC HEALTH SERVICES

The Somatic Health Services Unit provides comprehensive, quality health care and nutritional services in an integrated fashion to address the full range of needs of the youth and to ensure a continuum of care in the DJS residential programs. The unit's mission is to protect, promote, and advance the health of all youth in the care of the Department.

The health care system provides medical, dental, optometry, midwifery, pharmacy, and dietetic services in an interdisciplinary fashion that is

STUDENTS SERVED BY JSEP, FY 2023

	FY 2023 (Quarters)			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Alfred D. Noyes Children's Center*	50	18	54	21
Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center	279	127	137	135
Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School	198	109	116	113
Cheltenham Youth Detention Center	167	109	124	116
Lower Eastern Shore Children's Center	48	32	37	50
Western MD Children's Center	46	30	26	32

*Noyes temporarily closed as of October 2022. Youth moved to Cheltenham but were still served by Noyes JSEP staff and captured as Noyes youth in PowerSchool. Data for the 3rd and 4th quarters reflects these youth. This is the only table where these youth are counted as Noyes youth. All other tables in this section count them in the CYDC population.

developmentally appropriate for youth. These services are delivered in accordance with the standards of care set forth by the National Commission on Correctional Health Care, the American Academy of Pediatrics, the Centers for Disease Control, and the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Academy of Sciences.

Youth admitted to DJS residential programs require ongoing, routine preventative health care. In some cases, youth may have unmet or chronic health care needs upon admission or may develop an acute health condition that needs to be addressed. The Department ensures that each program has licensed nurses and clinical practitioners, as well as comprehensive laboratory and pharmacy services, to meet the health care needs of the youth. The health centers provide health care accessibility 24/7 with infirmary care for higher acuity medical needs. For specialty, surgical, emergency, or in-patient care that may be required, youth are transported to community providers as needed.

Each youth must have a current nursing assessment, history and physical examination, vision screening, and dental screening upon admission. Additionally, youth are screened or tested for anemia and infectious diseases including tuberculosis, COVID-19, sexually transmitted infections, and HIV. Comprehensive gynecological care is provided either on-site or in the community in order to meet individual needs.

Immunization records are requested for all youth, and DJS makes every effort to fully immunize youth who are not up to date on recommended and required vaccinations. DJS participates in the Federal Vaccines for Children Program.

The care and services delivered, as well as the performance of the private health care providers, are continually monitored by the Office of Somatic Health Services in order to ensure compliance and optimal quality of care.

EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

The Juvenile Services Education Program's (JSEP) primary focus is to provide exceptional educational opportunities to students and assist them in accruing credits toward graduation or to receive a diploma by examination (GED). JSEP utilizes a combination of online course providers and blended learning courses facilitated by JSEP teachers to provide credit recovery and original credit opportunities for students. Online course providers afford students the opportunity to retake courses to obtain the mastery needed for credit to use towards graduation requirements. If a student has successfully attained their high school diploma or GED, higher education courses are available through three community college partnerships (see the JSEP Section on page 12 for more information).

RECREATIONAL SERVICES

Structured recreation programs are available to all youth in detention. The recreation program provides a variety of activities promoting physical health and wellness. Youth are required by policy to participate in recreational activities for a minimum of one hour per day; however, DJS provides programming opportunities that far exceed this minimum requirement.

Changing Habits and Making Progressive Strides (C.H.A.M.P.S.) is an incentive-based program that provides youth opportunities to compete with other facilities through recreation, arts, athletic, and academic events.



Youth at Lower Eastern Shore Children's Center participating in a "Minute to Win It" challenge



Youth at the Baltimore Juvenile Justice Center listened to Eric “Shabazz the OG” Lowe, a motivational speaker and Instagram personality who shared his life story and the steps he used to change his life.

Pending Placement

PENDING PLACEMENT (POST-DISPOSITION)

Youth who have been committed to the custody of the Department for residential placement may be placed in detention on a temporary basis by the juvenile court. Youth detained post-disposition are considered to be ‘pending placement’ as they are waiting to be placed into an out-of-home treatment program for committed youth.

Youth who are pending placement receive the same core services as listed above for pre-disposition cases.

In accordance with DJS policy, youth receive visits from their community case manager within the first 10 days of detention and every 14 days after their initial visit. Each facility also allows family visitation daily.

A court review hearing is held in accordance with Md. Code’s Courts and Judicial Proceedings Article, §3-8A-15(k) for any youth in detention 14 days after the court has made a disposition. At the hearing, DJS is required to explain the reasons for continued detention. The court will continue to conduct a hearing every 14 days thereafter until a youth has been placed.

During the pending placement period, the facility and community case managers maintain contact with the youth’s family and are also responsible for reporting to the juvenile court regarding the youth’s placement status. In addition to court review, pending placement cases are reviewed by the Department on a weekly basis at facility management meetings. Regional-level meetings are held monthly to review placement statistics and identify barriers to placement and ways to expedite the process.

PENDING PLACEMENT AFTER REMOVAL FROM A TREATMENT PROGRAM FOR COMMITTED YOUTH

Some youth committed to the custody of the Department cannot be safely maintained in their program and must be removed. Youth removed from a treatment program who require a new committed



Youth at Cheltenham Youth Detention Center participated in the first-ever facility Art Show Exhibit including murals, epoxy, 3D designs, self-expression pieces, and more..

placement are often placed in detention. Those with a new offense would be considered Pre-Disposition (Pre-D).

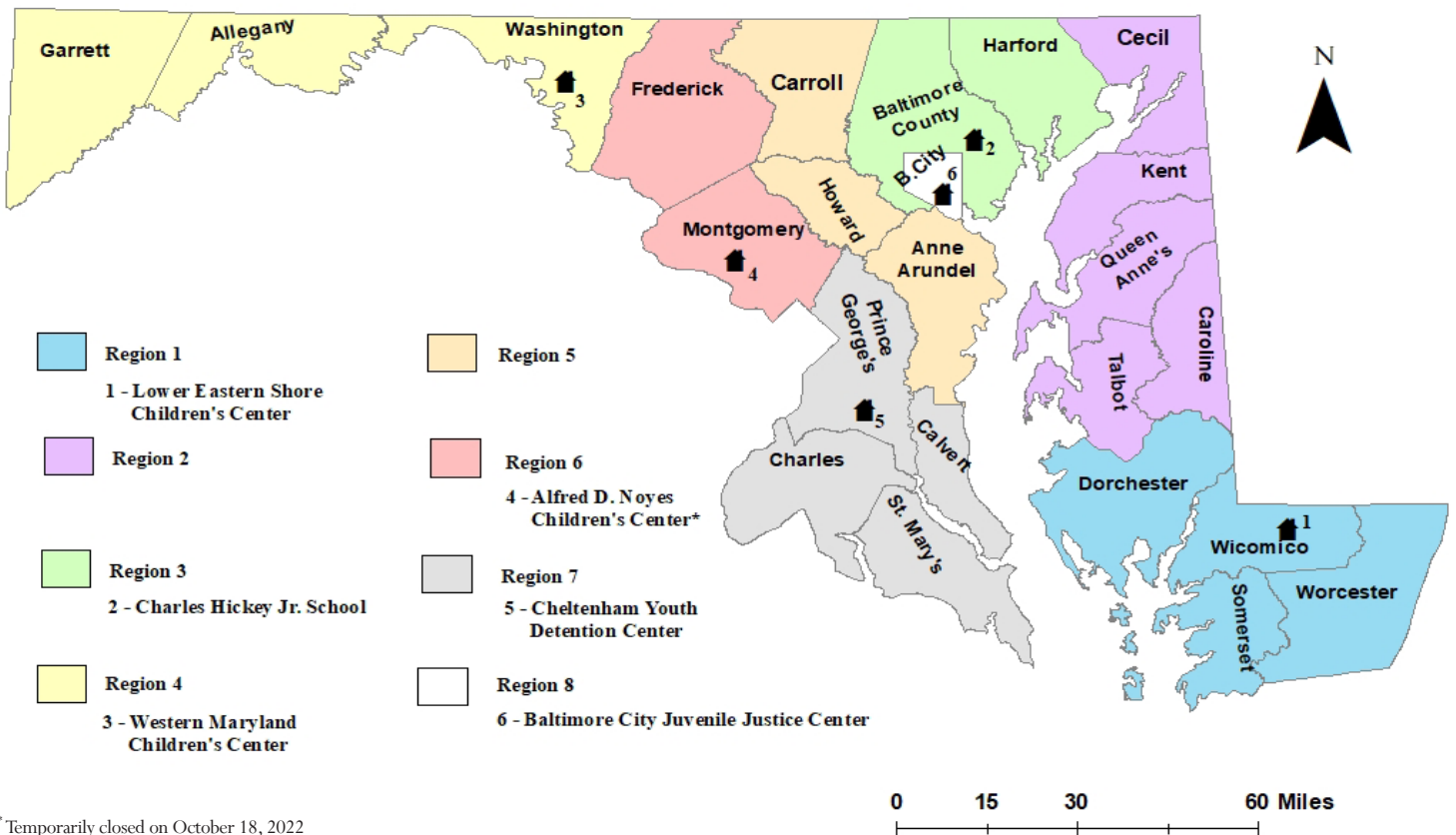
While detained pending a new placement, the Department’s Central Review Committee (CRC) re-evaluates the youth’s case and works to secure acceptance to the most appropriate alternative program. Youth ultimately placed in a committed treatment program are transferred as soon as possible based on available bed space.

A Note to Readers:

Placements versus Admissions: A placement is based on a decision made by an intake officer or judge to place a youth into detention. An admission occurs when a youth physically enters a facility either through direct placement or through transfer. Therefore, during one placement, a youth may have several admissions, and these counts will not match.

Pages that present statewide data report placements, while facility-specific pages report admissions. The only exceptions are tables that present data that are collected once upon placement, such as risk level. These are reported as placements.

DJS Secure Detention Facilities by Region

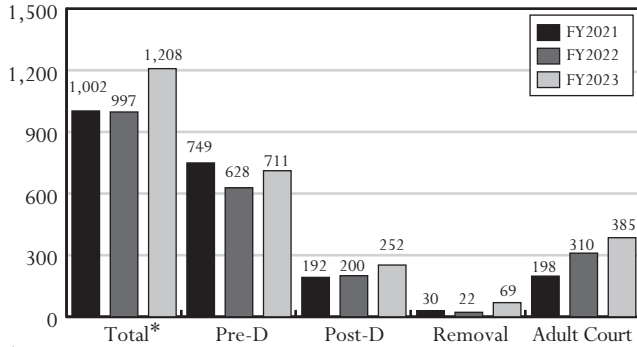


Total Statewide Activity for Detention Centers

Total Capacity: 341 beds

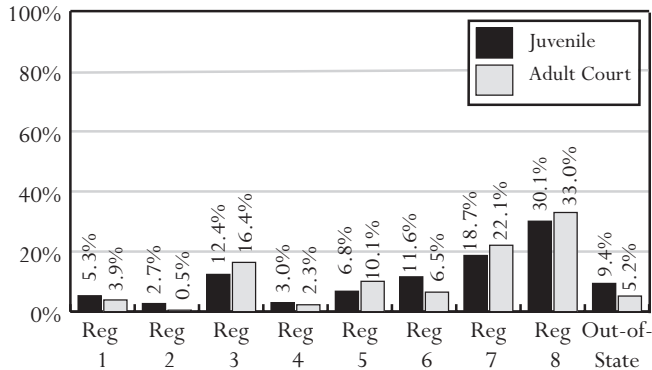
DJS operates five detention facilities across the State following the temporary closure of Noyes in October 2022. Each facility accommodates youth awaiting juvenile court disposition (Pre-D) and youth committed to DJS by the juvenile court and pending placement in a treatment program (Post-D). The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new placement. Youth with pending adult criminal charges may also be held in DJS detention facilities (see pages 128-129 for more detail). These youth are included in the data presented except for demographic, offense, and risk level tables/ charts.

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



YOUTH PLACEMENT DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	76.1%	77.5%	79.3%
White	16.8%	13.8%	10.2%
Hispanic/Other	7.1%	8.7%	10.5%
Sex			
Male	84.5%	87.6%	91.4%
Female	15.5%	12.4%	8.6%
Age			
11 and under	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%
12	1.3%	1.5%	0.7%
13	4.6%	5.9%	4.3%
14	19.5%	13.8%	15.0%
15	26.2%	27.4%	28.3%
16	19.1%	18.8%	20.7%
17	18.4%	19.8%	19.2%
18-20	10.7%	12.7%	11.6%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	831	733	903

Source of Placements (FY 2023):

- 91.8% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 74 from Washington, D.C.; 8 from Virginia; 6 from Delaware; 3 from Pennsylvania; and 1 each from California, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Vermont, and West Virginia.

Placement Trends:

- Total placements increased 20.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 21.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D placements decreased 5.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 13.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D placements increased 31.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 26.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal placements increased 130.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 213.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court placements increased 94.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 24.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- For cases involving a transfer from facility to facility, the total ALOS is reflected on the statewide pages. The specific facility's page reflects only the ALOS at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 19.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 24.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 38.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 30.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals increased 26.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 20.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for Adult Court decreased 26.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 0.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 40.3% to 42.9%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 20.3% to 22.8%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 34.6% to 29.8%.

Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP increased 37.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 33.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

YOUTH PLACEMENTS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

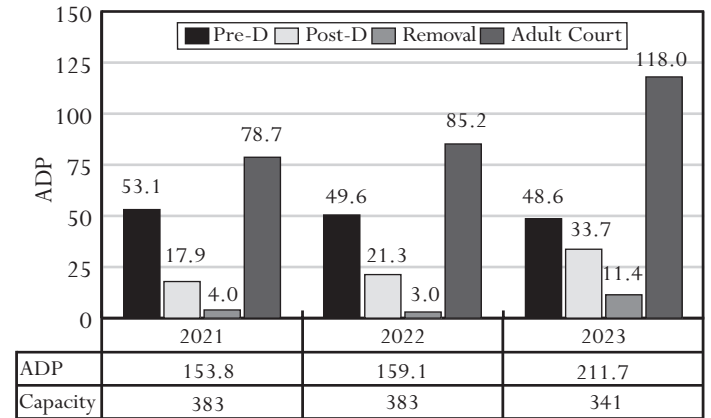
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	12.1%	4.0%	1.4%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	4.1%	5.2%	1.4%
Carjacking	13.5%	15.1%	10.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.1%	3.6%	2.9%
Deadly Weapon	2.3%	0.4%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.4%	0.0%	1.4%
First Degree Assault	9.1%	14.3%	18.8%
Handgun Violation	13.1%	13.9%	5.8%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	1.1%	0.4%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.7%	5.6%	7.2%
Narcotics Distribution	3.5%	3.6%	1.4%
Narcotics Possession	0.7%	0.8%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	6.2%	2.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.8%	0.0%	4.3%
Robbery	8.2%	14.3%	17.4%
Second Degree Assault	8.9%	5.6%	15.9%
Sex Offense	1.8%	4.8%	5.8%
Theft Felony	4.6%	1.6%	2.9%
Theft Misdemeanor	3.7%	2.4%	1.4%
Trespassing	0.6%	0.0%	1.4%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.4%	1.6%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	42.9%	57.1%	56.5%
Felony	22.8%	15.9%	10.1%
- Person-to-Person	1.8%	2.8%	1.4%
- Property	16.7%	5.6%	4.3%
- Drugs	3.5%	3.6%	1.4%
- Unspecified	0.7%	4.0%	2.9%
Misdemeanor	29.8%	27.0%	33.3%
- Person-to-Person	23.2%	20.6%	30.4%
- Property	5.6%	3.6%	2.9%
- Drugs	0.6%	0.8%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.4%	2.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	711	252	69

* Offense may not be reason for placement. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

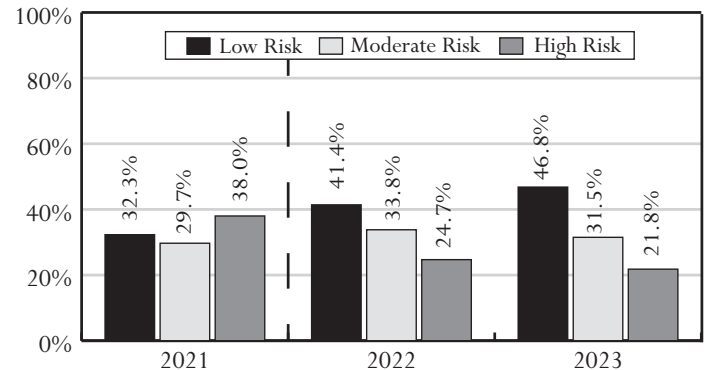
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023



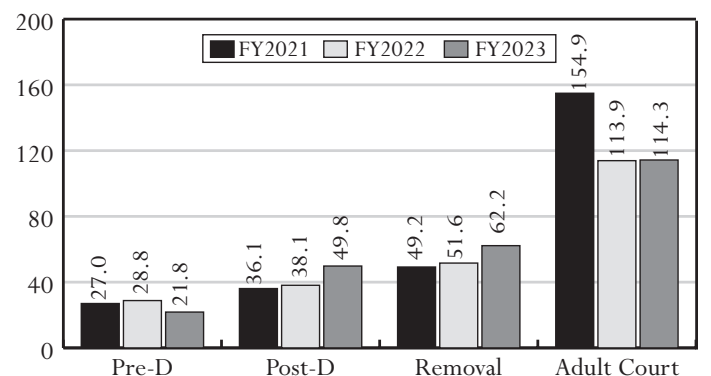
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*82.7% of Pre-D placements in FY 2023 had a completed DRAI.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023

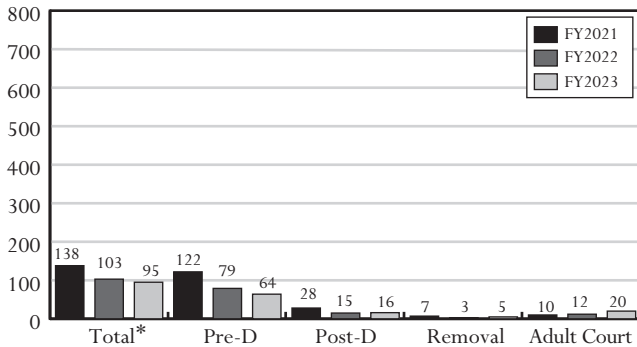


ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Female Statewide Activity for Detention Centers

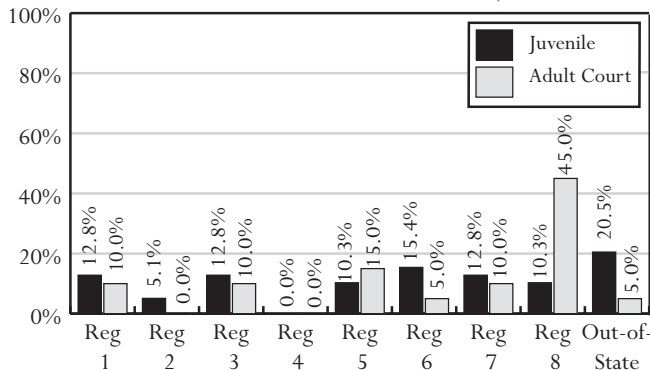
In FY 2023, Alfred D. Noyes Children’s Center (closed October 18, 2022), Lower Eastern Shore Children’s Center, and Cheltenham Youth Detention Center served girls. Western Maryland Children’s Center also maintained beds for girls as needed. Some youth are detained awaiting disposition (Pre-D), and some are post-disposition (Post-D) awaiting placement in a treatment program. The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new placement. Data include youth charged as adults pending transfer (see pages 128-129 for more detail), except for demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts.

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



YOUTH PLACEMENT DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	69.8%	68.1%	64.1%
White	21.7%	25.3%	25.6%
Hispanic/Other	8.5%	6.6%	10.3%
Sex			
Male	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Female	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
13	4.7%	7.7%	6.4%
14	17.8%	14.3%	24.4%
15	18.6%	28.6%	30.8%
16	20.9%	19.8%	15.4%
17	28.7%	17.6%	9.0%
18-20	9.3%	11.0%	14.1%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	129	91	78

• Source of Placements (FY 2023):

- 82.1% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 9 from Washington, D.C.; 2 from Virginia; and 1 each from California, Delaware, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Vermont, and West Virginia.

• Placement Trends:

- Total placements decreased 31.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 7.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D placements decreased 47.5% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 19.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D placements decreased 42.9% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 6.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal placements decreased 28.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 66.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court placements increased 100.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 66.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- For cases involving a transfer from facility to facility, the total ALOS is reflected on the statewide pages. The specific facility’s page reflects only the ALOS at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 41.9% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 48.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 26.5% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 5.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals decreased 24.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 16.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for Adult Court decreased 44.5% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 29.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 25.4% to 26.6%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 11.5% to 15.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 45.9% to 40.6%.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP decreased 37.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 4.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

YOUTH PLACEMENTS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

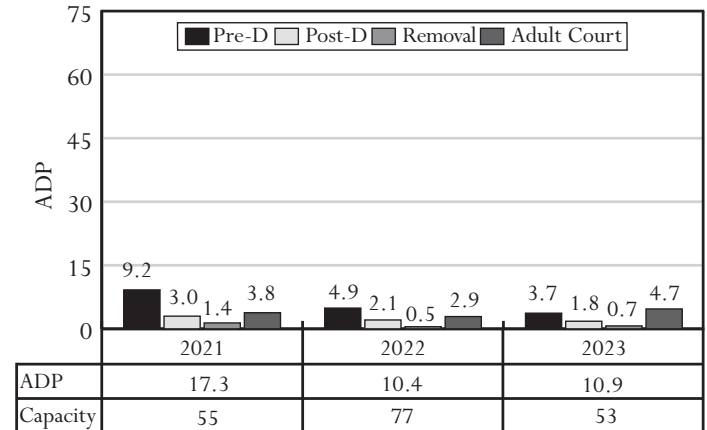
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	10.9%	6.2%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	4.7%	6.2%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%
First Degree Assault	10.9%	25.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	1.6%	6.2%	0.0%
Kidnapping	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	6.2%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	6.2%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.1%	12.5%	20.0%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	20.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%
Second Degree Assault	23.4%	6.2%	40.0%
Sex Offense	1.6%	6.2%	0.0%
Theft Felony	1.6%	0.0%	20.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	4.7%	6.2%	0.0%
Trespassing	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	26.6%	56.2%	20.0%
Felony	15.6%	18.8%	20.0%
- Person-to-Person	3.1%	12.5%	0.0%
- Property	12.5%	6.2%	20.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	40.6%	25.0%	60.0%
- Person-to-Person	32.8%	12.5%	60.0%
- Property	7.8%	12.5%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant	15.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	64	16	5

* Offense may not be reason for placement. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

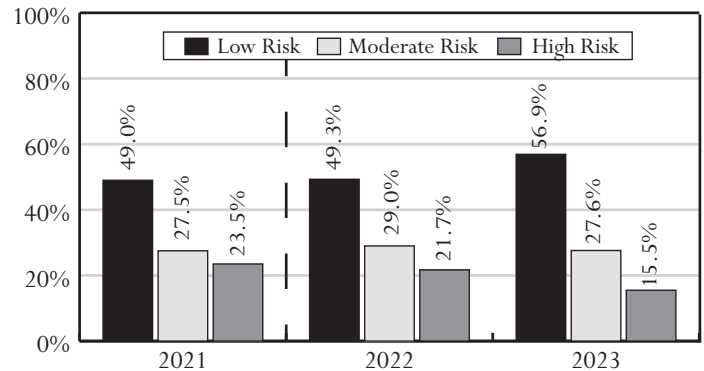
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023



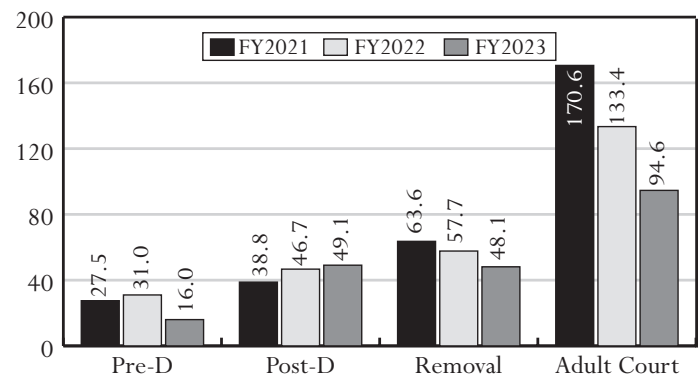
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*90.6% of FY 2023 Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023

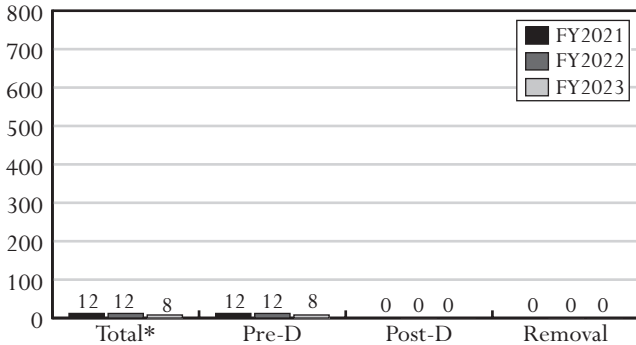


ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Under Age 13 Statewide Activity for Detention Centers

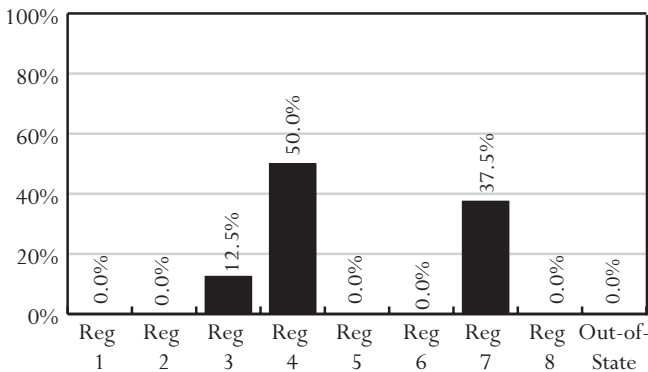
Youth who are under 13 years of age represent a small population of youth detained in DJS detention centers. Rather than placing these youth in a detention facility, DJS most frequently uses an alternative to detention (ATD) with placement at home or in a shelter. However, if a youth must be in a detention center, they are housed with youth closest in age and size. If deemed highly vulnerable, they may be placed in the infirmary, with one-on-one staff supervision or sent to a smaller facility with a lower population. Regardless of placement type, youth under 13 receive the same services as other detained youth. *Note: youth under age 13 are not eligible to be charged in adult court.*

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



* Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, and Removal; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



YOUTH PLACEMENT DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	83.3%	75.0%	62.5%
White	16.7%	0.0%	37.5%
Hispanic/Other	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	91.7%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%
Age*			
8 and under	0	0	0
9	0	0	0
10	0	0	1
11	1	1	1
12	11	11	6
Total Placements from Juv. Court	12	12	8

* Due to the small number of youth in each age category, actual numbers are presented instead of percentages.

• Source of Placements (FY 2023):

- 100.0% of placements were from regions within Maryland.

• Placement Trends:

- Total placements decreased 33.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 33.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D placements decreased 33.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 33.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- There were no Post D placements in FY 2021 or FY 2023.
- There were no removal placements in FY 2021 or FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- For cases involving a transfer from facility to facility, the total ALOS is reflected on the statewide pages. The specific facility's page reflects only the ALOS at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 44.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 20.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- There were no Post D placements in FY 2021 or FY 2023.
- There were no removal placements in FY 2021 or FY 2023.

• Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 58.3% to 100.0%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 25.0% to 0.0%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 16.7% to 0.0%.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP decreased 66.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 11.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

YOUTH PLACEMENTS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

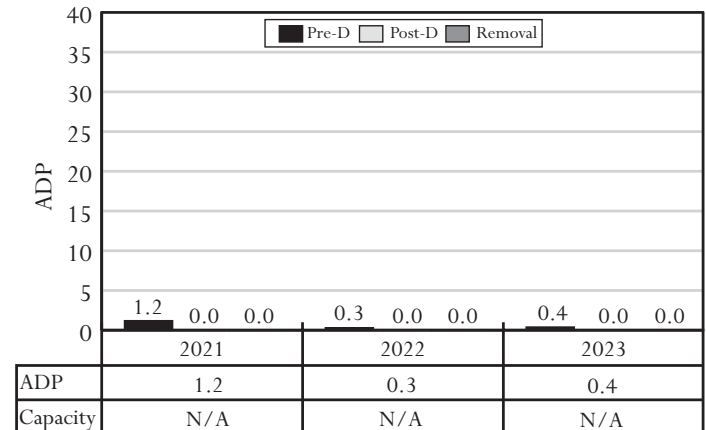
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Second Degree Assault	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Felony	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Interstate Warrant</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>
Total Placements	8	0	0

* Offense may not be reason for placement. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

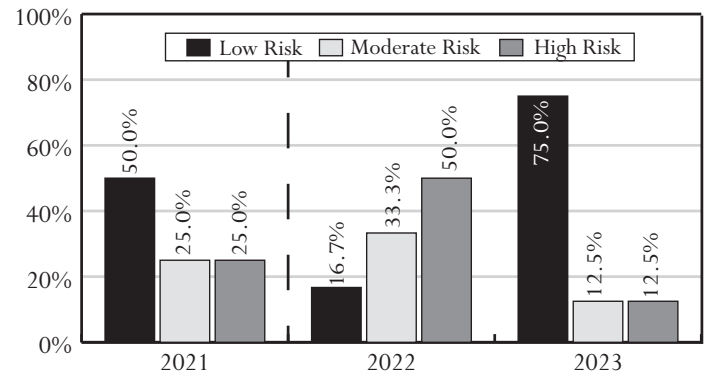
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023



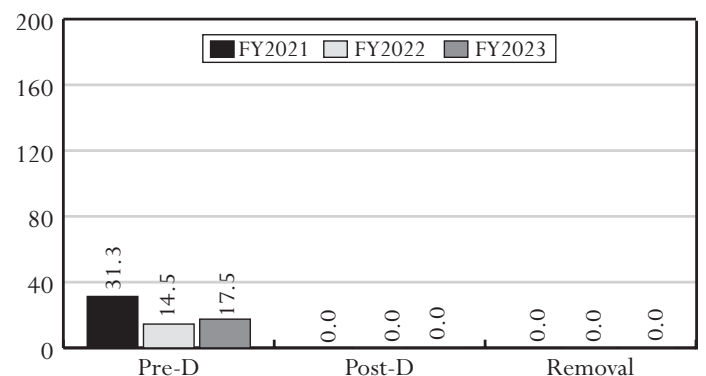
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*100% of FY 2023 Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023

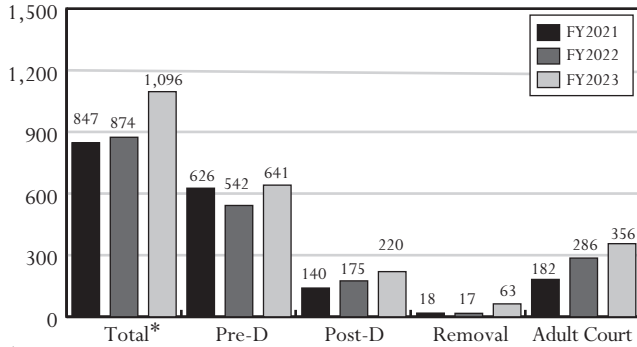


ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Youth of Color Statewide Activity for Detention Centers

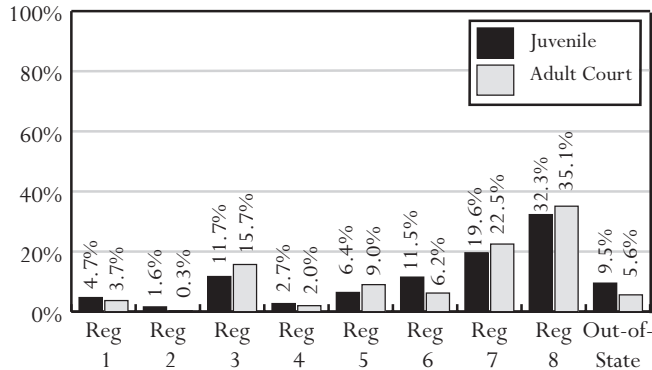
The data shown in this section provide additional detail for youth of color (non-white youth). Although each summary page in the *Data Resource Guide* Detention Section provides an overall race/ethnicity breakdown for detention placements in the demographics table, the tables in this section show more detailed information on placements and ADP by type and region, offense type and severity, and length of stay for youth of color as a whole. With the exception of the demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts, data presented below include youth charged as adults pending transfer (see pages 128-129 for more detail).

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



YOUTH PLACEMENT DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	91.5%	89.9%	88.3%
White	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic/Other	8.5%	10.1%	11.7%
Sex			
Male	85.4%	89.2%	92.8%
Female	14.6%	10.8%	7.2%
Age			
11 and under	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%
12	1.3%	1.7%	0.6%
13	4.9%	5.5%	4.2%
14	19.7%	14.1%	15.9%
15	27.5%	28.3%	29.1%
16	19.4%	19.0%	20.5%
17	16.9%	18.7%	18.4%
18-20	10.1%	12.5%	11.3%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	691	632	811

Source of Placements (FY 2023):

- 91.7% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 74 from Washington, D.C.; 8 from Virginia; 4 from Delaware; 2 from Pennsylvania; and 1 each from Georgia, Illinois, and New Jersey.

Placement Trends:

- Total placements increased 29.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 25.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D placements increased 2.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 18.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D placements increased 57.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 25.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal placements increased 250.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 270.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court placements increased 95.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 24.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- For cases involving a transfer from facility to facility, the total ALOS is reflected on the statewide pages. The specific facility's page reflects only the ALOS at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 19.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 28.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 26.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 25.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals increased 9.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 16.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for Adult Court decreased 25.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 3.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 40.9% to 43.1%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 21.7% to 22.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 33.1% to 30.6%.

Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP increased 40.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 29.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

YOUTH PLACEMENTS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

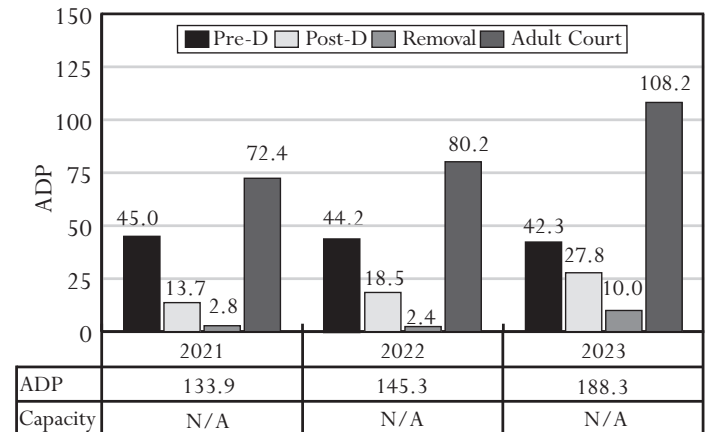
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	11.9%	4.5%	1.6%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	3.7%	4.1%	1.6%
Carjacking	14.7%	15.9%	11.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.2%	4.1%	3.2%
Deadly Weapon	2.5%	0.5%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.3%	0.0%	1.6%
First Degree Assault	8.9%	13.2%	20.6%
Handgun Violation	13.9%	15.0%	4.8%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	1.1%	0.5%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.9%	5.9%	7.9%
Narcotics Distribution	3.6%	4.1%	1.6%
Narcotics Possession	0.8%	0.5%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	5.5%	1.8%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.8%	0.0%	4.8%
Robbery	8.3%	14.5%	15.9%
Second Degree Assault	8.7%	4.5%	12.7%
Sex Offense	1.1%	4.1%	6.3%
Theft Felony	4.8%	1.8%	3.2%
Theft Misdemeanor	3.6%	2.3%	1.6%
Trespassing	0.5%	0.0%	1.6%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.5%	1.8%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	43.1%	56.4%	58.7%
Felony	22.5%	17.3%	11.1%
- Person-to-Person	1.7%	2.7%	1.6%
- Property	16.7%	6.4%	4.8%
- Drugs	3.6%	4.1%	1.6%
- Unspecified	0.5%	4.1%	3.2%
Misdemeanor	30.6%	26.4%	30.2%
- Person-to-Person	24.0%	20.9%	27.0%
- Property	5.5%	2.7%	3.2%
- Drugs	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.5%	2.3%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	641	220	63

* Offense may not be reason for placement. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

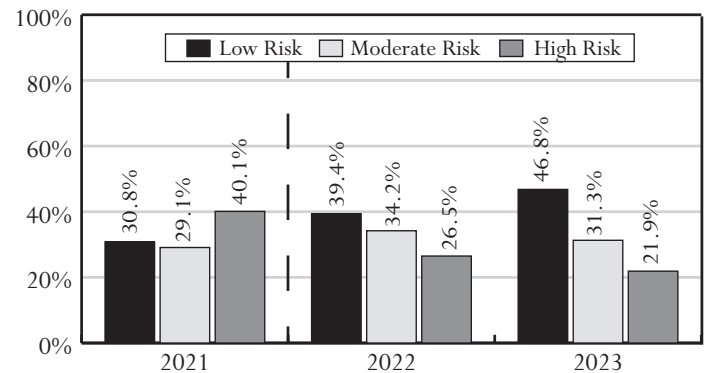
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023



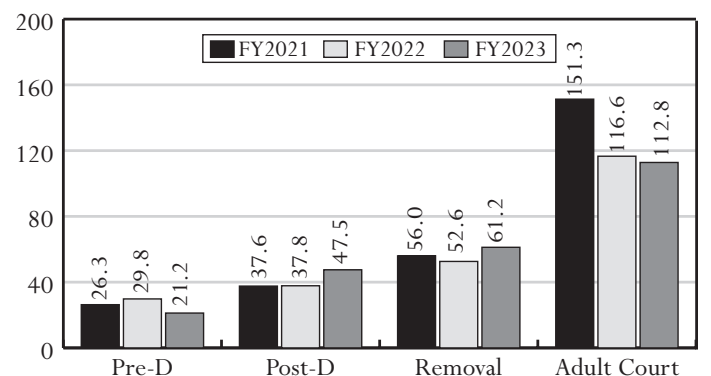
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*82.7% of FY 2023 Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY PLACEMENT TYPE, FY 2021-2023



ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Youth Charged as Adults Pending Transfer

Youth ages 17 and under charged with a crime excluded from original juvenile court jurisdiction may be held in adult detention centers, pending trial. If ordered by the court, youth charged as adults that are eligible to file for transfer of charges to juvenile court may be held in a secure juvenile detention facility pending a transfer hearing to determine if jurisdiction should remain in the adult court or be transferred to the juvenile court. (Md. Code, Criminal Procedure, §4-202). DJS previously entered into agreements with local criminal justice agencies to house such youth. The statute was amended in 2015, which allowed transfer-eligible youth charged as adults to be held in a secure juvenile detention facility pending that transfer decision unless: (1) the youth is released; (2) there is no capacity in the secure juvenile facility; or (3) the court finds that detention in a secure juvenile facility would pose a risk of harm to the child or others, and states the reason on record. Data in this section represent youth held in DJS detention facilities for the adult court pending a transfer hearing. This section also provides information on youth whose complaints were transferred to the juvenile court, though they may or may not have been detained during the report year.

PLACEMENTS FOR FY 2022-2023 AND ADP, ALOS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023 (LEFT SIDE). CASES TRANSFERRED TO THE JUVENILE COURT WITH COURT DISPOSITIONS BY REGION OF JURISDICTION, FY 2023 (RIGHT SIDE).

Region/County	Placements		FY 2023		FY 2023 Complaints			
	FY 2022	FY 2023	ADP	ALOS	Transferred to Juvenile Court	Committed	Probation	Dismissed/Other
Region 1	11	15	3.7	103.7	13	46.2%	46.2%	7.7%
Dorchester	2	0	0.2	92.2	2	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Somerset	1	3	0.9	184.0	1	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Wicomico	7	12	2.5	82.9	8	62.5%	25.0%	12.5%
Worcester	1	0	0.1	0.0	2	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Region 2	5	2	0.5	102.9	8	25.0%	50.0%	25.0%
Caroline	0	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Cecil	2	2	0.5	29.7	3	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Kent	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Queen Anne's	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Talbot	1	0	0.0	176.1	3	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Region 3	43	63	20.7	136.8	81	32.1%	49.4%	18.5%
Baltimore Co.	38	54	18.7	139.0	64	28.1%	57.8%	14.1%
Harford	5	9	1.9	110.9	17	47.1%	17.6%	35.3%
Region 4	12	9	3.2	102.3	9	11.1%	33.3%	55.6%
Allegany	2	5	1.4	102.5	3	33.3%	0.0%	66.7%
Garrett	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Washington	9	4	1.8	102.0	6	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%
Region 5	24	39	11.9	99.4	65	44.6%	46.2%	9.2%
Anne Arundel	13	26	7.1	82.1	52	42.3%	46.2%	11.5%
Carroll	1	5	1.2	103.3	5	20.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Howard	10	8	3.6	138.2	8	75.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Region 6	23	25	6.4	94.8	41	26.8%	58.5%	14.6%
Frederick	2	3	1.1	173.9	6	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Montgomery	21	22	5.3	83.0	35	31.4%	51.4%	17.1%
Region 7	60	85	21.3	93.0	135	17.8%	56.3%	25.9%
Calvert	1	0	0.3	113.8	4	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Charles	6	7	2.5	201.8	12	16.7%	66.7%	16.7%
Prince George's	51	73	17.8	80.6	112	16.1%	57.1%	26.8%
St. Mary's	2	5	0.7	158.4	7	28.6%	28.6%	42.9%
Region 8	91	127	39.7	120.1	137	43.8%	42.3%	13.9%
Baltimore City	91	127	39.7	120.1	137	43.8%	42.3%	13.9%
Out-of-State	41	20	10.6	136.5	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Statewide	310	385	118.0	114.3	489	159	241	89

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes.

OFFENSE TYPE, FY 2023

Most Serious Alleged Juvenile Offense of Transferred Cases	FY 2023
Auto Theft/Unauthorized Use	2.2%
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	0.4%
Carjacking	14.3%
Conspiracy to Commit Offense	1.2%
Deadly Weapon	4.7%
First Degree Assault-Felony	20.7%
Handgun Violation	32.5%
Kidnapping	0.6%
Manslaughter	0.2%
Murder	7.4%
Narcotics Distribution	1.6%
Narcotics Possession	0.2%
Other/Missing	2.2%
Robbery	4.5%
Second Degree Assault-Misdemeanor	1.4%
Sex Offense	4.1%
Theft - Felony	0.6%
Theft - Misdemeanor	0.6%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	0.4%
Total Transferred Cases	489

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2023

Crime of Violence*	53.8%
Felony	10.2%
- Person-to-Person	4.3%
- Property	2.9%
- Drugs	1.6%
- Unspecified	1.4%
Misdemeanor	36.0%
- Person-to-Person	34.8%
- Property	0.6%
- Drugs	0.2%
- Unspecified	0.4%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%
Citations	0.0%
CINS	0.0%
Missing	0.0%
Total Transferred Cases	489

* See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

Note: The population data for youth detained by the adult court are also included in the data presented in the rest of the Detention section, with the exception of demographics, offense and risk level tables / charts. It is important to note that the offense data shown here reflect the resulting juvenile court offense for those cases that were transferred down from adult court jurisdiction and do not reflect the original adult charge.

YOUTH CHARGED AS ADULTS PENDING TRANSFER DEMOGRAPHICS BY DETENTION FACILITY, FY 2023

Demographics	Alfred D. Noyes Children Center ¹	Balt. City Juvenile Justice Center	Charles H. Hickey Jr. School	Cheltenham Youth Facility	Lower East. Shore Children's Center	Western Maryland Children's Center	Statewide*
Race							
Black	100.0%	91.1%	81.6%	79.5%	83.3%	79.3%	83.4%
White	0.0%	2.1%	10.4%	7.4%	5.6%	17.2%	7.5%
Hispanic/Other	0.0%	6.8%	8.0%	13.1%	11.1%	3.4%	9.1%
Sex							
Male	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	86.1%	80.6%	100.0%	94.8%
Female	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	13.9%	19.4%	0.0%	5.2%
Age							
14	0.0%	1.4%	1.6%	1.6%	5.6%	0.0%	1.6%
15	0.0%	0.7%	5.6%	4.9%	2.8%	0.0%	3.4%
16	25.0%	34.9%	39.2%	29.5%	33.3%	48.3%	34.3%
17	75.0%	56.2%	43.2%	53.3%	52.8%	41.4%	52.7%
18-20	0.0%	6.8%	10.4%	10.7%	5.6%	10.3%	8.1%
Total Admissions	4	146	125	122	36	29	385
ADP	0.5	39.0	35.3	29.8	5.0	8.4	118.0
ALOS	35.8	97.1	108.7	82.8	57.0	91.8	114.3

¹ Noyes was temporarily closed as of October 2022

* Statewide admissions exclude facility transfers

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes.

Alfred D. Noyes Children's Center

Superintendent: N/A

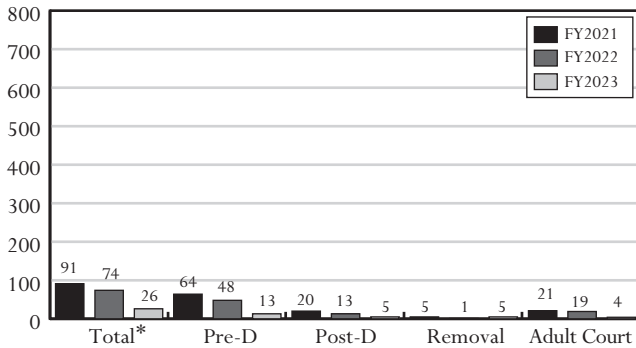
Region 6

9925 Blackwell Road
Rockville, MD 20850
301-315-1610

Capacity: 29 Males prior to the temporary closure on 10/18/2022

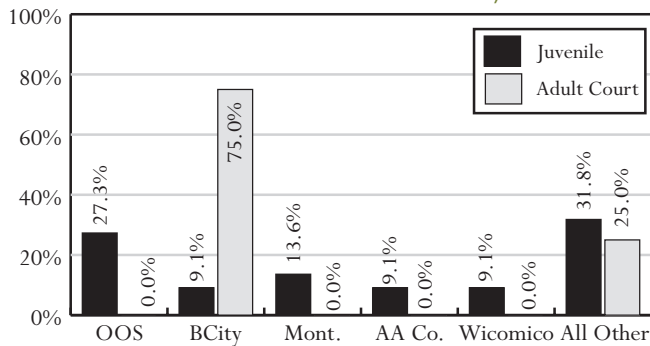
Note: The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a committed treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new committed placement. With the exception of the demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts, data presented below include youth charged as adults pending transfer (see pages 128-129 for more detail).

ADMISSIONS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

ADMISSIONS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



YOUTH ADMISSION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	68.0%	66.1%	59.1%
White	22.7%	17.9%	36.4%
Hispanic/Other	9.3%	16.1%	4.5%
Sex			
Male	52.0%	37.5%	9.1%
Female	48.0%	62.5%	90.9%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	0.0%	5.4%	13.6%
14	10.7%	12.5%	13.6%
15	25.3%	30.4%	22.7%
16	18.7%	33.9%	9.1%
17	28.0%	14.3%	9.1%
18-20	17.3%	3.6%	31.8%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	75	56	22

• Source of Admissions (FY 2023):

- 76.9% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 3 from Washington, D.C. and 1 each from Pennsylvania, Vermont, and West Virginia.

• Admission Trends:

- Total admissions decreased 71.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 64.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D admissions decreased 79.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 72.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D admissions decreased 75.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 61.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal admissions did not change between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 400.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court admissions decreased 81.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 78.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- Statewide pages show overall ALOS including transfers between facilities. Facility pages show ALOS only at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D increased 22.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 22.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 78.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 64.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals decreased 32.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 3,334.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for adults decreased 72.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 57.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 34.4% to 7.7%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 20.3% to 15.4%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors increased from 37.5% to 61.5%.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP decreased 78.9% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 54.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- FY 2023 Pre-D ADP for males was 0.0 and for females was 1.1.
- FY 2023 Post-D ADP for males was 0.1 and for females was 0.6.
- FY 2023 Removal ADP for males was 0.0 and for females was 0.5.
- FY 2023 Adult Court ADP for males was 0.0 and for females was 0.5.

YOUTH ADMISSIONS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

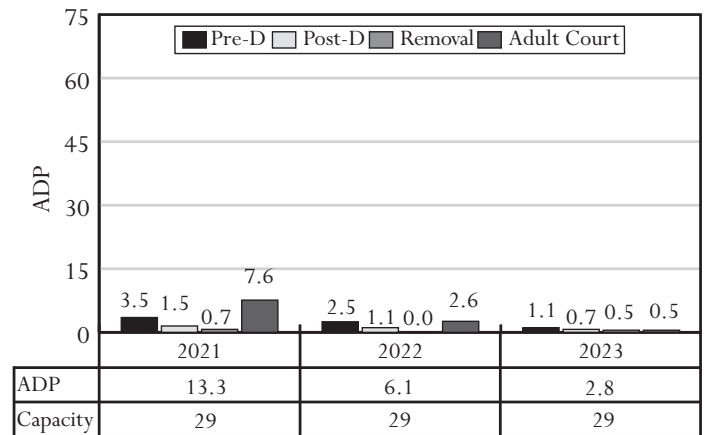
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%
First Degree Assault	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Second Degree Assault	53.8%	20.0%	20.0%
Sex Offense	0.0%	40.0%	20.0%
Theft Felony	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespassing	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	7.7%	40.0%	40.0%
Felony	15.4%	20.0%	20.0%
- Person-to-Person	7.7%	20.0%	0.0%
- Property	7.7%	0.0%	20.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	61.5%	40.0%	40.0%
- Person-to-Person	53.8%	20.0%	40.0%
- Property	7.7%	20.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Interstate Warrant	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	13	5	5

* Offense may not be reason for admission. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

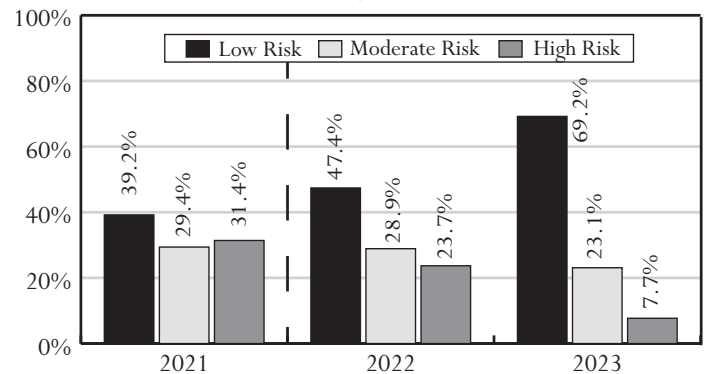
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



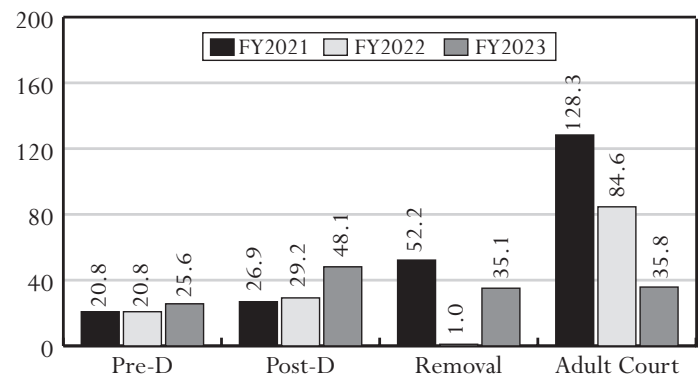
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*The DRAI is completed at initial placement, and not at subsequent facility admissions/transfers. 100.0% of Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI in FY 2023.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center

Superintendent: Daniel McCoy

Capacity: 120 Males

Region 8

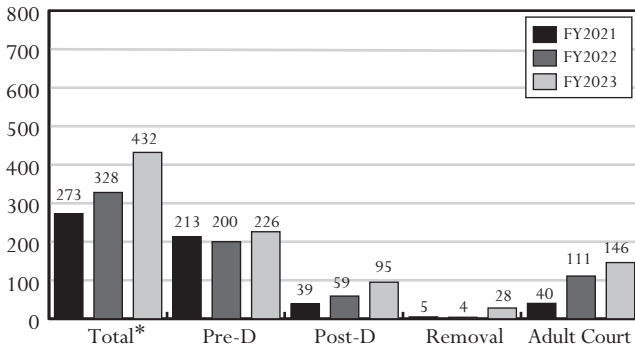
300 North Gay Street

Baltimore, MD 21202

443-263-8998

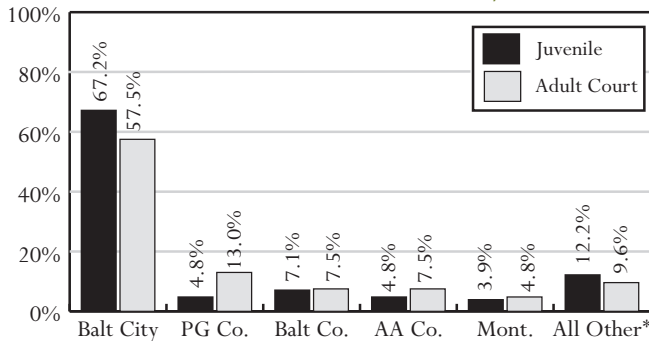
Note: The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a committed treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new committed placement. With the exception of the demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts, data presented below include youth charged as adults pending transfer (*see pages 128-129 for more detail*).

ADMISSIONS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

ADMISSIONS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



*Includes out-of-state youth

YOUTH ADMISSION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	87.2%	86.2%	89.1%
White	7.3%	7.8%	6.8%
Hispanic/Other	5.6%	6.0%	4.2%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
12	0.9%	1.7%	0.3%
13	4.3%	6.5%	3.2%
14	24.8%	15.5%	14.8%
15	29.5%	24.1%	28.9%
16	18.4%	15.5%	19.0%
17	12.0%	23.3%	21.5%
18-20	10.3%	12.9%	12.2%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	234	232	311

• Source of Admissions (FY 2023):

- 97.5% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 7 from Washington, D.C. and 1 each from Georgia, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

• Admission Trends:

- Total admissions increased 58.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 31.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D admissions increased 6.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 13.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D admissions increased 143.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 61.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal admissions increased 460.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 600.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court admissions increased 265.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 31.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- Statewide pages show overall ALOS including transfers between facilities. Facility pages show ALOS only at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 16.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 29.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 36.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 15.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals increased 17.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 16.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for adults decreased 43.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 6.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 40.8% to 38.1%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 28.2% to 29.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors increased from 29.6% to 30.5%.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP increased 82.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 35.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.

YOUTH ADMISSIONS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

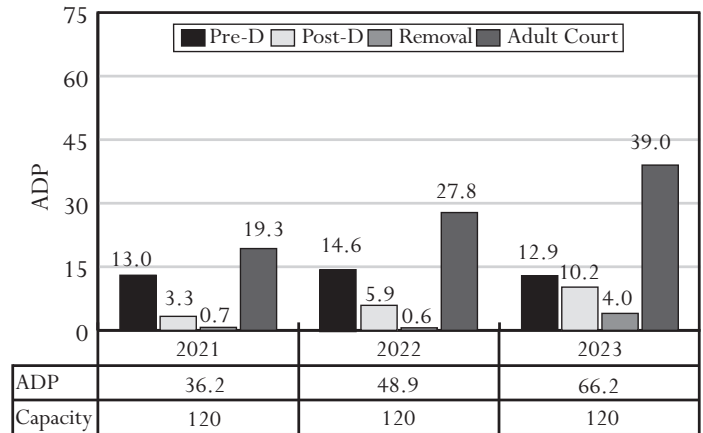
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	15.9%	5.3%	3.6%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.9%	3.2%	0.0%
Carjacking	15.0%	16.8%	10.7%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	6.2%	14.7%	28.6%
Handgun Violation	20.8%	17.9%	7.1%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	4.9%	6.3%	10.7%
Narcotics Distribution	6.6%	2.1%	3.6%
Narcotics Possession	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	4.0%	2.1%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.9%	0.0%	3.6%
Robbery	5.3%	16.8%	17.9%
Second Degree Assault	6.2%	5.3%	3.6%
Sex Offense	0.0%	2.1%	3.6%
Theft Felony	4.0%	2.1%	3.6%
Theft Misdemeanor	2.2%	2.1%	3.6%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	38.1%	60.0%	67.9%
Felony	29.6%	13.7%	14.3%
- Person-to-Person	1.8%	0.0%	3.6%
- Property	19.9%	7.4%	7.1%
- Drugs	6.6%	2.1%	3.6%
- Unspecified	1.3%	4.2%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	30.5%	26.3%	17.9%
- Person-to-Person	25.2%	23.2%	14.3%
- Property	3.5%	2.1%	3.6%
- Drugs	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Interstate Warrant</i>	<i>1.8%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>
Total Admissions	226	95	28

* Offense may not be reason for admission. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

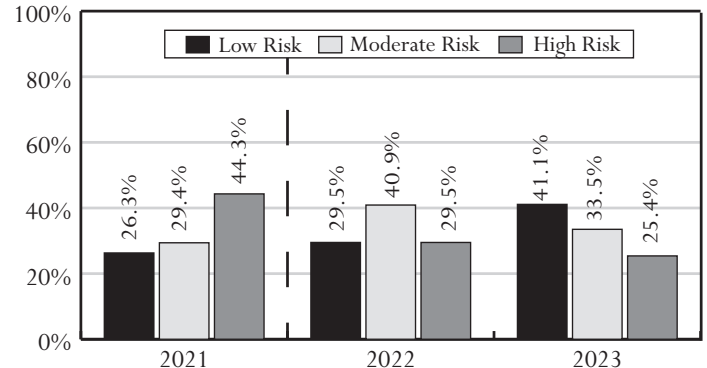
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



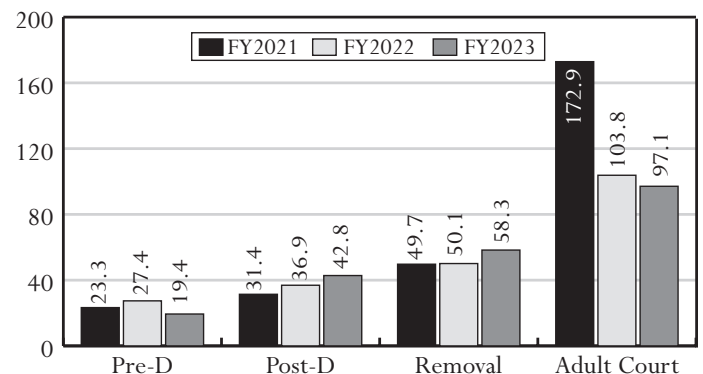
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*The DRAI is completed at initial placement, and not at subsequent facility admissions/transfers. 87.2% of Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI in FY 2023.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School

Acting Superintendent: Tonaza Burgess

Capacity: 72 Males

Region 3

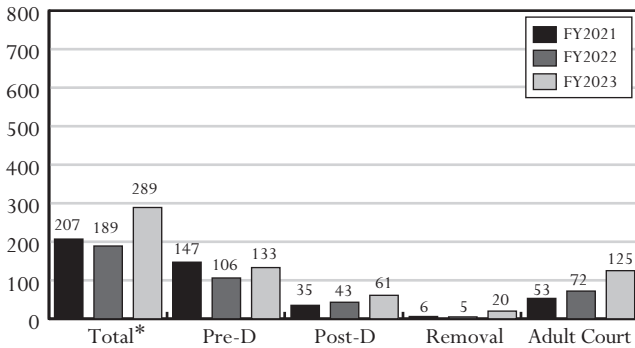
9700 Old Harford Road

Parkville, MD 21234

410-663-7700

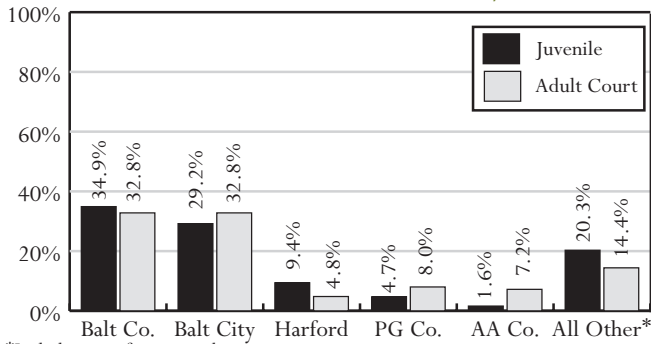
Note: The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a committed treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new committed placement. With the exception of the demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts, data presented below include youth charged as adults pending transfer (*see pages 128-129 for more detail*).

ADMISSIONS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

ADMISSIONS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



*Includes out-of-state youth

YOUTH ADMISSION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	70.8%	74.2%	84.4%
White	21.7%	15.2%	10.9%
Hispanic/Other	7.5%	10.6%	4.7%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.6%	0.8%	0.0%
13	6.2%	5.3%	3.1%
14	19.9%	15.2%	10.9%
15	28.0%	25.0%	27.6%
16	16.1%	17.4%	24.0%
17	18.0%	24.2%	20.8%
18-20	11.2%	12.1%	13.5%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	161	132	192

• Source of Admissions (FY 2023):

- 97.6% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 5 from Washington, D.C. and 2 from Virginia.

• Admission Trends:

- Total admissions increased 39.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 52.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D admissions decreased 9.5% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 25.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D admissions increased 74.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 41.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal admissions increased 233.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 300.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court admissions increased 135.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 73.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- Statewide pages show overall ALOS including transfers between facilities. Facility pages show ALOS only at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 0.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 24.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 29.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 43.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals increased 4.9% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 11.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for adults decreased 26.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 14.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 42.9% to 46.6%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 19.0% to 31.6%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 36.1% to 19.5%.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP increased 70.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 40.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.

YOUTH ADMISSIONS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

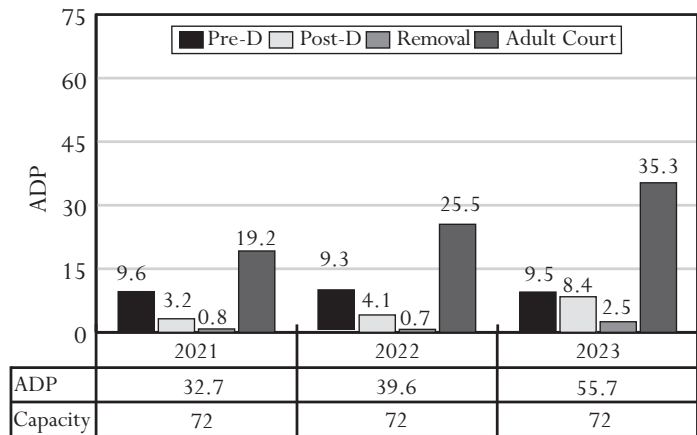
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	18.0%	3.3%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	2.3%	6.6%	0.0%
Carjacking	18.8%	16.4%	25.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	9.8%	23.0%	35.0%
Handgun Violation	7.5%	6.6%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.0%	4.9%	5.0%
Narcotics Distribution	5.3%	3.3%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	3.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	9.8%	13.1%	15.0%
Second Degree Assault	9.0%	4.9%	10.0%
Sex Offense	1.5%	6.6%	5.0%
Theft Felony	6.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	3.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	46.6%	65.6%	80.0%
Felony	31.6%	16.4%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.8%	4.9%	0.0%
- Property	24.8%	3.3%	0.0%
- Drugs	5.3%	3.3%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.8%	4.9%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	19.5%	18.0%	20.0%
- Person-to-Person	15.8%	11.5%	15.0%
- Property	3.8%	3.3%	5.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Interstate Warrant</i>	<i>1.5%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>
Total Admissions	133	61	20

* Offense may not be reason for admission. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

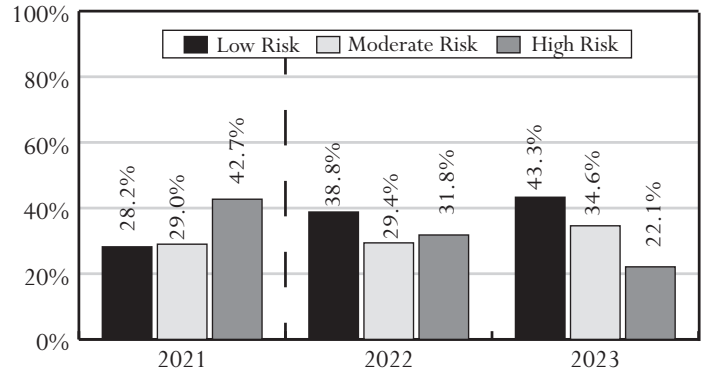
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



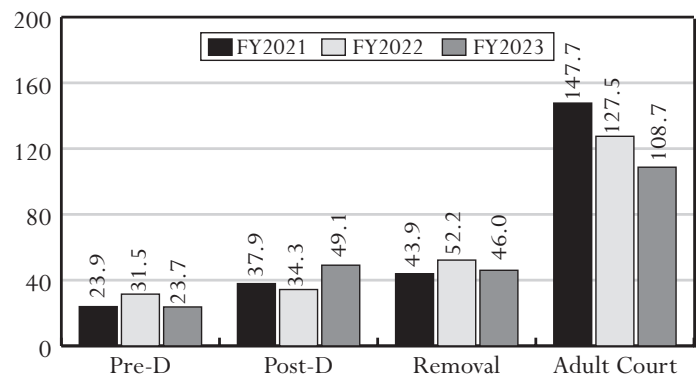
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*The DRAI is completed at initial placement, and not at subsequent facility admissions/transfers. 78.2% of Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI in FY 2023.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Cheltenham Youth Detention Center

Superintendent: Christian Munoz

Capacity: 72 Males

Region 7

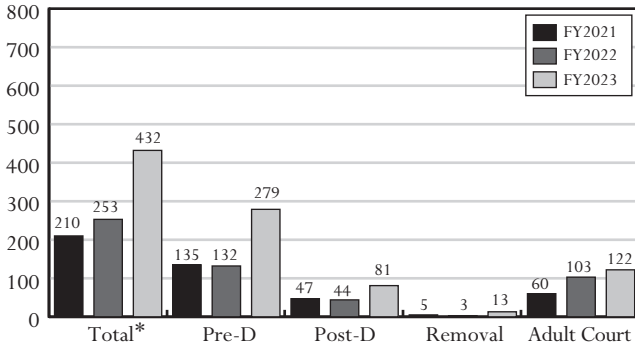
11003 Frank Tippet Road

Cheltenham, MD 20623

301-782-2400

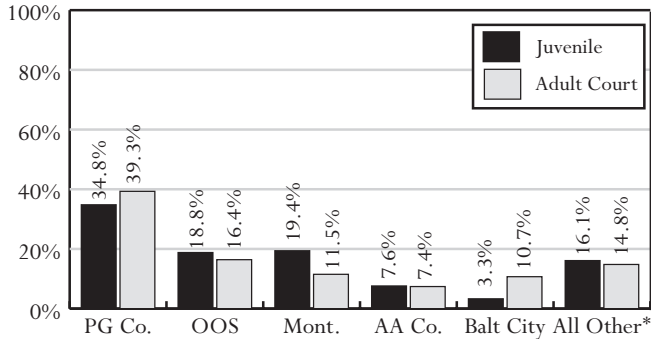
Note: The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a committed treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new committed placement. With the exception of the demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts, data presented below include youth charged as adults pending transfer (*see pages 128-129 for more detail*).

ADMISSIONS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

ADMISSIONS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



YOUTH ADMISSION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	76.4%	72.8%	70.3%
White	13.0%	12.0%	9.1%
Hispanic/Other	10.6%	15.2%	20.6%
Sex			
Male	96.3%	93.0%	85.2%
Female*	3.7%	7.0%	14.8%
Age			
11 and under	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
12	2.5%	1.3%	0.9%
13	3.1%	3.8%	4.5%
14	14.9%	11.4%	17.9%
15	24.2%	30.4%	30.0%
16	23.0%	15.2%	21.2%
17	19.3%	20.3%	16.4%
18-20	12.4%	17.7%	9.1%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	161	158	330

*Females were temporarily housed at Cheltenham since FY 2021 as needed.

Source of Admissions (FY 2023):

- 81.9% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 69 from Washington, D.C.; 6 from Virginia, and 1 each from California, Delaware, and Pennsylvania.

Admission Trends:

- Total admissions increased 105.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 70.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D admissions increased 106.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 111.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D admissions increased 72.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 84.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal admissions increased 160.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 333.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court admissions increased 103.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 18.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- Statewide pages show overall ALOS including transfers between facilities. Facility pages show ALOS only at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 23.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 22.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 9.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 28.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals increased 11.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 206.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for adults decreased 33.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 12.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 46.7% to 49.5%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 18.5% to 15.4%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 31.9% to 29.0%.

Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP increased 64.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 72.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.

YOUTH ADMISSIONS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

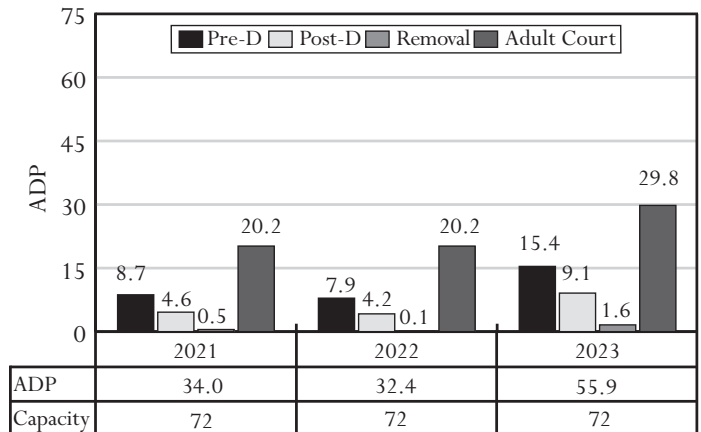
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	7.2%	2.5%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	7.5%	4.9%	7.7%
Carjacking	13.3%	16.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.4%	4.9%	15.4%
Deadly Weapon	2.5%	1.2%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	9.0%	14.8%	7.7%
Handgun Violation	12.9%	16.0%	7.7%
Kidnapping	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.9%	6.2%	7.7%
Narcotics Distribution	1.1%	3.7%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.7%	1.2%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	7.5%	3.7%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	10.4%	14.8%	23.1%
Second Degree Assault	7.5%	3.7%	15.4%
Sex Offense	1.8%	3.7%	7.7%
Theft Felony	6.1%	1.2%	7.7%
Theft Misdemeanor	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	49.5%	56.8%	53.8%
Felony	15.4%	19.8%	23.1%
- Person-to-Person	0.7%	7.4%	0.0%
- Property	13.3%	3.7%	7.7%
- Drugs	1.1%	3.7%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.4%	4.9%	15.4%
Misdemeanor	29.0%	23.5%	23.1%
- Person-to-Person	22.2%	22.2%	23.1%
- Property	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.4%	1.2%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Interstate Warrant</i>	<i>5.7%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>
Total Admissions	279	81	13

* Offense may not be reason for admission. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

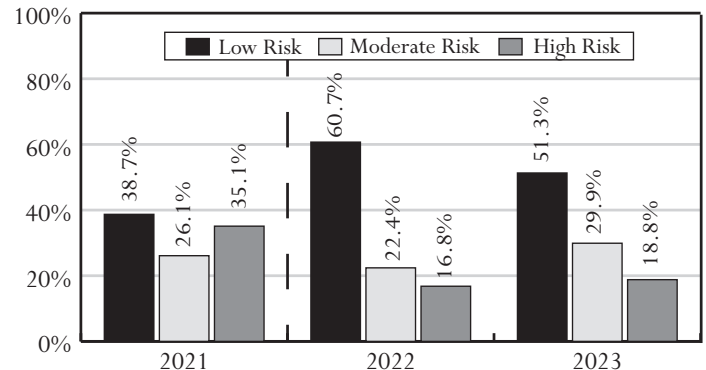
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



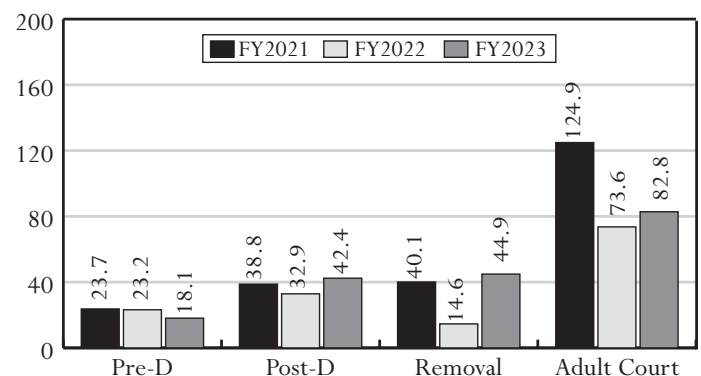
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*The DRAI is completed at initial placement, and not at subsequent facility admissions/transfers. 83.9% of Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI in FY 2023.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Lower Eastern Shore Children's Center

Superintendent: Derrick Witherspoon

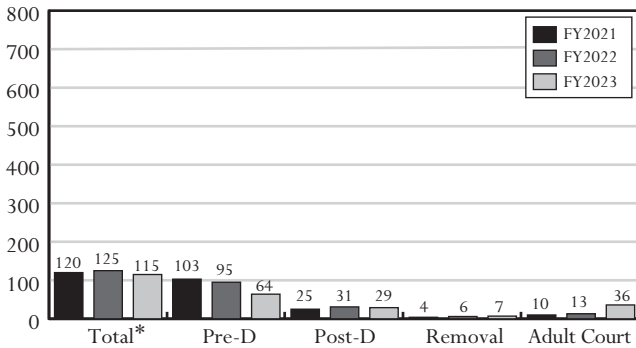
Region 1

405 Naylor Mill Road
Salisbury, MD 21801

Capacity: 18 Males and 6 Females (In FY 2023, the facility was male only until the temporary closure of Noyes in October 2022) 443-523-1526

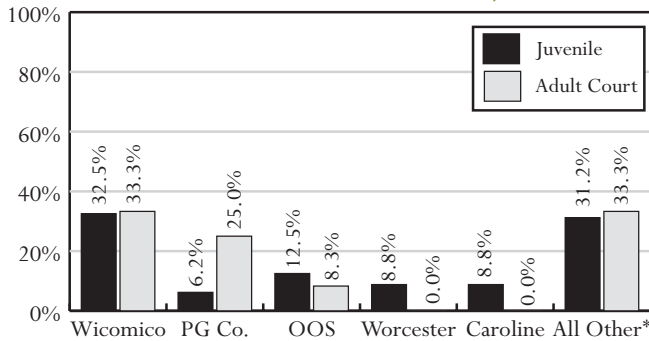
Note: The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a committed treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new committed placement. With the exception of the demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts, data presented below include youth charged as adults pending transfer (see pages 128-129 for more detail).

ADMISSIONS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

ADMISSIONS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



*Includes out-of-state youth

YOUTH ADMISSION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	73.0%	78.6%	77.5%
White	24.3%	17.0%	21.2%
Hispanic/Other	2.7%	4.5%	1.2%
Sex			
Male	78.4%	84.8%	77.5%
Female	21.6%	15.2%	22.5%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	3.6%	3.6%	0.0%
13	7.2%	8.0%	7.5%
14	22.5%	4.5%	13.8%
15	24.3%	37.5%	28.7%
16	17.1%	25.9%	26.2%
17	19.8%	15.2%	20.0%
18-20	5.4%	5.4%	3.8%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	111	112	80

Source of Admissions (FY 2023):

- 88.7% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 6 from Washington, D.C.; 5 from Delaware; and 1 each from Illinois and Virginia.

Admission Trends:

- Total admissions decreased 4.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 8.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D admissions decreased 37.9% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 32.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D admissions increased 16.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 6.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal admissions increased 75.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 16.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court admissions increased 260.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 176.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- Statewide pages show overall ALOS including transfers between facilities. Facility pages show ALOS only at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D increased 48.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 46.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 34.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 37.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals increased 39.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 3.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for adults decreased 42.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 28.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 33.0% to 39.1%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 16.5% to 12.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 38.8% to 35.9%.

Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP increased 28.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 19.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- FY 2023 Pre-D ADP for males was 6.1 and for females was 0.7.
- FY 2023 Post-D ADP for males was 3.1 and for females was 0.2.
- FY 2023 Removal ADP for males was 1.3 and for females was 0.0.
- FY 2023 Adult Court ADP for males was 4.3 and for females was 0.8.

YOUTH ADMISSIONS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

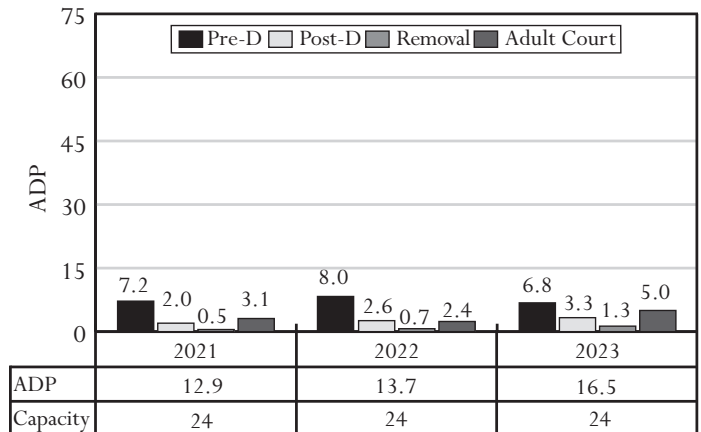
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	6.2%	6.9%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	1.6%	3.4%	0.0%
Carjacking	9.4%	3.4%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	12.5%	6.9%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	7.8%	3.4%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	4.7%	6.9%	14.3%
Narcotics Distribution	1.6%	6.9%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	14.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	1.6%	0.0%	14.3%
Robbery	1.6%	17.2%	0.0%
Second Degree Assault	20.3%	6.9%	57.1%
Sex Offense	7.8%	10.3%	0.0%
Theft Felony	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	3.1%	10.3%	0.0%
Trespassing	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	39.1%	41.4%	14.3%
Felony	12.5%	20.7%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	4.7%	3.4%	0.0%
- Property	6.2%	10.3%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.6%	6.9%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	35.9%	37.9%	85.7%
- Person-to-Person	29.7%	13.8%	71.4%
- Property	6.2%	13.8%	14.3%
- Drugs	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	6.9%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Interstate Warrant</i>	<i>9.4%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>
Total Admissions	64	29	7

* Offense may not be reason for admission. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

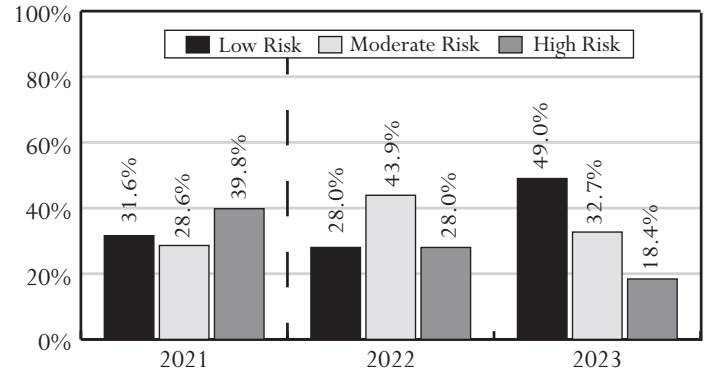
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



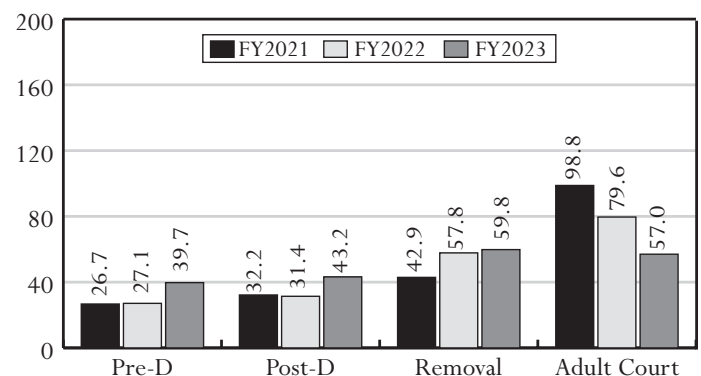
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*The DRAI is completed at initial placement, and not at subsequent facility admissions/transfers. 76.6% of Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI in FY 2023.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Western Maryland Children's Center

Superintendent: Stacy Rauer

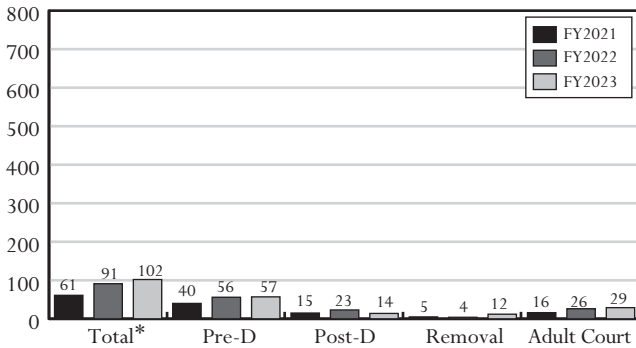
Capacity: 24 Males

Region 4

18420 Roxbury Road
Hagerstown, MD 21740
301-745-6051

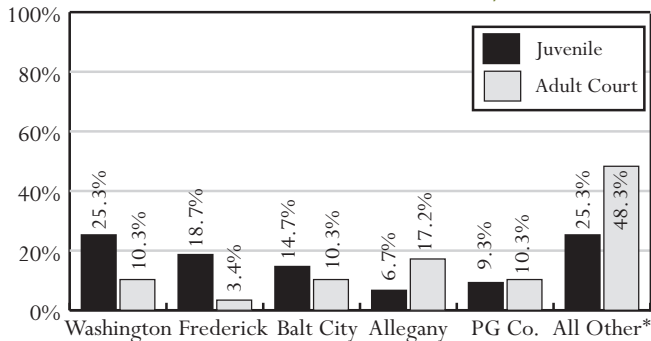
Note: The removal population represents youth returned to detention following removal from a committed treatment program, with no new offenses requiring court processing and needing a new committed placement. With the exception of the demographic, offense, and risk level tables/charts, data presented below include youth charged as adults pending transfer (*see pages 128-129 for more detail*).

ADMISSIONS, FY 2021-2023



*Youth can be counted in Pre-D, Post-D, Removal, and Adult Court; therefore, the sum of the status categories may not equal the total.

ADMISSIONS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



*Includes out-of-state youth

YOUTH ADMISSION DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Youth Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	60.9%	77.6%	73.3%
White	32.6%	19.4%	18.7%
Hispanic/Other	6.5%	3.0%	8.0%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	98.5%	96.0%
Female*	0.0%	1.5%	4.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
12	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
13	4.3%	3.0%	0.0%
14	17.4%	17.9%	12.0%
15	26.1%	29.9%	21.3%
16	21.7%	20.9%	32.0%
17	17.4%	17.9%	18.7%
18-20	13.0%	10.4%	10.7%
Total Admissions from Juv. Court	46	67	75

*Females are occasionally detained after hours under agreement with Washington Co. law enforcement

Source of Admissions (FY 2023):

- 92.2% of placements were from regions within Maryland. Of those from out of state, there were 6 from Washington, D.C. and 1 each from Kansas and Pennsylvania.

Admission Trends:

- Total admissions increased 67.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 12.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Pre-D admissions increased 42.5% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 1.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D admissions decreased 6.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 39.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Removal admissions increased 140.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 200.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Adult Court admissions increased 81.2% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 11.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Average Length of Stay (ALOS) in Days:

- Statewide pages show overall ALOS including transfers between facilities. Facility pages show ALOS only at that particular facility.
- ALOS for Pre-D decreased 63.0% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 28.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Post-D ALOS increased 66.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 28.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for removals increased 43.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 20.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- ALOS for adults decreased 43.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 21.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

Pre-D Offense Category (Most Serious Offense) Trends FY 2021-2023:

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 55.0% to 52.6%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 7.5% to 12.3%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 37.5% to 33.3%.

Average Daily Population (ADP):

- Overall, ADP increased 15.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 19.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- Overall, ADP has consistently been below capacity.

YOUTH ADMISSIONS BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENSE*, FY 2023

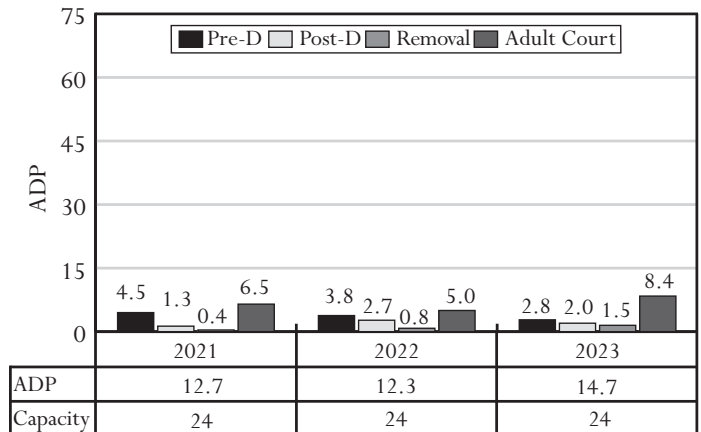
Most Serious Offense	Pre-D	Post-D	Removal
Offense Type			
Arson	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	3.5%	14.3%	0.0%
Carjacking	14.0%	14.3%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	14.0%	14.3%	8.3%
Handgun Violation	10.5%	21.4%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Distribution	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%
Robbery	14.0%	14.3%	33.3%
Second Degree Assault	7.0%	21.4%	25.0%
Sex Offense	1.8%	0.0%	16.7%
Theft Felony	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²			
Crime of Violence	52.6%	57.1%	33.3%
Felony	12.3%	0.0%	8.3%
- Person-to-Person	3.5%	0.0%	8.3%
- Property	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	33.3%	42.9%	58.3%
- Person-to-Person	21.1%	42.9%	58.3%
- Property	12.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Interstate Warrant</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>	<i>0.0%</i>
Total Admissions	57	14	12

* Offense may not be reason for admission. For Pre-D, the offense is alleged, and for both Post-D and Removal it is adjudicated sustained. Data do not include Adult Court.

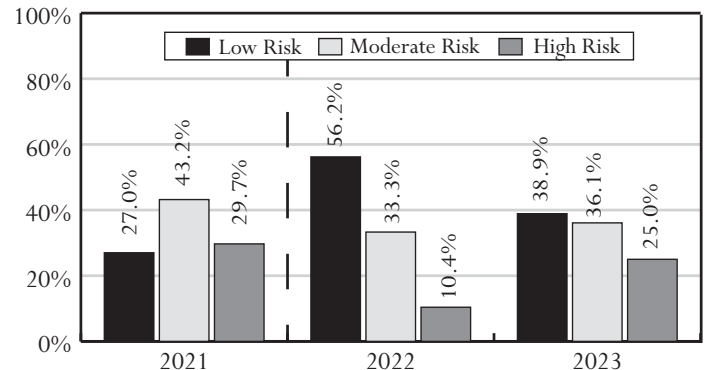
¹ Includes: Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Threat of Mass Violence, Ungovernable, Unspecified Felony, and Violation of Local Ordinance.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

ADP BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



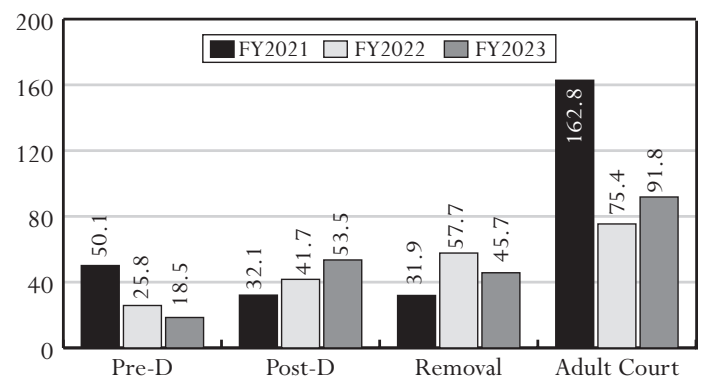
PRE-D PLACEMENTS BY RISK LEVEL FOR YOUTH WITH A COMPLETED DRAI*, FY 2021-2023**



*The DRAI is completed at initial placement, and not at subsequent facility admissions/transfers. 63.2% of Pre-D placements had a completed DRAI in FY 2023.

**Data for FY 2022 and FY 2023 are not comparable to prior years due to DRAI changes in score ranges. Since FY 2022, the ranges are: Low 0-8, Moderate 9-13, High 14+. Previously they were Low 0-7, Moderate 8-12, and High 13+.

ALOS BY ADMISSION TYPE, FY 2021-2023



ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Alternatives to Detention (ATD)

DJS has a variety of programs designed to safely supervise and monitor youth in the community as an alternative to secure detention. ATDs include Community Detention (CD) – with or without Electronic/GPS Monitoring (EM) – and DJS-managed Evening Reporting Centers (ERC) serving females and males. DJS also contracts with private providers for additional ERC programming, including the Pre-Adjudication Coordination and Transition Center (PACT) for Baltimore City males, Pride Youth Service for youth in Montgomery County, and Lead for Life, Inc., for youth in Anne Arundel and Wicomico Counties. Shelter beds may also serve as ATDs when release-eligible youth are unable to return home. If a youth is presented at intake for detention, DJS staff may assign an ATD based on the youth's risk level (placements must be reviewed by the juvenile court the next day). The juvenile court may also assign an ATD directly. These alternatives allow youth to remain at home or in shelter care to continue school or work and maintain community ties/programs that mitigate risk while awaiting adjudication. Youth on ATD supervision are expected to appear for scheduled hearings, abide by ATD program guidelines, and not incur any new offenses.

ADMISSIONS (ADM), ADP, & ALOS BY PROGRAM TYPE⁺ & REGION, FY 2023

Region of Residence	ADM	ADP	ALOS*
Region 1	66	10.9	62.5
CD	6	0.3	20.1
CD/EM	27	2.8	43.9
ERC	29	7.8	109.2
Shelter Care	4	0.1	11.6
Region 2	22	1.6	27.2
CD	5	0.2	10.9
CD/EM	14	1.2	32.5
Shelter Care	3	0.2	24.7
Region 3	140	13.6	36.4
CD	16	1.0	23.6
CD/EM	101	10.5	39.4
ERC	20	1.7	33.0
Shelter Care	3	0.3	25.5
Region 4	15	2.2	67.0
CD/EM	13	1.9	67.5
ERC	1	0.2	63.0
Shelter Care	1	0.2	66.6
Region 5	72	9.3	45.7
CD	2	0.1	21.7
CD/EM	33	3.6	33.3
ERC	34	5.3	65.7
Shelter Care	3	0.3	32.9
Region 6	147	18.0	45.2
CD	5	0.4	26.7
CD/EM	96	11.0	42.7
ERC	39	5.9	56.1
Shelter Care	7	0.7	35.5
Region 7	203	30.2	53.4
CD	15	1.1	41.8
CD/EM	120	17.2	49.6
ERC	63	11.5	64.9
Shelter Care	5	0.5	34.7
Region 8	426	40.4	35.0
CD	67	4.3	20.9
CD/EM	181	17.7	41.3
ERC	126	10.6	33.0
PACT	37	7.1	52.1
Shelter Care	15	0.6	15.2
Out-of-State	29	3.6	45.8
Total CD**	117	7.4	23.8
Total CD/EM**	611	69.2	42.9
Total ERC**	313	43.2	51.6
Total PACT	37	7.1	52.1
Total Shelter Care**	42	2.9	24.0

⁺Youth can be in multiple ATDs simultaneously; * Measured in days; ** Includes out-of-state youth (see page 145 for breakdown).

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

- *Region of Residence (FY 2023):*
 - Over half (53.5%) of ATD program youth came from Regions 8 and 7 combined.
- *Average Length of Stay (ALOS) FY 2021-2023:*
 - CD decreased from 28.4 days to 23.8 days.
 - CD/EM decreased from 54.6 days to 42.9 days.
 - ERC decreased slightly from 51.9 days to 51.6 days.
 - PACT decreased from 76.9 days to 52.1 days.
 - Shelter Care decreased from 48.2 days to 24.0 days.
- *Average Daily Population (ADP) FY 2021-2023:*
 - CD decreased 32.6%.
 - CD/EM decreased 18.6%.
 - ERC increased 17.1%.
 - PACT decreased 25.3%.
 - Shelter Care decreased 48.4%.
- *ATD Program Youth:*
 - The total number of ATD youth increased 4.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 10.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- *Most Serious Offense Trends FY 2021-2023:*
 - CD and CD/EM: the percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 41.1% to 44.9%; the percentage of Felonies increased from 20.7% to 23.8%.
 - ERC: the percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 45.5% to 32.3%; the percentage of Felonies increased from 30.2% to 34.2%.
 - PACT: the percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 55.0% to 29.7%; the percentage of Felonies increased from 25.0% to 43.2%.
 - Shelter Care: the percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 27.9% to 38.1%; the percentage of Felonies decreased from 25.6% to 23.8%.
- See pages 144 and 145 for specific program names and locations as well as Admissions, ADP, and ALOS data by Program Type and County for FY 2023.

ADMISSIONS BY OFFENSE TYPE*, FY 2023

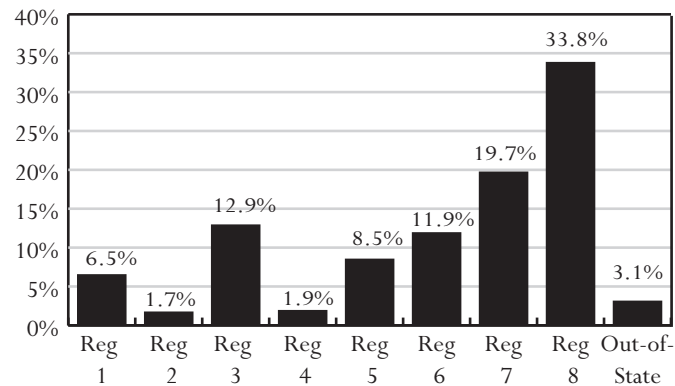
Most Serious Alleged Offense	CD & CD/EM**	ERC	PACT	Shelter Care
Arson	0.6%	0.6%	2.7%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth Use	13.9%	21.7%	32.4%	19.0%
Burglary/Break & Ent.	4.2%	6.4%	2.7%	2.4%
Carjacking	13.5%	6.7%	8.1%	2.4%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	2.3%	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault-Felony	11.3%	7.0%	16.2%	11.9%
Handgun Violation	12.4%	7.7%	21.6%	4.8%
Malicious Destruction	0.9%	1.0%	0.0%	4.8%
Manslaughter	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.7%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	2.3%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Distribution	3.5%	4.5%	10.8%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	1.2%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	2.9%	4.5%	2.7%	4.8%
Resisting Arrest	1.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	10.8%	11.2%	0.0%	16.7%
Second Degree Assault-Misd	7.7%	11.2%	0.0%	16.7%
Sex Offense	1.3%	2.2%	0.0%	9.5%
Theft	7.9%	9.6%	2.7%	7.1%
Trespassing	0.3%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Felony	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Unspecified Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	684	313	37	42

* A single admission may involve multiple offenses. Offense may not be reason for admission.

¹ "Other" includes Affray, Alcoholic Bev. Violation, Assault Weapon, Child Abuse, Escape, Forgery/Counterfeit, Harassment, Judicial Process-Influence or Intimidate-Felony, Kidnapping, Motor Vehicle Tampering, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Telephone Misuse, Threat of Mass Violence, and Ungovernable.

** Admission counts are for CD/EM program as a whole, including CD alone and CD with EM.

YOUTH COUNT* BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023



* Includes CD, CD/EM, ERC, PACT, and Shelter Care

ADMISSIONS BY OFFENSE CATEGORY*, FY 2023

Offense Category (of the Most Serious Alleged Offense)	CD & CD/EM**	ERC	PACT	Shelter Care
Crime of Violence⁺	44.9%	32.3%	29.7%	38.1%
Felony	23.8%	34.2%	43.2%	23.8%
- Person-to-Person	1.8%	2.2%	0.0%	2.4%
- Property	17.8%	27.5%	32.4%	21.4%
- Drugs	3.5%	4.5%	10.8%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	30.1%	31.6%	27.0%	33.3%
- Person-to-Person	22.8%	22.7%	21.6%	23.8%
- Property	6.6%	8.0%	5.4%	9.5%
- Drugs	0.7%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%	2.4%
Interstate/Missing	0.1%	1.0%	0.0%	2.4%
Total Admissions	684	313	37	42

* A single admission may involve multiple offenses. Offense may not be reason for admission.

⁺ See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

** Admission counts are for CD/EM program as a whole, including both CD alone and CD with EM.

YOUTH COUNT* BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	79.1%	79.5%	78.6%
White	13.0%	13.0%	9.9%
Hispanic/Other	7.9%	7.5%	11.6%
Sex			
Male	88.0%	90.0%	89.6%
Female	12.0%	10.0%	10.4%
Age			
11 and under	0.4%	0.1%	0.3%
12	2.5%	1.9%	1.2%
13	4.3%	6.2%	5.9%
14	13.4%	12.1%	15.2%
15	23.8%	26.3%	25.6%
16	23.1%	20.1%	20.2%
17	24.2%	22.6%	23.2%
18-20	8.2%	10.6%	8.5%
Total Youth¹	718	677	751

* Includes CD, CD/EM, ERC, PACT, and Shelter Care

¹ Total represents a count of youth served, since youth may be served by multiple ATD programs.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous Data Resource Guides due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION AND SHELTER CARE BY REGION/COUNTY, FY 2023

Region 1	Location
Dorchester County CD	Dorchester
Dorchester County EM	Dorchester
Somerset County CD	Somerset
Somerset County EM	Somerset
Wicomico County CD	Wicomico
Wicomico County EM	Wicomico
Wicomico County ERC	Wicomico
DJS Assessment Unit - Eastern Shore	Worcester
Worcester County CD	Worcester
Worcester County EM	Worcester
Region 2	Location
Caroline County CD	Caroline
Caroline County EM	Caroline
Cecil County CD	Cecil
Cecil County EM	Cecil
Kent County CD	Kent
Kent County EM	Kent
Queen Anne's County CD	Queen Anne's
Queen Anne's County EM	Queen Anne's
Talbot County CD	Talbot
Talbot County EM	Talbot
Region 3	Location
Baltimore County CD	Baltimore Co.
Baltimore County EM	Baltimore Co.
Board of Child Care- Sh. Term Inten. GH*	Baltimore Co.
Children's Home (Group Home)*	Baltimore Co.
Eastern Baltimore County ERC	Baltimore Co.
Hickey Shelter ¹	Baltimore Co.
MAGIC- Unity Home for Girls (Group Home)*	Baltimore Co.
Western Baltimore County ERC	Baltimore Co.
Harford County CD	Harford
Harford County EM	Harford
Region 4	Location
Allegany County CD	Allegany
Allegany County EM	Allegany
Garrett County CD	Garrett
Garrett County EM	Garrett
Washington County CD	Washington
Washington County EM	Washington

¹ Available for statewide youth

Region 5	Location
Anne Arundel County CD	An. Arundel
Anne Arundel County EM	An. Arundel
Carroll County CD	Carroll
Carroll County EM	Carroll
Howard County CD	Howard
Howard County EM	Howard
Region 6	Location
Frederick County CD	Frederick
Frederick County EM	Frederick
Hearts & Homes for Youth, Inc (Kemp Mill GH)* ERC	Montgomery
Montgomery County CD	Montgomery
Montgomery County EM	Montgomery
Montgomery County ERC	Montgomery
Region 7	Location
Calvert County CD	Calvert
Calvert County EM	Calvert
Charles County CD	Charles
Charles County EM	Charles
Prince George's County CD	Pr. George's
Prince George's County EM	Pr. George's
Prince George's County ERC	Pr. George's
St. Mary's County CD	St. Mary's
St. Mary's County EM	St. Mary's
Region 8	Location
Baltimore City CD	Baltimore City
Baltimore City EM	Baltimore City
Baltimore City ERC	Baltimore City
Baltimore City PACT Center	Baltimore City

*This facility, which is a group home, is used for short-term or shelter placements as needed and based on bed availability.

**ADMISSIONS (ADM), ADP*, AND ALOS FOR ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION
 BY REGION/COUNTY OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023**

Region/ County	CD			CD/EM ¹			ERC			PACT			Shelter		
	ADM	ADP	ALOS	ADM	ADP	ALOS	ADM	ADP	ALOS	ADM	ADP	ALOS	ADM	ADP	ALOS
Region 1	6	0.3	20.1	27	2.8	43.9	29	7.8	109.2	0	0.0	0.0	4	0.1	11.6
Dorchester	2	0.1	29.9	9	1.2	55.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.0
Somerset	1	0.0	0.4	1	0.1	28.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Wicomico	2	0.0	2.7	9	0.8	41.7	29	7.8	109.2	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.1	11.6
Worcester	1	0.1	45.3	8	0.7	29.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Region 2	5	0.2	10.9	14	1.2	32.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.2	24.7
Caroline	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.2	32.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.1	31.6
Cecil	3	0.1	16.2	7	0.5	26.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.1	21.3
Kent	2	0.0	3.0	2	0.3	48.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Queen Anne's	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	14.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Talbot	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.2	39.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Region 3	16	1.0	23.6	101	10.5	39.4	20	1.7	33.0	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.3	25.5
Baltimore Co.	12	0.7	22.1	84	6.8	29.8	20	1.7	33.0	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.3	25.5
Harford	4	0.3	27.7	17	3.7	78.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Region 4	0	0.0	0.0	13	1.9	67.5	1	0.2	63.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2	66.6
Allegany	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.6	86.3	1	0.2	63.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2	66.6
Garrett	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Washington	0	0.0	0.0	11	1.3	59.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Region 5	2	0.1	21.7	33	3.6	33.3	34	5.3	65.7	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.3	32.9
Anne Arundel	2	0.1	21.7	23	2.3	29.2	34	5.3	65.7	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2	65.0
Carroll	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.1	21.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	13.7
Howard	0	0.0	0.0	8	1.2	43.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.1	20.2
Region 6	5	0.4	26.7	96	11.0	42.7	39	5.9	56.1	0	0.0	0.0	7	0.7	35.5
Frederick	2	0.4	65.7	14	1.1	23.8	1	0.0	10.0	0	0.0	0.0	5	0.6	41.8
Montgomery	3	0.0	0.7	82	10.0	45.8	38	5.9	57.6	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.1	19.9
Region 7	15	1.1	41.8	120	17.2	49.6	63	11.5	64.9	0	0.0	0.0	5	0.5	34.7
Calvert	1	0.1	35.8	6	0.4	19.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Charles	0	0.0	0.0	5	0.8	46.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	16.0
Prince George's	13	1.0	45.8	96	13.4	49.0	62	11.4	65.7	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.3	33.2
St. Mary's	1	0.0	0.6	13	2.5	63.1	1	0.1	20.9	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2	58.0
Region 8	67	4.3	20.9	181	17.7	41.3	126	10.6	33.0	37	7.1	52.1	15	0.6	15.2
Baltimore City	67	4.3	20.9	181	17.7	41.3	126	10.6	33.0	37	7.1	52.1	15	0.6	15.2
Out of State	1	0.2	58.2	26	3.2	46.4	1	0.2	62.8	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	1.8
Statewide	117	7.4	23.8	611	69.2	42.9	313	43.2	51.6	37	7.1	52.1	42	2.9	24.0

*ADP may not add to total due to rounding.

¹The offense tables on the other ATD pages report CD/EM combined, so if a youth is transferred from CD to EM or vice versa, the youth is counted as one admission. This table separates out CD from CD/EM, so the sum of this total will be slightly higher than the offense table totals presented on the other ATD pages.



Section IV: Treatment Programs

For Committed Youth



Youth at Backbone Mountain Youth Center participated in “Backbone Combine”, a version of the NFL Combine, which included passing, catching, 40-yard dash, vertical jump, broad jump, 3-cone run, tire flip run, and a shuttle run.

Introduction to Treatment Programs for Committed Youth

DJS aims to select the most appropriate out-of-home program for youth who have been committed to the custody of DJS by the juvenile court. The court determines the appropriate level of care for each youth but does not select the specific programs to which the youth are referred. Treatment programs vary based on the services provided, as well as by security level.

DJS has made significant reform efforts in recent years, including an increased focus on several key principles to guide decision making regarding out-of-home placements. These principles are:

- Utilize community-based treatment whenever possible;
- Utilize lengths of stay that maximize treatment benefits;
- Utilize research-based programs;
- Prioritize out-of-home placements in Qualified Residential Treatment Programs (QRTPs) when available;
- Identify trauma and provide trauma-responsive care;
- Reduce racial and other systemic biases;
- Utilize a restorative approach by seeking options to repair harm to victims and communities; and
- Foster positive youth development and resiliency.

Beginning in 2020, DJS participated in a learning academy with national experts and other jurisdictions. DJS leadership reviewed best practices and evidence-based approaches to treatment, and the academy provided technical assistance, including an analysis of departmental policies and practices. The DJS team identified a number of issues that unnecessarily increased youth lengths of stay in treatment without improving the services provided, including placement recommendations, case planning, treatment delivery and monitoring, procedures for motivating youth and responding to youth behaviors, enhancing youth and family voice, and reentry planning. As a result, DJS developed its Comprehensive Treatment Model (CTM) policy. Implemented in July 2023, the model identifies Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT) as the foundational treatment framework

PLACEMENTS, ADP, AND ALOS FOR DJS-OPERATED COVID-19 QUARANTINE ISOLATION¹, FY 2023²

Program	Placements	ADP	ALOS
Backbone Mountain YC	4	0.1	7.2
Green Ridge YC	0	0.0	N/A
Victor Cullen Center	2	0.1	15.0
Total	6	0.2	8.6

¹ Youth can have more than one quarantine period. ² Data include only COVID-19 quarantines that were temporarily housed at a separate facility. Data do not include youth quarantined in their original placement facility.

CAPACITY, ADP, AND SECURITY TYPE FOR DJS-OPERATED TREATMENT PROGRAMS¹, FY 2023

Program	Capacity	ADP	Security Type
Backbone Mountain YC*	28	23.6	Staff
Garrett Children's Center [^] (formerly Savage Mountain YC)	0	0.0	Hardware
Green Ridge Mountain Quest**	6	0.3	Staff
Green Ridge YC*	30	21.4	Staff
Victor Cullen Center*	26	21.9	Hardware
Total	90	67.1⁺	N/A

¹ This table does not include contracted treatment programs.

* Capacity Changes: Backbone Mountain YC capacity was increased from 21 to 28 on 11/02/2022; Green Ridge YC capacity increased from 26 to 30 on 6/29/2023; Victor Cullen Center capacity increased from 24 to 26 on 6/29/2023.

[^] Garrett Children's Center remained temporarily closed throughout FY 2023.

** Green Ridge Mountain Quest was closed in November 2022, therefore the data only reflect the period it was open.

⁺ Averages may not add to totals due to rounding.

Based on capacities from the end of the FY, the utilization rate for state-operated programs was 74.6%.

and incorporates principles of Positive Youth Development (PYD) and trauma informed care. The model establishes that the intensity of services a youth receives is determined by the youth's risk of recidivism and treatment needs, and identifies the unique strengths of a youth to create an individualized treatment plan. It is anticipated that implementing changes will result in improved outcomes for justice-involved youth, a reduction in recidivism, and increased public safety.

Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports (PBIS): Implemented in all DJS-operated treatment programs (see table above) since January 2018, PBIS is an evidence-based framework that is designed to facilitate the development of pro-social youth behavior, and maintain safety and security in the programs. For DJS, the PBIS framework includes a behavior motivation system, STARR, which is grounded in the principles of positive reinforcement and modeling. STARR helps youth learn problem-solving and leadership skills, as well as accept responsibility for their behavior. Program staff are trained to teach and model problem-solving and social skills.

PYD is a framework that sees youth and families as full of potential and provides them with opportunities, relationships, and support to build on their strengths and achieve positive outcomes.

Trauma Informed Care (TIC): Trauma Informed Care is an approach that takes in to account past trauma and how it shapes fundamental beliefs about the world and affects behavior. DJS has implemented TIC since since March 2017. The National Association for the States of Mental Health Program Directors (NASMHPD) trained all DJS treatment program staff in a TIC model that was originally developed for the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), a nationally recognized leader in Trauma Informed Care. TIC is taught in entry-level training for all staff and teaches staff to recognize the signs, symptoms, and common reactions to trauma. It also teaches staff about the impact of trauma on the developing brain, and how it impacts the behaviors, reactions, and lives of youth. Through training with the NASMHPD trauma trainers, DJS staff have developed and implemented specific strategies to help youth address their reactions to trauma triggers, and programs have developed more trauma-informed environments.

PLACEMENT PROCESS

The DJS placement process is designed to select the most appropriate program and treatment services for youth. The process begins after adjudication with a comprehensive case review of each youth.

Community or Multidisciplinary Assessment Staffing Team (MAST) Staffing: For youth in the community at the time of adjudication, the local DJS office conducts a community staffing. A community staffing meeting brings together key parties responsible for treatment service planning, including parents and/or guardians. For detained youth, a MAST staffing takes place in the detention center. MAST is a specialized diagnostic team responsible for assessing youth who are detained

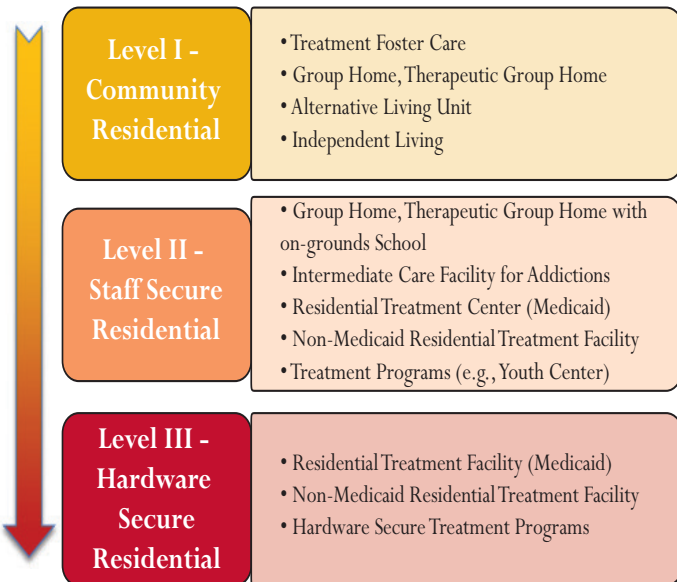
pending court disposition and are at risk of out-of-home placement. The MAST includes a psychologist, social worker, professional counselor or substance use counselor, community case manager, detention facility case manager supervisor, resource specialist, an education representative, and the youth and family. Youth who require more specialized assessments (e.g., a neurological, psychosexual, or medical assessment) are referred for evaluation, and the results are presented during a MAST staffing.

Referral for Services: Each staffing meeting considers all pertinent information including the current offense(s), delinquency history, social history, recommended supervision level and treatment needs based on the DJS MCASP, educational records, any behavioral health and medical assessments, youth and family input and strengths, service access considerations, and the involvement of any other state agency. Staffing meetings culminate with recommendations to the juvenile court for program participation and/or treatment services tailored to the circumstances of each youth. After court disposition, DJS refers each case to the recommended program(s) for consideration. Programs may either accept or reject a youth based on program eligibility criteria or capacity.

The Department has established three levels of residential treatment program placements based largely on the level of program restrictiveness (see the figure). Level I includes all programs where youth reside in a community setting and attend community schools. Level II includes programs where education is provided on-grounds, and youth movement is restricted primarily by staff monitoring and supervision. Level III programs provide the highest level of security by augmenting staff supervision with physical attributes of the facility (i.e., locked areas and fences).

DJS contracts with an array of programs, both in and out of state, to provide treatment services to committed youth. The full range of DJS placement options include: (a) Foster Care Homes (treatment foster care); (b) Group Homes (general service and therapeutic); (c) Independent Living Programs/Alternative Living Units (often used as a step-down from a more restrictive program placement for older youth); (d) Residential Treatment Centers (RTCs) and non-Medicaid Residential Treatment Facilities (out-of-state); (e) DJS-operated and out-of-state staff-secure treatment programs; and (g) hardware-secure treatment programs, both DJS-operated and privately contracted out-of-state.

In 2021, DJS added an additional placement option as a result of the passing of the Family First Prevention Services Act (FFPSA) in 2018. FFPSA defined a new level of child care institution (i.e. group home setting)- Qualified Residential Treatment Program (QRTP). A QRTP is a non-family-based setting that serves children with treatment needs that cannot be met in a home/family setting. The QRTP must meet the following requirements: use a trauma informed treatment model; have a registered or licensed nursing and clinical staff available 24/7; provide discharge planning and family-based aftercare support;





Youth at Backbone Mountain Youth Center working on an epoxy project to send home to loved ones for Valentine's Day.

facilitate outreach to and include the participation of the child and family members; and is state licensed and accredited by the Joint Commission, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF), or the Council on Accreditation (COA). The State of Maryland has designated six programs as QRTPs to include the DJS licensed program - Morning Star Vision Quest.

Case Reviews: The DJS case management team conducts monthly reviews of all youth under Departmental supervision to ensure that youth are receiving recommended treatment services and appropriate supervision. Beginning in March 2020, DJS implemented a monthly executive-level case review process to further ensure that youth are progressing in programs, receiving all needed services while in a program, and being evaluated for court in a timely manner. This is in addition to the already established Central Review Committee process.

Central Review Committee (CRC): DJS established the CRC in 2012 after legislation was passed granting DJS the authority to transfer youth to a placement with a higher security level without first requesting the court to modify the commitment order. That legislation expired in 2016; however, the CRC continues to conduct weekly case reviews of youth at risk for removal from a treatment program and those who have been removed from a program due to safety issues or a significant change in the behavioral, emotional, and/or medical needs of the youth. The Director of Behavioral Health serves as the Chair of the CRC. The CRC directs changes in the provision of services to youth, recommends placement transfers, and requests modifications to court orders for those cases requiring increased security.

SERVICES PROVIDED IN DJS-OPERATED TREATMENT PROGRAMS

Youth served in a DJS-operated treatment program receive a multitude of services, including behavioral health, case management, somatic

health, and educational services. Upon admission, the treatment team determines the number of treatment hours for each youth. The total number of treatment hours is based upon the youth's assessed overall risk for recidivism as estimated by the MCASP and the youth's identified treatment needs. Substance use services are provided based upon need and in 2021, DJS achieved accreditation through the COA for all state-operated treatment programs.

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

DJS Behavioral Health Services (BHS) provides integrated mental health and substance use treatment in DJS-operated treatment programs. Behavioral Health Services include the following: substance use services; suicide assessment and prevention; crisis intervention and stabilization; medication evaluation and monitoring; and individual, group, and family therapies. All youth participate in the TAMAR-Y (Trauma, Addiction, Mental Health, and Recovery – Youth) curriculum, which combines psychoeducation with cognitive behavioral interventions and expressive art therapy. As of July 2023, all youth participate in individual and group Dialectical Behavioral Therapy (DBT) sessions. DBT is an evidence-based, cognitive behavioral intervention that helps individuals learn how to better manage negative emotions, reduce impulsive and other negative behaviors, improve relationships, and improve the quality of their lives. Case Management staff work with youth in the Forward Thinking interactive journaling program, which uses cognitive behavioral strategies to assist youth in making positive changes in their thoughts, feelings and behaviors. Telepsychiatry services are available to all youth as needed. Trauma-Focused Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (TF-CBT), an evidence-based cognitive behavioral program, is available to all youth who need trauma specific treatment.

Substance Use Services: All DJS treatment programs offer Seven Challenges substance use treatment, which was

STUDENTS SERVED BY JSEP, FY 2023

	FY 2023 (Quarters)			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Backbone Mountain Youth Center	75	36	43	43
Green Ridge Mountain Quest*	0	0	0	0
Green Ridge Youth Center	48	32	36	41
Victor Cullen Center	58	37	38	37

* The Green Ridge Mountain Quest Program closed in November 2022.

implemented in 2009. Seven Challenges utilizes a decision-making model, encouraging youth to make well-informed decisions by weighing the costs (e.g., physical, psychological, and social harm) and benefits of drug use. All programs provide substance use services to youth at the needed American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) level ranging from early intervention to clinically managed medium intensity residential services.

SOMATIC HEALTH

The Somatic Health Services Unit provides comprehensive, quality health care and nutritional services in an integrated fashion to address the full range of needs of the youth and to ensure a continuum of care in the DJS residential programs. The unit's mission is to protect, promote, and advance the health of all youth in the care of the Department.

The health care system provides medical, dental, optometry, midwifery, pharmacy, and dietetic services in an interdisciplinary fashion that is developmentally appropriate for youth. These services are delivered in accordance with the standards of care set forth by the National Commission on Correctional Health Care, the American Academy of Pediatrics, the Centers for Disease Control, and the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Academy of Sciences.

Youth admitted to DJS residential programs require ongoing, routine preventative health care. In some cases, youth may have unmet or chronic health care needs upon admission or may develop an acute health condition that needs to be addressed. DJS ensures that each program has licensed nurses and clinical practitioners, as well as comprehensive laboratory and pharmacy services to meet the health care needs of the youth. For specialty, surgical, emergency, or in-patient care that may be required, youth are transported to community providers as needed.

Each youth must have a current nursing assessment, history and physical examination, vision screening, and dental screening upon admission or soon thereafter. Youth are also screened or tested for anemia and infectious diseases including tuberculosis, COVID-19, sexually transmitted infections, and HIV. Girls are

provided comprehensive gynecological care either on-site or in the community in order to meet individual need.

DJS makes every effort to request immunization records for all youth and to fully immunize youth who are not up to date on recommended and required vaccinations. DJS participates in the Federal Vaccines for Children Program.

The care and services delivered and the performance of the private health care providers are continually monitored by the director team of Office of Somatic Health Services to ensure compliance and optimal quality of care.

EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

The Juvenile Services Education Program's primary focus is to provide exceptional educational opportunities to students and assist them in accruing credits toward graduation or to receive a diploma by examination (GED). JSEP utilizes a combination of online course providers and blended learning courses facilitated by JSEP teachers to provide credit recovery and original credit opportunities for students. Online course providers afford students the opportunity to retake courses to obtain the mastery needed for credit to use towards graduation requirements. If a student has successfully attained their high school diploma or GED, higher education courses are available through three community college partnerships. (See the JSEP Section on pages 12-15 for more information).

CLASSIFICATION

All DJS-operated treatment programs utilize the Housing Classification Assessment, an objective internal classification tool to assess a youth's potential vulnerability and supervision needs, taking into account history of offending, medical or mental health concerns, and youth age and size (see Appendix C). The classification assessment is implemented for all youth upon admission to the program, and the results guide appropriate housing decisions and room assignments. The tool allows for reclassification in response to circumstances or special needs that may require modification of housing or room assignment.

RE-ENTRY PROCESS

DJS recognizes the importance of effectively transitioning committed youth from a treatment program back to the community. These youth may face challenges re-enrolling in school or accessing needed somatic or behavioral health services. DJS has implemented policies to support this transition as part of a re-entry strategic plan. In addition, the DJS Comprehensive Treatment model provides youth with Behavioral Health services and aftercare support for 60 calendar days when transitioning to the community. Aftercare support includes weekly sessions with the youth to continue generalization of learned DBT Skills, participation in meetings with community case management and youth to ensure linkages to services have occurred; and preparing the youth for transition to community treatment provider.

Aftercare support may be extended for up to 30 calendar days upon recommendation of the youth's Community Case Management Specialist, and Community Case Management Specialist Supervisor, youth and/or family.

supervision efforts. After 30 days, a DJS reentry specialist ensures that the youth has accessed all needed services, has successfully re-enrolled in local public school when appropriate, and has remained in stable and suitable housing.

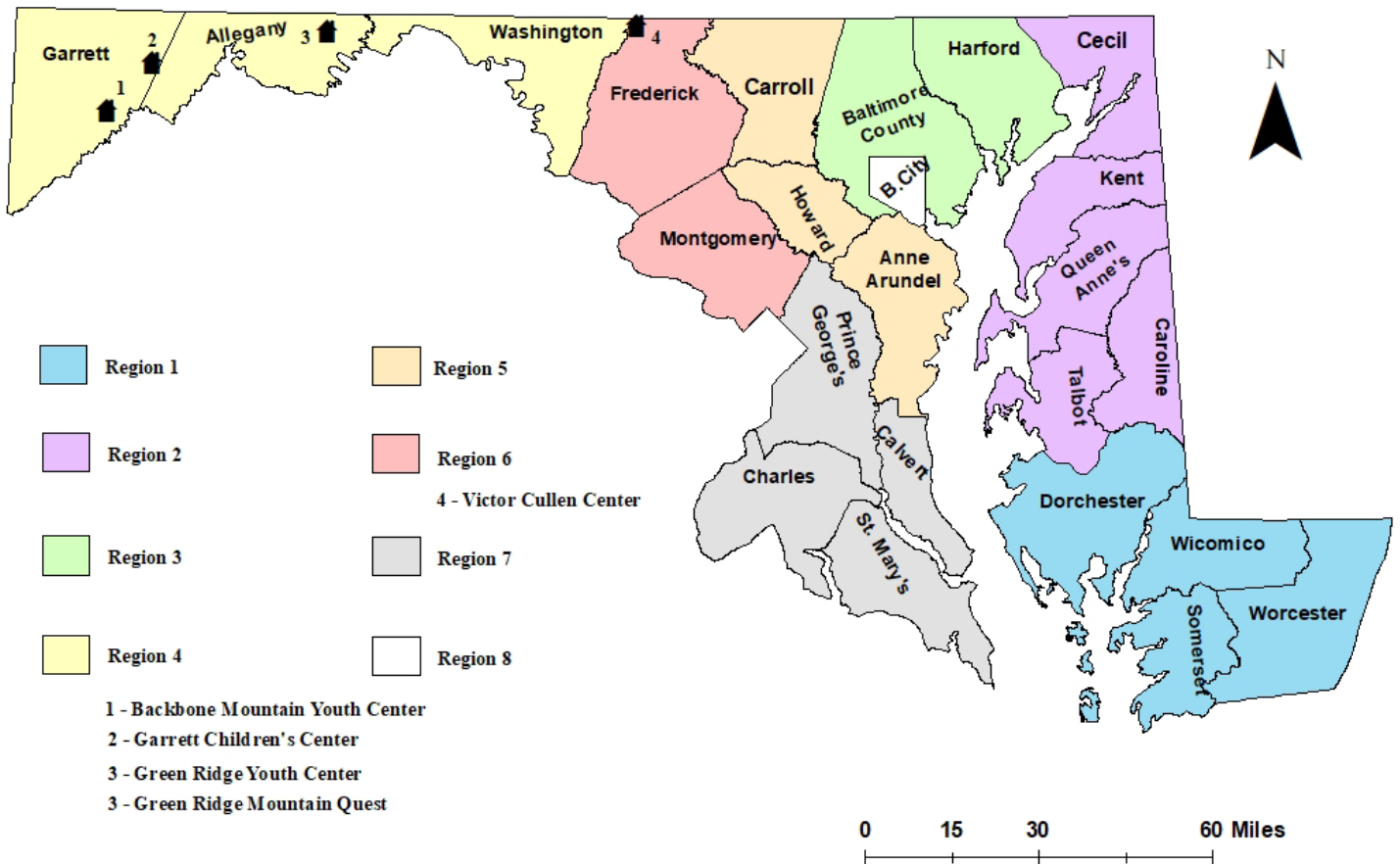
A re-entry staffing meeting is held 45 days prior to release, involving the youth, facility treatment team, community case manager, and the youth's family, who are invited and encouraged to participate. For youth in DJS treatment programs, a meeting is requested once the youth has completed 70% of the treatment hours they were to complete at the program. The care team reviews progress on the youth's individual treatment service plan, housing plan, educational or occupational needs, ongoing behavioral and somatic health service requirements, and family relationships and supports. A re-entry checklist guides and captures the results of this process (See Appendix C for more information). Most youth continue under DJS aftercare supervision, as their treatment plan continues to guide service and

A Note to Readers

Placement versus Admission: A placement is based on a decision made by the Department or a judge to place a youth into a treatment program. An admission occurs when a youth physically enters a program either through direct placement or through transfer. Therefore, during one placement, a youth may have several admissions, and these counts will not match.

Average Length of Stay (ALOS) Data: is based on all releases: successful, unsuccessful, and transfers.

DJS State-Operated Treatment Programs by Region

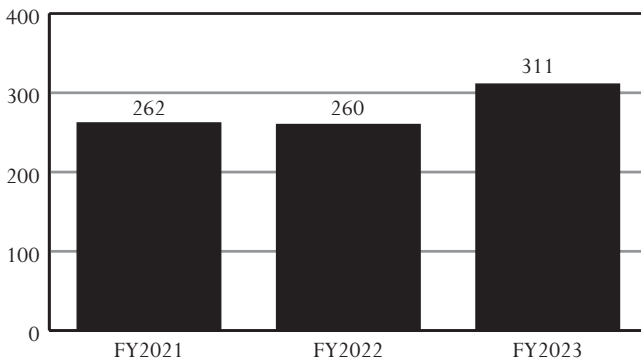


Statewide Total

The juvenile court may commit a youth to the care of DJS, thereby transferring legal custody to the Department. A range of out-of-home program options has been developed for committed youth. Community-based program options include placement in a foster home, group home, or independent living program. Placements in non-community settings include Residential Treatment Centers (RTCs), DJS-operated Youth Centers, and secure confinement programs. In FY 2023, DJS operated four treatment programs, including Garrett Children's Center, which is temporarily closed. DJS also contracts with both in- and out-of-state programs.

Note: Community-Based Family Therapy Programs are presented within this section (pages 178-180) because one of their primary goals is to divert youth from out-of-home committed placement. These data are not included on the statewide tables, which only include youth in committed out-of-home placements.

COMMITTED PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



There were no committed placements for youth under age 13 during FY 2021 - FY 2023. Therefore, the pages typically presented for the under age 13 population have been removed from the *Data Resource Guide*.

COMMITTED PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	63.4%	73.5%	78.5%
White	25.2%	15.4%	12.9%
Hispanic/Other	11.5%	11.2%	8.7%
Sex			
Male	85.1%	93.8%	94.2%
Female	14.9%	6.2%	5.8%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	2.3%	1.5%	2.6%
14	8.8%	9.6%	6.4%
15	22.9%	20.4%	14.5%
16	23.3%	23.1%	22.8%
17	29.4%	29.6%	30.5%
18-20	13.4%	15.8%	23.2%
Total Placements	262	260	311

- **Trends for Committed Placements:**
 - Committed placements increased 18.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 19.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- **First-Time Placements (FY 2023):**
 - Of the 311 committed placements, 63.0% were first-time placements. (Due to a methodology change, data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2018).
- **Residence (FY 2023):**
 - 97.7% of placements were Maryland residents. Of those from out of state, 6 were from Washington, D.C.; and 1 was from Virginia.
- **MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):**
 - For the 99.7% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 22.6% were Very High Risk, 30.6% were High Risk, 30.3% were Moderate Risk, and 16.5% were Low Risk.
- **Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):**
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 40.0% to 59.5%.
 - The percentage of Felonies decreased from 15.0% to 13.5%.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 44.6% to 27.0%.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- **Average Daily Population (ADP) for all committed placements (FY 2022-2023):**
 - ADP increased 4.6% from 132.7 to 138.7.
- **Average Length of Stay (ALOS) for FY 2022-2023:**
 - ALOS for all committed placements decreased 17.4% from 202.5 to 167.3.

COMMITTED PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	8.0%	12.7%	9.3%
Region 2	3.1%	1.5%	3.5%
Region 3	16.0%	16.5%	12.2%
Region 4	9.2%	8.5%	3.9%
Region 5	15.6%	11.5%	10.3%
Region 6	11.5%	8.1%	14.1%
Region 7	9.5%	13.1%	16.1%
Region 8	22.1%	23.1%	28.3%
Out-of-State	5.0%	5.0%	2.3%
Total Placements	262	260	311

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.8%	0.6%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	3.5%	2.3%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	6.2%	5.8%
Carjacking	8.5%	13.8%
Cons. to Commit Offense	2.7%	2.6%
Deadly Weapon	0.8%	0.6%
Disturbing the Peace	0.8%	0.6%
First Degree Assault	10.8%	15.4%
Handgun Violation	8.1%	11.3%
Malicious Destruction	1.5%	0.3%
Manslaughter	0.4%	1.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.1%	5.5%
Narcotics Distribution	2.3%	2.9%
Narcotics Possession	1.2%	0.6%
Other ¹ /Missing	5.0%	1.3%
Resisting Arrest	1.2%	0.0%
Robbery	10.4%	16.4%
Second Degree Assault	15.0%	8.7%
Sex Offense	6.2%	5.8%
Theft Felony	1.9%	1.6%
Theft Misdemeanor	7.7%	1.6%
Trespassing	0.4%	0.3%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	1.9%	1.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	40.0%	59.5%
Felony	15.0%	13.5%
- Person-to-Person	3.1%	3.9%
- Property	5.8%	3.9%
- Drugs	2.3%	2.9%
- Unspecified	3.8%	2.9%
Misdemeanor	44.6%	27.0%
- Person-to-Person	29.2%	21.9%
- Property	11.9%	3.2%
- Drugs	1.2%	0.6%
- Unspecified	2.3%	1.3%
Ordinance Offenses	0.4%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>260</i>	<i>311</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

COMMITTED PLACEMENT LOCATIONS⁺ FOR FY 2021-2023, ADP AND ALOS¹, FY 2023

	Placements [*]			FY2023	
	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	ADP	ALOS
Foster Care	4	2	0	1.5	469.2
Group Home **	82	79	49	25.7	199.1
Indep. Living	7	1	0	0.4	513.1
RTC	74	53	54	32.5	188.3
State Operated	104	125	195	67.1	123.6
<i>Staff Secure</i>	78	93	133	45.3	118.8
<i>Hardware Sec.</i>	30	34	64	21.9	128.7
Out-of-State	15	16	24	11.5	191.1
<i>RTC</i>	9	12	6	4.3	160.2
<i>Staff Secure</i>	5	4	8	2.4	110.2
<i>Hardware Sec.</i>	3	3	10	4.8	305.7
Total	262	260	311	138.7	167.3

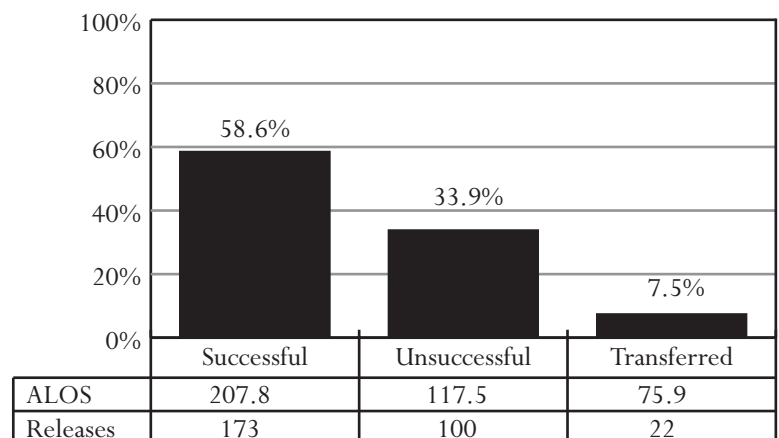
⁺ Totals presented in the table include each type of placement reported in that broad category; for example, "Independent Living" includes Independent Living as well as Alternative Living Units.

¹ ALOS is based on all releases: successful, unsuccessful, and transfer.

* All data exclude transfers within and between programs/program types and therefore may not add up to the totals presented. Placement data may not be comparable to DRGs prior to FY 2019.

** Data for Group Homes can not be compared to DRGs prior to FY 2021. Data for Silver Oak Academy and Intermediate Care Facilities for Addictions (ICFA) were reported separately in those DRGs. They were merged under Group Homes due to program certification and closures.

RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS^{*}, FY 2023



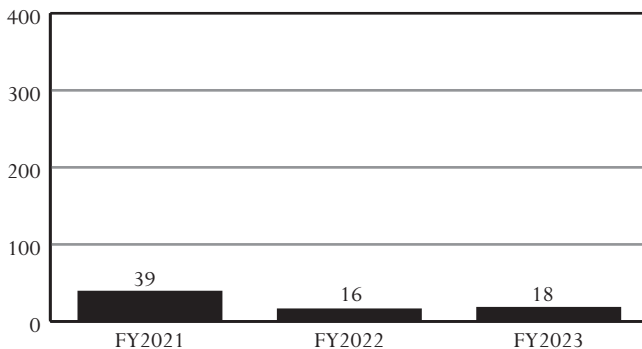
* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Statewide Females Only

Female youth represented approximately 6% of the population of youth committed to the care and custody of the Department during FY 2023. Community-based programming included the same continuum of options as the males have in: foster care, group homes, independent living programs, and Residential Treatment Centers (RTCs). Mountain View operated a staff-secure female-only program on the grounds of Backbone Mountain Youth Center through December 22, 2021, and Victor Cullen Center's hardware-secure program became available as an option for females as of October 11, 2022. Out-of-state contracted programs were also available for female youth.

COMMITTED PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



COMMITTED PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	51.3%	68.8%	72.2%
White	33.3%	31.2%	27.8%
Hispanic/Other	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex			
Male	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Female	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	2.6%	12.5%	5.6%
14	10.3%	12.5%	11.1%
15	30.8%	25.0%	38.9%
16	12.8%	12.5%	11.1%
17	35.9%	31.2%	11.1%
18-20	7.7%	6.2%	22.2%
Total Placements	39	16	18

• Trends for Committed Placements:

- Committed placements decreased 53.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 12.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• First-Time Placements (FY 2023):

- Of the 18 committed placements, 66.7% were first-time placements. (Due to a methodology change, data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2018).

• Residence (FY 2023):

- 100% of placements were Maryland residents. There were no youth from out of state.

• MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):

- For the 100.0% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 16.7% were Very High Risk, 33.3% were High Risk, 27.8% were Moderate Risk, and 22.2% were Low Risk.

• Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 18.8% to 44.4%.
- The percentage of Felonies increased from 18.8% to 22.2%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 62.5% to 33.3%.
- See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.

• Average Daily Population (ADP) for all committed placements (FY 2022-2023):

- ADP decreased 13.7% from 11.8 to 10.2.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS) for FY 2022-2023:

- ALOS for all committed placements increased 3.5% from 219.6 to 227.3.

COMMITTED PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	5.1%	37.5%	22.2%
Region 2	10.3%	0.0%	5.6%
Region 3	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 4	23.1%	18.8%	0.0%
Region 5	20.5%	0.0%	16.7%
Region 6	15.4%	12.5%	5.6%
Region 7	7.7%	18.8%	27.8%
Region 8	7.7%	12.5%	22.2%
Out-of-State	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	39	16	18

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	0.0%	5.6%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	5.6%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	11.1%
First Degree Assault	12.5%	11.1%
Handgun Violation	6.2%	5.6%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	5.6%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	6.2%	16.7%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	12.5%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	11.1%
Second Degree Assault	37.5%	16.7%
Sex Offense	6.2%	5.6%
Theft Felony	12.5%	5.6%
Theft Misdemeanor	6.2%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	18.8%	44.4%
Felony	18.8%	22.2%
- Person-to-Person	6.2%	11.1%
- Property	12.5%	11.1%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	62.5%	33.3%
- Person-to-Person	56.2%	33.3%
- Property	6.2%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>18</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

FEMALE COMMITTED PLACEMENT LOCATIONS⁺ FOR FY 2021-2023, ADP AND ALOS¹, FY 2023

	Placements [*]			FY2023	
	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	ADP	ALOS
Foster Care	1	2	0	1.5	469.2
Group Home ^{**}	7	5	4	2.0	156.5
Indep. Living	2	0	0	0.0	0.0
RTC	11	4	1	0.8	186.6
State Operated	13	2	11	3.3	117.5
<i>Staff Secure</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>
<i>Hardware Sec.</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>11</i>	<i>3.3</i>	<i>117.5</i>
Out-of-State	8	6	2	2.6	176.9
<i>RTC</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>172.3</i>
<i>Staff Secure</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>199.6</i>
<i>Hardware Sec.</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>
Total	39	16	18	10.2	227.3

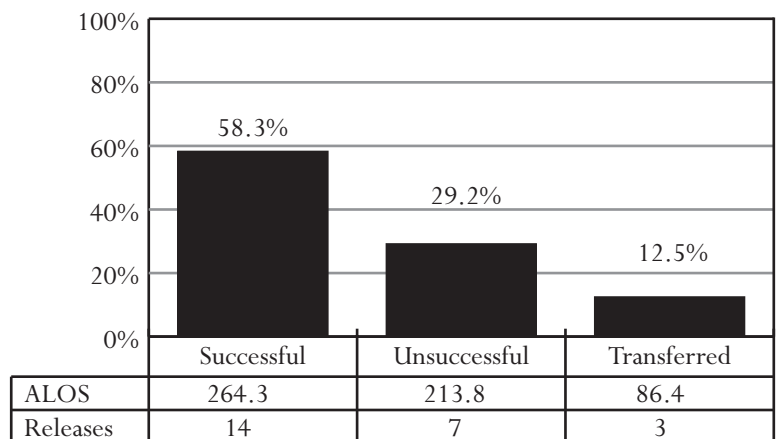
⁺ Totals presented in the table include each type of placement reported in that broad category; for example, "Independent Living" includes Independent Living as well as Alternative Living Units.

¹ ALOS is based on all releases: successful, unsuccessful, and transfer.

^{*} All data exclude transfers within and between programs/program types and therefore may not add up to the totals presented. Placement data may not be comparable to DRGs prior to FY 2019.

^{**} Data for Group Homes can not be compared to DRGs prior to FY 2021. Data for Silver Oak Academy and Intermediate Care Facilities for Addictions (ICFA) were reported separately in those DRGs. They were merged under Group Homes due to program certification and closures.

RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS^{*}, FY 2023

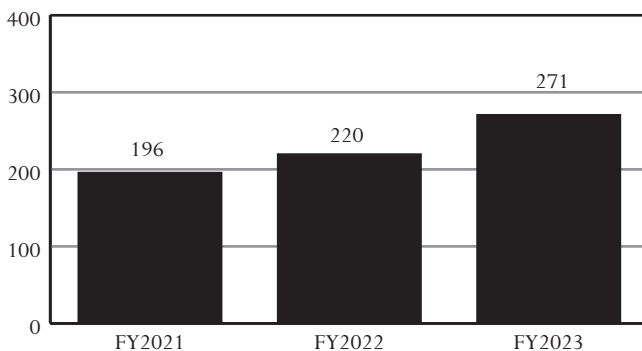


^{*} Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

Statewide Youth of Color Only

The data shown in this section provide additional detail for youth of color (non-white youth). Although each summary page in the *Data Resource Guide* treatment program section provides an overall race/ethnicity breakdown for treatment programs in the Demographics table, the tables in this section provide more detailed information on programs and ADP by type and region, offense type and severity, and length of stay for youth of color as a whole.

COMMITTED PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



COMMITTED PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	84.7%	86.8%	90.0%
White	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic/Other	15.3%	13.2%	10.0%
Sex			
Male	86.7%	95.0%	95.2%
Female	13.3%	5.0%	4.8%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	3.1%	1.4%	1.8%
14	7.7%	8.6%	6.3%
15	21.9%	20.9%	14.8%
16	26.0%	23.6%	24.4%
17	25.5%	30.0%	29.5%
18-20	15.8%	15.5%	23.2%
Total Placements	196	220	271

- *Trends for Committed Placements:*
 - Committed placements increased 38.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 23.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- *First-Time Placements (FY 2023):*
 - Of the 271 committed placements, 62.4% were first-time placements. (Due to a methodology change, data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2018).
- *Residence (FY 2023):*
 - 97.4% of placements were Maryland residents. The 6 youth from out of state were from Washington, D.C.; and 1 was from Virginia.
- *MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):*
 - For the 99.6% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 22.6% were Very High Risk, 30.4% were High Risk, 30.7% were Moderate Risk, and 16.3% were Low Risk.
- *Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):*
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 45.9% to 58.7%.
 - The percentage of Felonies increased from 13.2% to 14.0%.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 40.5% to 27.3%.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- *Average Daily Population (ADP) for all committed placements (FY 2022-2023):*
 - ADP increased 9.9% from 103.1 to 113.3.
- *Average Length of Stay (ALOS) for FY 2022-2023:*
 - ALOS for all committed placements decreased 16.5% from 189.8 to 158.5.

COMMITTED PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	6.1%	10.5%	8.5%
Region 2	3.1%	1.4%	2.2%
Region 3	13.8%	15.9%	10.7%
Region 4	5.6%	6.4%	4.4%
Region 5	16.8%	11.8%	9.6%
Region 6	10.7%	9.1%	14.4%
Region 7	9.2%	12.7%	16.2%
Region 8	29.1%	26.8%	31.4%
Out-of-State	5.6%	5.5%	2.6%
Total Placements	196	220	271

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.4%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	2.7%	2.6%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	6.8%	4.1%
Carjacking	10.0%	15.1%
Cons. to Commit Offense	2.7%	3.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.9%	0.7%
Disturbing the Peace	0.5%	0.7%
First Degree Assault	12.7%	14.8%
Handgun Violation	9.5%	12.5%
Malicious Destruction	1.4%	0.4%
Manslaughter	0.5%	0.7%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	3.6%	5.5%
Narcotics Distribution	1.8%	3.3%
Narcotics Possession	0.9%	0.4%
Other ¹ /Missing	5.5%	1.1%
Resisting Arrest	0.5%	0.0%
Robbery	11.8%	17.0%
Second Degree Assault	12.3%	7.7%
Sex Offense	4.1%	4.8%
Theft Felony	2.3%	1.8%
Theft Misdemeanor	7.7%	1.8%
Trespassing	0.5%	0.4%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	1.4%	1.1%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	45.9%	58.7%
Felony	13.2%	14.0%
- Person-to-Person	2.3%	3.3%
- Property	5.0%	4.4%
- Drugs	1.8%	3.3%
- Unspecified	4.1%	3.0%
Misdemeanor	40.5%	27.3%
- Person-to-Person	26.8%	22.5%
- Property	11.4%	3.0%
- Drugs	0.9%	0.4%
- Unspecified	1.4%	1.5%
Ordinance Offenses	0.5%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>220</i>	<i>271</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

YOUTH OF COLOR COMMITTED PLACEMENT LOCATIONS⁺ FOR FY 2021-2023, ADP AND ALOS¹, FY 2023

	Placements [*]			FY2023	
	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	ADP	ALOS
Foster Care	3	2	0	1.5	469.2
Group Home ^{**}	62	63	39	19.4	172.5
Indep. Living	6	1	0	0.4	513.1
RTC	48	39	40	21.7	165.5
State Operated	79	120	177	61.2	121.9
<i>Staff Secure</i>	<i>57</i>	<i>89</i>	<i>122</i>	<i>41.2</i>	<i>116.0</i>
<i>Hardware Sec.</i>	<i>24</i>	<i>32</i>	<i>57</i>	<i>20.0</i>	<i>129.2</i>
Out-of-State	12	9	22	9.1	173.7
<i>RTC</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>3.5</i>	<i>169.3</i>
<i>Staff Secure</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>1.9</i>	<i>92.0</i>
<i>Hardware Sec.</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>3.8</i>	<i>274.8</i>
Total	196	220	271	113.3	158.5

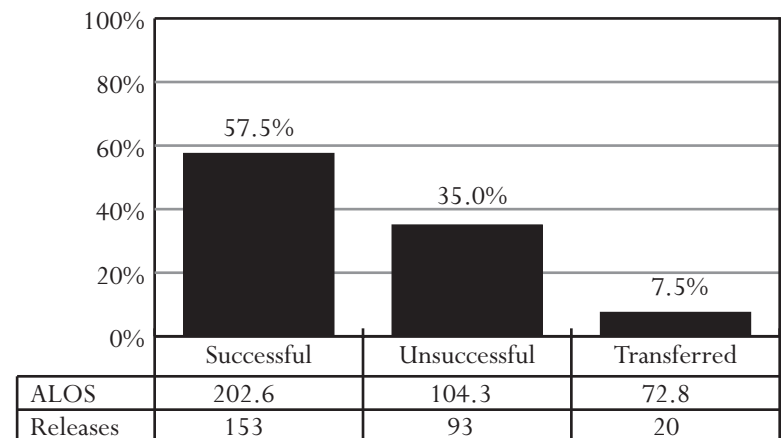
⁺ Totals presented in the table include each type of placement reported in that broad category; for example, "Independent Living" includes Independent Living as well as Alternative Living Units.

¹ ALOS is based on all releases: successful, unsuccessful, and transfer.

*All data exclude transfers within and between programs/program types and therefore may not add up to the totals presented. Placement data may not be comparable to DRGs prior to FY 2019.

** Data for Group Homes can not be compared to DRGs prior to FY 2021. Data for Silver Oak Academy and Intermediate Care Facilities for Addictions (ICFA) were reported separately in those DRGs. They were merged under Group Homes due to program certification and closures.

RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS^{*}, FY 2023



* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Foster Care

Foster Care serves youth who need placement, primarily because it may not be appropriate for youth to return home. Treatment Foster Care (TFC) is continuous 24-hour care with intensive support services operated by a licensed child placement agency or local Department of Social Services (DSS). TFCs provide a family setting for children with serious emotional, behavioral, medical, and/or psychological conditions. The behaviors of the youth served are not so severe that removal from the community is necessary.

ADMISSIONS, ADP, AND ALOS BY PROGRAM[^], FY 2023

Treatment Foster Care	County	Adm.	ADP	ALOS [*]
Arrow Child & Family Ministries of MD	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Board of Child Care	Balt. Co./Caroline	0	0.0	0.0
Children's Choice ⁺	Balti. City, Balt Co., Pr. George's, Wicomico	0	0.1	176.8
Children's Choice-Teen Mother ¹	Balt. City	0	0.0	0.0
Hearts & Homes for Youth - Damamli Teen ¹	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Hearts & Homes for Youth - Family Ties ⁺	Mont.	0	0.7	733.9
Mentor MD - Baltimore Children's Services	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Mentor MD - Baltimore Teens in Transition ⁺	Balt. Co.	0	0.7	496.8
Pressley Ridge	Balt. Co./Allegany	0	0.0	0.0
Pressley Ridge - Teen Mother ¹	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
PSI Family Services, Inc.	Pr. George's	0	0.0	0.0
Total Admissions	All	0	1.5	469.2

[^]The table reflects all programs with which DJS had active contracts for service during FY 2023. All programs served both females and males in FY 2023 unless otherwise noted.

^{*}An ALOS of 0.0 indicates that no youth were released during the FY.

⁺Although there were no admissions to this program in FY 2023, ADP reflects continuing placements from prior FYs.

¹Served females only.

- *Trends for Program Placements:*
 - Between FY 2021 and FY 2023, overall placements to Foster Care decreased 100.0%.
- *Program Admissions (FY 2023):*
 - There were no admissions to Treatment Foster Care during FY 2023.
- *Residence (FY 2023):*
 - There were no placements to Treatment Foster Care during FY 2023.
- *MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):*
 - There were no placements with a post-validation MCASP.
- *Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):*
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 50.0% to 0.0%.
 - The percentage of Felonies did not change.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 50.0% to 0.0%.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- *Average Daily Population (ADP):*
 - ADP decreased 65.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 41.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- *Average Length of Stay (ALOS):*
 - ALOS increased 28.9% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 60.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 2	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Region 3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 5	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 6	25.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Region 7	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 8	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Out-of-State	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	4	2	0

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	50.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%
Second Degree Assault	50.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Felony	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	50.0%	0.0%
Felony	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	50.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	50.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	2	0

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

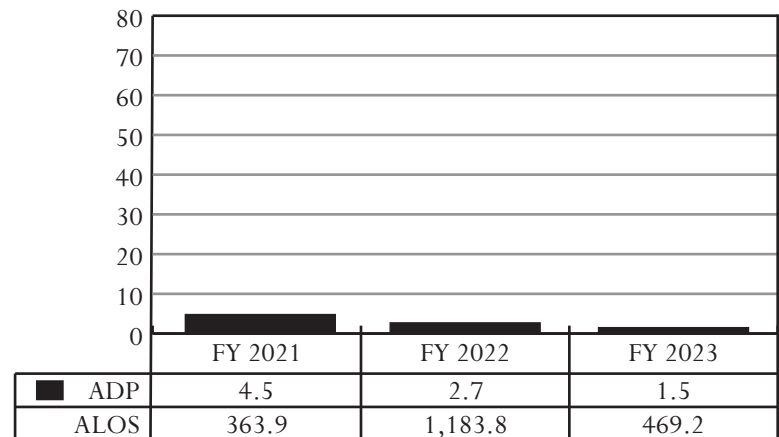
¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

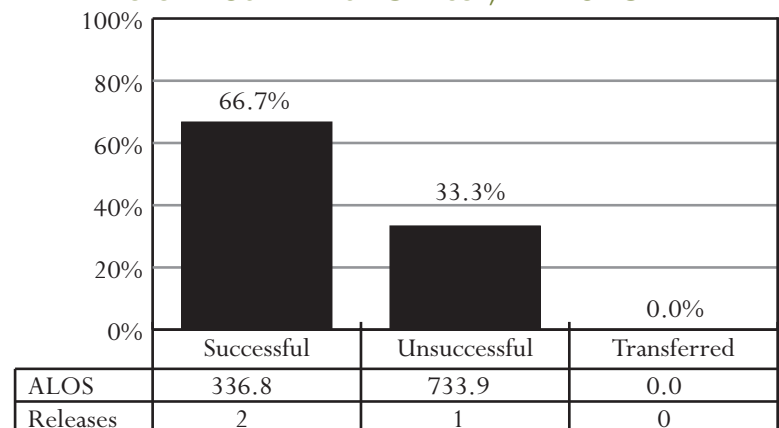
PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
White	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic/Other	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex			
Male	75.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Female	25.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
16	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%
17	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
18-20	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	4	2	0

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Group Homes

General group homes are non-profit residential programs for youth in placements licensed by DHS, DJS, or the Office of Health Care Quality (OHCQ), which is part of the Maryland Department of Health (MDH). They provide out-of-home care for four or more youth who are moderate to high risk and need more structure and supervision than a relative, foster parent, or treatment foster care program could offer. General group homes also provide a formal program of basic care, social work, and healthcare services. Therapeutic group homes (TGH) are residential programs for youth in out-of-home care licensed by OHCQ and must be non-profit organizations. TGHs provide access to a range of diagnostic and therapeutic mental health services to youth who are moderate to high risk and have an emotional or developmental disability. Those TGHs that provide educational programs on their grounds are considered staff-secure programs.

ADMISSIONS, ADP, AND ALOS BY PROGRAM[^], FY 2023

Group Homes	County	Adm.	ADP	ALOS [*]
Board of Child Care ⁺	Balt. Co., Mont., Wash	0	0.4	389.9
Cedar Ridge ²	Washington	3	1.9	290.9
Charity Hearts Healthcare Inc ²	Balt. Co.	2	1.0	0.0
Children's Home (GH & Tran)	Balt. Co.	2	1.1	147.4
Hearts and Homes ¹	Mont/ Pr. George's	1	0.6	211.0
Kemp Mill ²	Mont.	0	0.0	0.0
Making a Great Individual Contribution ¹	Balt. City	0	0.0	0.0
Morning Star Youth Academy ²	Dorchester	20	10.4	169.8
One Love ²	Balt. City	7	1.2	96.4
St. Ann's Infant & Maternity ¹	Pr. George's	1	0.6	0.0
Therapeutic Group Homes				
Arc of Washington County	Washington	0	0.0	0.0
Arrow Child & Fam Ministries ⁺¹	Balt. Co.	0	0.3	156.0
Avis Birely ²	Mont.	2	0.3	101.0
Board of Child Care	Balt. Co./Car	1	0.4	160.8
Cedar Ridge ²	Washington	6	4.2	446.2
Children's Home, Inc.	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Hearts & Homes - Helen Smith ¹	Mont.	0	0.0	0.0
Mary's Mount Manor ¹	An. Arund	2	0.2	78.2
Mountain Manor ¹	Balt. City	0	0.0	0.0
Our House ²	Mont.	3	3.1	286.6
Total Admissions	All	50	25.7	199.1

[^] The table reflects all programs with which DJS had active contracts for service during FY 2023. All programs served both females and males in FY 2023 unless otherwise noted.

⁺ An ALOS of 0.0 indicates that no youth were released during the FY.

⁺ Although there were no admissions to this program in FY 2023, ADP reflects continuing placements from prior FYs.

¹ Served females only during FY 2023.

² Served males only during FY 2023.

- *Trends for Program Placements:*
 - Between FY 2021 and FY 2023, overall placements to Group Homes decreased 40.2%.
- *Program Admissions (FY 2023):*
 - Morning Star Youth Academy had the highest number of admissions.
- *Residence (FY 2023):*
 - 95.9% of placements were Maryland residents. Of those from out of state, 1 was from Pennsylvania; and 1 was from Virginia.
- *MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):*
 - For the 98.0% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 12.5% were Very High Risk, 43.8% were High Risk, 25.0% were Moderate Risk, and 18.8% were Low Risk.
- *Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):*
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 38.0% to 51.0%.
 - The percentage of Felonies increased from 12.7% to 16.3%.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 48.1% to 32.7%.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- *Average Daily Population (ADP):*
 - ADP decreased 38.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 36.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- *Average Length of Stay (ALOS):*
 - ALOS increased 11.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 0.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	8.5%	13.9%	10.2%
Region 2	3.7%	2.5%	0.0%
Region 3	12.2%	26.6%	8.2%
Region 4	12.2%	6.3%	2.0%
Region 5	15.9%	11.4%	14.3%
Region 6	14.6%	8.9%	12.2%
Region 7	3.7%	11.4%	26.5%
Region 8	28.0%	13.9%	22.4%
Out-of-State	1.2%	5.1%	4.1%
Total Placements	82	79	49

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	1.3%	2.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	10.1%	4.1%
Carjacking	6.3%	10.2%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.3%	2.0%
Deadly Weapon	1.3%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	4.1%
First Degree Assault	10.1%	12.2%
Handgun Violation	5.1%	12.2%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	2.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	2.5%	6.1%
Narcotics Distribution	3.8%	4.1%
Narcotics Possession	1.3%	2.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	3.8%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	3.8%	0.0%
Robbery	10.1%	14.3%
Second Degree Assault	12.7%	8.2%
Sex Offense	10.1%	10.2%
Theft Felony	3.8%	2.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	8.9%	0.0%
Trespassing	1.3%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	2.5%	4.1%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	38.0%	51.0%
Felony	12.7%	16.3%
- Person-to-Person	2.5%	6.1%
- Property	5.1%	4.1%
- Drugs	3.8%	4.1%
- Unspecified	1.3%	2.0%
Misdemeanor	48.1%	32.7%
- Person-to-Person	32.9%	26.5%
- Property	11.4%	0.0%
- Drugs	1.3%	2.0%
- Unspecified	2.5%	4.1%
Ordinance Offenses	1.3%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	79	49

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

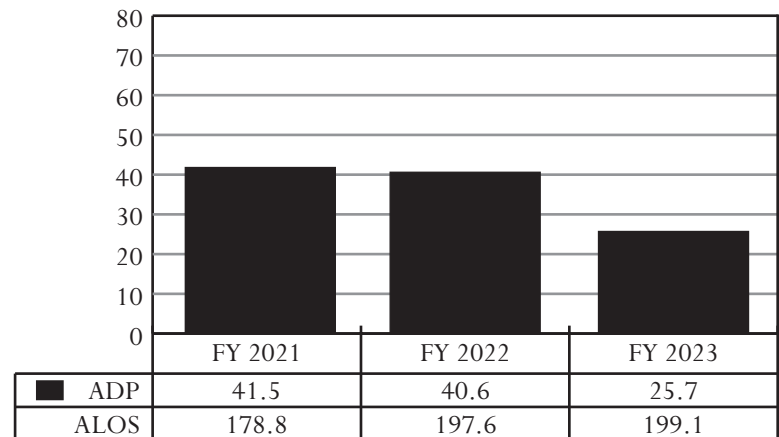
¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

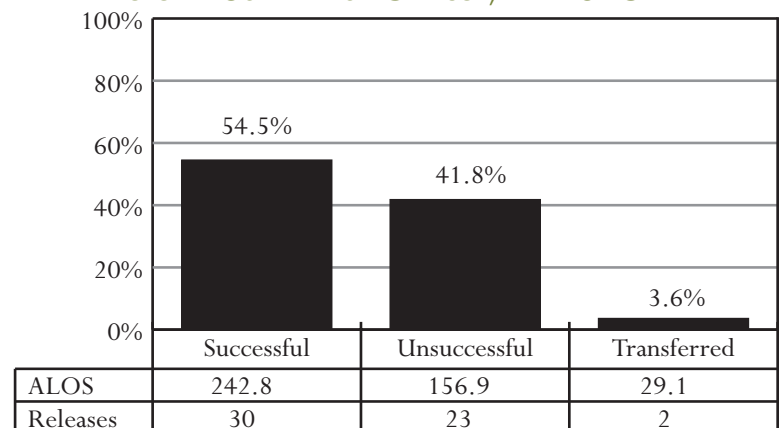
PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	61.0%	67.1%	67.3%
White	24.4%	20.3%	20.4%
Hispanic/Other	14.6%	12.7%	12.2%
Sex			
Male	91.5%	93.7%	91.8%
Female	8.5%	6.3%	8.2%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	1.2%	0.0%	4.1%
14	7.3%	12.7%	4.1%
15	23.2%	15.2%	12.2%
16	26.8%	16.5%	18.4%
17	29.3%	31.6%	34.7%
18-20	12.2%	24.1%	26.5%
<i>Total Placements</i>	82	79	49

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Independent Living Programs (Including Alternative Living Units)

Independent Living Programs are operated by DHS-licensed child placement agencies for youth 15 to 21 years of age who need to become self-sufficient and learn responsible living skills, as they are unlikely to return home. Youth reside in supervised apartment units and must be enrolled in high school, college, vocational training, or be gainfully employed. During the program, youth learn interpersonal skills, financial literacy, career readiness, conflict management, use of positive leisure time, and communication skills. Alternative Living Units are residences owned, leased, or operated by a licensee that: (a) provides residential services for children who, because of a developmental disability, require specialized living arrangements; (b) admits no more than three children; and (c) provides 24-hour care.

ADMISSIONS, ADP, AND ALOS BY PROGRAM[^], FY 2023

Independent Living	County	Adm.	ADP	ALOS [*]
ARC of Wash. Co.- Foundations Children's ¹	Washington	0	0.0	0.0
Arrow Child & Family Ministries - Crossroads Community ¹	Harford	0	0.0	0.0
Hearts & Homes - Damamli Teen Mother ¹	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
National Center for Children & Families -Future Bound	Mont.	0	0.0	0.0
Pressley Ridge - Independence Plus	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Pressley Ridge - Second Generations Program	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Mentor Maryland - Baltimore ⁺	Balt. Co.	0	0.4	513.1
Total Admissions⁺	All	0	0.4	513.1

[^]The table reflects all programs with which DJS had active contracts for service during FY 2023. All programs served both females and males in FY 2023 unless otherwise noted.

^{*}An ALOS of 0.0 indicates that no youth were released during the FY.

⁺ Although there were no admissions in FY 2023, ADP reflects continuing placements from prior FYs.

¹ Served females only during FY 2023.

- *Trends for Program Placements:*
 - Between FY 2021 and FY 2023, overall placements to Independent Living decreased 100.0%.
- *Program Admissions (FY 2023):*
 - There were no admissions to Independent Living programs during FY 2023.
- *Residence (FY 2023):*
 - There were no placements to Independent Living Programs during FY 2023.
- *MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):*
 - There were no admissions with post validation MCASP.
- *Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):*
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 100.0% to 0.0%.
 - The percentage of Felonies did not change.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors did not change.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- *Average Daily Population (ADP):*
 - ADP decreased 90.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 81.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- *Average Length of Stay (ALOS):*
 - ALOS increased 70.5% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 129.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 3	28.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 5	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 6	57.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 7	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 8	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Out-of-State	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	7	1	0

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	0.0%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	0.0%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	0.0%	0.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%
Second Degree Assault	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Felony	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	100.0%	0.0%
Felony	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

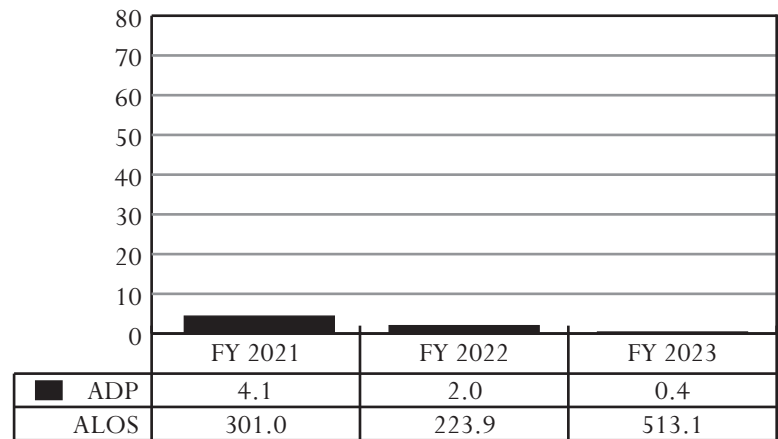
¹Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

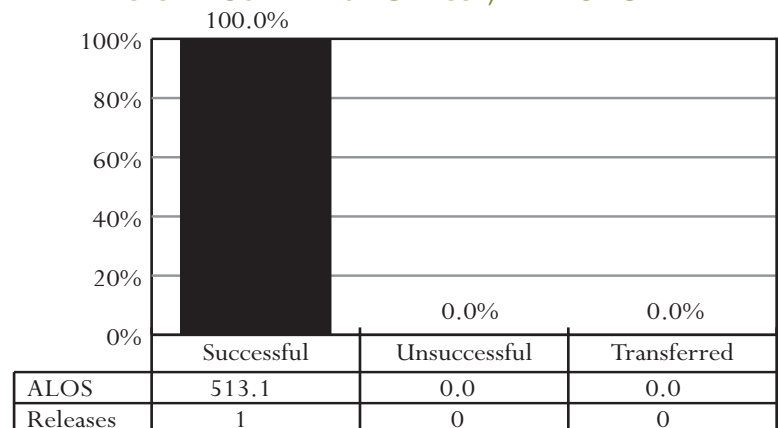
PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	42.9%	100.0%	0.0%
White	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic/Other	42.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex			
Male	71.4%	100.0%	0.0%
Female	28.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
16	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
17	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%
18-20	85.7%	100.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

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Residential Treatment Centers (Includes Psychiatric Hospitals)

Residential Treatment Centers (RTCs) provide intensive psychiatric and psychological treatment services. These centers are required to have psychiatrists, psychologists, and psychiatric nurses on staff to lead treatment. Maryland RTCs are approved for operation through the State Certificate of Need (CON) process and are licensed through the Office of Health Care Quality (OHCQ). Some RTCs concentrate on specific youth populations. For example, some staff-secure and hardware-secure RTCs focus on youth with behavioral problems and/or considered to be potentially harmful to themselves or others. The RTCs are intended to stabilize the youth's emotional condition, provide services that increase the youth's ability to manage mental illness as a potentially lifelong challenge, assist the youth in developing skills for coping with daily and/or difficult situations and interpersonal relationships, and transition the youth to a less restrictive environment or home.

ADMISSIONS, ADP, AND ALOS BY PROGRAM[^], FY 2023

Residential Treatment Center	County	Adm.	ADP	ALOS [*]
New Directions Chesapeake Treatment Center ²	Balt. Co.	11	10.5	280.3
Nexus Woodbourne Family Healing ²	Balt. City	21	12.9	174.4
RICA - Baltimore	Balt. City	1	1.1	240.5
RICA - Rockville	Mont.	1	0.2	84.2
Right Moves Chesapeake Treatment Center ²	Balt. Co.	10	5.4	190.2
Sheppard Pratt Towson MANN	Balt. Co.	3	1.5	190.2
St. Vincent's Villa	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Diagnostic Units^{**}				
Children's Home, Inc. - Girls' Diagnostic Program ¹	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
St. Vincent's Villa Diagnostic	Balt. Co.	0	0.0	0.0
Psychiatric Hospitals^{**}				
Clinton T. Perkins Hospital Center ⁺	Howard	0	0.1	312.0
Spring Grove Hospital Center	Balt. Co.	7	0.7	35.5
Total Admissions	<i>All</i>	54	32.5	188.3

^{*}The table reflects all programs with which DJS had active contracts for service during FY 2023. All programs served both females and males in FY 2023 unless otherwise noted.

[^]An ALOS of 0.0 indicates that no youth were released during the FY.

^{**} Diagnostic Units and Psychiatric Hospitals are included in the RTC table because similar services are provided at these facilities.

⁺ Although there were no admissions in FY 2023, ADP reflects continuing placements from prior FYs.

¹ Served females only during FY 2023.

² Served males only during FY 2023.



RICA - Baltimore

- *Trends for Program Placements:*
 - Between FY 2021 and FY 2023, overall placements to Residential Treatment Centers (RTCs) decreased 27.0%.
- *Program Admissions (FY 2023):*
 - Nexus Woodbourne Family Healing had the highest number of admissions.
- *Residence (FY 2023):*
 - 100.0% of placements were Maryland residents. There were no youth from out of state.
- *MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):*
 - For the 98.1% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 30.2% were Very High Risk, 30.2% were High Risk, 28.3% were Moderate Risk, and 11.3% were Low Risk.
- *Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):*
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 37.7% to 59.3%.
 - The percentage of Felonies increased from 13.2% to 22.2%.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 49.1% to 18.5%.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- *Average Daily Population (ADP):*
 - ADP decreased 29.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 4.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- *Average Length of Stay (ALOS):*
 - ALOS decreased 14.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 12.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	13.5%	17.0%	7.4%
Region 2	6.8%	3.8%	11.1%
Region 3	5.4%	9.4%	16.7%
Region 4	13.5%	9.4%	7.4%
Region 5	21.6%	17.0%	7.4%
Region 6	10.8%	5.7%	20.4%
Region 7	12.2%	15.1%	9.3%
Region 8	10.8%	18.9%	20.4%
Out-of-State	5.4%	3.8%	0.0%
Total Placements	74	53	54

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PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	1.9%	1.9%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	1.9%	3.7%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	5.7%	9.3%
Carjacking	7.5%	9.3%
Cons. to Commit Offense	1.9%	3.7%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	1.9%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	11.3%	16.7%
Handgun Violation	7.5%	1.9%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	1.9%
Manslaughter	0.0%	1.9%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	1.9%	0.0%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	3.7%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	1.9%
Other ¹ /Missing	3.8%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	7.5%	11.1%
Second Degree Assault	24.5%	7.4%
Sex Offense	18.9%	24.1%
Theft Felony	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	3.8%	1.9%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	37.7%	59.3%
Felony	13.2%	22.2%
- Person-to-Person	9.4%	11.1%
- Property	3.8%	3.7%
- Drugs	0.0%	3.7%
- Unspecified	0.0%	3.7%
Misdemeanor	49.1%	18.5%
- Person-to-Person	37.7%	9.3%
- Property	9.4%	7.4%
- Drugs	0.0%	1.9%
- Unspecified	1.9%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>53</i>	<i>54</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

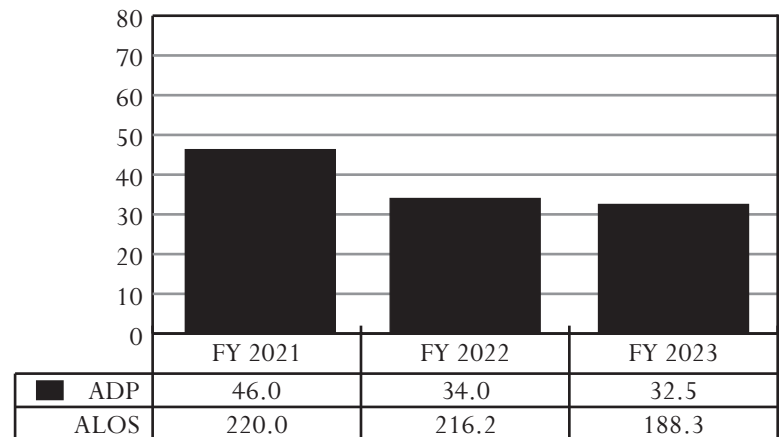
¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

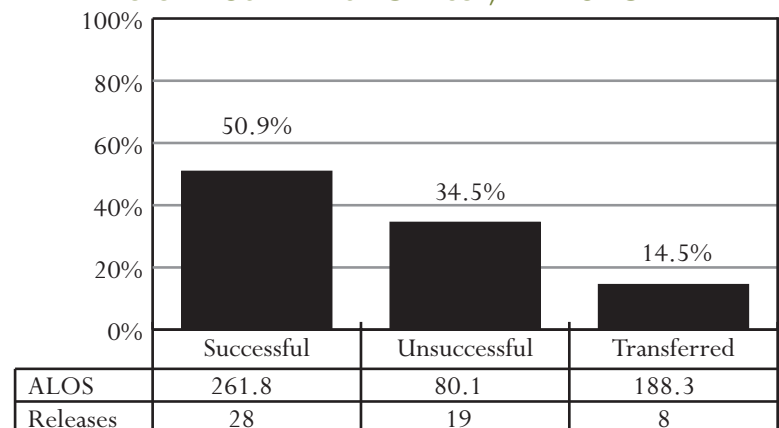
PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	56.8%	62.3%	66.7%
White	35.1%	26.4%	25.9%
Hispanic/Other	8.1%	11.3%	7.4%
Sex			
Male	85.1%	92.5%	98.1%
Female	14.9%	7.5%	1.9%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	2.7%	3.8%	3.7%
14	8.1%	9.4%	9.3%
15	23.0%	28.3%	20.4%
16	24.3%	18.9%	20.4%
17	32.4%	26.4%	25.9%
18-20	9.5%	13.2%	20.4%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>74</i>	<i>53</i>	<i>54</i>

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Out-of-State (OOS) Programs

Maryland law prohibits an out-of-state placement for youth unless a court finds the youth's individualized needs cannot be met through in-state resources. Additionally, DJS policy states that youth may not be placed out of state without the approval of the Secretary or designee. The Department adheres to Interstate Compact requirements and agreements with other states regarding requests for permission and notification when youth are placed in another state. Youth placed in out-of-state programs are visited by DJS staff at least quarterly, and parent(s)/guardian(s) are given the opportunity to visit youth at least once per quarter. OOS programs are licensed by local authorities and not by Maryland agencies. DJS contracts with vendors to provide services in two broad categories: (1) RTC-level specialized mental health services and (2) staff- and hardware-secure programming.

ADMISSIONS, ADP, AND ALOS BY PROGRAM[^], FY 2023

Hardware Secure RTC	State	Adm.	ADP	ALOS [*]
George Junior Republic ²	PA	4	1.2	121.8
UHS of Delaware - Coastal Harbor	GA	0	0.0	0.0
UHS of Delaware - Gulf Coast	FL	0	0.0	0.0
UHS of Delaware - Harbor Point Behavioral Health ⁺	VA	0	1.0	160.3
UHS of Delaware - Laurel Oaks Behavioral Health	AL	1	0.5	175.7
UHS of Delaware - Sandy Pines Treatment Center	FL	1	1.6	221.5
Staff Secure				
Abraxas Youth & Family Services-Intensive Open Residential ²	PA	0	0.0	0.0
Drug & Rehab Services, Inc - Manos House ²	PA	3	0.4	67.1
UHS of Delaware - Foundations for Living	PA	0	0.0	0.0
George Jr. Republic (Diag, Drug & Alcohol Rehab, General, Special Needs) ²	PA	0	0.0	0.0
Natchez Trace Youth Academy ²	TN	2	1.2	157.2
New Outlook Academy ¹	PA	1	0.5	199.6
Rite of Passage Inc. - Canyon State ²	AZ	0	0.0	0.0
Stevens Treatment Program ²	MA	1	0.2	0.0
Summit Academy ²	PA	1	0.0	9.4
Summit Academy Drug & Alcohol ¹	PA	0	0.0	0.0
Hardware Secure				
Abraxas Youth & Family - Firesetter's Program ²	PA	0	0.0	0.0
Abraxas Youth & Family - Sex Offender & Habitual Offender ²	PA	0	0.0	0.0
Cornell Abraxas ²	PA	5	3.5	332.2
Rockdale Youth Academy ²	TX	4	1.1	146.4
Rockdale Youth Academy - Sex Offender Tract ²	TX	1	0.1	0.0
Total Admissions	All	24	11.5	191.1

[^] The table reflects all programs with which DJS had active contracts for service during FY 2023. All programs served both females and males in FY 2023 unless otherwise noted. ¹ Served females only during FY 2023. ² Served males only during FY 2023. ^{*} An ALOS of 0.0 indicates that no youth were released during the FY. ⁺ Although there were no admissions to this program in FY 2023, ADP reflects continuing placements from prior FYs.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

- *Trends for Program Placements:*
 - Between FY 2021 and FY 2023, overall placements to Out-of-State (OOS) Programs increased 60.0%.
- *Program Admissions (FY 2023):*
 - Cornell Abraxas Hardware Secure had the highest number of admissions.
- *Residence (FY 2023):*
 - 95.8% of placements were Maryland residents. The one out-of-state placement was from Washington, D.C.
- *MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):*
 - For the 100.0% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 33.3% were Very High Risk, 16.7% were High Risk, 29.2% were Moderate Risk, and 20.8% were Low Risk.
- *Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):*
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 50.0% to 66.7%.
 - The percentage of Felonies decreased from 18.8% to 16.7%.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 31.2% to 16.7%.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- *Average Daily Population (ADP):*
 - ADP decreased 5.6% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 49.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- *Average Length of Stay (ALOS):*
 - ALOS decreased 38.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 8.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Region 2	6.7%	0.0%	4.2%
Region 3	13.3%	6.2%	8.3%
Region 4	0.0%	6.2%	0.0%
Region 5	26.7%	25.0%	8.3%
Region 6	13.3%	6.2%	25.0%
Region 7	13.3%	18.8%	4.2%
Region 8	6.7%	18.8%	33.3%
Out-of-State	20.0%	6.2%	4.2%
Total Placements	15	16	24

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	6.2%	4.2%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	6.2%	4.2%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.0%	8.3%
Carjacking	12.5%	12.5%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	6.2%	20.8%
Handgun Violation	6.2%	8.3%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	12.5%	20.8%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	12.5%	8.3%
Second Degree Assault	12.5%	4.2%
Sex Offense	12.5%	8.3%
Theft Felony	6.2%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	6.2%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	50.0%	66.7%
Felony	18.8%	16.7%
- Person-to-Person	6.2%	12.5%
- Property	12.5%	4.2%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	31.2%	16.7%
- Person-to-Person	18.8%	12.5%
- Property	6.2%	4.2%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	6.2%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>24</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

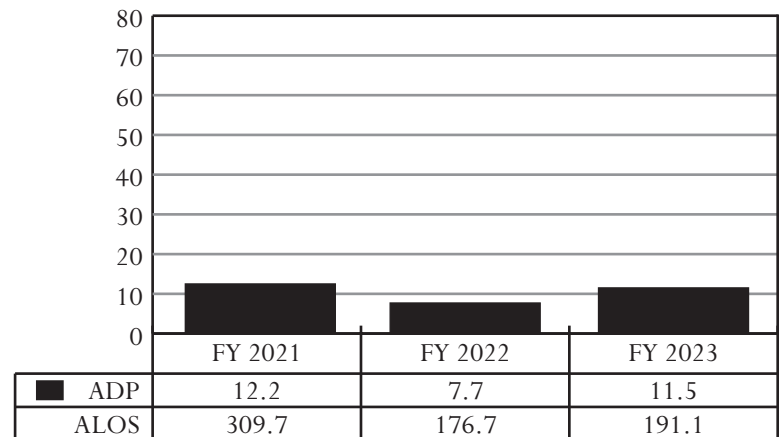
¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

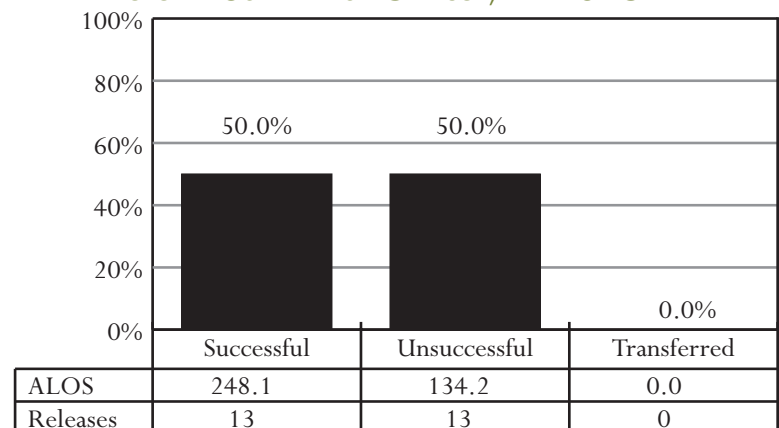
PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	60.0%	56.2%	66.7%
White	20.0%	43.8%	8.3%
Hispanic/Other	20.0%	0.0%	25.0%
Sex			
Male	46.7%	62.5%	91.7%
Female	53.3%	37.5%	8.3%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%
14	0.0%	12.5%	8.3%
15	13.3%	12.5%	12.5%
16	20.0%	12.5%	33.3%
17	46.7%	37.5%	29.2%
18-20	20.0%	12.5%	16.7%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>24</i>

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Backbone Mountain Youth Center (State-Operated)

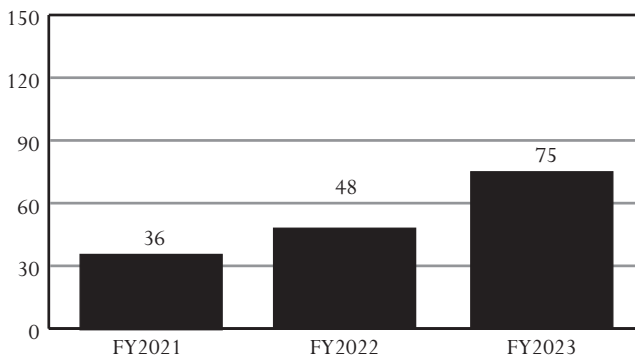
Superintendent: Todd Foote
Capacity: 28 Males

Staff Secure - Region 6

124 Camp 4 Road
Swanton, MD 21561
301-359-9190

This treatment program is located on Backbone Mountain in Garrett County. Programming includes STARR, the DJS behavioral motivation program, and a complete array of evidence-based and -informed treatment services. Case Management and Behavioral Health staff provide treatment programming as detailed in the Behavioral Health & Case Management Services section (see pages 151-152). Services are delivered via various modalities, including individual, group, and family sessions. Family engagement in treatment planning is paramount, as regular family interaction is encouraged through family visits, phone calls, special family day activities at the facility, and home visits to help youth successfully transition back to the community. Recreational programming includes camping and intramural sports competitions. See the JSEP section on pages 12-15 for information pertaining to educational services.

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	72.2%	81.2%	86.7%
White	25.0%	4.2%	9.3%
Hispanic/Other	2.8%	14.6%	4.0%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	2.8%	2.1%	2.7%
15	5.6%	12.5%	5.3%
16	30.6%	16.7%	18.7%
17	41.7%	41.7%	37.3%
18-20	19.4%	27.1%	36.0%
Total Placements	36	48	75

- **Placement Trends:**
 - Placements increased 108.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 56.3% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- **Residence (FY 2023):**
 - 94.7% of placements were Maryland residents. Of those from out of state, 4 were from Washington, D.C.
- **MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):**
 - For the 100.0% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 18.7% were Very High Risk, 21.3% were High Risk, 30.7% were Moderate Risk, and 29.3% were Low Risk.
- **Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):**
 - The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 45.8% to 64.0%.
 - The percentage of Felonies decreased from 18.8% to 8.0%.
 - The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 35.4% to 28.0%.
 - See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.
- **Average Daily Population (ADP):**
 - ADP increased 95.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 49.8% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- **Average Length of Stay (ALOS):**
 - ALOS decreased 27.5% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 14.7% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.
- **Utilization Rate (FY 2022-FY 2023):**
 - Backbone Mountain Youth Center's utilization rate decreased from 87.4% in FY 2022 to 84.2% in FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	4.2%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	4.2%	8.0%
Carjacking	8.3%	20.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	4.2%	2.7%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	2.7%
Disturbing the Peace	2.1%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	12.5%	10.7%
Handgun Violation	16.7%	16.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	1.3%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	2.1%	2.7%
Narcotics Distribution	2.1%	2.7%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	8.3%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	14.6%	21.3%
Second Degree Assault	10.4%	8.0%
Sex Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Felony	4.2%	1.3%
Theft Misdemeanor	4.2%	1.3%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	2.1%	1.3%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	45.8%	64.0%
Felony	18.8%	8.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	1.3%
- Property	8.3%	1.3%
- Drugs	2.1%	2.7%
- Unspecified	8.3%	2.7%
Misdemeanor	35.4%	28.0%
- Person-to-Person	29.2%	25.3%
- Property	4.2%	1.3%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.1%	1.3%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>48</i>	<i>75</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

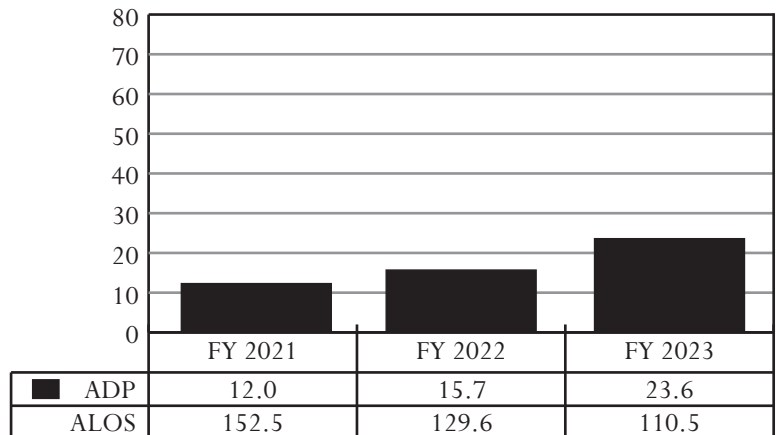
¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

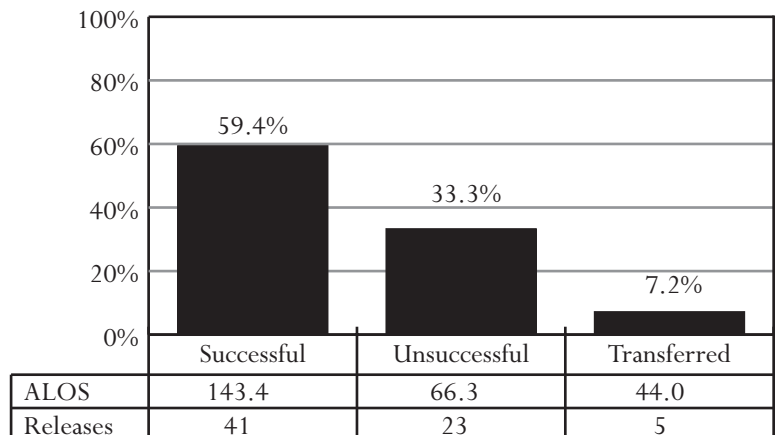
PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	8.3%	6.2%	4.0%
Region 2	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
Region 3	33.3%	14.6%	17.3%
Region 4	5.6%	6.2%	4.0%
Region 5	13.9%	6.2%	13.3%
Region 6	16.7%	8.3%	6.7%
Region 7	2.8%	14.6%	18.7%
Region 8	13.9%	37.5%	28.0%
Out-of-State	5.6%	6.2%	5.3%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>36</i>	<i>48</i>	<i>75</i>

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



* Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Green Ridge Mountain Quest (State-Operated)

Superintendent: John Hare

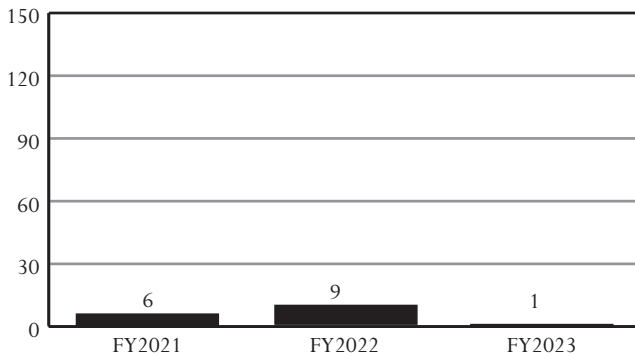
Staff Secure - Region 4

Capacity: 6 Males

Mountain Quest is a 90-day treatment program for males ages 13-18 located at Green Ridge Youth Center. Mountain Quest is a first-time commitment program that provides youth time away from their families and communities, giving them the opportunity to change their behavior while learning to take responsibility for their actions. The Mountain Quest program gives youth the opportunity to work on thought patterns and behaviors that will help them be more successful when they return to the community. Family work and interventions are critical at this time to better assess needs and provide an open line of communication.

*Note: Data on these pages reflect the youth housed at Green Ridge Mountain Quest through November 2022 when the program closed.

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%
White	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic/Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%
14	33.3%	22.2%	100.0%
15	50.0%	22.2%	0.0%
16	0.0%	55.6%	0.0%
17	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	6	9	1

• Placement Trends:

- Placements decreased 83.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 88.9% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Residence (FY 2023):

- 100% of placements were Maryland residents. There were no youth from out of state.

• MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):

- For the 100% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 0.0% were Very High Risk, 100.0% were High Risk, 0.0% were Moderate Risk, and 0.0% were Low Risk.

• Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence decreased from 33.3% to 0.0% .
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 11.1% to 0.0%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors increased from 55.6% to 100.0%.
- See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- ADP decreased 72.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 88.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS):

- ALOS increased 5.4% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 23.5% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Utilization Rate (FY 2022-FY 2023):

- Green Ridge Mountain Quest Youth Center's utilization rate decreased from 41.3% in FY 2022 to 5.0% in FY 2023.

This program closed in November 2022. Data for FY 2023 represent only the time when the program was opened.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	0.0%	0.0%
Carjacking	22.2%	0.0%
Cons. to Commit Offense	11.1%	0.0%
Deadly Weapon	11.1%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	11.1%	0.0%
Handgun Violation	11.1%	100.0%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics Possession	11.1%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	0.0%	0.0%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%
Second Degree Assault	11.1%	0.0%
Sex Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Felony	0.0%	0.0%
Theft Misdemeanor	11.1%	0.0%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	33.3%	0.0%
Felony	11.1%	0.0%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	0.0%	0.0%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	11.1%	0.0%
Misdemeanor	55.6%	100.0%
- Person-to-Person	33.3%	100.0%
- Property	11.1%	0.0%
- Drugs	11.1%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	9	1

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

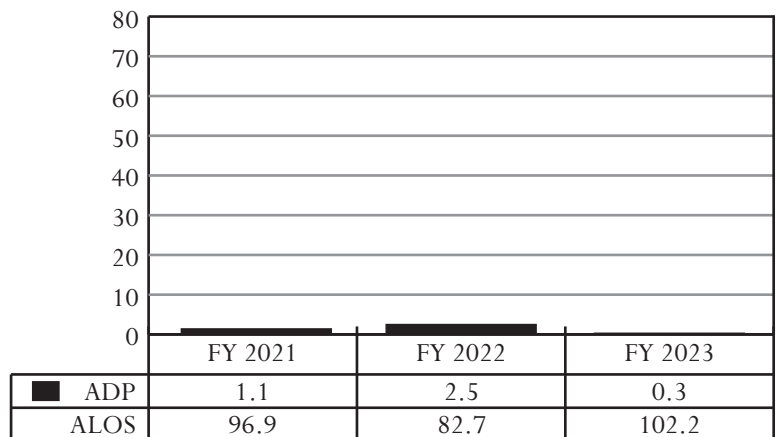
¹Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

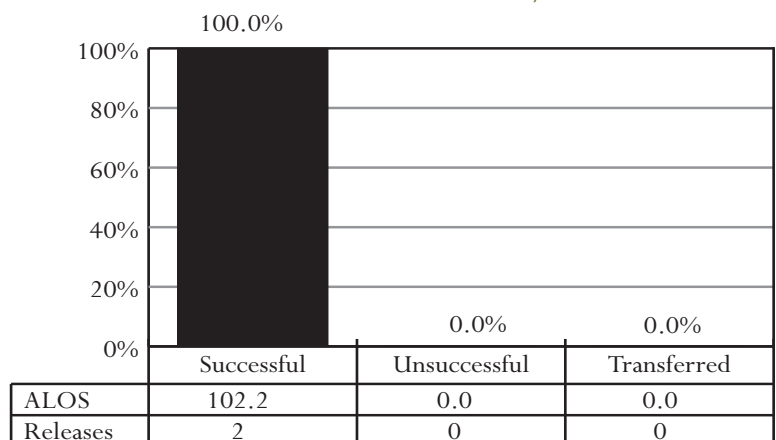
PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%
Region 2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Region 3	66.7%	11.1%	100.0%
Region 4	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%
Region 5	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%
Region 6	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%
Region 7	33.3%	22.2%	0.0%
Region 8	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%
Out-of-State	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	6	9	1

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



*Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Green Ridge Youth Center (State-Operated)

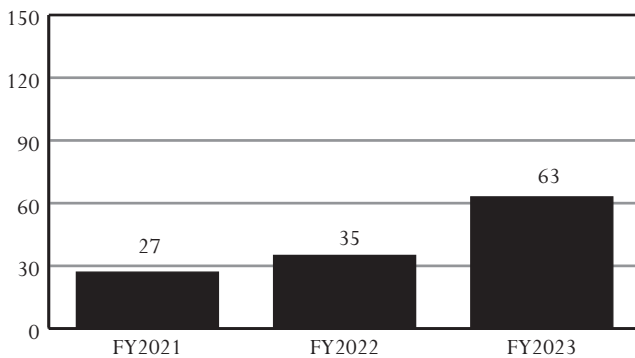
Superintendent: John Hare
Capacity: 30 Males

Staff Secure - Region 4

10700 Fifteen Mile Creek Road
Flintstone, MD 21530
301-478-2930

Green Ridge is a treatment program for males ages 13-18. Programming includes STARR, the DJS behavioral motivation program, and a complete array of evidence-based and -informed treatment services. Case Management and Behavioral Health staff provide treatment programming as detailed in the Behavioral Health & Case Management Services section (see pages 151-152). Services are delivered via various modalities, including individual, group, and family sessions. Family engagement in treatment planning is paramount, as regular family interaction is encouraged through family visits, phone calls, special family day activities at the facility, and home visits to help youth successfully transition back to the community. See the JSEP section on pages 12-15 for information pertaining to educational services.

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	66.7%	85.7%	81.0%
White	25.9%	5.7%	7.9%
Hispanic/Other	7.4%	8.6%	11.1%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	3.7%	0.0%	4.8%
14	18.5%	14.3%	9.5%
15	44.4%	31.4%	28.6%
16	18.5%	42.9%	31.7%
17	7.4%	11.4%	22.2%
18-20	7.4%	0.0%	3.2%
Total Placements	27	35	63

• Placement Trends:

- Placements increased 133.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 80.0% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Residence (FY 2023):

- 98.4% of placements were Maryland residents. The 1 from out of state was from Washington, D.C.

• MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):

- For the 100.0% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 27.0% were Very High Risk, 39.7% were High Risk, 25.4% were Moderate Risk, and 7.9% were Low Risk.

• Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 20.0% to 54.0%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 20.0% to 9.5%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 60.0% to 36.5%.
- See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- ADP increased 131.9% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 62.6% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS):

- ALOS decreased 13.8% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 14.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Utilization Rate (FY 2022-FY 2023):

- Green Ridge Youth Center's utilization rate decreased from 73.2% in FY 2022 to 71.4% in FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	5.7%	1.6%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	2.9%	6.3%
Carjacking	8.6%	15.9%
Cons. to Commit Offense	0.0%	4.8%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	8.6%	12.7%
Handgun Violation	5.7%	14.3%
Malicious Destruction	14.3%	0.0%
Manslaughter	2.9%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	3.2%
Narcotics Distribution	5.7%	1.6%
Narcotics Possession	2.9%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	5.7%	4.8%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	2.9%	15.9%
Second Degree Assault	14.3%	11.1%
Sex Offense	0.0%	1.6%
Theft Felony	0.0%	1.6%
Theft Misdemeanor	20.0%	3.2%
Trespassing	0.0%	1.6%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	20.0%	54.0%
Felony	20.0%	9.5%
- Person-to-Person	5.7%	0.0%
- Property	5.7%	3.2%
- Drugs	5.7%	1.6%
- Unspecified	2.9%	4.8%
Misdemeanor	60.0%	36.5%
- Person-to-Person	22.9%	30.2%
- Property	34.3%	4.8%
- Drugs	2.9%	0.0%
- Unspecified	0.0%	1.6%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>63</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

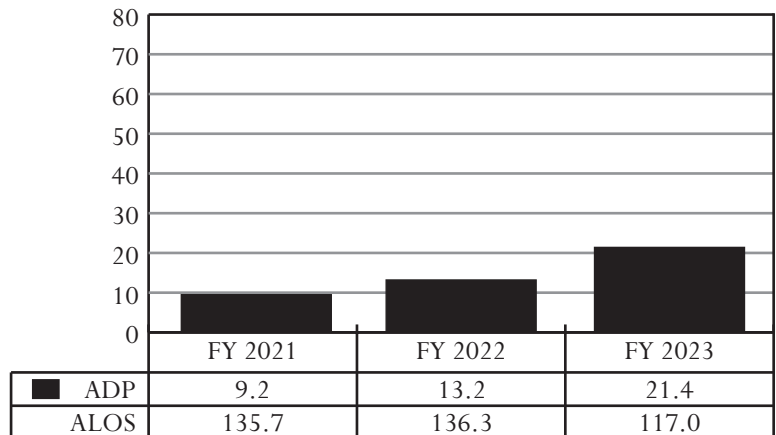
¹ Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

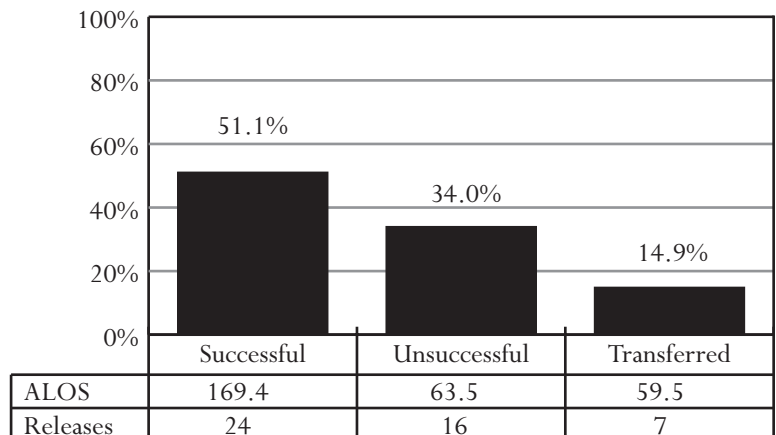
PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	7.4%	22.9%	11.1%
Region 2	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%
Region 3	14.8%	14.3%	7.9%
Region 4	7.4%	17.1%	6.3%
Region 5	3.7%	8.6%	12.7%
Region 6	7.4%	5.7%	19.0%
Region 7	7.4%	8.6%	14.3%
Region 8	51.9%	20.0%	25.4%
Out-of-State	0.0%	2.9%	1.6%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>63</i>

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



*Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Victor Cullen Center (State-Operated)

Superintendents:

Victor Maldonado (males)

Barbara Spaid (females)

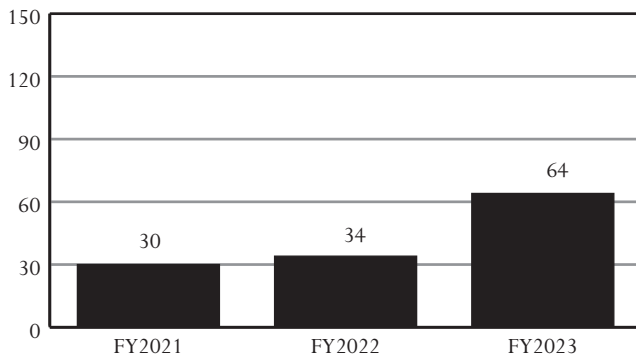
Capacity: 20 Males and 6 Females

Hardware Secure - Region 6

6000 Cullen Drive
Sabillasville, MD 21780
301-739-8122

The Victor Cullen Center (VCC) is a hardware-secure treatment program for both males and females (as of October 11, 2022), primarily serving youth ages 15-21 in a six-to nine-month treatment program for mental health and/or substance abuse issues. Programming includes STARR, the DJS behavioral motivation program, and a complete array of evidence-based and -informed treatment services. Case Management and Behavioral Health staff provide treatment programming as detailed in the Behavioral Health & Case Management Services section (see pages 151-152). Services are delivered via various modalities, including individual, group, and family sessions. Family engagement in treatment planning is of paramount importance. Regular family interaction is encouraged through family visits, phone calls, special family day activities at the facility, and home visits to help youth successfully transition back to the community. Recreational programming includes camping and intramural sports. Specialized programs include Yoga and Mindfulness Training and arts-based programs. See the JSEP section on pages 12-15 for information pertaining to educational services.

PLACEMENTS, FY 2021-2023



PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021-2023

Demographics	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	66.7%	82.4%	84.4%
White	20.0%	5.9%	10.9%
Hispanic/Other	13.3%	11.8%	4.7%
Sex			
Male	100.0%	100.0%	82.8%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	17.2%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%
14	6.7%	2.9%	4.7%
15	16.7%	11.8%	7.8%
16	16.7%	29.4%	23.4%
17	40.0%	38.2%	31.2%
18-20	20.0%	17.6%	31.2%
Total Placements	30	34	64

• Placement Trends:

- Placements increased 113.3% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 88.2% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Residence (FY 2023):

- 100% of placements were Maryland residents. There were no youth from out of state.

• MCASP Risk Level (FY 2023):

- For the 100.0% of placements with a post-validation MCASP, 20.3% were Very High Risk, 31.3% were High Risk, 37.5% were Moderate Risk, and 10.9% were Low Risk.

• Offense Category (FY 2022-2023):

- The percentage of Crimes of Violence increased from 61.8% to 62.5%.
- The percentage of Felonies decreased from 17.6% to 17.2%.
- The percentage of Misdemeanors decreased from 20.6% to 20.3%.
- See the Terms and Concepts pages in Appendix O for an explanation of Crime of Violence, Felony, and Misdemeanor, as the definitions are helpful when examining offense severity.

• Average Daily Population (ADP):

- ADP increased 119.7% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and increased 77.4% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Average Length of Stay (ALOS):

- ALOS increased 7.1% between FY 2021 and FY 2023 and decreased 11.1% between FY 2022 and FY 2023.

• Utilization Rate (FY 2022-FY 2023):

- Victor Cullen Center's utilization rate increased from 68.5% in FY 2022 to 84.1% in FY 2023.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE⁺, FY 2022-2023

Most Serious Offense	FY2022	FY2023
Offense Type		
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	5.9%	4.7%
Burglary/Break. & Enter	5.9%	1.6%
Carjacking	8.8%	7.8%
Cons. to Commit Offense	5.9%	1.6%
Deadly Weapon	0.0%	0.0%
Disturbing the Peace	0.0%	0.0%
First Degree Assault	17.6%	23.4%
Handgun Violation	2.9%	7.8%
Malicious Destruction	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	11.8%	14.1%
Narcotics Distribution	0.0%	3.1%
Narcotics Possession	0.0%	0.0%
Other ¹ /Missing	5.9%	1.6%
Resisting Arrest	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	17.6%	15.6%
Second Degree Assault	8.8%	10.9%
Sex Offense	2.9%	0.0%
Theft Felony	0.0%	6.2%
Theft Misdemeanor	2.9%	1.6%
Trespassing	0.0%	0.0%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	2.9%	0.0%
Offense Category ²		
Crime of Violence	61.8%	62.5%
Felony	17.6%	17.2%
- Person-to-Person	0.0%	0.0%
- Property	5.9%	10.9%
- Drugs	0.0%	3.1%
- Unspecified	11.8%	3.1%
Misdemeanor	20.6%	20.3%
- Person-to-Person	11.8%	18.8%
- Property	5.9%	1.6%
- Drugs	0.0%	0.0%
- Unspecified	2.9%	0.0%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	0.0%	0.0%
CINS	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>34</i>	<i>64</i>

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

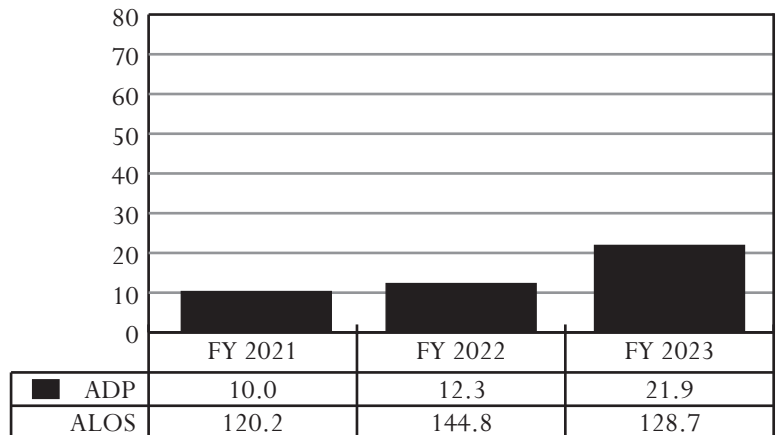
¹Includes: Affray, Assault Weapon, BB Gun/Pellet Gun, Reckless Endangerment, Telephone Misuse, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

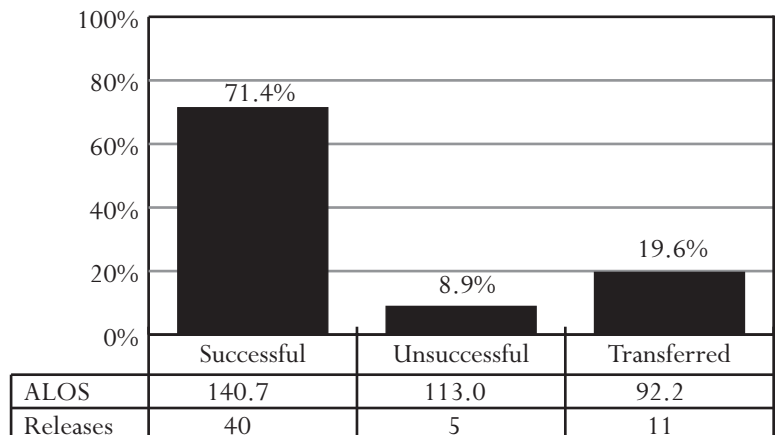
PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2021-2023

Region	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	3.3%	8.8%	12.5%
Region 2	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%
Region 3	20.0%	11.8%	9.4%
Region 4	3.3%	2.9%	1.6%
Region 5	10.0%	5.9%	7.8%
Region 6	10.0%	5.9%	7.8%
Region 7	13.3%	17.6%	17.2%
Region 8	30.0%	38.2%	40.6%
Out-of-State	10.0%	8.8%	0.0%
<i>Total Placements</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>34</i>	<i>64</i>

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2021-2023



RELEASES BY COMPLETION STATUS*, FY 2023



*Release completion status is based on case worker determination. Youth released home or to a step-down program are included as successful, and youth transferred to another program are included as transferred.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Community-Based Family Therapy Programs

DJS uses research-supported, community-based family therapy programs to address youth needs, and reduce further system involvement and out-of-home placements. Evidence-Based Services (EBS) constitute those designated as “model” programs by Blueprints for Healthy Youth Development (Center for the Study and Prevention of Violence at the University of Colorado Boulder) and currently include Functional Family Therapy (FFT) and Multisystemic Therapy (MST). These services are family-based therapeutic models shown to be effective with juvenile justice-involved youth. In addition, Family Centered Treatment (FCT), provided by Mentor Maryland, is a family preservation model of in-home treatment. Considered a promising practice by the California Evidence-Based Clearinghouse for Child Welfare, FCT helps families learn and adopt positive behavioral patterns. *Note: DJS also funded EBS services through community collaboratives (i.e., Truancy Court, Local Care Team), for youth that may have been diverted from any DJS involvement.*

PLACEMENTS AND ADP BY PROGRAM, FY 2023

EBS Providers		County/Region	Place.	ADP
FFT	Center for Children, Inc.	Anne Arundel	28	8.2
		Calvert	5	1.7
		Charles	4	0.6
		St. Mary's	19	7.5
	VisionQuest National	Baltimore County	19	5.8
		Carroll	9	4.0
		Frederick	6	2.4
		Harford	0	0.0
		Howard	18	6.2
		Eastern Shore*	38	10.2
		Montgomery	25	8.4
		Prince George's	35	11.6
	MST	Community Counseling and Mentoring Service, Inc.	Charles	4
Montgomery			20	6.0
Prince George's			21	5.0
Sheppard Pratt		Carroll	0	0.0
		Frederick	12	2.9
FCT	Mentor Maryland	Washington	8	2.3
		Allegany	10	4.4
		Anne Arundel	13	5.2
		Baltimore City	54	22.4
		Baltimore County	14	6.1
		Calvert	10	2.9
		Caroline	0	0.5
		Carroll	9	5.3
		Charles	10	3.5
		Dorchester	4	1.0
		Frederick	16	5.8
		Garrett	1	0.4
		Harford	3	1.3
		Howard	4	1.5
		Kent	2	0.4
		Montgomery	22	5.7
		Prince George's	42	16.4
		Queen Anne's	0	0.4
		Somerset	1	0.3
		St. Mary's	14	7.6
Talbot	1	0.4		
Washington	24	8.4		
Wicomico	8	2.5		
Worcester	8	3.6		
Total Placements		All Shown	541	189.3

* Includes Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester Counties

- *Community-Based Family Therapy Program Placements (FY 2023):*
 - 38.1% of placements were to FFT.
 - 12.0% of placements were to MST.
 - 49.9% of placements were to FCT.
- *Youth Placed (FY 2023):*
 - At the time of placement to a community-based family therapy program, 41.0% of youth were under probation, 13.1% were on aftercare supervision, 25.5% were under pre-court supervision, and 20.3% were funded by DJS without a formal supervision status.
- *Most Common Offense Type (FY 2023):*
 - FFT was Second Degree Assault (24.8%).
 - MST was Second Degree Assault (30.8%).
 - FCT was Second Degree Assault (19.3%).
- *Average Length of Stay (FY 2023):*
 - ALOS was highest for FCT and was lowest for MST.
- *Average Daily Population (FY 2023):*
 - ADP was highest for FCT and lowest for MST.
- *Completion Status According to Program Specific Criteria (FY 2023):*
 - 60.4% of youth discharged from FFT* completed the program.
 - 75.0% of youth discharged from MST* completed the program.
 - 62.0% of youth discharged from FCT* completed the program.

*Note that these percentages reflect cases discharged within therapist control. This excludes youth who moved prior to completing the program, those referred to/placed in another program, or those discharged for other administrative reasons.

PLACEMENTS BY REGION OF RESIDENCE, FY 2023

	FFT	MST	FCT	ADP
Region 1	7.8%	0.0%	7.8%	12.5
Region 2	10.7%	0.0%	1.1%	6.8
Region 3	9.2%	0.0%	6.3%	13.2
Region 4	0.0%	12.3%	13.0%	15.5
Region 5	26.7%	0.0%	9.6%	30.4
Region 6	15.0%	49.2%	14.1%	31.1
Region 7	30.6%	38.5%	28.1%	57.3
Region 8	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	22.4
Total Placements	206	65	270	189.3

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

PLACEMENTS BY ADJUDICATED OFFENSE⁺, FY 2023

Most Serious Offense	FFT	MST	FCT
Offense Type			
Arson	0.5%	0.0%	1.1%
Auto Theft/Unauth. Use	3.9%	4.6%	3.3%
Burglary/Break & Ent.	5.8%	4.6%	7.0%
Carjacking	2.9%	4.6%	7.8%
Cons. to Commit Offense	3.4%	1.5%	1.9%
Deadly Weapon	1.5%	0.0%	2.6%
Disturbing the Peace	1.0%	1.5%	1.1%
First Degree Assault-Felony	5.8%	1.5%	5.9%
Handgun Violation	6.3%	1.5%	7.0%
Malicious Destruction	4.4%	3.1%	3.7%
Manslaughter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle/Traffic	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%
Murder	0.0%	1.5%	0.7%
Narcotics Distribution	1.5%	0.0%	1.5%
Narcotics Possession	1.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Other ¹ /Missing	11.2%	30.8%	10.4%
Resisting Arrest	1.9%	0.0%	0.4%
Robbery	6.8%	7.7%	6.3%
Second Degree Assault-Misd.	24.8%	30.8%	19.3%
Sex Offense	3.4%	1.5%	2.6%
Theft Felony	1.0%	3.1%	2.6%
Theft Misdemeanor	8.3%	1.5%	8.9%
Trespassing	1.9%	0.0%	0.7%
Unspec. Misdemeanor	1.5%	0.0%	1.5%
Offense Category			
Crime of Violence²	19.4%	20.0%	26.7%
Felony	12.1%	12.3%	13.0%
- Person-to-Person	2.9%	3.1%	3.0%
- Property	4.9%	7.7%	6.3%
- Drugs	1.5%	0.0%	1.5%
- Unspecified	2.9%	1.5%	2.2%
Misdemeanor	59.2%	44.6%	53.0%
- Person-to-Person	38.3%	36.9%	33.3%
- Property	18.4%	6.2%	16.7%
- Drugs	0.5%	0.0%	1.5%
- Unspecified	1.9%	1.5%	1.5%
Ordinance Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Citations	1.0%	0.0%	0.4%
CINS	4.4%	13.8%	3.7%
Interstate Compact /Missing*	3.9%	9.2%	3.3%
Total Placements	206	65	270

⁺ Percentages of offense type and offense category may not be compared to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019 due to new offense ranking methodology.

¹ Includes: Affray, Alcoholic Bev. Violation, False Alarm, Harassment, Judicial Process, Kidnapping, Reckless Endangerment, Runaway, Motor Vehicle Tampering, Threat of Mass Violence, Truant, Ungovernable, and Unspecified Felony.

² See Appendices G and K for COV and other offense classifications.

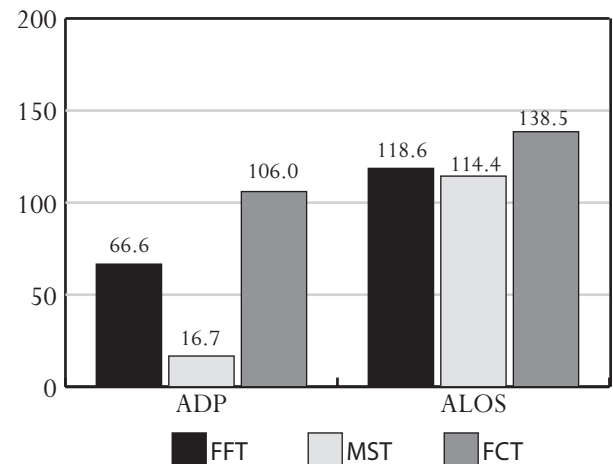
* Includes Interstate Compact, non-DJS referrals, and missing offenses.

Note: FFT and MST data come from the Institute for Innovation and Implementation's EBS Database, except for offense data, which comes from ASSIST. The source for all FCT data is ASSIST.

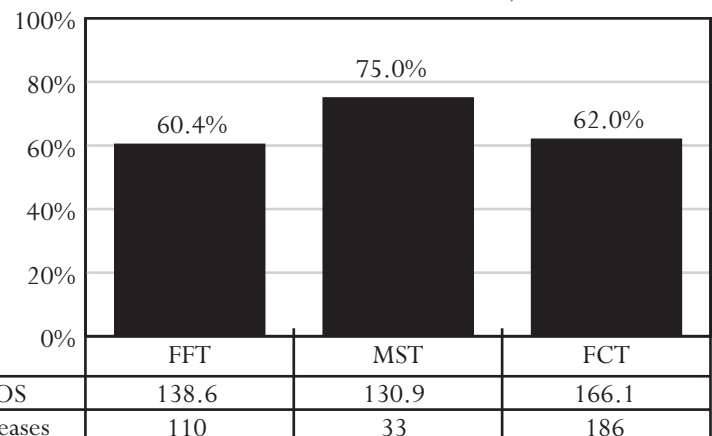
PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2023

Demographics	FFT	MST	FCT
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	57.3%	63.1%	62.6%
White	31.1%	12.3%	26.3%
Hispanic/Other	11.7%	24.6%	11.1%
Sex			
Female	21.8%	35.4%	22.2%
Male	78.2%	64.6%	77.8%
Age			
11 and under	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
12	1.0%	6.2%	0.7%
13	7.8%	10.8%	5.6%
14	15.0%	23.1%	11.9%
15	18.9%	27.7%	18.5%
16	28.6%	18.5%	25.6%
17	22.8%	12.3%	26.3%
18-20	5.8%	1.5%	10.7%
Total Placements	206	65	270

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2023



SUCCESSFUL COMPLETIONS AT DISCHARGE*, FY 2023



Program	ALOS	Releases
FFT	138.6	110
MST	130.9	33
FCT	166.1	186

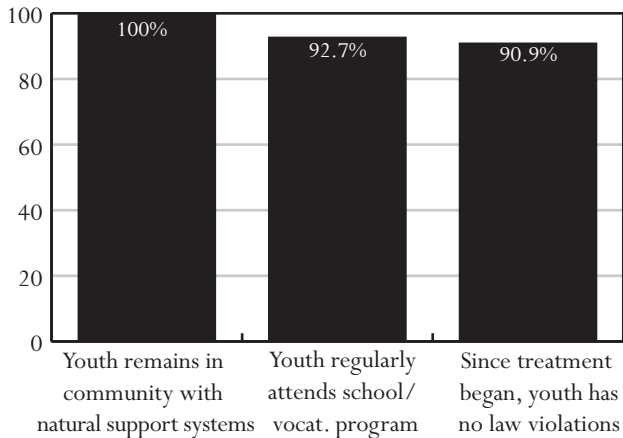
* Each program has its own measure of completion.

ASSIST is a live database; therefore, updates made subsequent to these data being run will not be included. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Data may not be comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides* due to methodology changes. VOPs are categorized by the original offense.

Community-Based Family Therapy Programs (cont.)

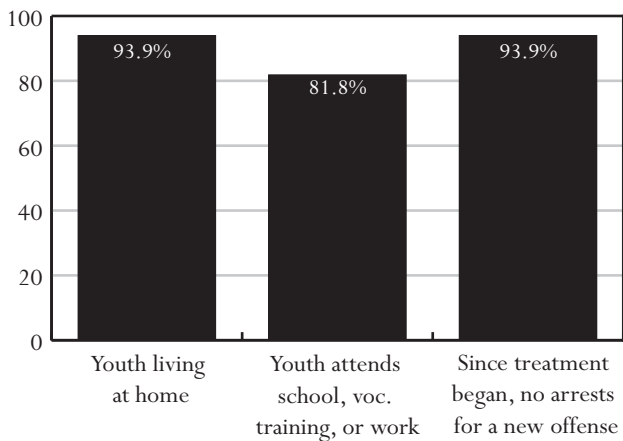
With an extensive research base, FFT and MST have consistently demonstrated positive outcomes with juvenile offenders from diverse ethnic and cultural backgrounds. These programs use different approaches, but both focus on individual, family, and extra-familial risk and protective factors that influence youth behavior and risk for offending. To ensure their programs have achieved the desired results, EBS providers collect measures throughout treatment to assess youth and family progress and outcomes. In particular, both FFT and MST collect information related to three key indicators of success for youth involved with the justice system: (1) keeping youth in their homes/communities; (2) ensuring youth are engaged with school, vocational training, and/or employment; and (3) reducing delinquent behavior. Similar data are not yet available for FCT.

OUTCOMES AMONG FFT COMPLETERS, FY 2023*



* Outcomes at discharge for cases in which treatment was completed

OUTCOMES AMONG MST COMPLETERS, FY 2023*



* Outcomes at discharge for cases in which treatment was completed

Section V: Recidivism Rates and Outcome Measures



Youth roundtable participants were taught by DJS staff how to tie a tie and how this activity connected with the idea of never giving up after your first try. They learned how this idea relates to life and not giving up on themselves.

Recidivism

Measuring recidivism for DJS youth is a vital tool for understanding the effectiveness of interventions aimed at reducing future system involvement and for measuring the ultimate public safety impact of services provided. Though other outcomes are also important to study, including future educational attainment, employment, and other non-offense-related outcomes, recidivism remains the primary measure of success. DJS therefore conducts an annual recidivism study and publishes comprehensive recidivism reports as part of the *Data Resource Guide*. It is important to note that recidivism is not only a measure of the effectiveness of the program/services provided, but it also depends on the quality of re-entry planning, aftercare supervision, availability and quality of supports in the community and/or family to which youth return, local economic opportunities, and other factors. It is also important to account for the assessed risk levels of youth served when analyzing success. All youth assigned to probation or placed in an out-of-home treatment program are assessed for risk of future reoffending using the validated MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment. The assessed risk level guides decisions about the level of supervision and intensity of treatment services required for an individual youth. MCASP identifies factors that have been shown to predict future reoffending, such as prior delinquency and criminogenic risk factors including school, family, substance use, and peers. Programs that serve higher-risk youth might expect to see higher recidivism rates than those serving lower-risk youth. Studies have also shown that services designed for higher-risk youth may not be effective, or even prove detrimental if provided to lower-risk youth. For these reasons, these reports include a breakdown of the levels of risk of the youth involved.

RECIDIVISM DEFINITION*

The juvenile justice community has not reached a consensus on how best to define recidivism with a single measure, so DJS captures and reports several measures. Because youth may age out of juvenile court jurisdiction during the recidivism follow-up period, DJS includes information from the adult criminal justice system. Since many charges are not ultimately sustained by the juvenile court or found guilty in an adult court, DJS measures not only new arrests, but also resulting juvenile court adjudications or adult convictions and new juvenile out-of-home commitments or adult incarcerations. Maryland tracks new arrests for up to three years, but publishes rearrest rates after a one-year follow-up period, and reconviction and reincarceration with a two-year lag, to account for often lengthy court processing times. For purposes of these recidivism studies, a new arrest includes any new delinquent or criminal felony/misdemeanor offense. Not counted are status offenses, traffic citations, violations of local ordinances, and technical violations of probation that do not include a new delinquent or criminal offense. Only those new adjudications, convictions, commitments, and incarcerations that are the result of a new arrest are included, not those stemming from offenses prior to the probation or commitment treatment episode. All recidivism rates are calculated at the youth level, rather than the case level. Youth who recidivate in both juvenile and adult systems are counted only once by the first offense or arrest date during the follow-up period. It is, however, possible for a youth to appear in both the probation and committed treatment study cohorts.

RECIDIVISM OF YOUTH RELEASED FROM A COMMITTED TREATMENT PROGRAM

Youth released from out-of-home committed treatment programs are a primary focus for measuring recidivism. These data include youth who had been committed to DJS by the Maryland juvenile court for placement in an out-of-home treatment program (whether within Maryland or out of state) and who were released within the study year. Youth from outside Maryland are included if they have been committed by a Maryland court. Treatment programs ranging from foster placements to programs involving secure confinement are included, and programs may be operated by DJS or a contracted provider. New offenses that occur on the same day of commitment release while youth are in a treatment program are not counted as recidivism. Results are shown by year of new offense, level of recidivism, demographics, region/county, risk level, program type, and by individual program. In cases where a youth had been served by multiple programs during a commitment spell, transfers are not considered as a release, and rates are attributed to the program representing the final release.

PROBATION RECIDIVISM

This cohort includes all youth with a new juvenile probation disposition during the year. Recidivism events are tracked from the disposition date for up to three years, regardless of how long a youth remains under supervision. Results are shown by year of new offense, level of recidivism, demographics, region, county, and risk level.

Cohort	Definition	Clock Starts	Assigned to	Further Breakdown/ Summary
Probation	Youth with a probation disposition in FY. The first probation disposition is selected if youth have more than one.	Date of probation disposition	Region of jurisdiction	Year, Race, Gender, Age, Region, County, Assessed Risk
Treatment Program	Youth released from a treatment program in FY who stayed at least 16 days	Date of final release, excluding transfers	Final program from which youth was released	Year, Race, Gender, Age, Region, County, Program Type, Program, Assessed Risk

*Prior to 2015, date of the court action/placement was used, and non-delinquent referrals were counted. Also, the measure of probation recidivism was expanded in 2019 to include all probation cases, not just first-time dispositions. This *Guide* includes a five-year chart using the revised methodology for all years to show the long-term trend.

Recidivism	Definition	Date Used	Excludes	Data Source
Juvenile Arrest	Subsequent offense referred to DJS	Offense date within follow-up period	Excludes violations of probation or aftercare not involving a new delinquent offense; CINS referrals, civil citations, local ordinance violations, arrests in other states, arrests for offenses occurring prior to release, and arrests diverted by police and not referred to DJS.	DJS ASSIST
Adult Arrest	Adult arrest in Maryland	Arrest date within follow-up period	Excludes violations of probation or parole, civil citations, arrests outside of Maryland, Federal holds, arrests for offenses that occur on the same day of release from a treatment program.	CJIS
Juvenile Adjudication	Sustained delinquent adjudication included in reoffense	Offense date within follow-up period	Excludes continued cases	DJS ASSIST
Adult Conviction	Conviction on charges included in adult arrest	Arrest date within follow-up period	Same as adult arrest	CJIS
Juvenile Commitment	Committed placement stemming from offense included in reoffense and readjudication	Offense date within follow-up period	Excludes commitments not resulting in out-of-home placement	DJS ASSIST
Adult Incarceration	Conviction on charges included in adult arrest count resulting in a sentence of incarceration (or possible confinement)	Arrest date within follow-up period	Same as adult arrest	CJIS

For purposes of this *Data Resource Guide*, rates will be combined for the juvenile and adult system into three overall categories using juvenile and/or criminal justice recidivism measures and labeled as:

1. Rearrest
2. Reconviction
3. Reincarceration

DATA SOURCES

Information from two different databases (juvenile and adult) is retrieved, processed, and compiled for each of the selected released cohorts. Data gathering involves the following procedures:

- A list of all youth with a probation disposition or released from DJS committed residential treatment programs is obtained from the Department's ASSIST management information system.
- Master cohort files are created containing gender, race, date of birth, county of jurisdiction, region of jurisdiction, county of residence, and region of residence. For committed youth, the last program name and program type from which youth was released during the release cohort are also included. Risk level is added using the full MCASP assessment completed or updated closest and prior to the committed release date for committed youth, and closest to the disposition date for probation youth.
- For both committed and probation cohort files, juvenile recidivism events are added from the ASSIST database, including subsequent arrests, adjudications, and commitments. Dates of offense are used to code recidivism events as occurring one, two, and three years after release.
- Adult arrest and court disposition information is obtained from the Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS), using DJS youth name, date of birth, race, and gender as identification or index fields. These records are added to a text file and returned to DJS with the response data. Name match is as follows: Smith, Gregory will match with Smith, Gregory and Smith Greg. Smith, Greg will match with Smith, Greg and Smith, Gr, but not with Smith, Gregory. DJS youth names are given in full and checked for any abbreviation as Gr or Greg for example.
- Youth who recidivate in both systems are counted only once by the first offense or arrest date during the follow-up period.

Overall Recidivism Rates for Treatment Program Releases

6-, 12-, 24-, AND 36-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR FY 2020-2022 RELEASES

Follow-up Period	FY2020 (N=593)			FY2021 (N=263)			FY2022 (N=241)		
	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Re-incarceration	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Re-incarceration	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Re-incarceration
6 Months	29.0%	10.1%	6.7%	25.9%	9.9%	6.1%	35.7%		
12 Months	41.0%	15.9%	10.5%	39.5%	15.2%	9.1%	46.1%		
24 Months	53.8%	22.9%	14.3%	52.5%	19.4%	10.6%			
36 Months	59.5%	27.0%	16.7%						

- 84.8% of youth released in FY 2021 were successful at 12-months, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021 RELEASES

Demographics	FY2021 Releases							
	Total	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Reincarceration	Total	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Reincarceration
Race/Ethnicity								
Black	163	68	41.7%	28	17.2%	17	10.4%	
White	71	28	39.4%	9	12.7%	5	7.0%	
Hispanic/Other	29	8	27.6%	3	10.3%	2	6.9%	
Sex								
Male	229	98	42.8%	40	17.5%	24	10.5%	
Female	34	6	17.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Age at Placement								
11 and Under	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
12	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
13	6	5	83.3%	1	16.7%	1	16.7%	
14	24	12	50.0%	4	16.7%	2	8.3%	
15	54	25	46.3%	11	20.4%	7	13.0%	
16	57	31	54.4%	14	24.6%	7	12.3%	
17	76	22	28.9%	7	9.2%	4	5.3%	
18 or older	46	9	19.6%	3	6.5%	3	6.5%	
Total	263	104	39.5%	40	15.2%	24	9.1%	

- Some age groups are comprised of a small number of youth. Therefore, the reoffense of a few can strongly influence the overall rate. For this reason, caution should be used when attempting to compare age groups.

Note to Readers:

Throughout this recidivism section, analysis of trends information appearing in bullets is based on the actual data and not the rounded figures presented in the graphs/tables.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR RELEASES¹ BY PROGRAM TYPE SUMMARY, FY 2020 - 2022

Total for Each Program Type	FY 2020				FY 2021				FY 2022			
	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration
Foster Care	11	45.5%	9.1%	0.0%	7	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	2	50.0%		
Group Home*	173	35.8%	12.7%	8.7%	80	40.0%	20.0%	16.2%	71	39.4%		
Independent Living	7	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4	25.0%		
RTC	100	39.0%	16.0%	10.0%	70	45.7%	12.9%	4.3%	46	41.3%		
Out-of-State	59	33.9%	18.6%	13.6%	25	36.0%	8.0%	0.0%	11	27.3%		
State-Operated	243	47.7%	18.1%	11.9%	75	40.0%	17.3%	10.7%	107	55.1%		

¹Totals presented in the table above include each type of facility reported in that broad category. For example: "Independent Living" includes Independent Living as well as Alternative Living Units. * Data previously reported under a separate category of ICFA were merged under Group Homes due to ICFA program closures, and Silver Oak Academy has since been reported under Group Homes due to program certification. Therefore, data for Group Homes are not comparable to DRGs prior to FY 2021.

- Analyses of trends are presented on the following pages for each specific program type.

Note: All data represent both juvenile and/or adult recidivism. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

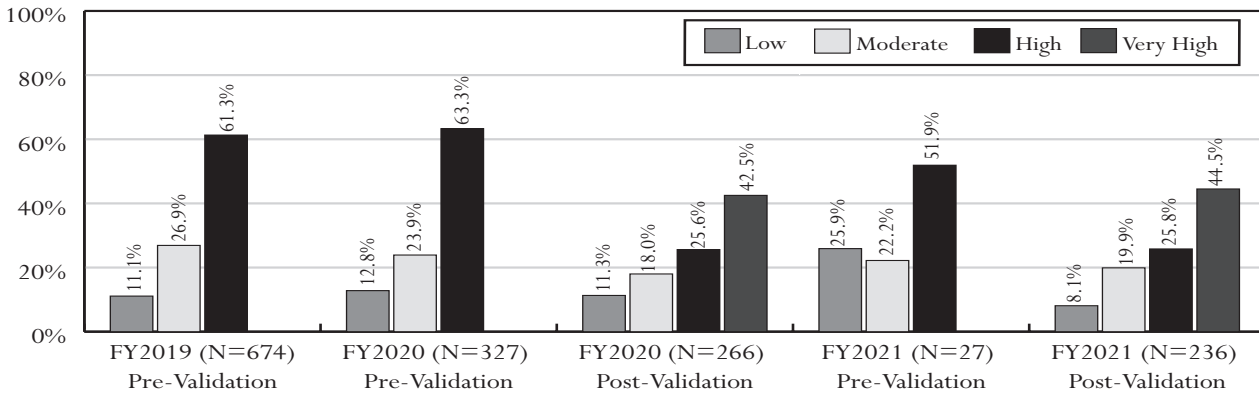
**12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR FY 2020-2022 RELEASES,
 BY REGION AND COUNTY**

Region/ County	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	# of Releases	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Reincar- ceration	# of Releases	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Reincar- ceration	# of Releases	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Reincar- ceration
Region 1	42	33.3%	2.4%	0.0%	21	42.9%	9.5%	4.8%	23	65.2%		
Dorchester	9	55.6%	11.1%	0.0%	3	66.7%	0.0%	0.0%	5	60.0%		
Somerset	3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3	33.3%	33.3%	33.3%	4	50.0%		
Wicomico	25	32.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12	50.0%	8.3%	0.0%	9	66.7%		
Worcester	5	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5	80.0%		
Region 2	11	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	8	25.0%	25.0%	0.0%	9	44.4%		
Caroline	2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4	100.0%		
Cecil	7	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	2	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	3	0.0%		
Kent	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Queen Anne's	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	1	0.0%		
Talbot	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	0.0%		
Region 3	82	40.2%	19.5%	12.2%	31	58.1%	22.6%	16.1%	43	55.8%		
Baltimore Co.	44	38.6%	18.2%	9.1%	25	60.0%	24.0%	20.0%	34	55.9%		
Harford	38	42.1%	21.1%	15.8%	6	50.0%	16.7%	0.0%	9	55.6%		
Region 4	38	39.5%	15.8%	10.5%	18	44.4%	5.6%	5.6%	24	25.0%		
Allegany	17	52.9%	29.4%	17.6%	8	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	14	14.3%		
Garrett	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Washington	15	40.0%	6.7%	6.7%	10	40.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10	40.0%		
Region 5	99	44.4%	18.2%	10.1%	48	37.5%	12.5%	4.2%	36	44.4%		
Anne Arundel	76	42.1%	18.4%	10.5%	41	39.0%	14.6%	4.9%	29	48.3%		
Carroll	5	60.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4	0.0%		
Howard	18	50.0%	22.2%	11.1%	2	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3	66.7%		
Region 6	88	35.2%	15.9%	9.1%	47	36.2%	21.3%	10.6%	16	18.8%		
Frederick	26	30.8%	15.4%	3.8%	10	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	0	N/A		
Montgomery	62	37.1%	16.1%	11.3%	37	43.2%	24.3%	10.8%	16	18.8%		
Region 7	86	36.0%	10.5%	7.0%	37	32.4%	8.1%	5.4%	30	43.3%		
Calvert	4	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3	33.3%	33.3%	33.3%	2	50.0%		
Charles	13	23.1%	0.0%	0.0%	9	22.2%	11.1%	0.0%	5	20.0%		
Prince George's	58	41.4%	15.5%	10.3%	13	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%	19	42.1%		
St. Mary's	11	27.3%	0.0%	0.0%	12	58.3%	8.3%	8.3%	4	75.0%		
Region 8	127	54.3%	20.5%	16.5%	44	40.9%	20.5%	18.2%	51	52.9%		
Baltimore City	127	54.3%	20.5%	16.5%	44	40.9%	20.5%	18.2%	51	52.9%		
Out-of-State	20	25.0%	20.0%	15.0%	9	22.2%	0.0%	0.0%	9	33.3%		
Statewide	593	41.0%	15.9%	10.5%	263	39.5%	15.2%	9.1%	241	46.1%		

- When examining the percentages presented above, it is important to consider the number of releases. Some counties have a small number of releases; therefore, if a few youth reoffend, this can greatly impact the recidivism rate.

Note: All data represent both juvenile and/or adult recidivism. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

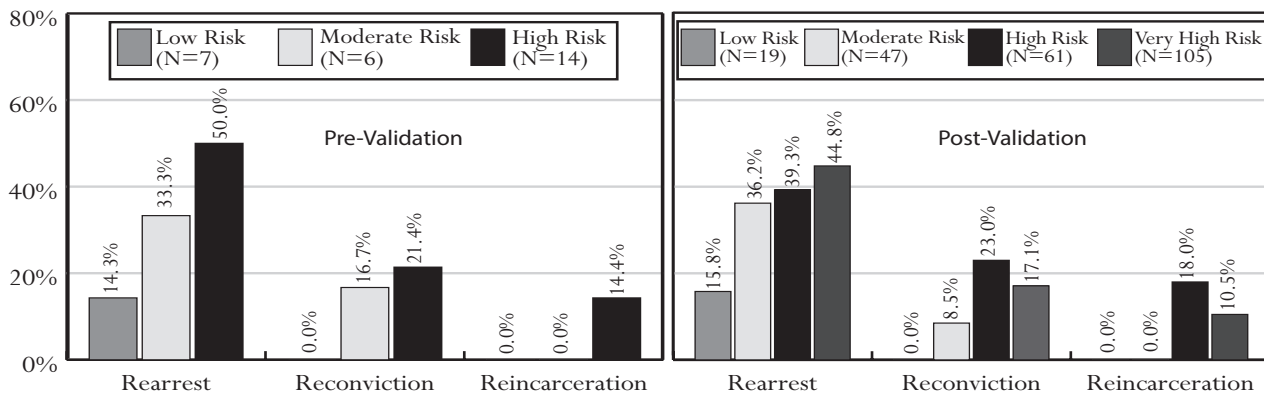
TREATMENT PROGRAM RELEASES BY RISK LEVEL *, FY 2019-2021 RELEASES



* Percentages for each FY may not add to 100% due to cases with missing or incomplete risk assessments. The Very High category was added in FY 2020 after the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment was validated. All pre- and post-validation risk categories are not directly comparable due to changes in cut-points. FY 2020 and FY 2021 releases include cases with both pre- and post-validation assessments.

- Prior to validation, the highest percentage of youth fell into the high risk category in each fiscal year. Post validation, the highest percentage of youth fell into the very high risk category. This is especially important when considered in conjunction with the recidivism data presented in the graph below.

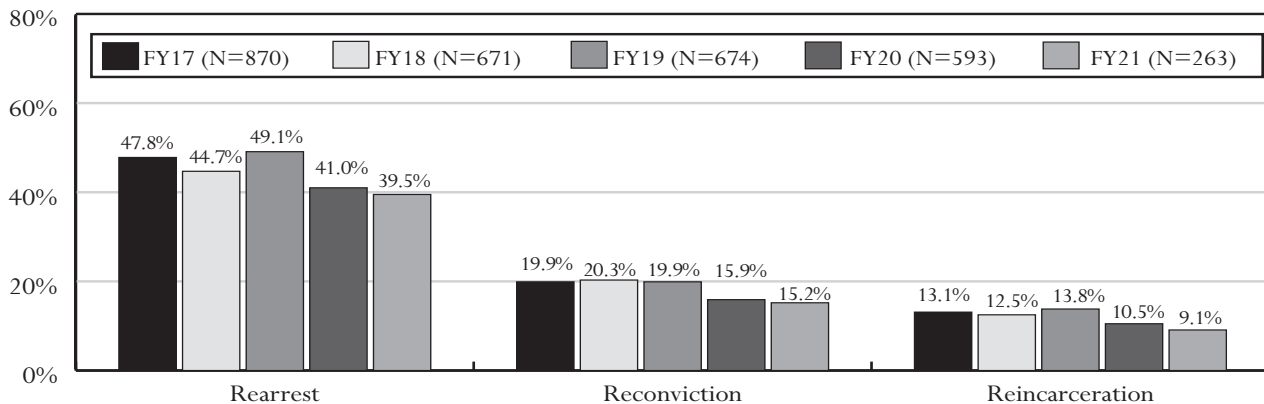
12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES BY RISK LEVEL, FY 2021 RELEASES *



* The Very High category was added in FY 2020 after the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment was validated. All pre- and post-validation risk categories are not directly comparable due to changes in cut-points. FY 2021 releases include cases with both pre- and post-validation assessments.

- Pre-validation, youth with a high risk had the highest recidivism rates in all three categories. Post-validation, youth with a very high risk has the highest rates for rearrest while youth with a high risk had the highest rates for reconviction and reincarceration.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES, FY 2017-2021 RELEASES



- In recent years, all three measures have been relatively consistent and all measures have decreased overall between FY 2020 and FY 2021.

Due to methodological changes, recidivism data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015. Risk-level data are not comparable to previous *Data Resource Guides*.

**12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM FOR FOSTER CARE RELEASES,
FY 2020 - FY 2022***

Treatment Foster Care	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration
Arrow Child & Fam. Ministries	2	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Board of Child Care	1	1	1	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	0		
Children's Choice - Baltimore	1	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Children's Choice - Salisbury	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
Children's Home	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1		
Greenleaf	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	N/A		
Hearts & Homes for Youth - Family	2	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Mentor MD-Balt Teens in Trans	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	N/A		
Pressley Ridge	1	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Woodbourne Center	2	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Treatment Foster Care Total	11	45.5%	9.1%	0.0%	7	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	2	50.0%		

Note: Throughout this section, programs that had no releases within a fiscal year will have N/A reported for all recidivism measures. For FY 2022, reconviction and reincarceration rates are not available due to court dispositions requiring an additional year to account for lengthy court processing time.

*Some programs/facilities serve a small number of youth each year; therefore, reoffenses of a few youth may result in a seemingly high overall recidivism rate. For this reason, numbers rather than rates are presented at the program level. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM FOR GROUP HOME RELEASES, FY 2020 - FY 2022*

Group Home	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Recon-viction	Reincar-ceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Recon-viction	Reincar-ceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Recon-viction	Reincar-ceration
ARC of Wash. Co.	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		
Board of Child Care	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Catocin Summit Adol. Program	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Cedar Ridge	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	0		
Children's Home (GH & Tran)	7	1	1	0	5	0	0	0	5	2		
Hearts and Homes	8	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0		
MAGIC	2	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Morning Star Youth Academy	27	11	6	4	29	13	8	5	27	13		
Oak Hill House	12	5	1	0	4	3	1	1	0	N/A		
One Love	13	8	2	2	8	5	4	4	12	5		
Our House	8	1	0	0	8	3	2	2	5	2		
Rite of Passage - Silver Oak Academy	46	17	5	3	1	1	0	0	9	5		
Salem Trust	10	4	2	1	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
St. Ann's Infant & Maternity Program	1	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Group Home Total	141	36.2%	12.8%	7.8%	63	39.7%	23.8%	19.0%	66	40.9%		
Therapeutic Group Home (TGH)												
Arrow Child & Family Ministries	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1		
Avis Birely	11	4	1	1	5	2	0	0	2	0		
Board of Child Care	3	3	2	2	4	1	0	0	0	N/A		
Cedar Ridge	11	3	1	1	5	3	1	1	2	0		
Mary's Mount	4	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	N/A		
TGH Total	29	34.5%	13.8%	13.8%	17	41.2%	5.9%	5.9%	5	20.0%		
Intermediate Care for Addictions Facility (ICFA)												
MTC-Mountain Manor	3	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
ICFA Total	3	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Total Group Home, TGH, & ICFA	173	35.8%	12.7%	8.7%	80	40.0%	20.0%	16.3%	71	39.4%		

Data previously reported under a separate category of ICFA were merged under Group Homes due to ICFA program closures. Likewise, Rite of Passage Silver Oak Academy is reported under Group Homes due to program certification. Therefore, data are not comparable to DRGs prior to FY 2021.

*Some programs/facilities serve a small number of youth each year; therefore, reoffenses of a few youth may result in a seemingly high overall recidivism rate. For this reason, numbers rather than rates are presented at the program level. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2015.

**12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM FOR INDEPENDENT LIVING RELEASES,
 FY 2020 - FY 2022***

Independent Living	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Recon-viction	Reincar-ceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Recon-viction	Reincar-ceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Recon-viction	Reincar-ceration
Future Bound	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	0		
Mentor Maryland - Baltimore	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	0	0	0	0	N/A		
New Pathways - Second Generation Teen Mother Prog.	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
New Pathways-Independence Plus	4	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	1		
Independent Living Total	6	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4	25.0%		
Alternative Living Units												
Arrow Child and Family Ministries	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Alternative Living Units	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Total Independent Living & Alternative Living Units	7	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4	25.0%		

*Some programs/facilities serve a small number of youth each year; therefore, reoffenses of a few youth may result in a seemingly high overall recidivism rate. For this reason, numbers rather than rates are presented at the program level. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM FOR RTC RELEASES, FY 2020 - FY 2022*

Residential Treatment Centers (RTC)	FY 2020				FY 2021				FY 2022			
	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration
Jefferson School	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
New Directions Chesapeake	9	2	1	1	14	7	3	1	6	2		
RICA Baltimore RTC	6	1	1	0	4	2	0	0	2	1		
RICA Rockville RTC	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Sheppard Pratt Towson MANN	28	14	4	2	15	8	1	1	4	0		
The Right Moves Ches Tr. Ctr-Hickey	8	4	3	3	10	3	2	0	11	6		
Woodbourne	19	9	4	3	16	7	2	1	18	10		
Total RTC	73	41.1%	17.8%	12.3%	60	45.0%	13.3%	5.0%	41	46.3%		
Psychiatric Hospitals												
Sheppard Pratt-Towson	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
Spring Grove Hospital Center	15	5	1	1	8	5	1	0	5	0		
Psychiatric Hospital Total	15	33.3%	6.7%	6.7%	9	55.6%	11.1%	0.0%	5	0.0%		
Diagnostic Units/CEU												
Arrow Child & Fam Ministries	11	4	2	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Children's Home	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
Diagnostic Unit/CEU Total	12	33.3%	16.7%	0.0%	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	N/A		
Total RTC, Psych. Hospitals, Diag. Units/CEU	100	39.0%	16.0%	10.0%	70	45.7%	12.9%	4.3%	46	41.3%		

*Some programs/facilities serve a small number of youth each year; therefore, reoffenses of a few youth may result in a seemingly high overall recidivism rate. For this reason, numbers rather than rates are presented at the program level. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

**12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM FOR OUT-OF-STATE (OOS) FACILITY RELEASES,
FY 2020 - FY 2022***

Residential Treatment Facility OOS	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	# of Releases	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Reincar- ceration	# of Releases	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Reincar- ceration	# of Releases	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Reincar- ceration
George Jr. Republic	4	3	1	1	2	1	0	0	2	1		
Kid Link - Coastal Harbor	2	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
UHS of Del-Harbor Point	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1		
UHS of Del-Laurel Oaks	3	2	2	2	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	0		
UHS of Del-Sandy Pines	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	1	0	0	1	0		
Residential Treat. Facility Total	10	60.0%	30.0%	30.0%	6	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7	28.6%		
Staff Secure OOS												
Canyon State	3	1	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Clarinda Academy	4	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
George Jr. Republic	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	N/A		
Natchez Trace Youth Academy	4	2	2	1	2	1	0	0	1	0		
New Outlook Acad.	3	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	1	0		
Sequel - Mingus Mountain Academy	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
Summit Academy	5	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
Woodward Acad.	11	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	N/A		
Staff Secure Total	35	28.6%	17.1%	8.6%	13	23.1%	7.7%	0.0%	2	0.0%		
Hardware Secure OOS												
Cornell Abraxas Acad.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	1		
Mid-Atlantic Luzerne	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	N/A		
Mid-Atlantic West. PA	3	2	1	1	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Wolverine Treat. Ctr.	3	1	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	N/A		
Hardware Secure OOS Total	13	30.8%	15.4%	15.4%	6	50.0%	16.7%	0.0%	2	50.0%		
Independent Living OOS												
Cornell Abraxas- Transitional Living Unit	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Out-of-State Total	59	33.9%	18.6%	13.6%	25	36.0%	8.0%	0.0%	11	27.3%		

*Some programs/facilities serve a small number of youth each year; therefore, reoffenses of a few youth may result in a seemingly high overall recidivism rate. For this reason, numbers rather than rates are presented at the program level. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM FOR STATE-OPERATED TREATMENT FACILITY¹ RELEASES, FY 2020 - FY 2022*

State-Operated Facilities	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	# of Releases	Re-arrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration
Backbone Mtn Yth Ctr.	63	25	10	5	22	8	4	2	36	18		
Garrett Children's Ctr.	16	13	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	0		
Green Ridge Mtn Quest	15	7	1	1	3	3	2	2	8	6		
Green Ridge- Yth Ctr.	34	23	9	9	20	11	4	2	25	20		
J. DeWeese Carter Ctr. ²	17	6	2	0	6	0	0	0	8	1		
Meadow Mtn Yth Ctr.	49	20	12	7	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Victor Cullen Center	49	22	5	4	23	8	3	2	30	14		
Total State Operated	243	47.7%	18.1%	11.9%	75	40.0%	17.3%	10.7%	107	55.1%		

¹ J. DeWeese Carter Center and Meadow Mountain Youth Center closed on 6/30/2020. Savage Mountain Youth Center was renamed Garrett Children's Center 6/3/2020. Data for Silver Oak Academy have been presented under Group Homes due to program certification since the FY 2021 Data Resource Guide.

² J. DeWeese Carter Center includes releases from Mountain View for FY 2021-FY2022.

*Some programs/facilities serve a small number of youth each year; therefore, reoffenses of a few youth may result in a seemingly high overall recidivism rate. For this reason, numbers rather than rates are presented at the program level. Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2015.

**ONE-, TWO-, AND THREE-YEAR JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR
FY 2020 RELEASES BY PROGRAM TYPE**

Program Type	# of Releases	Rearrest			Reconviction			Reincarceration		
		1 Yr	2 Yr	3 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yr	3 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yr	3 Yr
Foster Care Total	11	45.5%	45.5%	54.5%	9.1%	18.2%	27.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Treatment Foster Care	11	45.5%	45.5%	54.5%	9.1%	18.2%	27.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
In-Home Foster Care	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Group Home Total*	173	35.8%	51.4%	56.1%	12.7%	20.2%	25.4%	8.7%	15.6%	17.3%
Group Home	141	36.2%	51.1%	56.0%	12.8%	19.9%	25.5%	7.8%	14.9%	17.0%
Therapeutic Group Home	29	34.5%	51.7%	55.2%	13.8%	24.1%	27.6%	13.8%	20.7%	20.7%
ICFA	3	33.3%	66.7%	66.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Independent Living Total	7	14.3%	14.3%	42.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Independent Living	6	16.7%	16.7%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alternative Living Units	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
RTC Total	100	39.0%	50.0%	55.0%	16.0%	23.0%	23.0%	10.0%	13.0%	14.0%
Residential Treatment Facility	73	41.1%	49.3%	56.2%	17.8%	23.3%	23.3%	12.3%	15.1%	15.1%
Psychiatric Hospital	15	33.3%	53.3%	53.3%	6.7%	13.3%	13.3%	6.7%	13.3%	13.3%
Diagnostic Units/CEU	12	33.3%	50.0%	50.0%	16.7%	33.3%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%
Out-of-State Total	59	33.9%	44.1%	49.2%	18.6%	22.0%	27.1%	13.6%	15.3%	18.6%
Residential Treatment Facility-OOS	10	60.0%	70.0%	70.0%	30.0%	40.0%	50.0%	30.0%	40.0%	50.0%
Staff Secure - OOS	35	28.6%	40.0%	45.7%	17.1%	20.0%	22.9%	8.6%	8.6%	8.6%
Hardware Secure - OOS	13	30.8%	38.5%	38.5%	15.4%	15.4%	15.4%	15.4%	15.4%	15.4%
Independent Living - OOS	1	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
State Operated Total	243	47.7%	68.9%	67.1%	18.1%	25.9%	30.5%	11.9%	14.8%	18.1%
Backbone Mountain Youth Ctr.	63	39.7%	57.1%	65.1%	15.9%	20.6%	25.4%	7.9%	11.1%	14.3%
Garrett Children's Center	16	81.3%	81.3%	93.8%	31.3%	56.3%	62.5%	18.8%	31.3%	37.5%
Green Ridge - Mountain Quest	34	67.6%	76.5%	82.4%	26.5%	35.3%	47.1%	26.5%	29.4%	38.2%
Green Ridge Youth Center	15	46.7%	73.3%	73.3%	6.7%	20.0%	33.3%	6.7%	6.7%	20.0%
J. DeWeese Carter Center	17	35.3%	47.1%	47.1%	11.8%	11.8%	11.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Meadow Mountain Youth Center	49	40.8%	49.0%	55.1%	24.5%	28.6%	30.6%	14.3%	16.3%	16.3%
Victor Cullen Center	49	44.9%	61.2%	67.3%	10.2%	20.4%	20.4%	8.2%	10.2%	10.2%
Statewide Total	593	41.0%	53.8%	59.5%	15.9%	22.9%	27.0%	10.5%	14.3%	16.7%

* Data previously reported under a separate category of ICFA were merged under Group Homes due to ICFA program closures and Silver Oak Academy is now reported under Group Homes due to program certification. Therefore, data for Group Homes are not comparable to previous DRGs prior to FY 2021.

- Comparing Statewide cumulative rates for FY 2020 releases at 1 and 3 years post-release:
 - Within 1 year of release, 84.1% of youth were successful, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.
 - Within 3 years of release, 73.0% of youth were successful, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.

Note: Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

ONE- AND TWO-YEAR JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR FY 2021 RELEASES BY PROGRAM TYPE

Program Type	# of Releases	Rearrest		Reconviction		Reincarceration	
		1 Yr	2 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yr
Foster Care Total	7	14.3%	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Treatment Foster Care	7	14.3%	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
In-Home Foster Care	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Group Home Total*	80	40.0%	47.5%	20.0%	25.0%	16.2%	17.5%
Group Home	63	39.7%	46.0%	23.8%	27.0%	19.0%	19.0%
Therapeutic Group Home	17	41.2%	52.9%	5.9%	17.6%	5.9%	11.8%
ICFA Total	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Independent Living Total	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Independent Living	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alternative Living Units	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
RTC Total	70	45.7%	65.7%	12.9%	17.1%	4.3%	5.7%
Residential Treatment Facility	60	45.0%	63.3%	13.3%	18.3%	5.0%	6.7%
Psychiatric Hospital	9	55.6%	77.8%	11.1%	11.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Diagnostic Units / CEU	1	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Out-of-State Total	25	36.0%	44.0%	8.0%	16.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Residential Treatment Facility-OOS	6	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Staff Secure - OOS	13	23.1%	38.5%	7.7%	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Hardware Secure - OOS	6	50.0%	50.0%	16.7%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Independent Living - OOS	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State Operated Total	75	40.0%	56.0%	17.3%	20.0%	10.7%	13.3%
Backbone Mountain Youth Ctr.	22	36.4%	50.0%	18.2%	18.2%	9.1%	9.1%
Garrett Children's Center	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Green Ridge - Mountain Quest	20	55.0%	65.0%	20.0%	25.0%	10.0%	15.0%
Green Ridge Youth Center	3	100.0%	100.0%	66.7%	66.7%	66.7%	66.7%
J. DeWeese Carter Youth Center	6	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Meadow Mountain Youth Center	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Victor Cullen Center	23	34.8%	60.9%	13.0%	17.4%	8.7%	13.0%
Statewide Total	263	39.5%	52.5%	15.2%	19.4%	9.1%	10.6%

* Data previously reported under a separate category of ICFA were merged under Group Homes due to ICFA program closures and Silver Oak Academy is now reported under Group Homes due to program certification. Therefore, data for Group Homes are not comparable to previous DRGs prior to FY 2021.

Comparing Statewide cumulative rates for FY 2021 releases at 1 and 3 years post-release:

- Within 1 year of release, 84.8% of youth were successful, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.
- Within 2 years of release, 80.6% of youth were successful, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.

Note: Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2015.

Overall Recidivism Rates for Youth with Probation Dispositions

6-, 12-, 24-, AND 36-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR FY 2020-2022 PROBATION YOUTH⁺

Follow-up Period	FY2020 (N=1,176)			FY2021 (N=958)			FY2022 (N=762)		
	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Incarceration*	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Incarceration*	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Incarceration*
6 Months	28.5%	9.6%	3.7%	19.3%	7.1%	3.7%	26.8%		
12 Months	37.5%	13.8%	5.4%	31.2%	10.8%	5.7%	36.5%		
24 Months	46.1%	18.0%	8.7%	43.3%	16.5%	8.9%			
36 Months	52.3%	21.3%	10.7%						

- 89.2% of youth with probation dispositions in FY 2021 were successful at 12-months, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES BY DEMOGRAPHICS FOR PROBATION YOUTH⁺, FY 2021

Demographics	FY2021						
	Total	Rearrest	Reconviction	Incarceration*			
Race/Ethnicity							
Black	630	222	35.2%	80	12.7%	44	7.0%
White	210	55	26.2%	17	8.1%	8	3.8%
Hispanic/Other	118	22	18.6%	6	5.1%	3	2.5%
Sex							
Male	785	262	33.4%	95	12.1%	53	6.8%
Female	173	37	21.4%	8	4.6%	2	1.2%
Age at Disposition							
11 and Under	3	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
12	16	3	18.8%	1	6.3%	0	0.0%
13	41	18	43.9%	5	12.2%	2	4.9%
14	121	48	39.7%	22	18.2%	17	14.0%
15	151	51	33.8%	16	10.6%	14	9.3%
16	225	79	35.1%	29	12.9%	9	4.0%
17	250	72	28.8%	20	8.0%	8	3.2%
18 or older	151	28	18.5%	10	6.6%	5	3.3%
Total	958	299	31.2%	103	10.8%	55	5.7%

Note: The probation cohort includes youth placed on probation (not youth released from probation). Therefore, recidivism is measured starting at the disposition date and may include new offenses while under supervision or after supervision.

- Some age groups are comprised of a small number of youth. Therefore, the reoffense of a few can strongly influence the overall rate. For this reason, caution should be used when attempting to compare age groups.

⁺Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019. * Since the probation cohort includes youth who may not have been previously placed in a treatment program, "incarceration" reflects a subsequent commitment to an out-of-home placement or incarceration in the adult system.

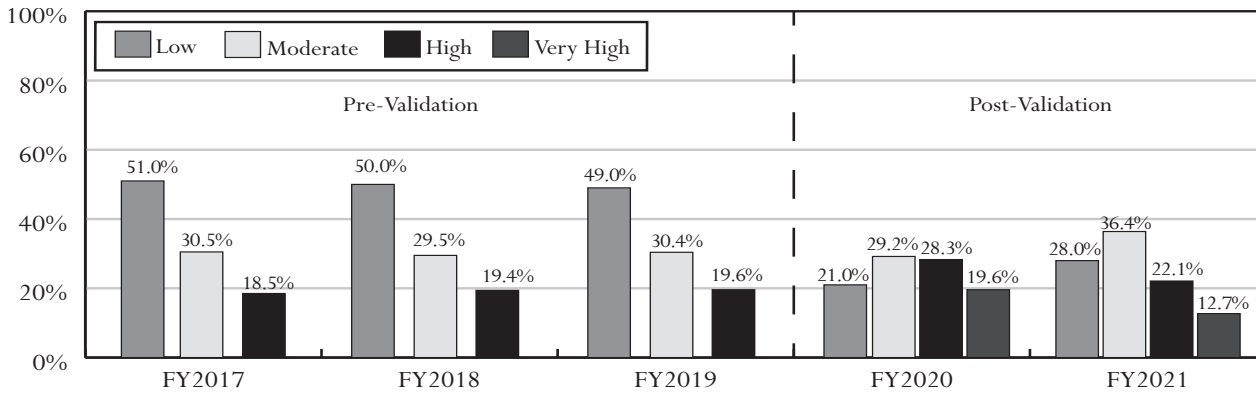
12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR PROBATION YOUTH, BY REGION AND COUNTY⁺, FY 2020-2022

Region/ County	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	Place- ments	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Incar- ceration*	Place- ments	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Incar- ceration*	Place- ments	Re- arrest	Recon- viction	Incar- ceration*
Region 1	90	35.6%	11.1%	5.6%	108	32.4%	7.4%	5.6%	64	37.5%		
Dorchester	16	43.8%	12.5%	6.2%	24	45.8%	12.5%	12.5%	17	41.2%		
Somerset	22	31.8%	4.5%	4.5%	13	46.2%	23.1%	15.4%	11	36.4%		
Wicomico	27	44.4%	22.2%	7.4%	53	24.5%	1.9%	0.0%	22	45.5%		
Worcester	25	24.0%	4.0%	4.0%	18	27.8%	5.6%	5.6%	14	21.4%		
Region 2	49	28.6%	4.1%	0.0%	40	27.5%	2.5%	2.5%	37	37.8%		
Caroline	8	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6	83.3%		
Cecil	24	20.8%	4.2%	0.0%	21	23.8%	0.0%	0.0%	16	25.0%		
Kent	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	100.0%		
Queen Anne's	7	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	4	50.0%	25.0%	25.0%	5	60.0%		
Talbot	10	40.0%	10.0%	0.0%	8	37.5%	0.0%	0.0%	9	11.1%		
Region 3	271	41.0%	12.9%	4.4%	277	34.7%	13.7%	6.1%	186	32.3%		
Baltimore Co.	236	44.1%	14.0%	5.1%	234	36.8%	15.0%	6.8%	153	33.3%		
Harford	35	20.0%	5.7%	0.0%	43	23.3%	7.0%	2.3%	33	27.3%		
Region 4	77	46.8%	23.4%	7.8%	50	36.0%	12.0%	8.0%	49	38.8%		
Allegany	47	48.9%	31.9%	10.6%	35	45.7%	17.1%	11.4%	38	36.8%		
Garrett	10	30.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5	40.0%		
Washington	20	50.0%	15.0%	5.0%	8	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6	50.0%		
Region 5	211	43.1%	15.2%	4.3%	120	31.7%	7.5%	0.8%	88	43.2%		
Anne Arundel	167	39.5%	14.4%	3.6%	89	33.7%	9.0%	1.1%	68	45.6%		
Carroll	12	50.0%	8.3%	8.3%	4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8	25.0%		
Howard	32	59.4%	21.9%	6.2%	27	29.6%	3.7%	0.0%	12	41.7%		
Region 6	192	24.5%	10.4%	3.6%	145	17.9%	9.7%	4.8%	91	28.6%		
Frederick	57	19.3%	3.5%	0.0%	36	5.6%	2.8%	0.0%	20	15.0%		
Montgomery	135	26.7%	13.3%	5.2%	109	22.0%	11.9%	6.4%	71	32.4%		
Region 7	175	31.4%	10.9%	6.3%	122	26.2%	8.2%	4.9%	148	31.8%		
Calvert	19	31.6%	5.3%	5.3%	8	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	10	30.0%		
Charles	41	31.7%	9.8%	2.4%	24	29.2%	4.2%	0.0%	25	28.0%		
Prince George's	92	32.6%	13.0%	7.6%	76	22.4%	10.5%	7.9%	97	32.0%		
St. Mary's	23	26.1%	8.7%	8.7%	14	50.0%	7.1%	0.0%	16	37.5%		
Region 8	111	49.5%	23.4%	12.6%	96	44.8%	17.7%	13.5%	99	50.5%		
Baltimore City	111	49.5%	23.4%	12.6%	96	44.8%	17.7%	13.5%	99	50.5%		
Statewide	1,176	37.5%	13.8%	5.4%	958	31.2%	10.8%	5.7%	762	36.5%		

- When examining the percentages presented above, it is important to consider the number of placements. Some counties have a small number of placements; therefore, if a few youth reoffend, this can greatly impact the recidivism rate.

⁺Due to methodological changes, data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019. * Since the probation cohort includes youth who may not have been previously placed in a treatment program, "incarceration" reflects a subsequent commitment to an out-of-home placement or incarceration in the adult system.

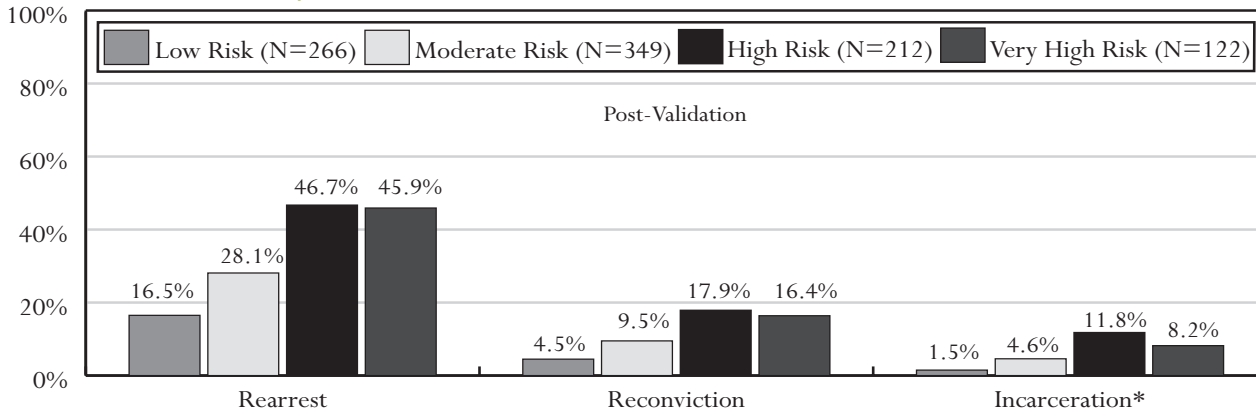
PROBATION YOUTH BY RISK LEVEL¹, FY 2017-2021[^]



¹ Percentages for each FY may not add to 100% due to cases with missing or incomplete risk assessments. The Very High category was added in FY 2020 after the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment was validated. All pre- and post-validation risk categories are not directly comparable due to changes in cut points.

- The proportion of high risk probation cases increased between FY 2017 and FY 2019. This is important to note as assessed risk predicts recidivism, meaning high risk youth tend to recidivate at higher rates.

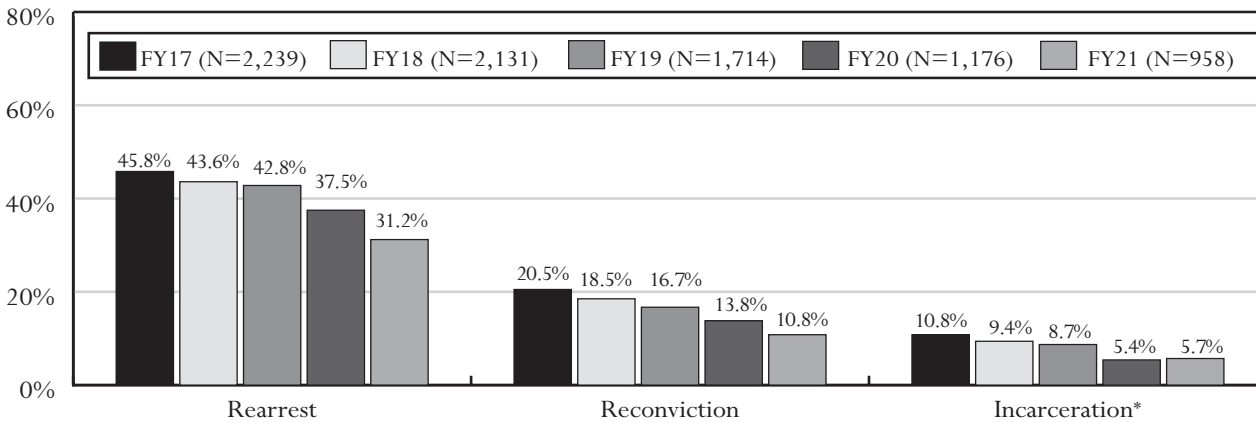
12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES BY RISK LEVEL¹ FOR PROBATION YOUTH⁺, FY 2021[^]



¹ The Very High category was added in FY 2020 after the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment was validated. All pre- and post-validation risk categories are not directly comparable due to changes in cut-points.

- Youth with low risk levels on the post-validation MCASP had the lowest recidivism rates for all three measures.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR PROBATION YOUTH⁺, FY 2017-2021



- FY 2021 had the lowest rates for all three measures of recidivism rates.

⁺ Due to methodological changes, recidivism data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2019. [^] Risk-level data are not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2020 due to the MCASP matching methodology change. * Since the probation cohort includes youth who may not have been previously placed in a treatment program, "incarceration" reflects a subsequent commitment to an out-of-home placement or incarceration in the adult system.

Recidivism Rates for Treatment Program Releases whose Cases Originate in Adult Court

The data on this page represent recidivism rates for youth who have been released from a committed treatment program who had any previous charge (not necessarily the charge that placed them into the treatment program) transferred from adult court jurisdiction which was found sustained by the juvenile court. These are a subset of the overall treatment program release recidivism cohort as shown in the previous section. The data sources and methodology are identical to those outlined previously.

6-, 12-, 24-, AND 36-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR FY 2020-2022 RELEASES

Follow-up Period	FY2020 (N=132)			FY2021 (N=53)			FY2022 (N=87)		
	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Re-incarceration	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Re-incarceration	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Re-incarceration
6 Months	21.2%	9.8%	6.8%	20.8%	9.4%	7.5%	32.2%		
12 Months	36.4%	12.1%	9.1%	37.7%	13.2%	9.4%	39.1%		
24 Months	49.2%	20.5%	15.2%	49.1%	15.1%	11.3%			
36 Months	54.5%	22.7%	17.4%						

- 86.8% of youth released from a treatment program whose cases originated in adult court in FY 2021 were successful at 12 months, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2021 RELEASES

Demographics	FY2021 Releases							
	Total	Rearrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	Total	Rearrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration
Race/Ethnicity								
Black	36	18	50.0%	6	16.7%	5	13.9%	
White	10	1	10.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	
Hispanic/Other	7	1	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Sex								
Male	50	20	40.0%	7	14.0%	5	10.0%	
Female	3	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Age at Placement								
11 and Under	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
12	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
13	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
14	1	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
15	4	1	25.0%	0	0.0%	0	0%	
16	9	5	55.6%	2	22.2%	1	11.1%	
17	24	9	37.5%	3	12.5%	2	8.3%	
18 or older	15	5	33.3%	2	13.3%	2	13.3%	
Total	53	20	37.7%	7	13.2%	5	9.4%	

- Some groups comprise a small number of youth. Therefore, the reoffense of a few can strongly influence the overall rate. For this reason, caution should be used when attempting to compare groups.

Recidivism Rates for Youth with Probation Dispositions whose Cases Originate in Adult Court

The data on this page represent recidivism rates for youth with juvenile court probation dispositions resulting from charges that had been transferred from original adult court jurisdiction. These are a subset of the overall probation recidivism cohort as shown in the previous section as well. The data sources and methodology are identical to those outlined previously.

6-, 12-, 24-, AND 36-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR FY 2020-2022 PROBATION YOUTH

Follow-up Period	FY2020 (N=112)			FY2021 (N=143)			FY2022 (N=179)		
	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Incarceration*	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Incarceration*	Rearrest	Re-conviction	Incarceration*
6 Months	17.0%	4.5%	1.8%	11.9%	4.2%	2.1%	26.8%		
12 Months	23.2%	6.3%	3.6%	25.2%	9.1%	4.2%	34.1%		
24 Months	33.9%	10.7%	6.3%	32.9%	11.2%	6.3%			
36 Months	43.8%	12.5%	8.0%						

- 90.9% of youth with probation dispositions whose cases originated in adult court in FY 2021 were successful at 12-months, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECIDIVISM RATES BY DEMOGRAPHICS FOR PROBATION YOUTH, FY 2021

Demographics	FY2021							
	Total	Rearrest		Reconviction		Incarceration*		
Race/Ethnicity								
Black	100	30	30.0%	11	11.0%	6	6.0%	
White	20	3	15.0%	2	10.0%	0	0.0%	
Hispanic/Other	23	3	13.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Sex								
Male	131	33	25.2%	13	9.9%	6	4.6%	
Female	12	3	25.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Age at Disposition								
11 and Under	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
12	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
13	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
14	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
15	1	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
16	25	8	32.0%	4	16.0%	0	0.0%	
17	68	18	26.5%	6	8.8%	3	4.4%	
18 or older	49	10	20.4%	3	6.1%	3	6.1%	
Total	143	36	25.2%	13	9.1%	6	4.2%	

Note: The probation cohort includes youth placed on probation (not youth released from probation). Therefore, recidivism is measured starting at the disposition date and may include new offenses while under supervision or after supervision.

- Some groups comprise a small number of youth. Therefore, the reoffense of a few can strongly influence the overall rate. For this reason, caution should be used when attempting to compare groups.

* Since the probation cohort includes youth who may not have been previously placed in a treatment program, "incarceration" reflects a subsequent commitment to an out-of-home placement or incarceration in the adult system.

Intake Reoffense Rates for Youth Diverted from Juvenile Court

The reoffending rate for youth diverted from formal juvenile court processing by DJS Intake is a new measure for the Department. Diverted youth may have their complaints resolved outright, often with referrals to community services, or they may be placed onto a pre-court informal diversion supervision. This analysis presents the rates of return to the system following the decision to divert. It is important to remember that intake charges are alleged.

REPORTING GROUPS

The terms “reoffending” and “reoffense” are used for this post-intake follow-up measure as distinct from the term “recidivism” because charges at intake are alleged: they have not yet been brought before a judge with evidence or subjected to the standard of proof beyond a reasonable doubt. But as with other recidivism measures, reoffending post-intake is reported at the levels of rearrest, adjudication/conviction, and commitment/incarceration for any new juvenile or adult offense that occurs after the case forwarding decision date for the intake complaint, and within the follow-up period. The follow-up periods for post-intake reoffending differ from those of probation and committed treatment release cohorts because the public is often interested in what happens in the short term after DJS makes a case forwarding decision. DJS 30-, 60-, and 90-day periods are presented as well as 6-month and 12-month follow-up periods. The follow-up period for post-intake reoffending begins at the date of case forwarding decision, which is legally required to be within 25 days of the receipt of the complaint by DJS.

COMPLAINT-LEVEL ANALYSIS, NOT YOUTH LEVEL

The reoffending analysis has been done at the level of complaint; that is, a single youth is included in the cohort more than once if they have multiple intakes that occurred within the fiscal year, and the follow-up period after case forwarding decision is checked for another arrest (and subsequent adjudication/conviction and commitment/incarceration) for each time that youth was at intake. Thus, the measure counts the rate of successes by complaint but does not show a success rate by youth — compared to a youth-level lens this analysis gives a heavier weight to the small number of youth who offend multiple times.

CAUTION IN COMPARISON

As with recidivism outcomes for probation and treatment program cohorts, it is difficult to make direct comparisons between cases diverted and cases formally referred to court. The DJS case forwarding decision process, informed by the Intake Decision Tool (IDT), intentionally selects which youth are best suited for case closure, informal, and formal processing based on risk and individual circumstances. Research indicates that unnecessary formal court processing, especially for low-risk youth, can encourage reoffending. For higher-risk youth, more formal accountability and rehabilitation may be needed — and in that case, the structure and services are intended to lower the number of youth who reoffend. In neither case do these reoffending numbers tell us what would have happened if that group of youth had received a different response to the complaint.

30-, 60-, 90-DAY, 6-, AND 12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE REOFFENSE RATES FOR DIVERTED INTAKE COMPLAINTS* FOR FY2020-2022

Follow-up Period	FY2020 (N=8,670)			FY2021 (N=3,945)			FY2022 (N=6,985)		
	Rearrest	Conviction	Incarceration	Rearrest	Conviction	Incarceration	Rearrest	Conviction	Incarceration
30 Days	5.6%	1.0%	0.2%	5.7%	1.1%	0.5%	5.5%	0.8%	0.2%
60 Days	9.2%	1.7%	0.4%	9.2%	1.9%	0.9%	9.9%	1.3%	0.3%
90 Days	12.0%	2.3%	0.5%	12.4%	2.5%	1.2%	13.1%	2.1%	0.5%
6 Months	17.6%	3.8%	1.0%	19.6%	4.2%	1.9%	21.0%	3.7%	0.9%
12 Months	23.2%	6.0%	1.7%	29.7%	7.6%	3.1%	30.2%		

*Total Diverted includes pre-court supervision and resolved at intake.

30-, 60-, 90-DAY, 6-, AND 12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONVICTION RATES FOR DIVERTED INTAKE COMPLAINTS BY CASE FORWARDING DECISION FOR FY2020-2022

Follow-Up Period	FY 2020			FY 2021			FY 2022		
	Resolved at Intake	Pre-Court Supervision	Total Diverted*	Resolved at Intake	Pre-Court Supervision	Total Diverted*	Resolved at Intake	Pre-Court Supervision	Total Diverted*
30 Days	1.1%	0.8%	1.0%	1.2%	0.5%	1.1%	0.7%	1.0%	0.8%
60 Days	1.8%	1.4%	1.7%	2.0%	1.6%	1.9%	1.3%	1.7%	1.3%
90 Days	2.5%	1.8%	2.3%	2.6%	2.2%	2.5%	2.0%	2.7%	2.1%
6 Months	4.0%	3.1%	3.8%	4.3%	3.9%	4.2%	3.5%	5.1%	3.7%
12 Months	6.2%	5.1%	6.0%	7.7%	7.2%	7.6%			
Total	6,764	1,906	8,670	3,171	774	3,945	5,820	1,165	6,985

*Total Diverted includes pre-court supervision and resolved at intake.

- 92.4% of youth with diverted complaints in FY 2021 were successful at 12-months, meaning they were not reconvicted of a new offense.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE REOFFENSE RATES BY DEMOGRAPHICS FOR DIVERTED INTAKE COMPLAINTS*, FY 2021

Demographics	FY2021						
	Total	Rearrest	Conviction	Incarceration			
Race/Ethnicity							
Black	2,056	697	33.9%	195	9.5%	85	4.1%
White	1,627	422	25.9%	87	5.3%	29	1.8%
Hispanic/Other	262	54	20.6%	17	6.5%	7	2.7%
Sex							
Male	2,629	831	31.6%	234	8.9%	105	4.0%
Female	1,316	342	26.0%	65	4.9%	16	1.2%
Age at Referral							
11 and Under	209	64	30.6%	8	3.8%	2	1.0%
12	213	76	35.7%	14	6.6%	1	0.5%
13	339	126	37.2%	37	10.9%	10	2.9%
14	555	241	43.4%	75	13.5%	40	7.2%
15	655	229	35.0%	60	9.2%	32	4.9%
16	751	234	31.2%	54	7.2%	19	2.5%
17	1,110	192	17.3%	48	4.3%	16	1.4%
18 or older	113	11	9.7%	3	2.7%	1	0.9%
Total	3,945	1,173	29.7%	299	7.6%	121	3.1%

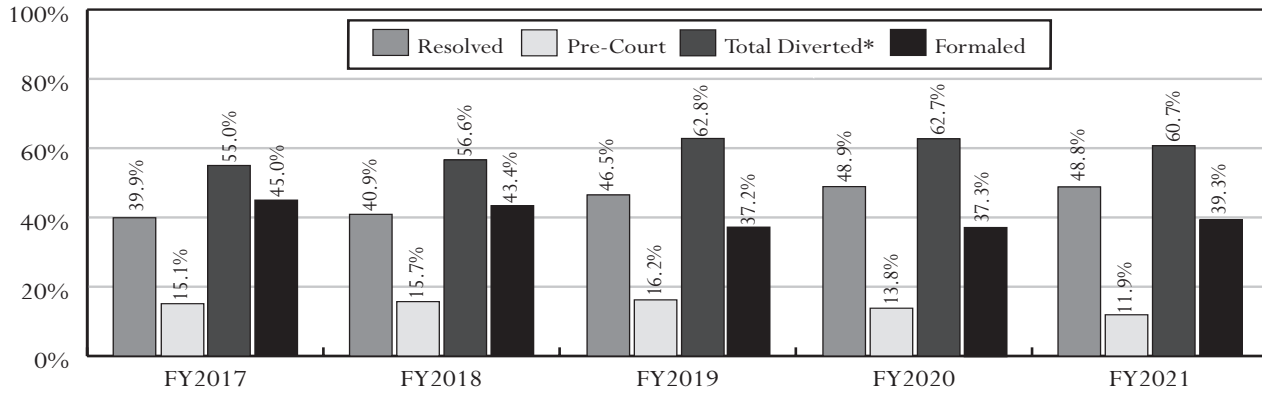
*Total Diverted includes pre-court supervision and resolved at intake.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE REOFFENSE RATES BY REGION/COUNTY FOR DIVERTED INTAKE COMPLAINTS*, FY 2020-2022

Region/ County	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022			
	Total	Re-arrest	Conviction	Incarceration	Total	Re-arrest	Conviction	Incarceration	Total	Re-arrest	Conviction	Incarceration
Region 1	1,184	25.0%	5.8%	1.5%	751	28.0%	5.6%	2.5%	1,091	31.8%		
Dorchester	243	30.0%	8.6%	1.2%	122	45.9%	9.8%	4.9%	227	33.0%		
Somerset	186	30.6%	4.3%	0.0%	69	43.5%	8.7%	1.4%	135	32.6%		
Wicomico	447	31.5%	7.4%	2.9%	199	40.2%	9.0%	5.0%	440	42.5%		
Worcester	308	8.1%	2.3%	0.6%	361	12.2%	1.7%	0.6%	289	14.2%		
Region 2	562	20.6%	3.9%	1.2%	340	32.4%	8.5%	1.2%	539	30.2%		
Caroline	127	22.0%	8.7%	3.9%	55	29.1%	7.3%	0.0%	94	45.7%		
Cecil	214	28.0%	3.3%	0.5%	152	42.8%	11.2%	2.6%	176	29.5%		
Kent	64	7.8%	0.0%	0.0%	28	35.7%	10.7%	0.0%	63	19.0%		
Queen Anne's	75	10.7%	2.7%	0.0%	41	14.6%	2.4%	0.0%	105	26.7%		
Talbot	82	18.3%	2.4%	1.2%	64	20.3%	6.3%	0.0%	101	27.7%		
Region 3	1,944	29.1%	8.0%	1.9%	834	34.2%	7.9%	2.6%	1,617	31.9%		
Baltimore Co.	1,654	29.7%	7.9%	1.9%	709	35.0%	7.2%	1.7%	1,444	33.0%		
Harford	290	25.9%	8.3%	1.7%	125	29.6%	12.0%	8.0%	173	23.1%		
Region 4	742	27.5%	7.5%	2.4%	416	39.4%	13.0%	6.7%	553	29.8%		
Allegany	299	37.8%	15.1%	5.7%	199	55.3%	23.1%	13.1%	195	35.4%		
Garrett	98	23.5%	5.1%	1.0%	81	13.6%	3.7%	1.2%	80	12.5%		
Washington	345	19.7%	1.7%	0.0%	136	31.6%	3.7%	0.7%	278	30.9%		
Region 5	1,591	23.3%	6.9%	2.1%	592	28.2%	6.9%	2.7%	997	32.4%		
Anne Arundel	1,111	22.9%	5.9%	1.6%	330	34.5%	8.5%	2.7%	687	34.2%		
Carroll	217	18.9%	4.1%	1.8%	180	17.8%	2.2%	0.6%	198	34.8%		
Howard	263	28.5%	12.9%	4.6%	82	25.6%	11.0%	7.3%	112	17.0%		
Region 6	1,047	13.5%	4.8%	1.4%	338	18.9%	7.4%	2.7%	725	25.9%		
Frederick	309	14.6%	4.9%	2.6%	102	18.6%	3.9%	2.0%	243	30.0%		
Montgomery	738	13.0%	4.7%	0.9%	236	19.1%	8.9%	3.0%	482	23.9%		
Region 7	1,416	18.1%	2.9%	1.1%	584	22.8%	3.6%	1.7%	1,207	25.7%		
Calvert	302	20.5%	3.0%	1.0%	146	25.3%	4.1%	2.1%	227	22.0%		
Charles	299	21.7%	3.7%	0.7%	101	26.7%	2.0%	0.0%	220	24.1%		
Prince George's	528	11.9%	2.8%	1.1%	182	9.9%	3.8%	1.6%	380	16.6%		
St. Mary's	287	23.3%	2.1%	1.4%	155	32.9%	3.9%	2.6%	380	37.9%		
Region 8	184	32.1%	7.6%	3.8%	90	44.4%	23.3%	14.4%	256	37.9%		
Baltimore City	184	32.1%	7.6%	3.8%	90	44.4%	23.3%	14.4%	256	37.9%		
Statewide	8,670	23.2%	6.0%	1.7%	3,945	29.7%	7.6%	3.1%	6,985	30.2%		

* Includes pre-court supervision and resolved at intake.

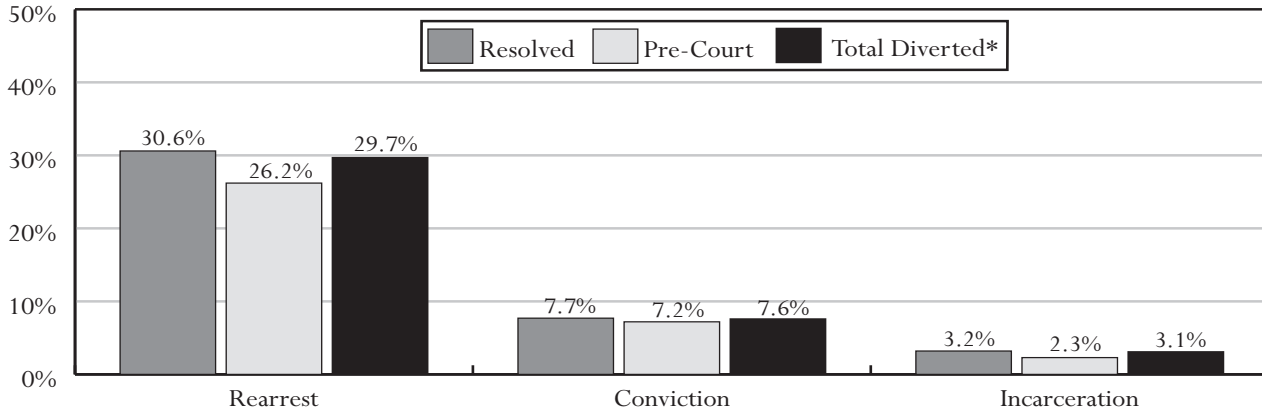
INTAKE COMPLAINTS BY CASE FORWARDING DECISION, FY 2017-2021



*Total Diverted includes pre-court supervision and resolved at intake. The years shown correspond to the reoffense data presented below.

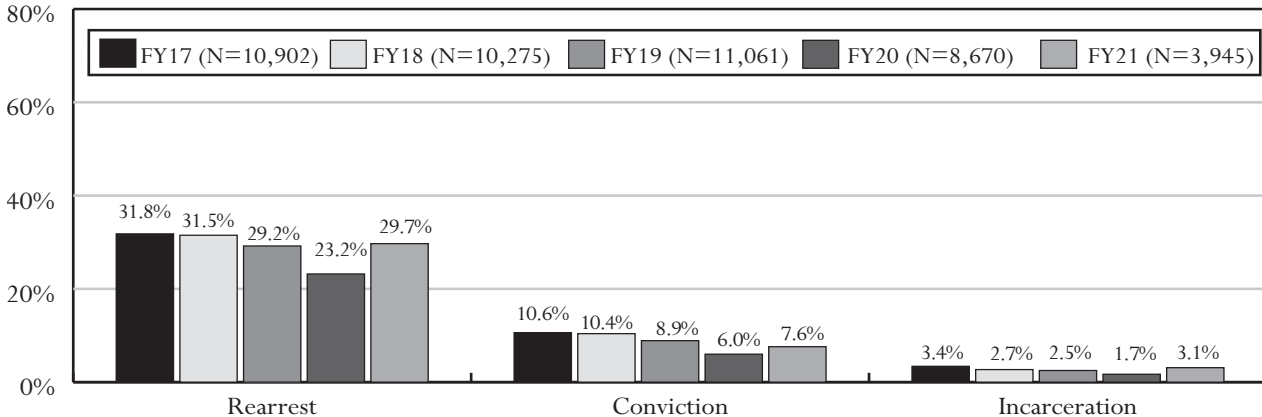
- Between FY 2017 and FY 2021, the total diverted population increased 5.7 percentage points. As part of that population, pre-court youth decreased 3.2 percentage points while resolved youth increased 8.9 percentage points.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE REOFFENSE RATES BY CASE FORWARDING DECISION FOR DIVERTED INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2021



*Total Diverted includes pre-court supervision and resolved at intake.

12-MONTH JUVENILE AND/OR CRIMINAL JUSTICE REOFFENSE RATES FOR DIVERTED INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2017-2021



DJS Youth Development Outcomes

Although recidivism has historically been the primary measure of success in juvenile justice systems, DJS recognizes that other important outcomes exist, including high school completion, postsecondary enrollment and completion, employment, and earnings. These outcomes align with the DJS principle of approaching work through the lens of positive youth development and resiliency. A national body of research has demonstrated, for example, that education is one of the strongest contributors in reducing recidivism.

An important step toward measuring these positive youth outcomes among DJS youth occurred in 2019 with the passage of House Bill 704 by the Maryland State Assembly. This legislation made DJS a partner in the Maryland Longitudinal Data System Center (MLDS). State law established the MLDS Center in 2010 to serve as a central repository for education and workforce data. The Center collects and organizes individual-level student and employment data from all levels of education – elementary, secondary, and postsecondary – and the state’s workforce. The center’s data dashboards and annual reports provide timely information about student performance and workforce earnings that can help improve the state’s education system and provide guidance to policymakers.

Becoming a partner to the MLDS Center better enabled DJS to measure outcomes beyond recidivism for youth who have been involved in the juvenile justice system. Outcomes of interest include high school completion, postsecondary enrollment and completion, and median quarterly employment earnings.

Methodology

The analysis examined the high school completion, postsecondary enrollment, and labor market earnings of youth who have been involved with DJS. DJS involvement is defined as youth who had been either placed on probation or in a committed treatment program (includes DJS-operated and private/contract provider programs). Many of the outcomes were broken down by probation or commitment. The involvement with DJS could have occurred before or during high school.

To prepare for the outcomes analysis, research staff from DJS and the MLDS Center met to discuss specifications of the work. MLDS analysts extracted and summarized the data, then provided summary tables to DJS research staff for further analysis.

The analysis sought to examine the following outcomes:

1. High school completion and dropout rates
2. College enrollment and completion of a degree by age 25
3. Median quarterly earnings by age 25

High School Completion and Dropout Rates

To examine high school completion, MLDS analysts examined ninth grade cohorts of youth with DJS involvement prior to or after ninth grade. A cohort refers to a group of students who began ninth grade in a particular school year. A typical cohort would complete high school in four years. High school completion includes graduation with a diploma or completion of a GED. For example, students in the graduating class of 2020 were first-time ninth graders in the 2016-2017 school year.

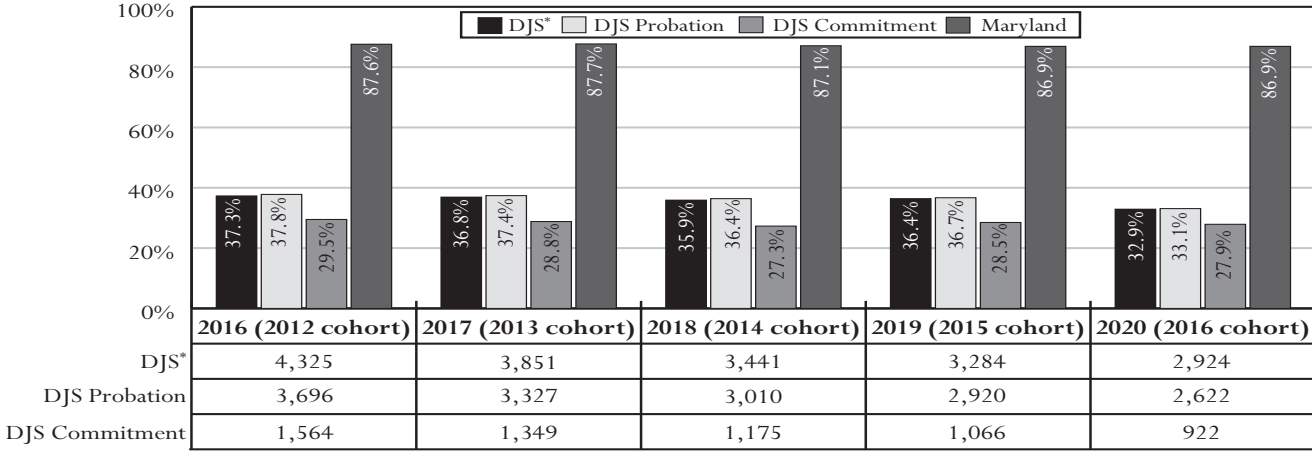
Examining five cohorts of youth (high school graduating classes of 2016 through 2020), the analysis sought to answer what percentage of youth completed high school on time (4 years) or delayed (5 or 6 years).

In addition to high school completion, the analysis examined persistence, dropout, and transfer rates. Persistence refers to cohort members who continued in a Maryland public high school five or more years after beginning ninth grade without graduating or dropping out. A dropout refers to a youth who exited a Maryland public high school without graduating. A transfer refers to a youth who exited a Maryland public high school without graduating and who has an exit code of transfer.

The MLDS Center does not contain data on Maryland private high schools, out-of-state high schools, or out-of-state GED or National External Diploma Program (NEDP) completions. NEDP is a high school diploma program for adults and youth who have left school. It is possible that some youth involved with DJS reported as dropouts graduated or earned a GED/NEDP out of state. DJS-involved youth who earned a certificate of high school completion are excluded from this analysis (total population across the five cohorts was 30 youth). A certificate of high school completion is awarded when a student completes a special education program but does not fulfill the requirements for a high school diploma.

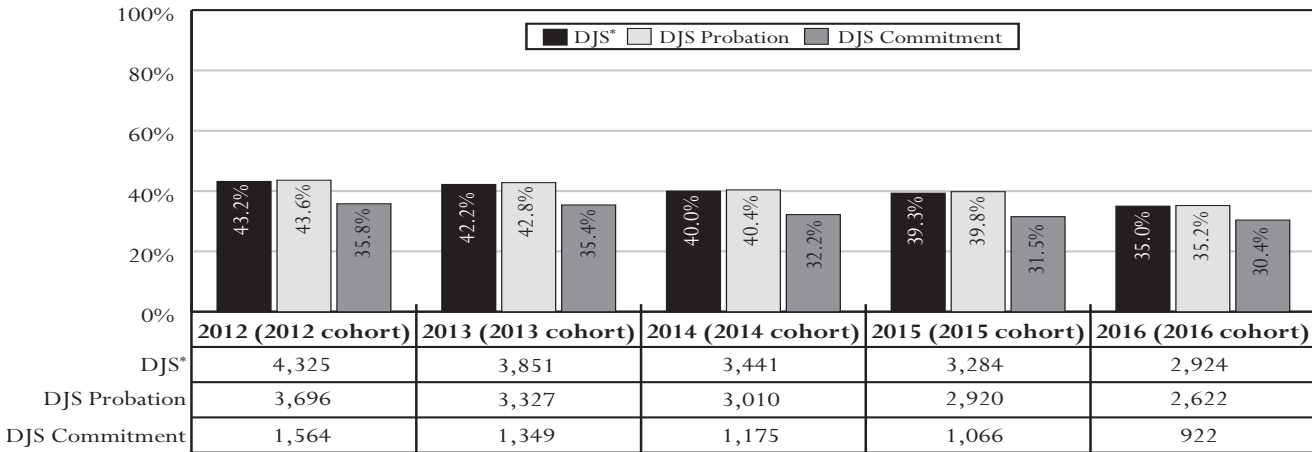
DJS Youth Development Outcomes (cont.)

FOUR-YEAR COHORT HS GRADUATION RATES FOR DJS YOUTH BY INVOLVEMENT AND GRADUATION YEAR



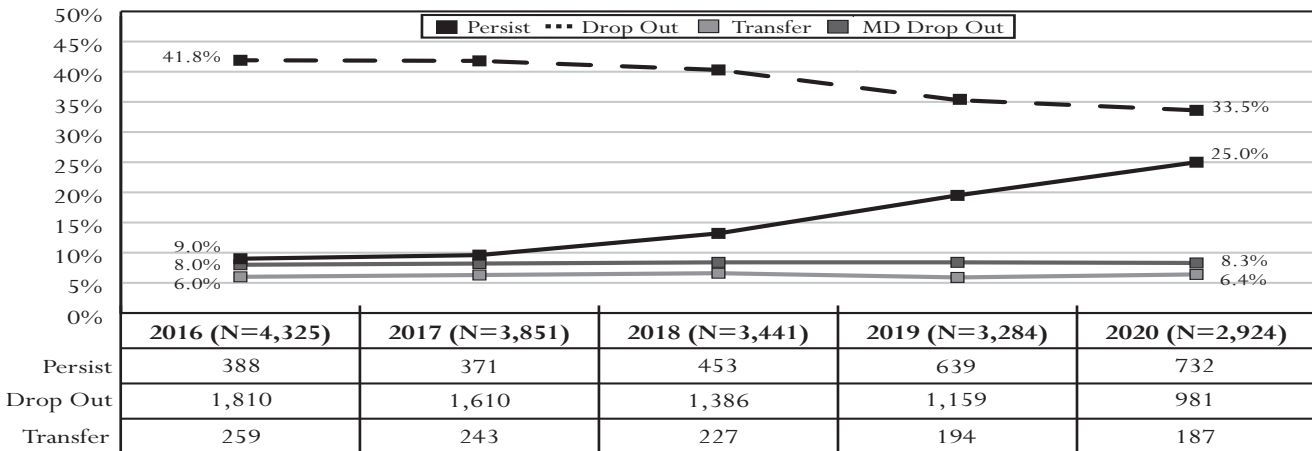
* Includes any DJS contact (probation or commitment). Since youth can be counted in both probation and commitment, totals will not sum to the overall total.

HS COMPLETION RATES (ON-TIME AND DELAYED) FOR DJS YOUTH BY INVOLVEMENT AND 9TH GRADE YEAR



* Includes any DJS contact (probation or commitment). Since youth can be counted in both probation and commitment, totals will not sum to the overall total.

COHORT HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT AND PERSISTENCE RATES FOR DJS YOUTH* BY EXPECTED HS COMPLETION YEAR



* Includes any DJS contact (probation or commitment). Since youth can be counted in both probation and commitment, totals will not sum to the overall total.

College Enrollment and Completion of a Degree by Age 25

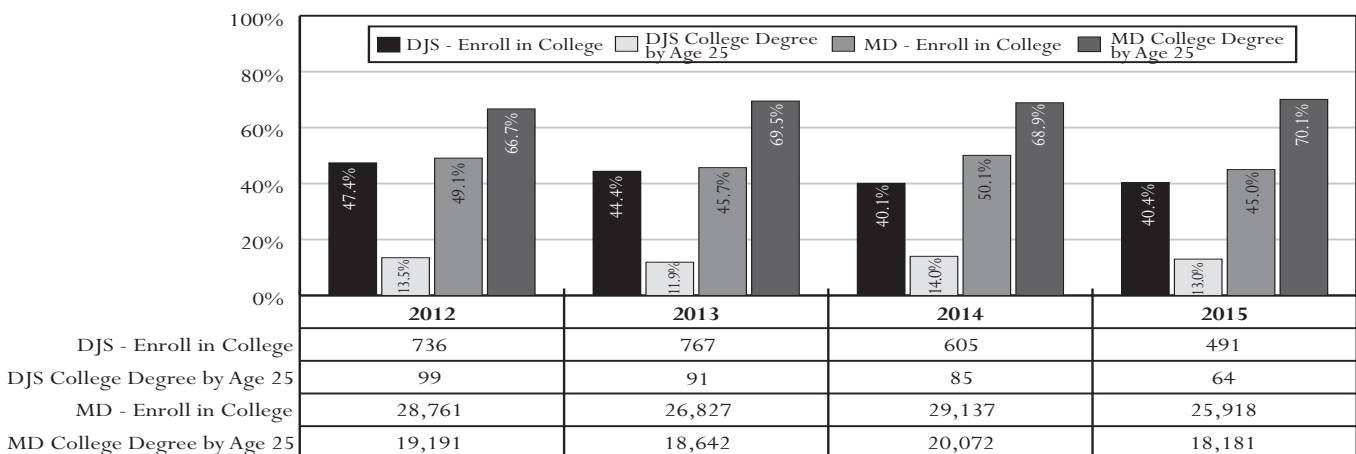
MLDS Center evaluates college enrollment and graduation using two main data sources. The Maryland Higher Education Commission (MHEC) provides data on enrollment and graduation from Maryland’s community colleges, four-year public institutions, and state-aided independent institutions. The National Student Clearinghouse, based in Herndon, VA, provides data on enrollment and graduation from out-of-state colleges and universities, as well as in-state private colleges and universities.

The analysis reports college degree attainment by the age of 25, which is approximately seven years following graduation from high school. A high school graduate is defined as any student who earns a high school diploma from a Maryland public high school by the age of 21 or who completes high school through GED or NEDP by age 21. The analysis accounts not only for students who enroll in college immediately after graduating high school, but also for those who delay enrollment up to two years after high school completion.

A college degree is defined as a postsecondary certificate, or an associate’s, bachelor’s, or master’s degree, or higher. Some students could have earned more than one degree by age 25. Other students who earned a degree by age 25 may still be enrolled in college pursuing an additional postsecondary degree. Students reported as “No College Degree by Age 25” may be actively pursuing a degree at age 25 or earn a degree after age 25.

The chart reports college enrollment and completion rates for youth who were involved with DJS (either probation or commitment) and who completed high school, based on the year of high school completion. For comparison, the chart includes statewide college enrollment and completion rates.

COLLEGE ENROLLMENT AND COMPLETION RATES FOR DJS YOUTH* AND MARYLAND BY HS GRAD. YEAR, 2012-2015

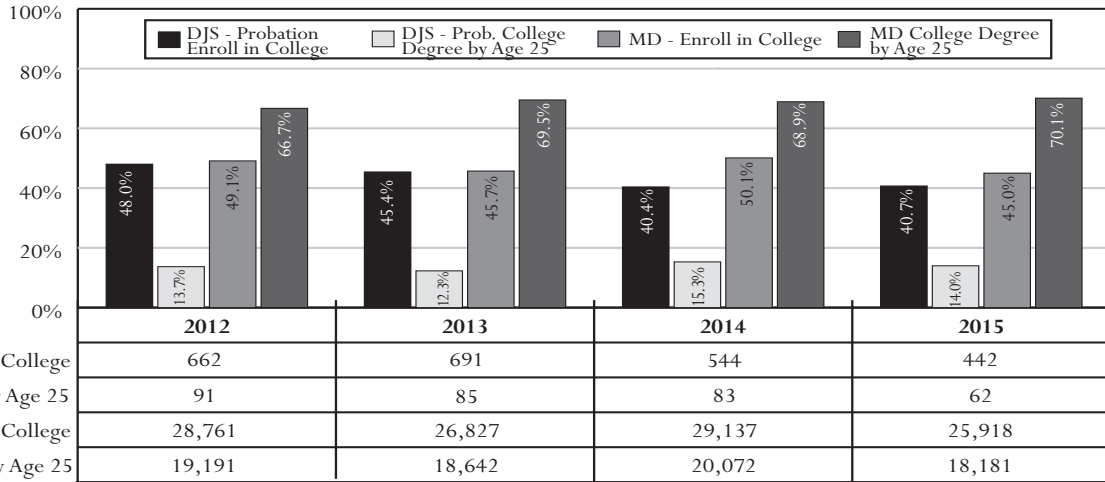


* Includes any DJS contact (probation or commitment). Since youth can be counted in both probation and commitment, totals will not sum to the overall total.

Note: Percentage for College Degree by Age 25 is calculated based on college enrollees, not based on the entire cohort.

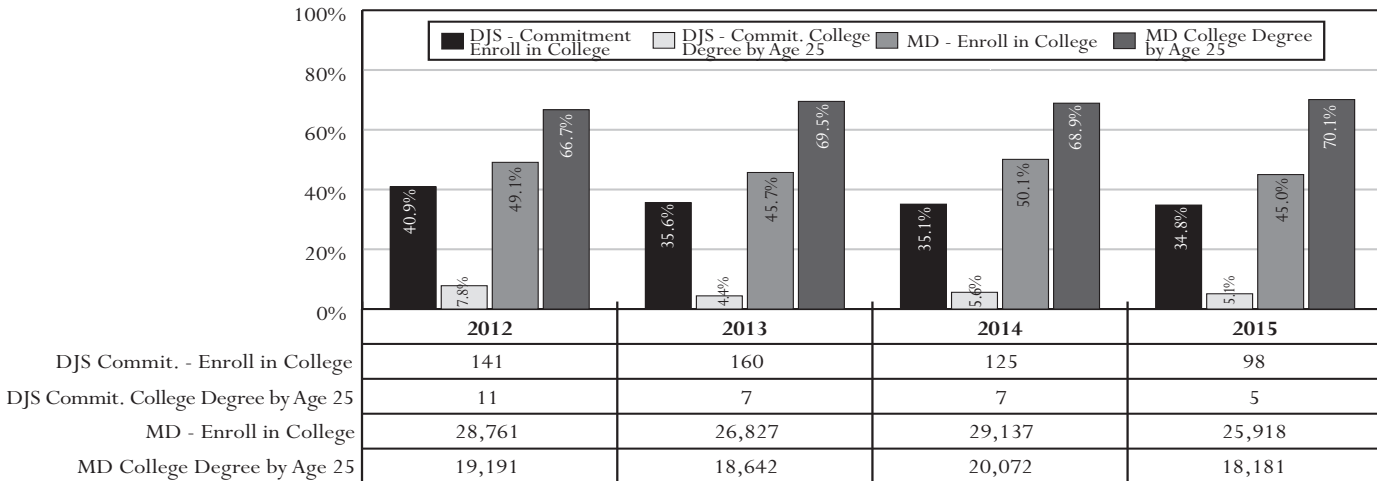
DJS Youth Development Outcomes (cont.)

COLLEGE ENROLLMENT AND COMPLETION RATES FOR PROBATION YOUTH AND MARYLAND BY HS GRAD. YEAR, 2012-2015



Note: Percentage for College Degree by Age 25 is calculated based on college enrollees, not based on the entire cohort.

COLLEGE ENROLLMENT AND COMPLETION RATES FOR COMMITTED YOUTH AND MARYLAND BY HS GRADUATION YEAR, 2012-2015



Note: Percentage for College Degree by Age 25 is calculated based on college enrollees, not based on the entire cohort.

Median Quarterly Wages

The MLDS Center collects and analyzes workforce data from quarterly Unemployment Insurance (UI) wages beginning in 2008 for individuals with a Maryland education record. Consequently, earnings data are available only for Marylanders who work for an in-state employer required to file UI. This means wage data would not include employers who are not required to file UI, including the federal government (including the armed forces), some non-profit organizations, and self-employed individuals and independent contractors. Individuals working in temporary employment, including postsecondary work-study programs, also are not subject to UI filings. These omissions mean it is incorrect to assume that individuals not counted as “employed” in these analyses are unemployed.

The UI wages reported reflect the compensation paid during the quarter, not when the compensation was earned. UI wages reflect the sum of all compensation, including wages, bonuses, tips, commissions, and other forms of compensation. The wage data do not distinguish between full- and part-time employment, hourly and salaried earnings, regular wages and commissions, bonuses and other incentive pay. The wage data do not indicate the number of days or hours a person worked in a particular fiscal quarter. UI filings for a given quarter may be incomplete. Employers may have filed UI wages after the data have been transmitted to the MLDS Center or have omitted individuals from their files. Missing wage data and/or corrections to previously reported wages may be provided in subsequent fiscal quarters. Although there is no time limit on correcting UI filings, most changes are completed within one fiscal quarter.

The charts that follow display the quarterly living wages for cohorts of DJS youth – probation and committed – who have reached the age of 25. The chart includes high school completion year and postsecondary education status (college degree by age 25, some college but no degree by age 25, and no college by age 25), along with the quarterly living wage in Maryland. The majority of high school graduates are 18; however, some high school graduates may be younger or older. Degree attainment and wages for these graduates are evaluated six years after graduation, making some graduates older or younger than 25 when reporting college degree attainment and earnings.

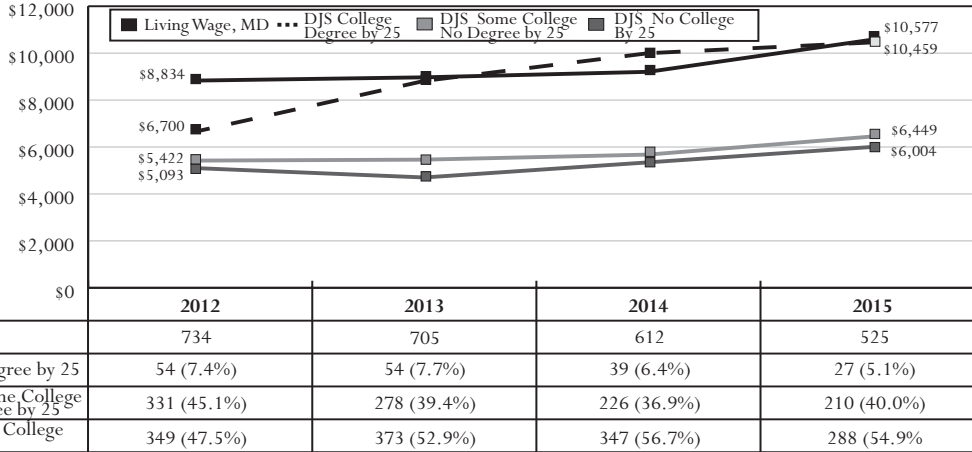
Wage figures are based on average quarterly earnings and the living wage for the year a youth would reach the age of 25 (an estimated 7 years after high school completion). For example, an adjudicated youth who graduated high school in 2015 would reach the age of 25 in 2022. It is also important to note that the data are not in 2023 inflation-adjusted dollars. They are contemporaneous to the year in which the wage data are reported. As previously stated, this is not the same as the high school graduation year.

Living wage figures are based on the Massachusetts Institute of Technology living wage calculator, which includes data on living costs in geographic areas of the United States. The calculator incorporates the cost of housing, food, health insurance, taxes, transportation, clothing, and other personal items to derive the minimum annual income needed for basic self-sufficiency. For example, the living wage for a single adult with no dependent children in Maryland was \$42,308 a year in inflation-adjusted dollars in 2022, or \$10,577 per quarter.

A college degree is defined as a postsecondary certificate, or an associate’s, bachelor’s, or master’s degree, or higher. Some students could have earned more than one degree by age 25. Other students who earned a degree by age 25 may still be enrolled in college pursuing an additional postsecondary degree. Students reported as “Some College, No Degree by Age 25” may be actively pursuing a degree at age 25 or earn a degree after age 25.

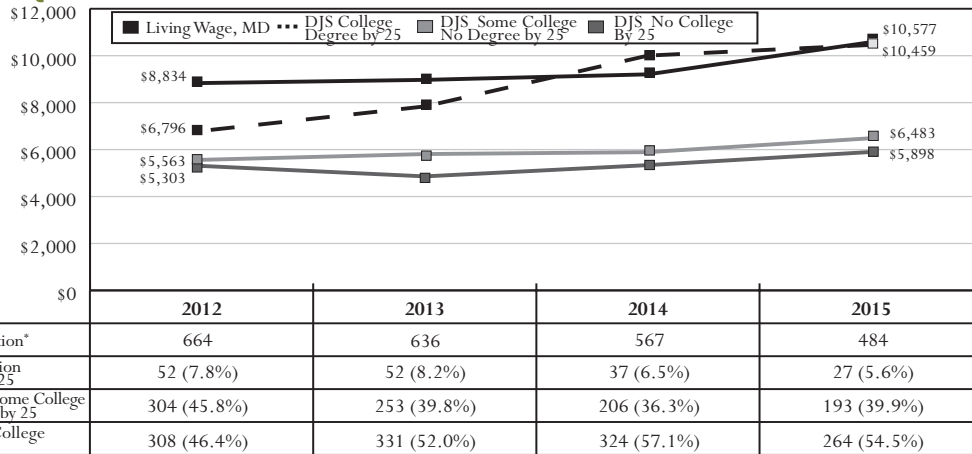
DJS Youth Development Outcomes (cont.)

MEDIAN QUARTERLY WAGES FOR DJS YOUTH BY EDUCATION STATUS AND HS COMPLETION YEAR



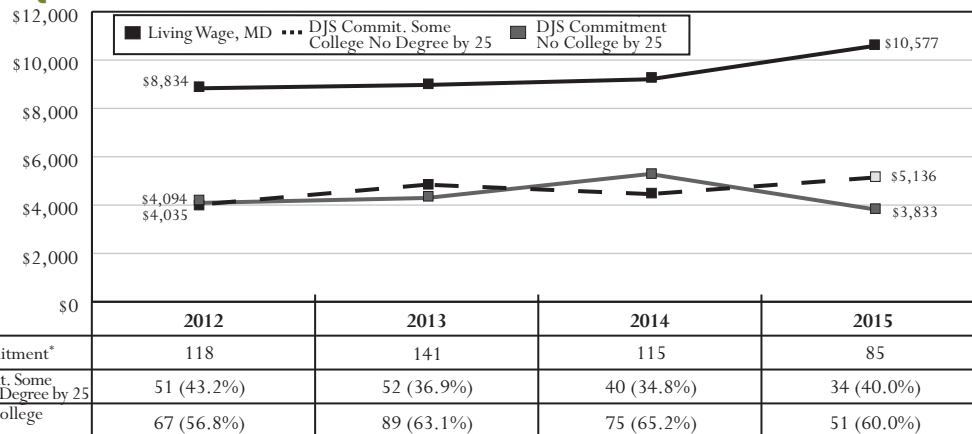
* Number of youth in a DJS cohort who had a wage record in the MLDS system by age 25. UI wage data are available only for Maryland employees who work for an in-state employer required to file UI. Examples of employers that are not required to file UI include the federal government (including the military), certain non-profits, and self-employed and independent contractors. Because of these omissions, it is incorrect to assume that youth who are not visible in the wage data are unemployed.

MEDIAN QUARTERLY WAGES FOR DJS PROBATION YOUTH BY EDUCATION STATUS AND HS COMPLETION YEAR



* Number of youth in a DJS cohort who had a wage record in the MLDS system by age 25. UI wage data are available only for Maryland employees who work for an in-state employer required to file UI. Examples of employers that are not required to file UI include the federal government (including the military), certain non-profits, and self-employed and independent contractors. Because of these omissions, it is incorrect to assume that youth who are not visible in the wage data are unemployed.

MEDIAN QUARTERLY WAGES FOR DJS COMMITTED YOUTH BY EDUCATION STATUS¹ AND HS COMPLETION YEAR



¹ Data for youth with a college degree by age 25 had too few youth to allow for identity protection. Therefore, that group is excluded above.

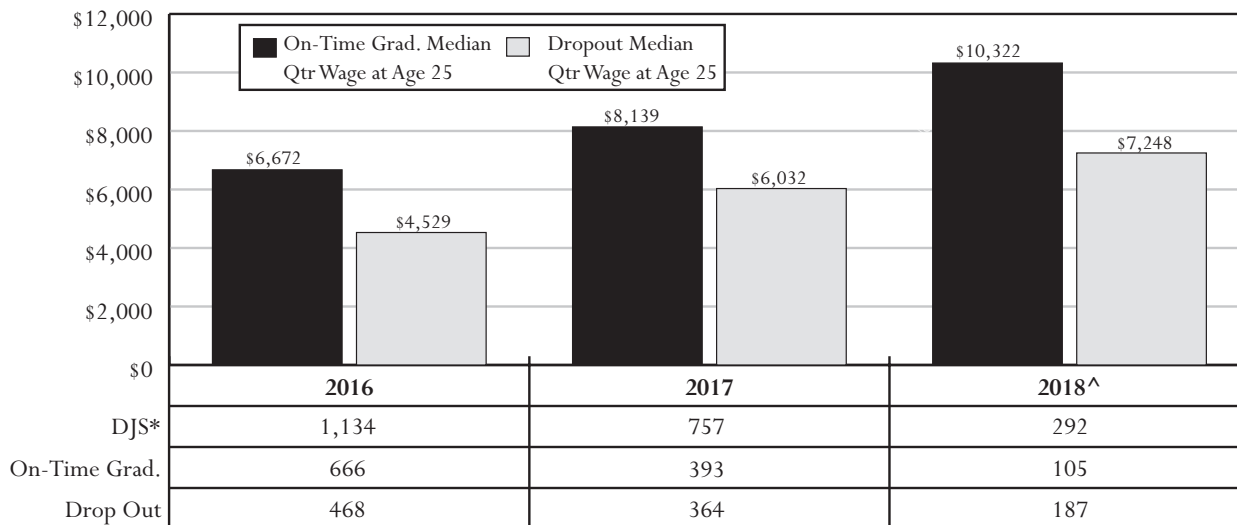
* Number of youth in a DJS cohort who had a wage record in the MLDS system by age 25. UI wage data are available only for Maryland employees who work for an in-state employer required to file UI. Examples of employers that are not required to file UI include the federal government (including the military), certain non-profits, and self-employed and independent contractors. Because of these omissions, it is incorrect to assume that youth who are not visible in the wage data are unemployed.

Workforce Earnings for DJS Youth Graduates vs. Dropouts

Years of research have consistently demonstrated that youth who do not complete a high school diploma have lower workforce earnings compared to their peers who graduate. The chart below demonstrates this, comparing median quarterly earnings by age 25 for DJS youth who dropped out of high school, compared with those of DJS youth who went on to complete a high school diploma or GED. Cohorts are based on the year in which students began ninth grade and the corresponding expected high school graduation year. For example, students who began ninth grade in 2012 would have an expected graduation year of 2016.

The COVID-19 pandemic and the resulting economic shutdowns that occurred in 2020 and 2021 affected the visibility of UI wage data, resulting in lower numbers of youth with earnings records.

MEDIAN QUARTERLY EARNINGS FOR HS GRADUATES AND DROPOUTS WITH DJS COMMITMENT OR PROBATION RECORDS, BY EXPECTED HS COMPLETION YEAR

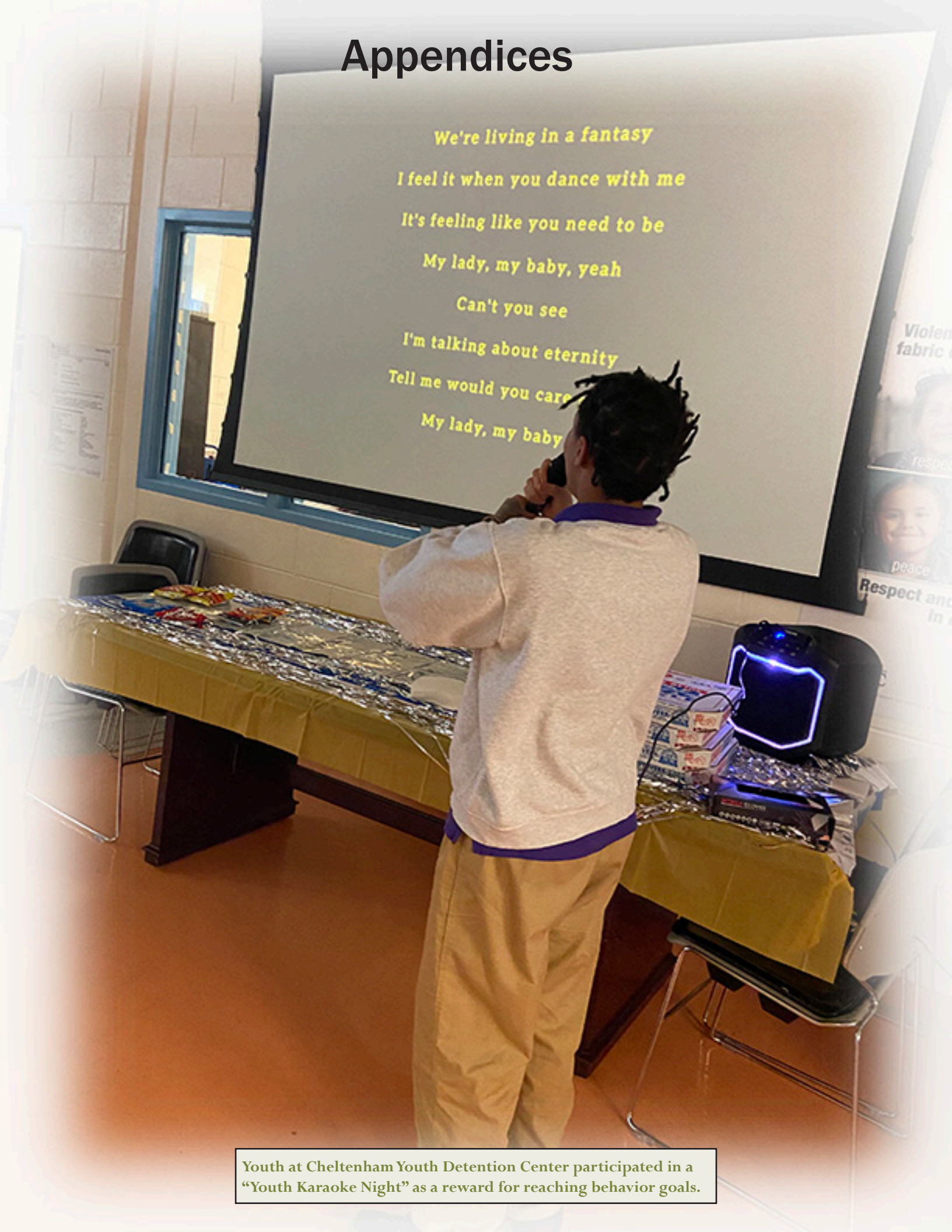


* Number of youth in a DJS cohort who had a wage record in the MLDS system by age 25. UI wage data are available only for Maryland employees who work for an in-state employer required to file UI. Examples of employers that are not required to file UI include the federal government (including the military), certain non-profits, and self-employed and independent contractors. Because of these omissions, it is incorrect to assume that youth who are not visible in the wage data are unemployed.

[^] Only 67% of the 2014 cohort (expected graduation year of 2018) has turned age 25. Additionally, this cohort turned 25 in 2020 and early 2021, years greatly impacted by the COVID-19 economic shutdown.

Appendices

*We're living in a fantasy
I feel it when you dance with me
It's feeling like you need to be
My lady, my baby, yeah
Can't you see
I'm talking about eternity
Tell me would you care
My lady, my baby*



Youth at Cheltenham Youth Detention Center participated in a "Youth Karaoke Night" as a reward for reaching behavior goals.

Appendix A

COMMUNITY SERVICES STAFFING DISTRIBUTION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Facilities (By Region)	CMS ⁺		Mgmt ⁺	Admn	RA/CD ⁺		Res. Spec ⁺		Services ⁺	Other ⁺	Total
	Spec	Sup			Offr	Sup	Spec	Sup			
Region 1	Cambridge Office	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	7
	Ocean City Office*	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Princess Anne Office	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	6
	Salisbury Office	5	5	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	15
	Snow Hill Office	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	7
Region 2	Centreville Office	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	6
	Denton Office	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	Easton Office	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	6
	Elkton Office	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	8
Region 3	Bel Air Office	6	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
	Catonsville Office	14	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	19
	Essex Office	11	3	0	2	7	2	0	0	0	25
Region 4	Allegany Co Office	5	2	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	12
	Hagerstown Office	6	2	2	2	2	0	2	1	0	17
	Oakland Office	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
Region 5	Annapolis Office	13	4	1	3	1	1	0	1	1	26
	Ellicott City Office	8	2	1	2	1	0	1	2	0	17
	Glen Burnie Office	6	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	11
	Westminster Office	3	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	8
Reg-6	Frederick Office	6	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	10
	Rockville Office	22	6	3	2	2	0	2	0	1	38
Region 7	Landover Office	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	LaPlata Office	5	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	11
	Largo Office	17	5	1	5	5	0	2	1	0	36
	Leonardtown Office	6	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	10
	Prince Frederick Office	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	7
	Upper Marlboro Office	10	3	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	17
Region 8	BCJJC - CD	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
	Evening Repting Center	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
	Gay Street Office	35	16	4	12	1	0	4	1	0	74
	Hilton St. Office	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
	MYRC - CD	0	0	0	2	40	5	0	0	0	47
	Plaza Office	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
Total Filled		213	70	23	57	75	11	13	4	8	476
Total Vacancies		25	3	0	2	5	0	0	0	1	36

Note: Part-time employee positions are represented as one position. Vacancies represent permanent positions only.

* Ocean City Office is a seasonal office staffed by contractual employees.

+ "CMS": Case Management Specialist (includes pre-adjudication CMS); "Mgmt" includes management and Assistant Area Directors; "RA/CD": Resident Advisor/Community Detention Officer; "Res. Spec.": Resource Specialist; "Services" includes substance abuse and behavioral health; "Other" includes recreation and program specialists.

Appendix A (cont.)

DETENTION CENTER STAFFING (FILLED POSITIONS) AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

FACILITY (By Region)	Res Advisor		GLM*	CMS*	Services ⁺	Admin	Facil*	Dietary	Nurse	Mgmt	Rec/ Resource*	Educ ¹	Total
	Advis	Sup											
Region 1													
LESCC	35	4	4	3	2	3	3	6	3	2	1	8	74
Region 3													
Hickey School**	117	10	7	14	6	9	13	10	9	5	5	15	220
Region 4													
WMCC	29	6	4	2	4	2	2	6	6	2	0	7	70
Region 7													
Cheltenham**	73	14	10	11	7	5	6	10	6	3	2	16	163
Region 8													
BCJJC**	102	11	11	9	6	6	25	15	7	5	3	16	216
Total Filled	356	45	36	39	25	25	49	47	31	17	11	62	743
Total Vacancies	42	0	5	6	5	4	0	9	22	3	3	26	125

Note: Part-time employee positions are represented as one position. Vacancies represent permanent positions only.

*“GLM”: Group Life Manager; “CMS”: Case Management Specialists; “Facil”: Facility Maintenance at all facilities and at BCJJC it represents Facility Maintenance, Building Security Officers and Police Officer Trainee. “Rec/Resour” includes recreation, Resource Specialist, & Resource Specialist Supv.

+ “Services” include substance abuse and behavioral health staff.

¹ “Educ”: Education including Principal, Education Coordinators, Teachers, and Teacher Supervisor

**Direct clinical services are provided by contracted vendors.

STATE-OPERATED TREATMENT PROGRAM STAFFING (FILLED POSITIONS) AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

FACILITY (By Region)	Res Advisor		GLM*	CMS*	Services ⁺	Admin	Facil*	Dietary	Nurse	Mgmt	Rec*	Educ ¹	Total
	Advis	Sup											
Region 4													
Backbone Mt. Yth Ctr	50	7	8	9	3	4	2	7	0	3	2	21	116
Green Ridge Yth Ctr [^]	58	3	5	8	2	4	2	7	0	2	1	11	103
Yth Ctrs Central Office	0	1	0	0	1	2	8	2	0	0	0	0	14
Region 6													
Victor Cullen Center	42	7	4	5	3	5	10	6	4	4	2	8	100
Total Filled	150	18	17	22	9	15	22	22	4	9	5	40	333
Vacancies Available	9	3	4	2	8	1	0	3	4	1	2	13	50

Note: Part-time employee positions are represented as one position. Vacancies represent permanent positions only.

[^] Includes Green Ridge Mountain Quest

*“GLM”: Group Life Manager; “CMS”: Case Management Specialist; “Facil”: Facility Maintenance; “Rec”: recreation staff.

+ “Services” includes substance abuse and behavioral health staff.

¹ “Educ”: Education including Principal, Education Coordinators, Teachers, and Teacher Supervisor

Appendix B

STATE-OPERATED FACILITY EXPENDITURES, FY 2023

	General Admin.	Mainten.	Somatic Health	Direct Care	Nutrition Services	Mental Health Services	Education*	Recreation	Grand Total
Alfred D. Noyes Children's Center	\$868,537	\$354,187	\$525,703	\$5,108,593	\$188,161	\$676,737	\$1,028,922	\$46,351	\$8,797,191
Backbone Mt. Youth Center	\$756,303	\$696,553	\$742,916	\$5,778,429	\$681,757	\$458,897	\$1,823,595	\$231,483	\$11,169,933
Balt. City Juv. Justice Center	\$2,144,187	\$2,860,905	\$2,109,388	\$13,546,274	\$2,088,704	\$2,002,306	\$2,715,867	\$337,541	\$27,805,172
Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School	\$1,753,509	\$3,019,788	\$1,876,864	\$14,395,993	\$1,323,176	\$1,510,104	\$2,023,347	\$343,037	\$26,245,818
Cheltenham Youth Detention Center	\$1,441,893	\$2,552,526	\$2,658,661	\$8,224,393	\$1,045,817	\$1,545,141	\$2,173,050	\$221,102	\$19,862,583
Green Ridge Youth Ctr. & Mt. Quest	\$335,821	\$710,517	\$694,000	\$5,005,153	\$716,956	\$419,768	\$1,645,318	\$35,135	\$9,562,668
Lower Eastern Shore Children's Center	\$618,299	\$552,993	\$1,324,403	\$4,520,657	\$675,313	\$261,957	\$1,374,989	\$72,580	\$9,401,191
Victor Cullen Center	\$777,925	\$1,771,480	\$1,452,732	\$4,719,309	\$609,465	\$619,746	\$1,356,179	\$189,347	\$11,496,183
Western MD Children's Center	\$538,432	\$491,698	\$1,115,578	\$3,844,461	\$675,579	\$394,262	\$1,160,982	\$2,903	\$8,223,895
Grand Total**	\$9,234,906	\$13,010,647	\$12,500,245	\$65,143,262	\$8,004,928	\$7,888,918	\$15,302,249	\$1,479,479	\$132,564,634

* Since DJS assumed full responsibility for educational programming on July 1, 2022, this is the first year that educational expenditures are included in the table above.

** Garrett Children's Center, Mountain View, and Thomas J.S. Waxter Children's Center are not included due to their closure throughout FY 2023.

Appendix B (cont.)

STATE-OPERATED FACILITY PER DIEM RATES AND AVERAGE ANNUAL COSTS, FY 2023

	FY 2023 Expenditures	Capacity End of FY	Per Diem Cost per Bed**	Average Daily Youth [^]	Per Diem Cost per Youth	ALOS	Average Cost per Youth Stay	Annualized Cost per Youth ^{^^}
Total Community Supervision	\$ 71,868,509			1,661.8	\$ 118.49			\$ 43,248.60
Community-Based Services	\$ 27,765,833							
Community Case Management	\$ 44,102,676							
Total Detention Programs	\$ 100,335,850	341	\$ 806.14	211.7	\$ 1,298.50	62.1	\$ 80,658.48	\$ 473,953.00
Alfred D. Noyes Children's Center*	\$ 1,227,601	29	\$ 115.98	2.8	\$ 1,197.66	33.3	\$ 39,936.24	\$ 437,145.72
Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center	\$ 27,805,172	120	\$ 634.82	66.2	\$ 1,150.45	56.8	\$ 65,365.63	\$ 419,913.43
Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School	\$ 26,245,818	72	\$ 998.70	55.7	\$ 1,291.94	71.7	\$ 92,674.29	\$ 471,559.12
Cheltenham Youth Detention Center*	\$ 27,432,173	72	\$ 1,043.84	55.9	\$ 1,344.78	44.0	\$ 59,128.64	\$ 490,844.80
Lower Eastern Shore Children's Ctr.	\$ 9,401,191	24	\$ 1,073.20	16.5	\$ 1,565.04	53.2	\$ 83,325.76	\$ 571,239.34
Western MD Children's Center	\$ 8,223,895	24	\$ 938.80	14.7	\$ 1,536.60	48.8	\$ 74,984.45	\$ 560,859.80
Total DJS Committed Programs	\$ 32,228,784	90	\$ 981.09	67.1	\$ 1,315.92	123.6	\$ 162,647.36	\$ 480,309.75
Backbone Mountain Youth Center	\$ 11,169,933	28	\$ 1,092.95	23.6	\$ 1,297.92	110.5	\$ 143,420.59	\$ 473,742.22
Green Ridge Youth Center	\$ 9,562,668	36	\$ 727.75	21.7	\$ 1,206.95	116.4	\$ 140,489.03	\$ 440,536.90
Victor Cullen Center	\$ 11,496,183	26	\$ 1,211.40	21.9	\$ 1,440.62	128.7	\$ 185,408.36	\$ 525,827.92

*Noyes was closed for part of the FY and Noyes staff were temporarily relocated to Cheltenham. This table reallocates Noyes expenses, other than maintenance, to Cheltenham, where staff actually worked.

** Calculated by Total Expenses/Listed Capacity/365 (non-leap year); this formula has been used since 2019.

[^] Community supervised caseload includes youth supervised on alternatives to detention, pre-court, probation, and community aftercare. Note that the per-diem cost also includes other activities such as intake, investigations, and other functions not directly related to a supervised caseload.

^{^^} Calculated by multiplying the per-diem cost by 365 days; shows the average youth cost for a hypothetical yearlong stay.

TREATMENT PROGRAM PER DIEM RATES, FY 2023

Program Type	FY23 Per Diem Range*, **	Avg. FY23 Per Diem Rate***	
In-State	Treatment Foster Care	\$134.19 - \$281.29	\$193.61
	Group Home	\$216.28 - \$1,159.74	\$380.51
	Therapeutic Group Home	\$315.92 - \$2,290.64	\$982.62
	Independent Living	\$118.82	\$118.82
	Alternative Living [^]	\$435.42	\$435.42
	Residential Treatment Center	\$610.00 - \$767.27	\$664.58
	Diagnostic Unit/CEU [^]	\$289.81 - \$2,405.60	\$1,022.12
Out-of-State	Residential Treatment Center	\$224.11 - \$650.00	\$435.21
	Staff Secure	\$245.04 - \$453.42	\$369.50
	Hardware Secure	\$382.52 - \$500.00	\$422.37

*"Per Diem Rates" are presented for privately-operated programs that DJS reimburses for service using a single rate. Rates are not presented for programs that are funded in whole or in part by other sources such as private health care insurance or Medicaid. Psychiatric Hospitals are excluded as a class for this reason, and rates for in-state Residential Treatment Centers are based on 4 of 6 programs utilized by DJS during FY 2023.

** Educational costs are not included in the per diem rates. Educational costs may vary within a program depending on the combination of services provided (e.g., regular education versus special education) and the educational needs of youth placed in the program.

***The average per diem rate should not be used to calculate the total cost by program type given the range of per diem rates. The average per diem rate does not take into account individual program utilization and the total cost may vary substantially based on the number of youth who actually participate in each program.

[^] Alternate Living and Diagnostic Unit rates are included, though they had no admissions in FY 2023.

Appendix C

ANNOTATED LIST OF ASSESSMENTS

The following represents a list of forms/tools that were previously published in the *Data Resource Guide*. A summary is provided for each, and the forms/tools can be accessed online at: <https://djs.maryland.gov/Pages/DRG-Forms.aspx>

1. Intake Decision Tool (IDT)

The Intake Decision Tool (IDT) is used by DJS Intake staff to assess and inform the appropriate level of court involvement and/or services for youth with a new juvenile complaint. The IDT assesses specific risk and protective factors shown to influence the likelihood of reoffending. In addition, it collects detailed information on social history factors, e.g., school, use of free time, employment, relationships in the community, and family, that are used to identify service needs, and prompt the appropriate service referrals. The tool also requires that the intake officer consider any aggravating and mitigating factors, as well as any service access considerations that may be barriers to youth obtaining services. This validated tool informs intake decision making based on the individual risk and needs of the youth, and diverts lower risk youth from court involvement.

2. Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI)

The DJS Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI) is a validated assessment of a youth's risk to reoffend and/or fail to appear for future court dates. It is used to guide decisions concerning whether the youth should be detained, placed in a detention alternative, or released to a parent/guardian. The current DRAI includes a calculation of risk using factors from a risk validation study of Maryland youth conducted by the Institute for Innovation and Implementation at University of Maryland, School of Social Work. In addition to the risk score, the tool also collects information on the reason for the detention decision (e.g., open writ or warrant, handgun violation, etc.) and any relevant aggravating or mitigating factors. Although the tool is primarily used by DJS Intake officers, who have statutory authority to detain youth prior to court review, recent legislation also mandates that the DRAI be taken into account by the juvenile court when evaluating the need for continued detention.

3. Maryland Comprehensive Assessment & Service Planning (MCASP) Risk & Needs Assessment

The MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment is a standardized assessment utilized by DJS case managers to recommend the level of supervision or placement, services and/or treatment that is most appropriate for adjudicated youth. Based on the Washington State Juvenile Court Assessment, and validated for Maryland youth, it assesses the youth's risk and protective factors that affect their likelihood to recidivate, as well as their specific needs for services or treatment. For youth placed into DJS care by the juvenile court, it informs their individualized treatment service plan, and helps ensure that the level and amount of supervision and treatment is appropriate to reduce their risk for recidivism. This helps both to target resources and programming towards the highest risk youth, and to divert low-risk youth when appropriate.

4. Housing Classification Assessment and Reassessment

The DJS Housing Classification Assessment is completed for each youth upon admission to a DJS detention facility and/or treatment program. The Assessment gives guidance towards the appropriate unit or room assignment that best meets the supervision level required for each individual youth.

5. Youth Vulnerability Assessment

The Youth Vulnerability Assessment tool is used at admission to detention and/or treatment programs to assess a youth's risk of being victimized sexually or being sexually aggressive towards others.

6. Human Trafficking Tier One Screening Tool

This tool is used to identify youth within the DJS system who are at high risk of trafficking victimization and flag them for additional assessment and services. Developed in partnership with TurnAround, Inc., and revised in collaboration with the University of Maryland's Support, Advocacy, Freedom, and Empowerment (SAFE) Center for Human Trafficking Survivors, the Tier One tool is an 11-item questionnaire administered to youth by DJS facility intake staff and case management specialists (CMS) to help identify potential victims of both sex and/or labor trafficking. The tool is one part of a screening process in which the tool is administered by DJS staff and then reviewed by an anti-trafficking service provider.

Appendix C (cont.)

ANNOTATED LIST OF FORMS/TOOLS PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED IN THE DATA RESOURCE GUIDE

7. Racial Impact Assessment Lens

The Racial Impact Assessment Lens (RIAL) guides DJS leaders and staff to examine and counter the adverse impact of agency policies and procedures on youth of color. The lens also identifies opportunities to meaningfully engage key stakeholder groups in the development and modification of policies as a value of race equity efforts. The DJS Office of Equity and Inclusion (OEI) provides technical assistance agency-wide in the application of the lens.

8. Re-Entry Checklists (Pre-Discharge and Post-Discharge)

The Re-Entry Checklists are used by DJS case managers as part of the structured re-entry planning process. The Pre-Discharge checklist is completed as part of the re-entry staffing process, 45 days prior to release from a committed treatment program. It ensures that key items are accounted for and documented, including living arrangement, education or job readiness plans, and plans to address medical or mental health needs. The Post-Discharge checklist is completed 30 days after release and is designed to capture information on whether the youth was successfully connected to needed somatic or mental health services, education enrollment or employment, and other needed services.

9. Accountability Incentives Management (AIM)

The AIM grids are designed to structure case manager decisions when responding to positive or negative behaviors of supervised youth. The Graduated Responses grid determines incentives when youth are successfully engaging in supervision and achieving significant positive milestones in treatment, education and the community as well as responses based on the level of infractions balanced with their identified risk level. This structured process supports the Department's efforts to reward positive behaviors, while objectively identifying and sanctioning violations, which reduces inequalities and increases successful completion rates.

Appendix D

CENSUS INFORMATION, 2022* POPULATION ESTIMATES BY RACE (AGE 11-17)¹

Region/County	White ²	Black ²	American Indian/ Alaskan ²	Asian ²	Hawaiian/ OPI ^{2^}	Two or More ²	Hispanic/ Latino	Total
Region 1	9,999	5,603	37	435	6	1,065	1,714	18,860
Dorchester	1,208	976	5	25	0	147	295	2,656
Somerset	768	952	3	22	1	127	173	2,048
Wicomico	5,349	3,032	18	309	4	591	987	10,291
Worcester	2,673	642	11	80	1	200	258	3,865
Region 2	15,587	2,124	43	268	16	1,091	2,075	21,205
Caroline	1,990	442	11	37	3	164	443	3,091
Cecil	7,191	848	24	107	10	473	776	9,429
Kent	1,044	209	1	26	0	77	108	1,464
Queen Anne's	3,590	229	5	55	2	239	340	4,460
Talbot	1,771	396	2	44	1	137	408	2,760
Region 3	48,578	30,795	241	5,889	38	5,230	9,127	99,897
Baltimore Co.	33,295	26,427	195	5,106	23	3,831	7,331	76,208
Harford	15,283	4,368	46	783	15	1,399	1,796	23,689
Region 4	15,029	2,285	23	410	20	1,259	1,695	20,721
Allegany	4,393	277	5	66	6	278	143	5,168
Garrett	1,884	44	3	15	0	43	46	2,034
Washington	8,753	1,964	15	328	14	938	1,506	13,518
Region 5	53,584	18,566	167	9,598	59	6,215	11,839	100,027
Anne Arundel	28,464	10,313	76	1,867	38	3,207	7,359	51,323
Carroll	12,622	678	27	449	7	719	1,104	15,606
Howard	12,498	7,575	64	7,282	14	2,289	3,376	33,098
Region 6	48,107	22,851	231	15,280	24	7,099	29,493	123,086
Frederick	15,597	3,425	58	1,750	18	1,637	4,550	27,035
Montgomery	32,509	19,426	174	13,530	6	5,462	24,943	96,051
Region 7	25,489	57,319	308	3,950	56	5,073	28,597	120,792
Calvert	6,357	1,198	32	201	13	618	653	9,073
Charles	4,172	9,177	71	556	13	1,168	1,698	16,854
Prince George's	7,393	45,215	173	2,935	20	2,527	25,400	83,663
St. Mary's	7,567	1,729	31	258	10	759	847	11,201
Region 8	7,926	31,155	126	895	7	1,592	4,359	46,059
Baltimore City	7,926	31,155	126	895	7	1,592	4,359	46,059
Statewide	224,298	170,697	1,176	36,725	226	28,624	88,899	550,646

* Data Sources: Maryland Department of Planning, Population Estimation for Maryland. Files used: (1) July 1, 2022 Population by Age (single year), Race, Sex and Hispanic Origin for Maryland; (2) July 1, 2022 Total Population by Race; (3) July 1, 2022 Non-Hispanic Population by Race; and (4) July 1, 2022 Hispanic Population by Race for Maryland's Jurisdictions. Available online: https://planning.maryland.gov/MSDC/Pages/pop_estimate/popest-2agr.aspx (accessed on July 2023).

¹ The proportions of age ranges 11-14 and 15-17 have been computed from the population by age (single year), race and ethnicity for Maryland. The proportions were then applied to estimate each jurisdiction's/county's pop, from the population by age (5-year age group), race and ethnicity of Maryland jurisdictions.

² Excludes Hispanic and Latino; ^OPI: Other Pacific Islander

Note: Estimates with fractional values are rounded to whole numbers; therefore, totals may not sum exactly.

Appendix E

NUMBER AND RATIO OF YOUTH, CASES, AND PLACEMENTS¹ BY COUNTY*, FY 2023

Region/County	Complaints			Pre-D Detention			Pending Placement			Committed Placements		
	Cases	Youth	Ratio of Cases to Youth	Placements	Youth	Ratio of Cases to Youth	Placements	Youth	Ratio of Cases to Youth	Placements	Youth	Ratio of Cases to Youth
Region 1	1,270	935	1.4	35	27	1.3	27	21	1.3	29	24	1.2
Dorchester	192	140	1.4	7	6	1.2	2	2	1.0	3	3	1.0
Somerset	138	93	1.5	1	1	1.0	1	1	1.0	2	2	1.0
Wicomico	579	399	1.5	21	15	1.4	20	16	1.3	18	16	1.1
Worcester	361	303	1.2	6	5	1.2	4	2	2.0	6	3	2.0
Region 2	689	485	1.4	19	16	1.2	12	7	1.7	11	9	1.2
Caroline	162	96	1.7	5	3	1.7	4	2	2.0	4	3	1.3
Cecil	235	166	1.4	7	6	1.2	5	3	1.7	5	4	1.3
Kent	63	45	1.4	1	1	1.0	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
Queen Anne's	92	76	1.2	1	1	1.0	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
Talbot	137	102	1.3	5	5	1.0	3	2	1.5	2	2	1.0
Region 3	2,660	1,797	1.5	88	69	1.3	37	35	1.1	38	35	1.1
Baltimore Co.	2,375	1,594	1.5	76	59	1.3	27	25	1.1	26	24	1.1
Harford	285	203	1.4	12	10	1.2	10	10	1.0	12	11	1.1
Region 4	781	522	1.5	23	15	1.5	7	4	1.8	12	7	1.7
Allegany	246	168	1.5	1	1	1.0	5	3	1.7	7	4	1.8
Garrett	89	69	1.3	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
Washington	446	285	1.6	22	14	1.6	2	1	2.0	5	3	1.7
Region 5	2,012	1,413	1.4	34	28	1.2	38	31	1.2	32	29	1.1
Anne Arundel	1,506	1,068	1.4	25	19	1.3	29	24	1.2	26	23	1.1
Carroll	233	167	1.4	2	2	1.0	1	1	1.0	1	1	1.0
Howard	273	178	1.5	7	7	1.0	8	6	1.3	5	5	1.0
Region 6	1,645	1,047	1.6	88	64	1.4	42	30	1.4	44	38	1.2
Frederick	389	271	1.4	14	9	1.6	8	5	1.6	10	8	1.3
Montgomery	1,256	776	1.6	74	55	1.3	34	25	1.4	34	30	1.1
Region 7	2,192	1,682	1.3	140	113	1.2	50	43	1.2	50	45	1.1
Calvert	294	224	1.3	6	5	1.2	4	3	1.3	4	3	1.3
Charles	519	398	1.3	8	7	1.1	1	1	1.0	1	1	1.0
Prince George's	968	771	1.3	118	94	1.3	36	32	1.1	37	34	1.1
St. Mary's	411	289	1.4	8	7	1.1	9	7	1.3	8	7	1.1
Region 8	1,139	796	1.4	204	154	1.3	98	75	1.3	88	69	1.3
Baltimore City	1,139	796	1.4	204	154	1.3	98	75	1.3	88	69	1.3
Out-of-State	N/A	N/A	N/A	80	76	1.1	10	10	1.0	7	7	1.0
Statewide	12,388	8,677	1.4	711	562	1.3	321	256	1.3	311	263	1.2

* If a youth had multiple complaints/placements during same FY, the location from the first complaint/placement will be used in order to count each youth only once in data.

¹ Post-removal detention placements are included in the pending placement data presented above.

Appendix F

RELATIVE RATE INDEX (RRI)

The Relative Rate Index (RRI) is a measure of Disproportionate Minority Contact (DMC) with the juvenile justice system. It is a standardized tool for measuring how youth of color compare with white youth at various contact points (court referral, diversion, etc.). The RRI was developed by the National Center for Juvenile Justice, with funding from the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), part of the Office of Justice Programs within the U.S. Department of Justice.

DEFINITIONS FOR KEY CONTACT POINTS

The definitions below describe each key contact point included in the tables that follow, along with a brief explanation of each point. Understanding each contact point and how it is defined in the calculations will provide the basis for proper interpretation of the rates. Though not a 'contact point,' the general youth population is included because it is a key data point for calculating the rate of contact.

Contact Point	Definition
Population	Population of youth ages 11-17 as of July 2022. Source: MD Dept. of Planning. <i>Note: DJS uses 11-17 as a population denominator due to the low number of cases under 11.</i>
Referrals to Juvenile Court/Intake	Juvenile complaints referred to DJS intake, from police or other sources, including delinquent & non-delinquent offenses, recorded in ASSIST. Rate is based on youth in the general population.
Diversion	Complaints diverted by DJS Intake (resolved or informally adjusted to pre-court supervision) without formal petition. Rate is per referral.
Detention	Cases resulting in detention either pre-disposition or pending placement, but not including youth removed to detention from a committed placement. Rate is per referral.
Petitioned	Complaints resulting in juvenile court petitions. Rate is per referral.
Delinquent	Complaints resulting in delinquent findings. Rate is per petition.
Probation	Probation dispositions. Rate is per delinquent finding.
Confinement	Youth placed in hardware-secure state-operated treatment programs or staff- and hardware-secure private out-of-state programs. Rate is per delinquent finding.
Transferred	Juvenile petitions waived up to adult court. Does not include charges under original adult jurisdiction. Rate is per petition.

RRI TABLE FOR ALL YOUTH OF COLOR

The data presented here show the RRI for youth of color compared to white youth. An RRI of 1.0 indicates no disproportionate contact. A rate higher than 1.0 indicates that youth of color are over-represented at that decision point, and a rate below 1.0 shows they are under-represented. The RRI for each decision point is based on the number of youth of each race/ethnicity represented at that point compared with the number at the previous decision point.

RATES OF CONTACT FOR ALL YOUTH

This table shows the number and rate of representation for all youth, regardless of color, at each key juvenile justice decision point. The rates are based on the general population for this table, rather than based on the previous decision point.

Appendix F (cont.)

RELATIVE RATE INDEX (RRI)

RRI's FOR ALL YOUTH OF COLOR COMPARED WITH WHITE YOUTH, AT KEY CONTACT POINTS¹, FY 2023

Region/ County	Referred to Juvenile Court/ Intake	Cases Diverted	Cases Involving Secure Detention	Cases Petitioned	Cases Resulting in Delinquent Findings	Cases Resulting in Probation Placement	Cases Resulting in Confinement in Secure Juvenile Correctional Facilities	Cases Transferred to Adult Court
Region 1								
Dorchester	3.17	0.47	**	1.50	**	**	**	**
Somerset	2.85	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Wicomico	5.73	0.54	**	0.97	**	**	**	**
Worcester	2.23	1.46	**	1.42	**	**	**	**
Region 2								
Caroline	2.70	**	**	1.05	**	**	**	**
Cecil	1.96	0.94	**	1.04	**	**	**	**
Kent	3.77	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Queen Anne's	4.70	0.68	**	0.88	**	**	**	**
Talbot	2.23	**	**	0.75	**	**	**	**
Region 3								
Baltimore Co.	3.63	0.95	1.59	1.03	0.88	1.62	**	**
Harford	4.21	0.67	**	0.74	0.87	1.49	**	**
Region 4								
Allegany	2.49	1.14	**	0.92	**	**	**	**
Garrett	1.40	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Washington	2.28	1.15	2.74	1.26	1.42	**	**	**
Region 5								
Anne Arundel	2.65	0.80	**	1.14	1.58	0.66	**	**
Carroll	2.61	1.13	**	0.56	**	**	**	**
Howard	3.34	1.17	**	1.05	**	**	**	**
Region 6								
Frederick	3.50	0.88	**	0.87	0.53	**	**	**
Montgomery	2.08	1.10	2.79	1.49	0.73	0.76	**	**
Region 7								
Calvert	1.80	0.83	**	1.60	**	**	**	**
Charles	2.72	**	**	1.75	**	**	**	**
Prince George's	3.98	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
St. Mary's	4.88	0.40	**	1.21	**	**	**	**
Region 8								
Baltimore City	4.94	**	0.82	0.73	3.37	**	**	**
Statewide	2.09	0.74	3.02	1.43	0.95	1.12	1.97	**

¹ At all decision points youth of color include: African American, Asian or Pacific Islander, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Hispanic/Latino and Other/Unknown youth.

- Statistically significant results are shaded; Results that are not statistically significant are shown in regular font.
- Insufficient number of cases for analysis are shown as **; an RRI of 1.0 indicates no disproportional contact. A rate higher than 1.0 indicates that youth of color are over-represented at that decision point, and a rate below 1.0 shows they are under-represented.

RELATIVE RATE INDEX (RRI)
RATE OF CONTACTS PER 100,000 YOUTH AT KEY CONTACT POINTS, COMPARED WITH GENERAL POPULATION, FY 2023*

Region/ County	Population (ages 11-17)	Referred to Juvenile Court/ Intake	Cases Diverted	Cases Involved Secure Detention	Cases Petitioned	Cases Resulting in Delinquent Findings	Cases Resulting in Probation Placement	Cases Resulting in Confinement in Secure Juvenile Correctional Facilities	Cases Transferred to Adult Court
Region 1	18,860	6,734.0	668.1	185.6	1,458.2	599.2	312.8	58.3	26.5
Dorchester	2,656	7,230.1	941.4	263.6	1,769.9	527.2	414.2	37.7	75.3
Somerset	2,048	6,738.4	781.3	48.8	1,123.1	48.8	48.8	0.0	48.8
Wicomico	10,291	5,626.5	563.6	204.1	1,311.9	592.8	301.2	77.7	9.7
Worcester	3,865	9,339.5	698.5	155.2	1,811.0	957.2	413.9	51.7	25.9
Region 2	21,205	3,249.3	481.0	89.6	815.9	367.8	183.9	9.4	0.0
Caroline	3,091	5,240.6	355.8	161.7	1,326.3	323.5	258.8	32.3	0.0
Cecil	9,429	2,492.3	700.0	74.2	710.6	413.6	84.8	10.6	0.0
Kent	1,464	4,302.0	204.9	68.3	1,092.6	478.0	546.3	0.0	0.0
Queen Anne's	4,460	2,062.9	358.8	22.4	448.5	179.4	112.1	0.0	0.0
Talbot	2,760	4,963.6	217.4	181.2	1,050.7	507.2	362.3	0.0	0.0
Region 3	99,897	2,662.7	175.2	88.1	1,014.0	409.4	286.3	8.0	0.0
Baltimore Co.	76,208	3,116.5	199.5	99.7	1,165.2	405.5	320.2	9.2	0.0
Harford	23,689	1,203.1	97.1	50.7	527.7	422.1	177.3	4.2	4.2
Region 4	20,721	3,769.2	612.9	111.0	979.7	284.7	173.7	4.8	0.0
Allegany	5,168	4,759.9	638.5	19.3	1,006.2	483.7	135.4	19.3	0.0
Garrett	2,034	4,374.6	1,278.0	0.0	737.3	245.8	393.2	0.0	0.0
Washington	13,518	3,299.3	503.0	162.7	1,006.1	214.5	155.3	0.0	0.0
Region 5	100,027	2,011.5	238.9	34.0	579.8	269.9	171.0	6.0	1.0
Anne Arundel	51,323	2,934.3	179.3	48.7	752.1	376.0	255.2	9.7	0.0
Carroll	15,606	1,493.0	608.7	12.8	198.6	102.5	89.7	0.0	0.0
Howard	33,098	824.8	157.1	21.1	492.5	184.3	78.6	3.0	3.0
Region 6	123,086	1,336.5	240.5	71.5	535.4	262.4	149.5	8.9	0.0
Frederick	27,035	1,438.9	266.3	51.8	406.9	218.2	122.1	3.7	0.0
Montgomery	96,051	1,307.6	233.2	77.0	571.6	274.9	157.2	10.4	0.0
Region 7	120,792	1,814.7	176.3	115.9	665.6	294.7	212.8	9.9	0.0
Calvert	9,073	3,240.4	705.4	66.1	319.6	121.2	132.3	11.0	0.0
Charles	16,854	3,079.3	207.7	47.5	551.8	225.5	172.1	5.9	0.0
Prince George's	83,663	1,157.0	99.2	141.0	737.5	334.7	236.7	10.8	0.0
St. Mary's	11,201	3,669.2	276.8	71.4	580.3	241.0	160.7	8.9	0.0
Region 8	46,059	2,472.9	295.3	442.9	1,231.0	642.7	369.1	65.1	13.0
Baltimore City	46,059	2,472.9	295.3	442.9	1,231.0	642.7	369.1	65.1	13.0
Statewide	550,646	2,249.7	256.8	129.1	776.2	345.8	218.3	14.9	2.2

*Rates are calculated for each decision point based on general population data from the Census (see Appendix D).

- This table calculates the rate of DJS contact for all youth at each stage, compared with the general population (Census ages 11-17). For example, for every 100,000 youth in Baltimore City, there were 442.9 youth detained, and in Prince George's County there were 141.0 youth detained per 100,000 youth.

Appendix G

CRIMES OF VIOLENCE

The definition of “crimes of violence” occurs in two separate places in Maryland’s Annotated Code. The Maryland State Commission on Criminal Sentencing Policy uses the definition found in the Maryland Annotated Code, Correctional Services Article, Section 7-101(m). This definition, which is used here, references section 14-101 of the Criminal Law Article and also includes burglary in the 1st, 2nd, or 3rd degree.

Maryland Annotated Code, Criminal Law Article, Section 14-101 provides a list of crimes identified as crimes of violence. In this section, “crime of violence” means:

(1) abduction; (2) arson in the first degree; (3) kidnapping; (4) manslaughter, except involuntary manslaughter; (5) mayhem; (6) maiming, as previously proscribed under former Article 27, §§ 385 and 386 of the Code; (7) murder; (8) rape; (9) robbery under §3-402 or §3-403 of this article; (10) carjacking; (11) armed carjacking; (12) sexual offense in the first degree; (13) sexual offense in the second degree; (14) use of a firearm in the commission of a felony except possession with intent to distribute a controlled dangerous substance under §5-602(2) of this article, or other crime of violence; (15) child abuse in the first degree under §3-601 of this article; (16) sexual abuse of a minor under §3-602 of this article if:

(i) the victim is under the age of 13 years and the offender is an adult at the time of the offense; and

(ii) the offense involved:

1. vaginal intercourse, as defined in §3-301 of this article;

2. a sexual act, as defined in §3-301 of this article;

3. an act in which a part of the offender’s body penetrates, however slightly, into the victim’s genital opening or anus; or

4. the intentional touching of the victim’s or the offender’s genital, anal, or other intimate area for sexual arousal, gratification, or abuse;

(17) home invasion under §6-202(b) of this article; (18) a felony offense under Title 3, Subtitle 11 of this article; (19) an attempt to commit any of the crimes described in items (1) through (18) of this subsection; (20) continuing course of conduct with a child under §3-315 of this article; (21) assault in the first degree; (22) assault with intent to murder; (23) assault with intent to rape; (24) assault with intent to rob; (25) assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the first degree; and (26) assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the second degree.

Appendix H

MARYLAND CITATIONS PERTAINING TO DJS AND JUVENILE JURISDICTION

For more details on citations shown below, please see the MD State, County, and Municipal Citation Search: <https://mgaleg.maryland.gov/mgawebwebsite/Laws/Statutes>

Human Services Article

• *Title 9 - Juvenile Services*

- Establishes the functions of the Department of Juvenile Services; enumerates the authority of the Secretary; details the organization and administration of DJS; establishes the operation of state facilities, advisory boards, juvenile care facilities, and regional services; and specifies the procedures for Interstate Compact and the Juvenile Services facility capital program; and establishes the Juvenile Services Education Board and Juvenile Services Education Program within the Department.

Courts and Judicial Proceedings Article

• *Title 3 - Courts of General Jurisdiction*

- Establishes the jurisdiction and functions of the juvenile court.

• *Subtitle 8 – Juvenile Causes – Children in Need of Assistance (CINA)*

- **§3-823. Permanency plan for out-of-home placement:** Requires the court to hold a permanency planning hearing to determine the permanency plan for a child no later than 11 months after a child is committed.

MARYLAND CITATIONS PERTAINING TO DJS AND JUVENILE JURISDICTION

• *Subtitle 8A - Juvenile Causes – Children Other than CINAs and Adults*

- **§3-8A-01. Definitions:** Provides the meanings of words commonly used in juvenile justice (e.g. adjudicatory hearing, community detention, detention, disposition, petition, violation.)
- **§3-8A-02. Purposes and construction of subtitle:** Establishes the goals of the Juvenile Justice System.
- **§3-8A-03. Jurisdiction of court:** Specifies the jurisdiction of the juvenile court over delinquent, child in need of supervision (CINS), Peace Order, and Interstate Compact juveniles and details exceptions to this jurisdiction including offenses originating under adult court jurisdiction.
- **§3-8A-05. Determination of jurisdiction:** Specifies the age of the person at the time the alleged delinquent act was committed and controls the determination of juvenile court jurisdiction under this subtitle.
- **§3-8A-06. Waiver of jurisdiction:** Describes how the juvenile court may waive jurisdiction of a youth to the adult court.
- **§3-8A-07. Retention, termination or waiver of jurisdiction:** Describes when juvenile court jurisdiction terminates.
- **§3-8A-08. Venue:** Describes the county where a CINS petition, a delinquency petition or citation, a peace order request, and escape offenses shall be filed.
- **§3-8A-09. Transfer of proceedings:** Describes when the court may transfer certain proceedings to the youth’s county of residence or domicile.
- **§3-8A-10. Complaint; preliminary procedures:** Procedural requirements when an intake office receives a complaint from a person or agency or certain citations issued by a police officer.
- **§3-8A-11. Form of notice of intake officer’s decision on complaint:** Provides the form an intake officer uses when denying authorizations to file a petition for the alleged commission of a delinquent act.
- **§3-8A-12. Certain information inadmissible in subsequent proceedings:** Describes when certain statements or information are inadmissible in certain proceedings.
- **§3-8A-13. Petition; general procedures:** Describes the general procedures for filing a petition that alleges delinquency, citations or CINS, and for filing peace order requests.
- **§3-8A-14. Taking child into custody:** Defines methods by which youth may be taken into custody (e.g. by court order/law enforcement officer.)
- **§3-8A-14.1. Taking child into custody-Arrest warrant:** Describes the procedure by which an arrest warrant may be obtained by law enforcement for crimes originating in juvenile jurisdiction.
- **§3-8A-15. Detention and shelter care prior to hearing:** Provides the authorization for placing a youth in detention, community detention, or shelter care for a child who may be in need of supervision or delinquent.
- **§3-8A-16. Transfer to other facilities:** Requires notice to be given to the court or DJS Intake by an adult detention facility upon receiving an individual under the age of 18. Also provides for transfer to adult facility when juvenile jurisdiction is waived and prohibits transportation of juveniles with adult inmates unless juvenile is charged as an adult.
- **§3-8A-16.1. Blood lead level testing:** Authorizes a court to order a child to undergo blood lead level testing after a petition has been filed, but before an adjudication.
- **§3-8A-17. Study and examination of child, etc.:** Describes when the court may direct DJS or another qualified agency to make a study concerning the child, the child’s family, the child’s environment, and other matters relating to the disposition of the case.
- **§3-8A-17.1 - §3-8A-17.12. Juvenile Competency:** Procedural requirements regarding juvenile competency, including evaluations, reports, hearings, services, court findings, and dismissal.
- **§3-8A-18. Adjudication:** Requires the court to hold an adjudicatory hearing; requires the allegations in the petition be proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the youth has committed a delinquent act. Also prescribes situations when application for body attachment can be made.
- **§3-8A-19. Disposition; costs:** Requires the court to hold a separate disposition hearing after an adjudicatory hearing unless the court has dismissed/ waived the petition/ citation; allows disposition to be held on the day of the adjudicatory hearing; and describes permitted dispositions.

Appendix H (cont.)

MARYLAND CITATIONS PERTAINING TO DJS AND JUVENILE JURISDICTION

- **§3-8A-19.1 - §3-8A-19.5. Peace order request:** Describes procedures for an intake officer to file a Peace Order Request, peace order hearings, forms of relief the order may include, service of a peace order; modification or recessions, and violations of an order.
- **§3-8A-19.6. Authority of juvenile court to place a child on probation under certain circumstances – limits on probation period:** Describes limits on periods of probation based on the most serious offense committed being a misdemeanor or felony, and conditions under which those periods may be extended. Also describes treatment of a child who has committed a “technical violation” of probation.
- **§3-8A-19.7. Child not to be placed in facility for technical violation:** Provides that a child may not be placed in a detention facility for a technical violation of probation.
- **§3-8A-20. Right to counsel:** Specifies when a youth is entitled to the assistance of counsel.
- **§3-8A-20.1. Treatment service plan:** Defines “treatment service plan” and describes the procedures for development and implementation of a treatment service plan.
- **§3-8A-21. Emergency medical treatment:** Authorizes court to order medical treatment in certain circumstances when child’s guardian is unavailable or refuses to grant authorization without good cause.
- **§3-8A-22. Limitations on place of commitment:** Specifies the limitations on where the court may detain, commit, or transfer a youth.
- **§3-8A-23. Effect of proceedings under subtitle:** Describes the effect of an adjudication and disposition of a child.
- **§3-8A-24. Effective period of order of commitment; renewal of order:** Specifies the length of time for an order of commitment, procedures for renewal of an order, and when the order is effective.
- **§3-8A-25. Progress reports:** Specifies requirements for visitation by a juvenile counselor of a child who is committed to an individual or to a public or private agency or institution. Authorizes the court to require the custodian to file periodic reports.
- **§3-8A-26. Order controlling conduct of a person before the court:** Authorizes the court to make an appropriate order controlling conduct under certain circumstances.
- **§3-8A-27. Confidentiality of records:** Describes confidentiality requirements, procedures, and exceptions for police and court records pertaining to or concerning a child.
- **§3-8A-27.1. Expungement of records:** Describes procedure for expunging juvenile records.
- **§3-8A-28. Judgment of restitution:** Authorizes the court to enter a judgment of restitution against the parent of a child, the child, or both.
- **§3-8A-29. Court ordered payment:** Prohibits a court from ordering a parent, guardian, or child to pay fines, fees, costs, or support.
- **§3-8A-30. Contributing to certain conditions of a child:** Describes the offense of contributing to certain conditions of a child and provides for a penalty.
- **§3-8A-32. Appointment of attorney or advocate to represent child’s interest:** Authorizes a court to appoint an attorney to represent a child’s interest under certain conditions.
- **§3-8A-33. Citation for certain violations:** Authorizes a law enforcement officer to issue a citation to a child if the officer has probable cause to believe that the child is violating certain alcoholic beverage, tobacco, salvia divinorum, or marijuana possession violations.
- **§3-8A-34. Rights of victim or witness of delinquent act:** Refers to the rights of victims and witnesses of delinquent acts.
- **§3-8A-35. Sexting as a mitigating factor in certain proceedings:** Defines “sexting” and describes what the court is to consider if a child is accused of or is found to have committed an act of sexting. If a youth is adjudicated delinquent, sex offender registration is not required.

State Government

- **Title 9 - Subtitle 35. Commission on Juvenile Justice Reform and Emerging and Best Practices**
 - Establishes the Commission on Juvenile Justice Reform and Emerging and Best Practices.

Appendix I

OFFENSES UNDER ORIGINAL ADULT COURT JURISDICTION FOR YOUTH UNDER 18

<u>AUTOMATIC ADULT JURISDICTION*</u>					
Source: §3-8A-03 of the Maryland Courts & Judicial Proceedings Article					
AGE 14 AND OLDER	AGE 16 AND OLDER				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crimes Punishable by Life Imprisonment (i.e. murder 1st degree, rape 1st degree, and any attempts or conspiracies of murder 1st degree or rape 1st degree) <p>Abbreviations: CL = Criminal Law Article CP = Criminal Procedure Article PS = Public Safety Article CJP = MD Courts and Judicial Proceedings</p>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Serious/Violent Offenses:</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Firearms Offenses:</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abduction • Kidnapping • Assault – 1st Degree (CL, §3-202) • Carjacking & Armed Carjacking (CL, §3-405) • Murder – 2nd Degree <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempted Murder – 2nd Degree (CL, §2-206) • Voluntary Manslaughter • Rape – 2nd Degree <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempted Rape – 2nd Degree (CL, §3-310) • Robbery w/ Dangerous Weapon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempted Robbery w/ Dangerous Weapon (CL, §3-403) • Sex Offense-- 3rd (CL, §3-307(a)(1)) (IF force, a weapon, or threat of force used) </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear, Carry, Transport Handgun (CL, §4-203) • Possession of Unregistered Short-barreled Shotgun or Short-barreled Rifle (PS, §5-203(a)) • Possession of Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-133--convicted of prior disqualifying offense, etc.) • Minor in Possession of Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-133(d)(1)) • Use Wear, Carry, Transport Firearm during Drug Trafficking Crime (CL, §5-621) • Use of Firearm in Commission of Crime of Violence or Felony (CL, §4-204) • Use of Handgun or Antique Firearm in Commission of a Crime (CL, §4-204) • Possess, Own, Carry, Transport Firearm by Drug Felon (CL, §5-622) • Possess, Sell, Transfer Stolen Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-138) • Sell, Rent, Transfer Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-134(b)) • Sell, Rent, Transfer Regulated Firearm to Minor (PS, §5-134(d)) • Use or Possess Machine Gun in commission/attempted commission of Crime of Violence (CL, §4-404) • Use or Possess Machine Gun for Offensive or Aggressive Purpose (CL, §4-405) <p>Miscellaneous:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-incarcerable Traffic & Boating Offenses </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Serious/Violent Offenses:	Firearms Offenses:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abduction • Kidnapping • Assault – 1st Degree (CL, §3-202) • Carjacking & Armed Carjacking (CL, §3-405) • Murder – 2nd Degree <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempted Murder – 2nd Degree (CL, §2-206) • Voluntary Manslaughter • Rape – 2nd Degree <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempted Rape – 2nd Degree (CL, §3-310) • Robbery w/ Dangerous Weapon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempted Robbery w/ Dangerous Weapon (CL, §3-403) • Sex Offense-- 3rd (CL, §3-307(a)(1)) (IF force, a weapon, or threat of force used) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear, Carry, Transport Handgun (CL, §4-203) • Possession of Unregistered Short-barreled Shotgun or Short-barreled Rifle (PS, §5-203(a)) • Possession of Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-133--convicted of prior disqualifying offense, etc.) • Minor in Possession of Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-133(d)(1)) • Use Wear, Carry, Transport Firearm during Drug Trafficking Crime (CL, §5-621) • Use of Firearm in Commission of Crime of Violence or Felony (CL, §4-204) • Use of Handgun or Antique Firearm in Commission of a Crime (CL, §4-204) • Possess, Own, Carry, Transport Firearm by Drug Felon (CL, §5-622) • Possess, Sell, Transfer Stolen Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-138) • Sell, Rent, Transfer Regulated Firearm (PS, §5-134(b)) • Sell, Rent, Transfer Regulated Firearm to Minor (PS, §5-134(d)) • Use or Possess Machine Gun in commission/attempted commission of Crime of Violence (CL, §4-404) • Use or Possess Machine Gun for Offensive or Aggressive Purpose (CL, §4-405) <p>Miscellaneous:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-incarcerable Traffic & Boating Offenses
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ANY AGE					
• A juvenile previously convicted of a felony as an adult and charged with a new felony					
Automatic Adult Jurisdiction – When Transfer to Juvenile Court is Prohibited (CP, §4-202(c))					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In an unrelated case, juvenile was <u>convicted</u> of any of the above offenses (excluding “non-incarcerable traffic & boating” and excluding if adult jurisdiction is created only by a prior, non-excluded felony offense). • Offense is 1st degree murder and the juvenile was 16 or 17 years of age when the alleged crime was committed. 					

* Automatic adult jurisdiction unless the case is transferred to the juvenile court under CP §4-202

Appendix J

PEACE ORDERS

A peace order is a court order that requires an individual to stay away from and refrain from contacting another individual. Peace orders can be requested if an individual has been subjected to abuse, assault, rape or other sexual offense, false imprisonment, harassment, stalking, trespassing, or malicious destruction of property. Other grounds include misuse of telephone facilities and equipment, misuse of electronic communication or interactive computer service, revenge porn, or visual surveillance. Peace orders involving juvenile respondents are requested through the DJS Intake Office in the jurisdiction where the alleged offense occurred, and must be requested within 30 days of the act described on the complaint. If DJS Intake or the State's Attorney files a request for a juvenile peace order, a petition is prepared and sent to the court. The court will set a hearing date, and a judge will decide whether to grant a peace order against a juvenile. If granted, a peace order can be in effect for up to 6 months.

PEACE ORDER REQUESTS BY COUNTY OF SUPERVISION, FY 2021 - FY 2023

Region/County	Total Peace Order Requests			Request Disapproved by DJS Intake			Request Referred to Court			Peace Order Granted by Court		
	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Region 1	17	47	106	8	12	17	5	21	51	4	14	38
Dorchester	6	10	30	0	1	1	3	5	13	3	4	16
Somerset	5	15	30	4	6	13	1	5	11	0	4	6
Wicomico	0	6	31	0	0	2	0	6	16	0	0	13
Worcester	6	16	15	4	5	1	1	5	11	1	6	3
Region 2	17	27	32	16	21	28	1	6	4	0	0	0
Caroline	11	7	10	11	5	10	0	2	0	0	0	0
Cecil	4	7	9	4	5	7	0	2	2	0	0	0
Kent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Queen Anne's	0	8	8	0	7	7	0	1	1	0	0	0
Talbot	2	5	5	1	4	4	1	1	1	0	0	0
Region 3	21	28	43	6	10	2	13	12	26	2	6	15
Baltimore Co.	20	22	34	5	8	1	13	10	22	2	4	11
Harford	1	6	9	1	2	1	0	2	4	0	2	4
Region 4	6	58	48	1	0	14	2	34	21	3	24	13
Allegany	3	5	7	1	0	0	1	3	4	1	2	3
Garrett	0	2	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0
Washington	3	51	39	0	0	12	1	30	17	2	21	10
Region 5	42	78	90	10	39	39	19	22	29	13	17	22
Anne Arundel	14	30	31	8	17	24	5	5	3	1	8	4
Carroll	26	27	27	1	12	9	13	10	14	12	5	4
Howard	2	21	32	1	10	6	1	7	12	0	4	14
Region 6	20	146	141	5	53	39	12	77	75	3	16	27
Frederick	1	27	19	0	2	6	1	19	9	0	6	4
Montgomery	19	119	122	5	51	33	11	58	66	3	10	23
Region 7	15	62	88	6	15	17	8	33	53	1	14	18
Calvert	5	29	29	3	4	2	2	20	23	0	5	4
Charles	1	9	16	1	9	14	0	0	2	0	0	0
Prince George's	9	23	42	2	2	0	6	12	28	1	9	14
St. Mary's	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Region 8	15	82	121	1	1	5	7	44	88	7	37	28
Baltimore City	15	82	121	1	1	5	7	44	88	7	37	28
Total Peace Orders	153	528	669	53	151	161	67	249	347	33	128	161

Appendix K

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES⁺

Crimes of Violence			
	Offense Severity⁺⁺		Offense Severity⁺⁺
Arson 1st Degree [^]	2	Murder 1st Degree - Attempted	1
Assault 1st Degree	2	Murder 2nd Degree	1
Burglary 1st Degree	3	Murder 2nd Degree - Attempted	2
Burglary 2nd Degree	4	Prostitution - Abduct, Persuade, Entice for Prostitution or Certain Sex Crimes	1
Burglary 3rd Degree	4	Rape 1st Degree	1
Burglary - Home Invasion	2	Rape 1st Degree - Attempted	1
Burglary With Explosives	3	Rape 2nd Degree	1
Carjacking - Armed	1	Rape 2nd Degree - Attempted	2
Carjacking - Unarmed	2	Robbery	3
Child Abduction of Individual Under 16	1	Robbery with Deadly Weapon	2
Child Abuse 1st Degree	1	Sex Offense - Continuing Course of Conduct	1
Child Abuse Continuing Course of Conduct [*]	1	Sex Offense 1st Degree ^{**}	1
Child Abuse - Physical, 1st Degree with Death	1	Sex Offense 1st Degree - Attempted ^{**}	1
Child Abuse - Physical, previous conviction for child abuse ^{^^}	1	Sex Offense 2nd Degree ^{**}	1
In-State Abduction of Child Under 12	2	Sex Offense 2nd Degree - Attempted ^{**}	2
Kidnapping	1	Sex Trafficking - Felony	1
Manslaughter - Voluntary	3	Use of Handgun in Commission of Felony or COV, 1st Offense	2
Murder 1st Degree	1	Use of Handgun in Commission of Felony or COV, Subsequent	1
Person-to-Person Offenses			
Felony	Offense Severity⁺⁺	Felony	Offense Severity⁺⁺
Abuse, Neglect of Vulnerable Adult - 1st Degree	3	Labor Trafficking	1
Assault on Police Officer	4	Manslaughter - Involuntary	3
CDS - Weapons Use	2	Manslaughter - Negligent Homicide by Motor Vehicle or Vessel	4
Child Abuse 2nd Degree	3	Manslaughter by Motor Vehicle or Vessel	3
Child Abuse - Sell, Barter, Trade, etc. a Child for Money, Property, etc.	4	Obscene Matter - Possession of Visual Representations, etc., Subsequent Offense	3
Child Pornography	3	Out-of-State Family Abduction	5
Criminal Organization - Commission of Crime	2	Poisoning	1
Criminal Organization - Commission of Crime - Resulting in Death of Victim	1	Removing Firearm from Possession of Law Enforcement Officer	3
Criminal Organization - Manage, Fund Criminal Organization [†]	2	Sex Abuse by Household Member	1
Destructive Device Possession	2	Sex Offense 3rd Degree (Victim Incapacitated or 4 years + Younger)	4
Escape - 1st Degree	3	Sex Offense 3rd Degree (w/Force or Threat)	3
Hate Crime or Threat to Commit Hate Crime Involving a Separate Felony Crime	3	Sex Offense - Use of Personal Identifying Information of an Individual to Invite Another to Commit Sexual Crime	3
Hate Crime or Threat to Commit Hate Crime Involving Death of a Victim	2	Sexual Solicitation of a Minor	3
Incest	3	Use of Machine Gun for a Crime	2
Judicial Process - Influence or Intimidate -Felony	2		

⁺ DJS regularly updates ASSIST offenses. This appendix shows the most recent offenses, including any changes made during the last Maryland legislative session; ⁺⁺The MD State Commission on Criminal Sentencing Policy assigns each offense a seriousness category (ranging from I to VII) for purposes of MD sentencing guidelines. The guidelines distinguish person, property, and drug offenses and utilize a separate sentencing matrix for each offense type. The DJS Offense Severity score ranges from 1 to 5, with 1 designating the most serious criminal offenses. The score is based on a combination of the MD sentencing guidelines seriousness category and offense type designation (person, property, or drug). ^{*} Active as of 10/1/2021; ^{**} Offense date prior to 10/1/2017; [^] Offense severity changed from 3 as of 10/1/2022; ^{^^}Active as of 10/1/2023

Appendix K (cont.)

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES⁺

Person-to-Person Offenses			
Misdemeanor	Offense Severity ⁺⁺	Misdemeanor	Offense Severity ⁺⁺
Abuse, Neglect of Vulnerable Adult - 2nd Degree	4	Handgun Violation – Wear, Carry, Subsequent (incl. on school prop.)	2
Affray	4	Handgun Violation - Wear, Carry with Intent to Injure, Kill	2
Assault 2nd Degree / Battery	4	Handgun Violation - Wearing, Carrying Under the Influence	5
Assault - Knowingly/Willfully Causing Another to Ingest Bodily Fluid	4	Harassment	5
Assault Weapons - Possess, Sell Assault Weapon, etc.; Manufacture, Possess, Sell, etc. a Rapid Fire Trigger Activator	4	Harassment - Use of Electronic Communication to Alarm, Seriously Annoy, or Inflict Emotional Distress on a Minor, etc.	4
Assault Weapons - Use of Assault Weapon, Rapid Fire Trigger Activator, etc. in the Commission of a Felony or Crime of Violence, 1st Offense	2	Harassment - Use of Electronic Communication to Alarm, Seriously Annoy, or Inflict Emotional Distress on a Minor, etc. with the Intent to Induce a Minor to Commit Suicide	3
Assault Weapons - Use of Assault Weapon, Rapid Fire Trigger Activator, etc. in the Commission of a Felony or Crime of Violence, Subsequent	1	Harassment - Revenge Porn	5
Child Neglect	4	Hate Crime or Threat to Commit Hate Crime	4
Committing a COV in Presence of Minor	4	Hate Crime-Use of an Item or Symbol to Threaten or Intimidate	4
Criminal Organization - Use of Force to Coerce Participation or Prevent Leaving Organization	5	In State Family Abduction	5
Criminal Organization - Use of Force to Coerce Participation or Prevent Leaving Organization in or Near School	4	Indecent Exposure	4
Deadly Weapon Misdemeanor - Concealed Dangerous Weapon - Wear or Carry	5	Judicial Process - Influence or Intimidate - Misdemeanor	4
Deadly Weapon Misdemeanor - Openly with Intent to Injure - Dangerous Weapon, Mace/Chemical Device, Wear or Carry	5	Life-Threatening Injury by Motor Vehicle/Vessel While Under the Influence or Impaired by Alcohol/Drugs, CDS	4
Deadly Weapon Misdemeanor - Certain Ordinance	5	Life-Threatening Injury by Motor Vehicle/Vessel - Criminal Negligence*	5
Deadly Weapon on Public School Property	4	Obscene Matter - Possession of Visual Representations, etc.	4
Disorderly Intoxication	5	Police Officer, Resisting or Hindering, Common Law	4
Disturbing the Peace	5	Prostitution – Receive the Proceeds of	3
Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	5	Prostitution – Solicitation	5
Driving under Influence CDS	5	Reckless Endangerment	4
Driving under Influence Drugs and/or Alcohol	5	Resisting Arrest	4
Driving While Impaired	5	Rioting	3
Driving While Intoxicated	5	Sex Offense 4th Degree - Sexual Contact w/o Consent	5
Driving While Using Text Messaging Device, etc. that Causes Accident Resulting Death, Serious Bodily Injury	5	Sextortion - Causing Another to Engage in Sexual Activity, etc. by Threatening Behavior	4
Escape 2nd Degree - Remove Monitoring Device	4	Sex Trafficking - Misdemeanor	2
Escape 2nd Degree - Secure Facility	4	Stalking	4
Failure to Appear - Connection Felony	4	Threat of Mass Violence	4
Failure to Appear – Connection Misdemeanor	5	Use of Machine Gun for Aggressive Purposes	3
Failure to Appear - Connection Citation	5	Visual Surveillance, Unlawful	5
Ghost Gun - Purchase, Sell, etc. an Unfinished Frame or Receiver without a Serial Number ^{^^}	4	Weapons in General - Wear, carry, or transport a firearm in certain areas ^{^^^}	5
Ghost Gun - Possess a Firearm without a Serial Number ^{^^}	4	Weapons in General - Wear, carry, or transport a firearm while entering or trespassing ^{^^^}	5
Handgun Violation – Wear, Carry 1st Offense (incl. on school prop.)	4		

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CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES⁺

Property Offenses			
Felony	Offense Severity ⁺⁺	Misdemeanor	Offense Severity ⁺⁺
Arson 2nd Degree	4	Arson Misdemeanor	5
Bad Check Felony - \$100,000 or greater	3	Arson - Threat	4
Bad Check Felony - \$25,000 to \$100,000	4	Attempted Arson	5
Bad Check Felony - \$1,500 to < \$25,000	5	Bad Check Misdemeanor	5
Bad Check Felony - Multiple w/in 30 Days (\$1,500 to \$25,000)	5	Breaking and Entering Motor Vehicles	5
Breaking and Entering a Research Facility	5	Burglary 4th Degree	5
Cloned Wireless Phone - Possession with Intent to Distribute, Distribution, Manufacturing or Sell	4	Code Grabbing Device	5
Computer Crimes - Unlawfully Access, etc. to Cause Malfunction, etc., \$10,000 or greater*	4	Computer Crimes - Unlawfully Access, Copy, Possess Contents of Computer Database*	5
Computer Crimes - Unlawfully Access for Sabotage of State Gov., etc., \$10,000 or greater*	4	Computer Crimes - Unlawfully Access, etc. to Cause Malfunction, etc., less than \$10,000*	4
Credit Card Felony - \$100,000 or greater	3	Computer Crimes - Unlawfully Access for Sabotage of State Gov., etc., less than \$10,000*	4
Credit Card Felony - \$25,000 to \$100,000	4	Computer Crimes - Knowingly Possess Ransomware with Intent to Introduce Ransomware into Computer, etc.*	4
Credit Card Felony - \$1,500 to \$25,000	5	Contraband - Possess, Possess with Intent to Deliver, Receive Telecommunications Device	5
Credit Card - Unlawfully Use or Disclose	4	Credit Card Misdemeanor	5
Cruelty to Animals - Felony Racehorse	5	Cruelty to Animals - Misdemeanor	5
False Statement - Fake Bomb	4	Cruelty to Animals - Service Animal*	5
False Statement - Rumor as to Bomb	4	Cruelty to Animals - Surgery on Dogs; Unauthorized Surgical Devocalization	5
False Statement - of an emergency or crime ^{^^^}	5	False Alarm	4
Forgery, Counterfeit &/or Uttering-Felony	4	False Report	5
Fraud Felony (Medicaid)	4	False Statement - of an emergency or crime resulting in serious injury or death ^{^^^§}	4
Identity Fraud Felony - \$100,000 or greater	3	Forgery - Prescription	5
Identity Fraud Felony - \$25,000 to 100,000	4	Forgery, Counterfeit &/or Uttering - Misd	5
Identity Fraud Felony - \$1,500 to \$25,000	5	Fraud Misdemeanor (inc. Telecom)	5
Identity Fraud - Intent to Manufacture/Distribute Personally Identifying Information	4	Fraud Misdemeanor (Medicaid)	5
Malicious Burning - Felony	5	Gambling - Make or Sell a Book or Pool on the Result of a Race, etc.; Establish, Keep, etc. a Building, Vessel or Place for Purpose of Betting, etc.	5
Motor Vehicle Theft	4	Identity Fraud - Falsely Represent Self as Another	5
Railroad Obstructing	4	Identity Fraud Misdemeanor	5
Theft Felony - \$100,000 or greater	3	Malicious Burning - Misdemeanor	5
Theft Felony - \$25,000 to \$100,000	4	Malicious Destruction	5
Theft Felony - \$1,500 to \$25,000	5	Possession of Dangerous or Wild Animals	5
Trademark Counterfeiting-Felony	4	Tampering	5
Verbal Threat - Extortion	4	Telephone Misuse	5
Written Threat	4	Theft Misdemeanor	5
		Trademark Counterfeiting-Misdemeanor	5
		Transfer Recorded Sound/Images w/o Consent	5
		Trespassing	5
		Unauthorized Removal of Property	5
		Violation of Natural Resources Article	5

⁺ DJS regularly updates ASSIST offenses. This appendix shows the most recent offenses, including any changes made during the last Maryland legislative session.

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* Active as of 10/1/2021; ^{^^} Active as of 10/1/2023

Appendix K (cont.)

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES⁺

Drug Offenses			
Felony	Offense Severity⁺⁺	Misdemeanor	Offense Severity⁺⁺
CDS - Import Certain Amount into State	3	CDS - False Prescription	5
CDS - Using Minors for Manufacture or Distribution	3	CDS - Possession Cannabis ¹ > 10 Grams	5
CDS (Cocaine, Heroin, PCP, LSD, Oxy., Meth.) - Manf/Dist/PWID, etc.	3	CDS - Possession Other	5
CDS (Cannabis ¹) - Manufacture or Distribution of CDS Near Schools or on School Vehicles	3	Distribution of Inhalants	5
CDS (Other) - Manufacture or Distribution of CDS Near Schools or on School Vehicles	3	Drug Paraphernalia	5
CDS - Distribution (Fake CDS)	4	Non-CDS, Possession	5
CDS (Cannab ¹ /Amphet/Valium/Ecstasy < 750 grams/Bup./Countrft)-Manf/Dist/PWID, etc.	4	Paraphernalia Controlled - Possess or Distribute - Cannabis ¹	5
Receipt of Proceeds from CDS Offenses	4	Paraphernalia Controlled - Possess or Distribute - Non-Cannabis ¹	5
		Use of Inhalants	5
Unspecified Offenses			
Felony	Offense Severity⁺⁺	Misdemeanor	Offense Severity⁺⁺
Conspiracy to Commit Any (Felony) Offense	3	Conspiracy to Commit Any (Misdemeanor) Offense	5
Unspecified Felony	3	Traffic Violation Incarcerable	5
		Unspecified Misdemeanor	5
Other Offenses			
Citation Offenses	Offense Severity⁺⁺	Ordinance Offenses	Offense Severity⁺⁺
Alcohol Possession on School Premises	5	BB Gun/Pellet Gun	5
Alcoholic Beverage Violation	5	Discharging Firearms	5
CDS - Possession Cannabis ¹ < 10 Grams	5	Fireworks Violation	5
Gambling - Bet, Wager or Gamble	5	Loitering	5
Lottery Restrictions (Table Games or Video Lottery Terminals, Facility) Less than 21 Years	5	Violation of Local Ordinance	5
Pager at School	5		
Traffic Violation Non-Incarcerable	5		
Vaporizer Violation (Electronic Smoking Device)	5		
Child in Need of Supervision (CINS)	Offense Severity⁺⁺	Violation of Probation	Offense Severity⁺⁺
Runaway	5	Violation of Felony Probation	3
Truant	5	Violation of Misdemeanor Probation	5
Ungovernable	5		

⁺ DJS regularly updates ASSIST offenses. This appendix shows the most recent offenses, including any changes made during the last Maryland legislative session.

⁺⁺The MD State Commission on Criminal Sentencing Policy assigns each offense a seriousness category (ranging from I to VII) for purposes of MD sentencing guidelines. The guidelines distinguish person, property, and drug offenses and utilize a separate sentencing matrix for each offense type. The DJS Offense Severity score ranges from 1 to 5, with 1 designating the most serious criminal offenses. The score is based on a combination of the MD sentencing guidelines seriousness category and offense type designation (person, property, or drug).

¹The term “marijuana” was replaced by “cannabis” as of 7/1/2023.

Appendix L

OTHER OFFENSES INCLUDED IN THE INTAKE & COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENSE TYPE TABLES AS OTHER PERSON AND OTHER PROPERTY. THE OFFENSES ARE LISTED BASED ON FY 2023 INTAKE CASES¹.

The following information refers back to the Intake and Community Supervision Section's Offense Type tables. Space was limited on those pages, and these offenses were not able to be broken out within the tables. Below is a list of the three most common offenses categorized under "Other Person" and "Other Property." It should be noted that one intake case/complaint can have multiple alleged offenses.

Statewide		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	858
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	595
	Affray	331
Property	Trespassing	489
	False Report	48
	Telephone Misuse	16
Statewide - Females		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	425
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	290
	Affray	220
Property	Trespassing	117
	False Report	22
	Telephone Misuse	8
Statewide - Youth < 13		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	7
	Reckless Endangerment	6
	False Imprisonment	2
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	2
	Threat of Mass Violence	2
Prop.	Trespassing	24
Statewide - Youth of Color		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	707
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	478
	Affray	281
Property	Trespassing	347
	False Report	41
	False Alarm	13

Region 1		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	249
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	240
	Affray	100
Property	Trespassing	65
	False Alarm	4
	Identity Fraud - Falsely Represent Self as Another Person	3
Dorchester County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	19
	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	13
	Reckless Endangerment	9
Prop.	Trespassing	6
	Motor Vehicle Tampering	2
Somerset County		
Person	Affray	6
	Threat of Mass Violence	5
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	5
Prop.	Trespassing	9
	False Statement - Fake Bomb	1
Wicomico County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	195
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	163
	Affray	85
Property	Trespassing	26
	False Alarm	4
	Identity Fraud - Falsely Represent Self as Another Person	2
Prop.	Fraud-Misdemeanor	2
	Worcester County	
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	53
	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	39
	Police Officer, Resisting or Hindering - Common Law	20
Property	Trespassing	24
	Identity Fraud - Falsely Represent Self as Another Person	1
	False Report	1

¹ Fewer than three items are listed if all offenses have been captured. More than three items are listed when there is an equal number of offenses, i.e., a tie, for the third most common offense; additional tying offenses are then listed. For ties in first or second rank, tying items are counted as the subsequent rank.

Appendix L (cont.)

OTHER OFFENSES INCLUDED IN THE INTAKE & COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENSE TYPE TABLES AS OTHER PERSON AND OTHER PROPERTY. THE OFFENSES ARE LISTED BASED ON FY 2023 INTAKE CASES¹.

Region 2		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	39
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	28
Person	Reckless Endangerment	21
Property	Trespassing	27
Property	False Report	5
Property	False Statement - Rumor as to Bomb	2
Caroline County		
Person	Reckless Endangerment	5
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	4
Person	Resisting Arrest	3
Property	Trespassing	8
Property	False Report	2
Cecil County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	12
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	10
Person	Reckless Endangerment	8
Property	Trespassing	12
Property	False Report	1
Kent County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	5
Person	Reckless Endangerment	3
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	3
Person	Affray	3
Property	Trespassing	3
Property	False Statement - Rumor as to Bomb	2
Queen Anne's County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	13
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	10
Person	Reckless Endangerment	3
Property	Trespassing	1
Property	Telephone Misuse	1
Talbot County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	7
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	3
Person	Reckless Endangerment	2
Property	Trespassing	3
Property	False Report	2

Region 3		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	92
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	50
Person	Resisting Arrest	46
Property	Trespassing	142
Property	False Report	18
Property	False Alarm	7
Baltimore County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	74
Person	Resisting Arrest	45
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	42
Property	Trespassing	134
Property	False Report	18
Property	False Alarm	5
Harford County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	18
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	8
Person	Reckless Endangerment	2
Person	Affray	2
Property	Trespassing	8
Property	Identity Fraud - Felony - \$1,500 to < \$25,000	4
Property	False Alarm	2
Region 4		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	114
Person	Affray	41
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	19
Property	Trespassing	21
Property	Telephone Misuse	3
Property	False Report	3
Allegany County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	36
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	15
Person	Affray	10
Property	Trespassing	3
Property	Telephone Misuse	3
Property	Motor Vehicle Tampering	2
Garrett County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	4
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	4
Person	Escape 1st Degree	3
Property	Trespassing	5
Washington County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	74
Person	Affray	31
Person	Resisting Arrest	8
Property	Trespassing	13
Property	False Report	2
Property	Identity Fraud - Falsely Represent Self as Another Person	1
Property	Cloned Wireless Phone - Possession with Intent to Distribute, Distribution, Manufacturing or Sell	1

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OTHER OFFENSES INCLUDED IN THE INTAKE & COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENSE TYPE TABLES AS OTHER PERSON AND OTHER PROPERTY. THE OFFENSES ARE LISTED BASED ON FY 2023 INTAKE CASES¹.

Region 5		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	228
	Affray	131
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	70
Property	Trespassing	101
	False Report	10
	Motor Vehicle Tampering	2
	Forgery, Counterfeit	2
Anne Arundel County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	225
	Affray	131
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	64
Property	Trespassing	93
	Forgery, Counterfeit	2
	Cruelty to Animals - Misdemeanor	1
	Extortion by Verbal Threat	1
	False Report	1
	Motor Vehicle Tampering	1
	False Alarm	1
Carroll County		
Person	Reckless Endangerment	3
	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	2
	Burglary - Home Invasion - Breaking & Entering w/ Intent to Commit COV	2
Property	False Report	5
	Trespassing	4
	Motor Vehicle Tampering	1
Howard County		
Person	Reckless Endangerment	7
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	6
	Resisting Arrest	2
Prop.	Trespassing	4
	False Report	4

Region 6		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	52
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	43
	Resisting Arrest	37
Property	Trespassing	47
	Telephone Misuse	3
	Motor Vehicle Tampering	3
Frederick County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	34
	Affray	16
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	12
Property	Trespassing	10
	Motor Vehicle Tampering	3
	Computer Crimes - Unlawfully Access/Attempt to Access, etc. a Computer or Computer Network; or Copy, Possess, etc. Contents of Computer Database	1
	False Alarm	1
	Fraud-Misdemeanor	1
	Identity Fraud - Falsely Represent Self as Another Person	1
	Telephone Misuse	1
Forgery, Counterfeit	1	
Montgomery County		
Person	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	31
	Police Officer, Resisting or Hindering - Common Law	30
	Resisting Arrest	30
Property	Trespassing	37
	Telephone Misuse	2
	False Report	2

¹ Fewer than three items are listed if all offenses have been captured. More than three items are listed when there is an equal number of offenses, i.e., a tie, for the third most common offense; additional tying offenses are then listed. For ties in first or second rank, tying items are counted as the subsequent rank.

Appendix L (cont.)

OTHER OFFENSES INCLUDED IN THE INTAKE & COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENSE TYPE TABLES AS OTHER PERSON AND OTHER PROPERTY. THE OFFENSES ARE LISTED BASED ON FY 2023 INTAKE CASES¹.

Region 7		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	182
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	33
	Resisting Arrest	27
Property	Trespassing	78
	Telephone Misuse	7
	False Report	7
Calvert County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	34
	Resisting Arrest	6
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	2
Prop.	Trespassing	10
	Telephone Misuse	1
Charles County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	51
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	19
	Affray	11
Property	Trespassing	26
	Identity Fraud - Falsely Represent Self as Another Person	6
	Telephone Misuse	2
	False Report	2
Prince George's County		
Person	Threat of Mass Violence	22
	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	19
	Reckless Endangerment	17
Property	Trespassing	37
	Fraud-Misdemeanor	3
	False Statement - Rumor as to Bomb	3
St. Mary's County		
Person	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	78
	Disturbing the Peace/Disorderly House	5
	Affray	4
Property	Trespassing	5
	False Report	4
	Telephone Misuse	2
Region 8 - Baltimore City		
Person	Reckless Endangerment	28
	Affray	18
	Disturbing School Activities or Personnel	8
Property	Trespassing	8
	False Report	1
	False Alarm	1

¹ Fewer than three items are listed if all offenses have been captured. More than three items are listed when there is an equal number of offenses, i.e., a tie, for the third most common offense; additional tying offenses are then listed. For ties in first or second rank, tying items are counted as the subsequent rank.

Appendix M

HISTORICAL EVOLUTION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE IN MARYLAND

1800s

- 1830: Maryland Legislature passed “An Act to Establish a House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents” that created for the first time an authority to provide “troubled children” with homes, education, and job training.
- 1850: House of Refuge opened.
- 1850-1882: Maryland built four “reform schools” for young people, governed by private boards and segregated by race and sex.
- 1866: Maryland Industrial School for Girls opened, operated under various names, finally as the Montrose School, and closed in 1988.
- 1870: House of Reformation & Instruction for Colored Children opened. It operated under various names, was renamed to the Cheltenham Youth Facility in 1992 and became Cheltenham Youth Detention Center in 2016.
- 1882: Industrial Home for Colored Girls opened. It merged with Montrose School for Girls in 1962.

1910-1940s

- House of Refuge (opened in 1850) became Maryland School for Boys (1910) and in 1918 became the Maryland Training School for Boys.
- 1922: State Department of Education operated the “training schools.”
- 1943: State Department of Public Welfare, Bureau of Child Welfare, Division of Institutions operated the “training schools.”

1960s

- 1967: State Department of Juvenile Services came into official existence as the central coordinating agency for juvenile investigation, probation and aftercare services, diagnostic, training, detention, and rehabilitation institutions.
- 1968: Patterson House (Group Home for Girls) opened. It closed in 1992.
- 1969: The State named the agency “Juvenile Services Administration” and reorganized it under the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. The agency administered all schools, youth detention centers, forestry camps, and probation/aftercare programs.

1970s

- 1970: Alfred D. Noyes Children’s Center opened in Montgomery County.
- 1972: Group Home for Boys opened; it became the William Donald Schaefer House in 1992. It closed in 2016.
- 1972: Maryland Youth Residence Center (MYRC) opened. It closed in 2007.

1980s

- 1982: J. DeWeese Carter Center opened.
- 1985: Maryland Training School for Boys became the Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School (CHHS).
- 1987: Juvenile Services Administration became an independent agency.
- 1988: The Montrose School closed.
- 1989: The Department of Juvenile Services became a cabinet-level department.

1990s

- 1992: Victor Cullen Academy, which was a former tuberculosis sanatorium, opened.
- 1999: In November, DJS replaced its existing mainframe application, Information System for Youth Services (ISYS), with a client-server system referred to as the Automated Statewide System of Information Support Tools (ASSIST).

Appendix M (cont.)

HISTORICAL EVOLUTION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE IN MARYLAND

2002

- Victor Cullen Academy closed. (It reopened as the Victor Cullen Center in 2007.)
- HB 1081 - Required the establishment of a community detention program.
- HB 1011 - Required the Department to operate the Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center (BCJJC) as a centralized regional juvenile justice intake, assessment, court, and detention facility for Baltimore City and specified the powers and duties related to the Center.
- HB 962 - Authorized the juvenile court to adopt a treatment service plan recommended by the Department in making a disposition on a specified petition, and required DJS to ensure that a plan adopted by the court was implemented within 25 days after disposition.

2003

- Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center opened in October.
- Under Education Article §22-305, the Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) began to assume responsibility for educating youth in DJS facilities. This was completed in 2013.

2004

- Day/Evening Reporting Center in Baltimore City opened in December.
- SB 767 - Required that a child discharged from a committed residential placement receive step-down aftercare according to specified parameters.

2005

- Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School ceased operations as a committed facility in July and remained as a detention facility.
- HB 1339 - Established a Child in Need of Supervision Pilot Program in Baltimore City and County.

2007

- Victor Cullen Center reopened in July.
- SB 359 - Reorganization and Regionalization required DJS to serve youth with specified programming that delivered services on a regional basis.

2008

- Group Home Reform - Keeping Maryland Youth in Maryland Per Diem Reduction Initiative.
- Violence Prevention Initiative (VPI), focused on intensive supervision for high-risk youth, began in Baltimore City in January and statewide in November.
- Day/Evening Reporting Center opened in Prince George's County in November.
- SB 742 - Provided that all contracted residential child care programs must post a "Residents' Bill of Rights" in the facility and provide residents and their parents/guardians a handbook of the policies of the provider.

2009

- DJS began its collaboration with Operation Safe Kids (OSK) to serve VPI youth in Baltimore City and Prince George's County.
- Silver Oak Academy opened as a private provider serving only DJS youth.
- HB 1382 - Allowed DJS to share juvenile information and collaborate with juvenile justice agencies in the District of Columbia and Virginia.

HISTORICAL EVOLUTION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE IN MARYLAND

2011

- SB 62 - Authorized the State Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile Services to share educational records when necessary to ensure the appropriate delivery of services.
- HB 1190 - Expanded the Child in Need of Supervision Pilot Program to include Cecil, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties.
- The committed female treatment youth moved from Thomas J.S. Waxter Facility to J. DeWeese Carter Center in November.

2012

- SB 245 - Allowed DJS to develop a continuum of care by granting the agency the ability to move youth between committed placements (Continuum of Care Legislation expired in 2016).
- Central Review Committee was formed to implement the terms of SB 245 and commenced its operation in July. Legislation expired in 2016, but the committee maintained the function of reviewing cases.
- The Tier I Human Sex Trafficking Screening Tool was adopted at the Thomas J.S. Waxter Children's Center in March to screen for victims of human sex trafficking and was expanded to the Alfred D. Noyes Children's Center in December.

2013

- HB 264 - Expanded the Department's ability to share juvenile information and collaborate with juvenile justice agencies in Delaware, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia.
- MSDE completed assumption of responsibility for educating youth in all DJS facilities.
- Under-13 (U-13) Initiative commenced in Baltimore City in May.
- DJS employees received training on recognizing the signs of human sex trafficking victimization among youth involved in the juvenile justice system.

2014

- The Department began screening for victims of human sex trafficking at the Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School in March.
- The U-13 Initiative expanded to Prince George's County in May.

2015

- Crossover Youth Practice Model (CYPM) Initiative began in Prince George's County in April with the intention of expanding statewide over a multi-year implementation.
- Accountability Incentives Management (AIM) - DJS Graduated Responses Initiative was implemented statewide in July.
- SB 172 - Required eligible youth who were charged as adults and required detention to be held in juvenile detention facilities.

2016

- DJS Re-entry Strategic Plan was approved in January.
- Offices of Family Engagement and Equity and Systems Reform were created in February.
- William Donald Schaefer House was closed on May 26, 2016.
- VPI ended at the close of FY 2016.
- On November 17, 2016, the new Cheltenham Youth Detention Center opened with a capacity of 72 beds, replacing the 115-bed Cheltenham Youth Facility.
- Federal Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) audits were completed, and all DJS-operated facilities were found 100% compliant with standards.

Appendix M (cont.)

HISTORICAL EVOLUTION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE IN MARYLAND

2017

- Behavioral Health Diversion Initiative (BHDI) pilot, an initiative to screen and divert youth for mental health services funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation, was implemented in Baltimore City and Wicomico County.

2018

- Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports (PBIS) was implemented in DJS committed facilities in January.
- Family Peer Support Initiative was implemented in September in Baltimore City and Prince George's, Baltimore, Anne Arundel, and Wicomico Counties to link youth and families involved in the juvenile justice system to community resources.
- Savage Mountain Youth Center reopened as a hardware secure facility with enhanced educational and therapeutic programming.
- DJS began screening for victims of human sex trafficking at Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center and Cheltenham Youth Detention Center.

2019

- American Correctional Association (ACA) national accreditation was awarded to Victor Cullen Center on January 12 and J. DeWeese Carter Center on August 3.
- HB 606 - Established the Juvenile Justice Reform Council for two years.
- HB 704 - DJS joined as a partner in the Maryland Longitudinal Data System (MLDS) for research and evaluation.

2020

- The J. DeWeese Carter Youth Facility for females was closed on June 30, 2020. The youth were moved to the new Mountain View program for females on the grounds of Backbone Mountain Youth Center. The Mountain View Program was officially opened on June 19, 2020.
- Meadow Mountain Youth Center closed on June 30, 2020.
- Savage Mountain Youth Center closed on March 14, 2020 and was reopened as Garrett Children's Center on June 3, 2020.
- COVID-19 (see the DJS website for detailed information on the agency's COVID response):
 - Governor declared a state of emergency beginning March 3, 2020 that ended July 1, 2021.
 - On March 16, 2020, Maryland courts suspended normal operations, with courthouses closed to the public and juvenile court operations limited to detention hearings and certain emergency matters. Juvenile courts returned to full operational status on August 31, 2020.

2021

- The Juvenile Justice Reform Council (JJRC) submitted its report to the Governor and General Assembly in January, and authorization was extended through June 2022.
- COVID-19 vaccination clinics were held for staff and eligible youth.
- SB 497 - Transferred the responsibility of implementing educational programming from the Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) to the Juvenile Services Education Program (JSEP) Board within DJS.
- Baltimore City launched the state pilot of Roca's Rewire Cognitive Behavioral Theory training and coaching for community supervision staff in May.
- DJS realigned its regional community structure to directly align with the Maryland Judicial Circuits, moving from six to eight operational regions on July 1, 2021.

HISTORICAL EVOLUTION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE IN MARYLAND

- DJS participated in a Length of Stay (LOS) Policy Academy, where national experts and practitioners worked to develop clear policies to link risk, treatment dosage, and length of stay for youth in a committed treatment facility. (See 2023 for CTM.)
- Girls were housed at Mountain View until December 22, 2021 when the facility was changed to a triage quarantine unit for Western Maryland treatment programs.

2022

- SB 691 - The reform legislation recommended by the JJRC passed and was implemented June 1. (See page 16 for complete detail).
- DJS assumed full responsibility for implementing juvenile educational programming from the MSDE on July 1, 2022. The JSEP Board sets policy for the program, while a Board-appointed superintendent implements educational services to DJS youth.
- In partnership with the Roca Impact Institute, DJS received a grant of nearly \$1 million from OJJDP to integrate Rewire Cognitive Behavior Theory as part of an agency-wide juvenile probation transformation effort.
- Thomas J.S. Waxter Children’s Center closed on March 2, 2022.
- Alfred D. Noyes Children’s Center reopened on March 2, 2022, and closed for renovations on October 18, 2022.
- The Hickey Shelter Care Program opened October 2022.
- Victor Cullen became a co-ed facility in October 2022.
- Green Ridge Mountain Quest program closed November 2, 2022.

2023

- The Comprehensive Treatment Model (CTM) policy took effect on July 17, 2023.
- Pending placement units were designated at BCJJC and Hickey in June 2023, where, as part of CTM, youth receive treatment services pending their placement into committed treatment programs.
- DJS released a research data brief “Putting Youth Crime In Maryland in Context” in September 2023.
- The Thrive Academy, focused on violence prevention for high-risk youth, began in Baltimore City and Baltimore County in September 2023.
- In June 2023, DJS facilitated the distribution of \$5 million federal dollars directed by Governor Moore to launch the Safe Summer Initiative. Grants focused on the 12 Maryland counties with high rates of gun violence to occupy young people in safe and productive activities.
- In the Fall 2023, DJS, DHS, and DPSCS began collaborating on the Community Investment Initiative, focused on identifying and guiding investment of resources to Maryland communities with the highest number of shared clients.
- In September 2023, DJS received \$750,000 in Federal funding for Second Chance Act youth reentry program.
- To enhance the staffing and operational structure of DJS Community Services, counties were consolidated from eight regions to five in November 2023.

See the timeline pullout on page 9 for a graphical representation of the Department’s historical evolution highlights since 2012.

Appendix N

COMMONLY USED ACRONYMS

ACA	American Correctional Association	EM	Electronic Monitoring
ADP	Average Daily Population	ERC	Evening Reporting Center
AIM	Accountability Incentives Management	FAFP	For Authorization of Formal Petition
ALOS	Average Length of Stay	FCT	Family Centered Treatment
ARIMA	Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average	FFT	Functional Family Therapy (an EBS)
ART®	Aggression Replacement Training	FY	Fiscal Year
ASSIST	Automated Statewide System of Information Support Tools	GED	General Educational Development
ATD	Alternatives to Detention	GPS	Global Positioning System
AWOL	Absent Without Leave	GRYC	Green Ridge Youth Center
BCDC	Baltimore City Detention Center	ICFA	Intermediate Care Facilities for Addictions
BCJJC	Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center	IDT	Intake Decision Tool
BYC	Backbone Mountain Youth Center	ILP	Individual Learning Plan
CBT	Cognitive Behavioral Therapy/Theory	JDAI	Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative
CD	Community Detention	JJMU	Juvenile Justice Monitoring Unit
CDS	Controlled Dangerous Substances	JSEP	Juvenile Services Education Program
CHHS	Charles H. Hickey, Jr. School	LESCC	Lower Eastern Shore Children's Center
CINA	Child in Need of Assistance	MAST	Multi-Disciplinary Assessment Staffing Team
CINS	Child in Need of Supervision	MCASP	Maryland Comprehensive Assessment and Service Planning
CJAMS	Child, Juvenile, and Adult Management System	MCCRS	Maryland College and Career Ready Standards
CJIS	Criminal Justice Information System	MDH	Maryland Department of Health (formerly DHMH)
CJJA	Council of Juvenile Justice Administrators	METS	Maryland Evaluation & Treatment Services
CMS	Case Management Specialist	MLDS	Maryland Longitudinal Data System
CMSS	Case Management Specialist Supervisor	MSDE	Maryland State Department of Education
COMAR	Code of Maryland Regulations	MST	Multisystemic Therapy (an EBS)
COP	Certificate of Placement	OEI	Office of Equity and Inclusion
COV	Crime of Violence	OJJDP	Office of Juvenile Justice & Delinquency Prevention
CRC	Central Review Committee	OPD	Office of the Public Defender
CRIA	Court Remand for Informal Action	PBIS	Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports
CTE	Career and Technical Education	PREA	Prison Rape Elimination Act
CTM	Comprehensive Treatment Model	PYD	Positive Youth Development
CYDC	Cheltenham Youth Detention Center	QRTP	Qualified Residential Treatment Program
CYPM	Crossover Youth Practice Model	RA	Resident Advisor
DBT	Dialectical Behavioral Therapy	RAI	Risk Assessment Instrument
DDA	Developmental Disabilities Administration (part of MDH)	RIAL	Racial Impact Assessment Lens
DHS	Department of Human Services (formerly DHR)	RICA	Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents
DJS	Department of Juvenile Services	RISE	Respect, Inspire Positivity, Seek Success, and Engage
DMC	Disproportionate Minority Contact	RRI	Relative Rate Index
DPSCS	Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services	RTC	Residential Treatment Center
DRAI	Detention Risk Assessment Instrument	RTSP	Residential Treatment Service Plan
DRG	Data Resource Guide	SAB	State Advisory Board (DJS)
EBS	Evidence-Based Services	SAO	State's Attorney's Office

COMMONLY USED ACRONYMS

SHI	Social History Investigation
SIS	Student Information System
START	Social Skills Training & Aggression Replacement Techniques
TAMAR-Y	Trauma, Addiction, Mental Health, and Recovery - Youth
TFC	Treatment Foster Care
TGH	Therapeutic Group Home
TIC	Trauma-Informed Care
TSP	Treatment Service Plan
VCC	Victor Cullen Center
VOP	Violation of Probation
WMCC	Western Maryland Children's Center

Appendix O

TERMS AND CONCEPTS

Absent Without Leave (AWOL): A condition describing a youth who absconds from a non-secure residential program.

ACCUPLACER: A post-secondary assessment given by JSEP to help colleges assess student readiness for introductory credit-bearing courses and make reliable placement decisions for students.

Accountability Incentives Management (AIM): A structured statewide system of responses to deter negative behaviors and encourage positive behaviors of youth under court-ordered community supervision. AIM seeks to reduce technical violations of supervision by ensuring certain, fair, and immediate responses to youth behavior to promote successful completion of supervision.

Adjudicatory Hearing: A proceeding before a juvenile judge or magistrate to determine whether allegations made against a youth are true. If the allegations concerning the commitment of a delinquent act are found to be “facts sustained,” the youth may be adjudicated delinquent.

Admission: See definitions for “commitment versus placement” and “placement versus admission.”

Aftercare: Supervision and individualized treatment services provided to youth in the community following discharge from a residential program. A youth is assigned an aftercare worker at the time of commitment.

Alternatives to Detention (ATD): Community-based program options that provide structured supervision and accountability of youth who would otherwise be detained pending adjudicatory hearings in the juvenile court.

ASSIST: The Automated Statewide System of Information Support Tools used as the DJS client database from 1999-2023.

Average Daily Population (ADP): Daily population of youth averaged over the number of days in a given time period.

Average Length of Stay (ALOS): Average total number of days in residential placement between admission and release. Youth detained in more than one facility during a contiguous stay are counted as a single placement. For youth in committed treatment facilities who are temporarily quarantined in another facility, those days are “credited” to their original facility length of stay.

Career and Technical Education (CTE): CTE courses prepare students for in-demand, high-skilled, and high-waged jobs. CTE courses allow students to earn industry-recognized certificates, earn credits toward graduation, and gain work experience.

Case Management Specialist (CMS): DJS staff who provides case management services to youth in community and residential settings. Case managers provide supervision, develop treatment plans, link youth with necessary resources and services, monitor progress, and modify treatment plans as needed.

Central Review Committee (CRC): A committee that convenes weekly to hear case reviews of youth at risk of removal from a committed treatment placement, direct changes in the youths’ provision of services, and make youth placement transfer decisions. Members include the Directors of the Behavioral Health and Resource Offices, the Executive Directors of Residential Placements and Community Supervision, and a representative from the Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE).

Certificate of Placement (COP): The document that reflects a youth’s placement location, services, and authorizes service payment.

Child in Need of Assistance (CINA): A youth who is found by the court to require court intervention, such as removal from the home and placement with a foster family or relative, because of abuse or neglect by a parent, guardian, or other person responsible for their care.

Child in Need of Supervision (CINS): A youth who is found by the court to need guidance, treatment, or rehabilitation because the youth committed an offense applicable only to children, is habitually truant, poses a risk of injury to themselves or others, or is ungovernable (See definition for “Ungovernable”).

Child, Juvenile, and Adult Management System (CJAMS): The main DJS case management information system scheduled to replace ASSIST in FY 2024.

Cognitive Behavioral Theory: The theory that people’s thoughts, feelings, and actions affect each other cyclically and can sometimes keep people stuck in unhelpful patterns. The applied theory helps people identify patterns and learn skills to disrupt them. Use of cognitive-

TERMS AND CONCEPTS

behavioral theory in treatment has been shown by research to reduce violence, help people cope with trauma, anxiety, and depression, and ultimately prevent crime by changing the lives of youth involved in gangs, gun violence, and substance abuse.

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT): A problem-focused, evidence-based form of treatment that puts into practice Cognitive-Behavioral Theory.

Commitment versus Placement: A youth adjudicated as delinquent by the juvenile court may receive a disposition for commitment, which is a court order placing a delinquent youth in the Department's care, which allows for placement into an out-of-home treatment program, but in some cases services may instead be provided in home. So not all committed youth are placed out of home. Those who are may wait some weeks in a detention facility pending placement, so the date of committed disposition and of placement may differ. A placement to an out-of-home program could also be the result of multiple commitments - a youth may be committed on multiple charges - and a youth may be admitted to several programs under a single commitment order. Thus, the number of committed dispositions will not equal the number of placements or admissions to treatment programs.

Community Detention (CD): A DJS program that monitors a delinquent child or a child alleged to be delinquent who is placed in the home of a parent, guardian, custodian, other fit person, or in shelter care, as a condition of probation or as an alternative to detention (ATD). Community detention often includes electronic monitoring (EM).

Complaint: A written statement made to a DJS intake officer by an individual, police agency, or another agency that alleges that a youth (or more than one youth) has committed one or more delinquent acts or is a runaway, truant, or ungovernable and may be subject to juvenile court jurisdiction. A complaint may also be referred to as an intake case and is an important unit of analysis in this *Data Resource Guide*.

Comprehensive Treatment Model (CTM): A DJS policy developed to better match treatment services and length of stay to youth needs. Implemented in 2023, CTM seeks to enhance the youth's experience within residential treatment programs and increase community success.

Court Remand for Informal Action (CRIA): A petition forwarded to the juvenile court that is returned to DJS Intake with the consent of all parties prior to an adjudicatory hearing, allowing it to be handled informally as a pre-court case. At the conclusion of the pre-court supervision, the court is notified of the outcome and either dismisses or continues the proceedings.

Crimes of Violence (COV): Offenses designated as crimes of violence in Maryland's Annotated Code (see Appendix G for more detail). Includes primarily felony offenses, but also some misdemeanors.

Crossover Youth Practice Model (CYPM): A program to coordinate casework of youth who are dually involved in both the juvenile justice system and the child welfare system and foster increased communication and collaboration between the staff members of DJS and local Department of Social Services. DJS partnered with Georgetown University to implement the CYPM in Prince George's County in 2015. Since then, the model is being slowly rolled out in other Maryland counties.

Delinquent Act: An act which would be a crime if committed by an adult.

Delinquent Child: A child who has committed a delinquent act and requires guidance, treatment, or rehabilitation.

Detention: The temporary care of respondents who, pending court dispositions and other hearings, require secure custody for the protection of themselves or the community, in physically restricting facilities or circumstances. A youth may be detained if a court determines that they might fail to appear for a future hearing, continue to break the law, or pose a threat to the public or themselves. Detention may be utilized pending a court hearing or after disposition. A youth's detention status is required to be reviewed every 14 days.

Detention Hearing: A court proceeding to determine whether a youth shall be placed in or continue in detention. This decision is separate and distinct from the decision on whether to proceed with any relevant charges.

Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI): An assessment of a youth's risk to reoffend and/or fail to appear for future court dates used to guide whether the youth should be detained, placed in a detention alternative, or released to a parent/guardian.

Dialectical Behavioral Therapy (DBT): An evidence-based, cognitive behavioral intervention that helps individuals learn how to better manage negative emotions, reduce impulsive and other negative behaviors, improve relationships, and improve the quality of their lives.

Appendix O (cont.)

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DBT has four components: mindfulness, distress tolerance, emotion regulation, and interpersonal effectiveness and involves a combination of individual therapy, skills groups, and coaching. DBT is the linchpin treatment modality in DJS facilities as part of CTM.

Direct Care Staff: An employee whose primary duty is to provide direct supervision of youth.

Disposition: The action taken by the juvenile court that outlines whether the youth requires guidance, treatment, or rehabilitation and, if so, the nature of such assistance, e.g., probation terms or commitment. (Note: In adult courts, this is known as a “sentence.”)

Disproportionate Minority Contact (DMC): A rate of contact with the juvenile justice system among youth of a specific minority group that is significantly different from the rate of contact for whites (i.e., non-Hispanic White) or for other minority groups (See RRI definition).

Diversion: A program or practice where the primary goal is to reduce the occurrence of juvenile delinquency by diverting a youth from the traditional juvenile justice system and providing an alternative to formal processing. Diversion may occur at various stages: Youth may be diverted from a formal juvenile complaint (e.g. by law enforcement), diverted from formal court processing by DJS intake, or diverted from out-of-home placement by the juvenile court.

Electronic Monitoring (EM): A statewide program providing close monitoring of youth in the community as an alternative to residential placement/detention. Youth wear an ankle bracelet that electronically monitors their movement and compliance to established location parameters. This may involve the use of global positioning systems (GPS).

Escape: Absconding from a secure DJS treatment program (including Youth Centers) or detention facility (including Community Detention).

Evening Reporting Center (ERC): A program that serves youth as an alternative to detention. Youth are required to report daily to ensure the youth are monitored and get back to court for hearings.

Expungement: The removal of court or police records from public inspection. In Maryland, a person may ask a court to expunge a juvenile record under certain criteria including: at least 2 years have passed, the person has been adjudicated delinquent one time or fewer, and the offense is not a felony or sex offense. The juvenile expungement process includes notice to the victim(s) and the opportunity for the State’s Attorney and victim(s) to object to the petition. More information is available at <https://mdcourts.gov/family/juvrecordexpungement>.

Evidence-Based Services (EBS): Programs that have been found to be effective based on the results of rigorous evaluations.

Family Centered Treatment (FCT): A trauma treatment model of home-based therapy designed for families who are at risk of dissolution or in need of reunification. It is also designed to serve youth who move among the child welfare, behavioral health, and juvenile justice systems. During treatment, FCT practitioners aim to help families identify their core emotional issues, identify functions of behaviors in a family systems context, change the emotional tone and behavioral interaction patterns among family members, and develop secure relationships by strengthening attachment bonds.

Family Engagement: Family engagement in youth justice involves collaborative work relationships in which families partner with public agency officials to plan and implement treatment for system-involved youth, as well as provide insight about the policies, programs, and practices of the system that improve outcomes for youth and families.

Family Peer Support Initiative: A program that connects DJS youth and families at any stage of DJS contact with a family peer support specialist who has had previous experience with the juvenile justice system. Family peer support specialists help guide a family through the juvenile justice process, connect families to community-based services, and increase family empowerment. The program began in 2018 in Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Prince George’s, and Wicomico counties.

Family Therapy: A type of behavioral health intervention designed to identify and address family patterns and issues that affect the functioning of the family as a whole, and individual family members. These may include behavioral patterns and issues, mental health and substance use issues, patterns and styles of communication, as well as family transitions and changes.

Felony vs. Misdemeanor: In Maryland a crime is either a felony or a misdemeanor. Generally, felonies are the more serious of these two types of crimes. However, there is no clear line for determining whether a crime is a felony or misdemeanor based on the statutory

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maximum penalty associated with the offense. Unless specified in a statute or the offense was a felony at common law, a crime is considered a misdemeanor. Most statutes specify whether a crime is a misdemeanor or a felony. Common law crimes retain common law grades as either felonies or misdemeanors unless changed through the legislative process. The General Assembly may choose to label a statutory crime a felony or misdemeanor independent of the amount of punishment the statute provides. The General Assembly may also choose to change the status of a crime from a misdemeanor to a felony or a felony to a misdemeanor.

Fiscal Year (FY): The time period measured from July 1 of one year to June 30 of the following year. FY 2023 runs from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023.

For Authorization of Formal Petition (FAFP): A decision by a DJS intake officer to authorize the State’s Attorney to petition the court for formal processing of a juvenile complaint.

Functional Family Therapy (FFT - an EBS): An outcome-driven prevention/intervention program for youth demonstrating the entire range of maladaptive behaviors such as delinquency, violence, substance use, Conduct Disorder, Oppositional Defiant Disorder, or Disruptive Behavior Disorder. Flexible delivery of service is provided by one- or two-person teams to clients in home, clinic, school, juvenile court, community-based programs, and at re-entry from institutional placement.

General Educational Development (GED): A four-subject high school equivalency test that measures skills required by high schools. The four subjects are science, social studies, math, and reasoning through language arts. A Maryland High School Diploma is awarded to those passing all four modules of the GED tests. JSEP affords all students the ability, when appropriate, and the opportunity to obtain a diploma by exam. JSEP has Pearson Virtual University Enterprises (VUE) GED labs at the Charles H. Hickey School and Green Ridge Youth Center. Testers are limited to three tests per module per calendar year. If additional retests are needed, the tester must wait until January 1 next year to schedule retest(s).

Global Positioning System (GPS): A global navigation satellite system that provides location and time information for youth monitored with a global positioning system receiver.

Group Home: A residential program licensed by DHS, DJS, or MDH to provide 24-hour supervised out-of-home care for 4 or more youth providing a formal program of basic care, social work, and health care services.

Hardware Secure Facility: A facility that relies primarily on the use of construction and hardware such as locks, bars, and fences to restrict freedom.

Individual Learning Plan (ILP): A document initiated when a student enters a JSEP school. An ILP documents needs, goals, and challenges to be met to reach educational and career goals. The ILP details courses, preparations, and activities needed for high school graduation, vocational training, or college coursework and is updated every 30 calendar days to reflect ongoing needs and progress. The ILP’s development is based on student input and is shared with families and the local school district. The document is also used for students’ transition back to a community school.

Informal Supervision: See definition for “Pre-Court Supervision.”

Intake: The process for reviewing a complaint against a youth and determining whether the juvenile court has jurisdiction and whether judicial action is in the best interest of the public and/or the youth. During intake, youth and their family may be offered services. DJS has statutory authority to screen all juvenile complaints referred.

Juvenile Court: A division of the Circuit Court in Maryland.

Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI): A best practice model of the Annie E. Casey Foundation that addresses inappropriate and unnecessary use of detention and reduces the failures of juveniles to appear in court. A primary goal of JDAI is to reduce overcrowding in detention centers by safely maintaining youth in the community in detention alternatives without jeopardizing public safety or increasing the number of youth who fail to appear for court.

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Juvenile Justice Monitoring Unit (JJMU): Administratively housed in the Office of the Attorney General, the unit investigates the needs of children under the jurisdiction of DJS and determines whether their needs are being met in compliance with State law. This includes evaluating the conditions of youth housing, reporting on treatment of and services to youth, and investigating allegations of child abuse.

Juvenile Services Education Program (JSEP): Operated by DJS since July 1, 2022, JSEP provides educational services to detained and committed youth in DJS facilities across the state. An appointed board that includes the secretaries of DJS and the Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) sets policy for JSEP. Prior to July 1, 2022, JSEP was a part of MSDE.

Maryland College and Career Ready Standards (MCCRS): Standards that cover English language arts, mathematics, literacy in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects. The standards define what students should know and be able to do at each grade level and also align with state standards and assessments. Standards documents are formatted so that each begins with content standards or broad, measurable statements about what students should know and be able to do. Indicator statements provide the next level of specificity and begin to narrow the focus for teachers. Finally, objectives provide teachers with very clear information about what specific learning should occur.

Maryland Comprehensive Assessment and Service Planning (MCASP): The DJS process that uses integrated case management to assess risks and needs of youth throughout their DJS involvement and develop interventions to accomplish the goals of public safety and youth rehabilitation. MCASP enables DJS to strengthen individualized service plans for youth and families and match them with appropriate services/programs, to track youth progress, and to ensure that each youth receives the level of supervision consistent with their risk to public safety.

Maryland Evaluation and Treatment Services (METS): A web-based platform that provides key case management functions, including assessments, contacts, and treatment service planning in coordination with the DJS ASSIST system.

Maryland Longitudinal Data System (MLDS): A research data center established by State law in 2010 to allow research and policy evaluation using matched, de-identified data from the State education, workforce, and (as of October 2019) DJS data systems.

Maryland Police and Correctional Training Commissions (MPCTC): Under DPSCS, MPCTC is vested with the authority to set standards of initial selection and training for all governmental law enforcement, correctional, parole and probation, and juvenile services employees in the State of Maryland, and to otherwise upgrade the professionalism of these officers. MPCTC provides certification and ongoing training to DJS staff.

MD THINK: Maryland's Total Human-services Integrated Network is a cloud-based platform allowing multiple State agencies to share and manage data. DJS will be joining DHS in participating in MD THINK with the upcoming implementation of the CJAMS management information system.

Misdemeanor: See definition for “felony versus misdemeanor.”

Multidisciplinary Assessment Staffing Team (MAST): A specialized regional diagnostic team responsible for assessing and evaluating youth who are detained and at risk of out-of-home placement, prior to disposition. Following an in-depth review, the MAST prepares security and treatment recommendations to the juvenile court. The MAST includes psychologists, social workers, community and facility case managers and supervisors, resource specialists, MSDE representatives, and individuals from other disciplines as needed.

Multisystemic Therapy (MST - an EBS): An intensive family- and community-based treatment program that addresses the serious anti-social behavior of juvenile offenders. The major goal of MST is to empower parents and youth with the skills and resources needed to independently resolve the difficulties that arise in coping with family, peer, school, and neighborhood problems. Intervention strategies include family therapy, structural family therapy, behavioral parent training, and cognitive behavior therapies. MST is a home-based model of service delivery.

Pending Placement: A temporary status for youth who have been committed to an out-of-home residential treatment program and are awaiting placement, including youth removed from a committed placement. Youth may be “pending placement” in a variety of settings including: detention facility, home, home with additional services, home under community detention and/or electronic monitoring, family shelter care, structured shelter care, acute care hospitals, or psychiatric respite care programs.

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Petition: A formal written request filed by the State’s Attorney’s Office with the juvenile court alleging that a child is delinquent, in need of supervision (CINS) or in need of assistance (CINA).

Placement versus Admission: A placement is based on a decision made by an intake officer or judge to place a youth into detention or a treatment program. An admission occurs when a youth physically enters a facility either through direct placement or through transfer. Thus, during one placement, a youth may have several admissions.

Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports (PBIS): An implementation framework for maximizing the selection and use of evidence-based prevention and intervention practices along a multi-tiered continuum that supports the academic, social, emotional, and behavioral competence of youth in DJS facilities. PBIS principles guide the provision of medical, behavioral health, education, and recreation services, as well as Trauma Informed Care (TIC) and the Department’s STARR program. Facility teams use data on youth behavior to evaluate the effectiveness of facility operations, and youth behaviors and progress.

Positive Youth Development (PYD): The intentional engagement of young people in environments, experiences, and relationships that facilitate positive developmental outcomes. PYD in practice is an approach to working with young people that defines goals (outcomes) based on capacities, strengths and developmental needs of young people. Young people are provided opportunities with corresponding supports and services which result in positive developmental outcomes.

Post-Secondary Education Enrollment: The Students enrolled at JSEP schools have the opportunity to enroll in college-level courses online through Frederick Community College, Anne Arundel Community College, and Baltimore City Community College. Students at Backbone enroll and attend classes at Garrett Community College.

PowerSchool: The JSEP student information system (SIS) that provides real-time analytics based on student performance; creates report cards, transcripts, and progress reports, and performs progress monitoring for grade book, attendance, reports, and state standardized exams.

Pre-Adjudication Coordination and Training (PACT): An alternative to detention program in Baltimore City that serves youth ages 14 to 17. It utilizes a youth development model and collaborates with participants, their families, DJS, and other partners to develop a plan to address the underlying issues which lead to anti-social or delinquent behavior.

Pre-Court Supervision: An agreement consented to by the youth and parent/guardian diverting the case from formal court proceedings. The term is up to 90 days and may be extended to 180 days for substance abuse and mental health treatment needs by DJS or as otherwise ordered by the court. Failure to comply with the supervision agreement may result in a formal petition being filed.

Probation: Court-ordered supervision of youth in the community requiring youth to meet court-ordered probation conditions (general and case specific), including, for example, school attendance, employment, community service, restitution, counseling, or participation in substance abuse treatment.

Qualified Residential Treatment Program (QRTP): A residential program that has a trauma informed treatment model that does the following: a) addresses the needs, including clinical needs as appropriate, of youth with serious emotional or behavioral disorders or disturbances; b) implements the treatment identified for youth within the required 30 calendar day assessment of placement appropriateness; c) has registered or licensed nursing staff and other licensed clinical staff available on-site 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and; d) is accredited by any of the independent, not-for-profit organizations approved by the US Department of Health and Human Services.

Racial Equity: The reality in which a person is no more or less likely to experience society’s benefits or burdens due to their race or ethnicity. Works to achieve racial equity meaningfully involve persons most impacted by structural racial inequities in the creation and implementation of institutional policies and practices that impact their lives.

Recidivism: Subsequent juvenile/adult delinquent or criminal involvement of youth released from treatment programs or youth placed on probation.

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Relative Rate Index (RRI): A measure of Disproportionate Minority Contact (DMC) with the juvenile justice system. It is a standardized tool used to assess the level of racial disparity introduced at each decision point (detention, court referral, etc.) For example, RRI compares the detention rate for white youth with the detention rate for youth of a specific minority group. (See Appendix F).

Re-entry: A broad term used to refer to the transition from out-of-home committed placement to community supervision. Generally, re-entry involves a plan to ensure youth are connected to school, employment, and continued treatment services when returning to the community.

Removal from Committed Placement: A youth's removal from an out-of-home placement upon determination that the youth failed to comply with the rules and conditions of the program. Following a removal, a youth may require a new out-of-home placement. A youth may remain in detention pending a new placement.

Resident Advisor: DJS staff member who provides supervision, support, care, and monitoring of youth placed in DJS-operated facilities.

Residential Treatment Center (RTC): A mental health facility that serves children and adolescents with serious long-term emotional, behavioral, and psychological problems. RTCs provide intensive services and should be considered only when services in the community are insufficient to address a youth's needs. In addition to Maryland RTCs, DJS uses a variety of out-of-state providers, including RTCs funded through Medical Assistance. Treatment models vary by program focus, but all RTCs provide individualized treatment plans and structured, comprehensive services that are treatment-oriented and behaviorally focused.

Residential Treatment Service Plan (RTSP): A structured treatment planning tool to guide treatment services for youth placed in DJS-operated treatment programs.

Resolved at Intake: A determination by the DJS Intake officer that furthering the case by forwarding it to the State's Attorney's Office for formal processing or informal pre-court supervision would be disadvantageous to the interests of the youth and to public safety.

Restorative Justice: An approach that seeks to repair the harm caused by criminal behavior by involving the community in rehabilitating youth and holding them accountable for their behavior. It includes victim-offender mediation, conferencing, dialogue circles, victim assistance, restitution, and community service.

RISE: A structured behavior motivation system used in DJS detention facilities that provides support to youth and staff, improves facility culture, and assists youth in achieving social, behavioral, and academic goals. RISE teaches youth the importance of respect for self, others, and environment while providing opportunities for youth to be leaders.

SafeMeasures: An analytic service provided by Evident Change that provides timely management reports and indicators to DJS case management, supervisory, and executive staff. SafeMeasures pulls data from existing DJS databases and creates visual indicators and reports to ensure that the agency's requirements for effective facility operations, case management, and supervision are tracked and met.

Safety Planning Initiative (SPI): An intense supervision initiative for youth in DJS care who are witnesses to, or victims of violent acts, or otherwise at risk of violence.

Seven Challenges: An evidence-based program for youth with substance use issues that combines process groups and journaling. Seven Challenges focuses on helping youth make thoughtful decisions about their substance use and lives, and commit to change, as well as supporting youth in their changes.

Shelter Care: Temporary, short-term (1-30 days), non-secure housing of youth who are awaiting court disposition. Shelter beds serve as an alternative to detention or other short-term circumstance where family or other housing is not available.

Social History Investigation (SHI): The written study of a youth and their family that is presented to the juvenile court. The SHI emphasizes social and legal histories as well as the following domain areas: family functioning, substance abuse, mental health, somatic health, education, employment, and life skills.

Social Skills Training and Aggression Replacement Techniques (START): Based on Aggression Replacement Training (ART), which is an evidence-based, cognitive behavioral, group intervention for committed youth with chronic aggression, START focuses on developing youth's social skills, anger control, and moral reasoning.

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Staff Secure: Residential programs where youth movement is controlled through staff supervision rather than by restrictive architectural features.

STARR Program: A behavior motivation program used in DJS treatment facilities that incorporates PBIS principles. STARR utilizes evidence-based principles of positive instruction, reinforcement, and modeling, and is designed to encourage and develop pro-social behavior.

State Advisory Board: A Board that recommends policies and programs to the Secretary of Juvenile Services to improve State juvenile services. The Board helps plan development and use of resources, and helps inform the public of the Department's work. By law, it includes at least one youth member who was under the Department's jurisdiction as well as a parent or guardian of a youth who was under the Department's supervision. The 21 Board members are appointed by the Governor for 3-year terms.

Transfer/Reverse Waiver Hearing: A hearing in which a court with criminal jurisdiction over a case excluded by statute from juvenile jurisdiction waives it and transfers the child to juvenile court. This is permitted if it is "in the interests of the child or society." However, the court may not transfer a case of any child who (1) has previously been convicted of an excluded offense; (2) has previously been waived/transferred to juvenile court and adjudicated delinquent; or (3) is accused of first degree murder and was at least 16 at the time of commission. The law specifies various factors that must be considered in making a reverse waiver determination.

Trauma, Addictions, Mental Health, and Recovery for Youth (TAMAR-Y): A structured trauma education group that teaches youth to identify stress and trauma triggers. Youth also learn skills such as deep breathing and mindfulness techniques to address their reactions to stress and trauma triggers. TAMAR-Y uses a multimedia approach that includes videos to stimulate discussion, and incorporates expressive arts therapies that involve writing and drawing activities to engage youth and help them develop a better understanding of their experiences. Some of the topics covered in groups include: Understanding Trauma's Impact, Dealing with Triggers, Trauma and Addiction - How We Cope, Keeping It Together - Containment, Who I Am, and Connections.

Trauma Informed Care (TIC): A service delivery approach that takes into account past trauma and the resulting coping mechanisms when attempting to understand behaviors and provide services. Trauma informed care is a framework or a lens used to recognize the prevalence of early adversity in the lives of youth, view presenting problems as symptoms of maladaptive coping, and understand how early trauma shapes a youth's fundamental beliefs about the world and affects their behavior. In trauma informed counseling clinicians apply the principles of trauma informed care by identifying youth's strengths and positive coping strategies in order to assist the youth in managing stress.

Trauma Specific Treatment (TST): Treatment services that address traumatic stress as well as any co-occurring disorders (including substance use and mental disorders) that developed during or after trauma. Trauma Specific Treatments directly address trauma related symptoms and Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD). Trauma Focused-Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (TF-CBT) is an example of a trauma specific treatment.

Treatment Service Plan (TSP): A document identifying treatment objectives and services that address the specific needs of the youth and family. It is guided by the MCASP Risk & Needs Assessment for adjudicated youth, and completed by DJS case management staff when a youth is placed on probation or into a committed treatment program. It also serves to guide re-entry planning and guides aftercare service linkage and delivery.

Ungovernable: Being beyond the control of parents, guardians, or custodians or being disobedient of parental authority.

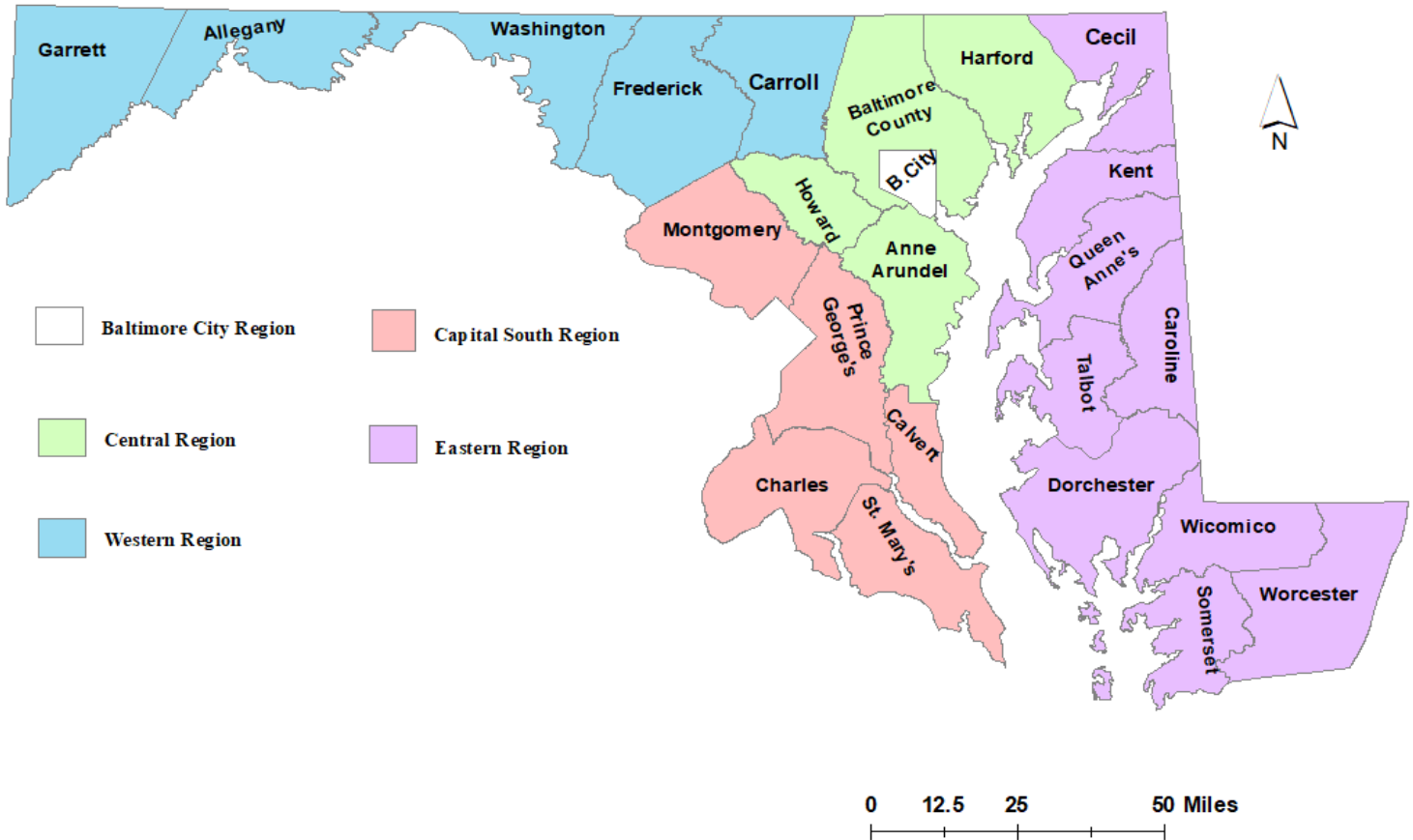
Violation of Probation (VOP): A hearing conducted by the court to determine if the conditions of community supervision have been violated. A VOP is considered a technical violation if it does not involve a new delinquent offense.

Youth Charged as an Adult: Juveniles can be charged as adults in certain sets of circumstances. If a child is 14 or older and commits a crime of violence, then the adult court has original jurisdiction. For youth aged 16 or 17, an adult charge is also possible for certain other offenses. (See Appendix I).

Appendix P NEW REGIONAL BREAKDOWN AS OF NOVEMBER 15, 2023

The DJS executive team evaluated various organizational designs that would enhance the staffing and operational structure of DJS Community Services. These changes include consolidation of counties from eight to five regions.

Because these changes were implemented on November 15, 2023, they were not in place during the data collection period for this *Data Resource Guide*. However, to provide contact information that will be current at the time of publication, the following table is included as a reference. Likewise, the map below illustrates the new regional structure.



Baltimore City Region: RD - Anjelene Branch	Baltimore City
Capital South Region: RD - Wanda Frink-Little	Calvert, Charles, Montgomery, Prince George's, and St. Mary's
Central Region: RD - Delmonica Hawkins	Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Harford, and Howard
Eastern Region: RD - Jennifer Winbrow-Jenkins	Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester
Western Region: RD - Derek Getic	Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, and Washington

Maryland Department of Juvenile Services
Division of Support Services
Redwood Tower
217 East Redwood Street
Baltimore, MD 21202
djs.maryland.gov

Baltimore County Arbutus Baltimore Highlands Bowleys Quarters Carney Catonsville Cockeysville Dundalk Edgemere Essex Garrison Hampton Kingsville Lansdowne Lochearn Lutherville Mays Chapel Middle River Milford Mill Overlea Owings Mills Parkville Perry Hall Pikesville Ranchleigh Randallstown Reisterstown Rosedale Rossville Timonium Towson White Marsh Woodlawn **Baltimore City** Arlington Armistead Gardens Belgravia Brooklyn Canton Carroll Cedarcroft Cherry Hill Cheswolde Clifford Curtis Bay Dickeyville Dixon Hill Dorchester Heights Fairfield Fallstaff Forest Park Gardenville Glenmore Park Guilford Gwynn Oak Hamilton Hampden Highlandtown Homeland Howard Park Hudson Heights Hunting Ridge Irvington Kenilworth Park Lakeland Lauraville Leahigh Melvale Montebello Park Morrell Park Mount Hope Mount Washington Mount Winans Norwood Heights Orangeville Ramblewood Rognel Heights Roland Park Ten Hills Violetville Walbrook Waverly West Baltimore West Forest Park Westport Wetheredsville Woodberry Woodhome Heights **Calvert County** Broomes Island Calvert Beach Chesapeake Beach Chesapeake Ranch Estates Drum Point Dunkirk Huntingtown Long Beach Lusby North Beach Owings Prince Frederick Saint Leonard Solomons West Beach **Carroll County** Choptank Denton Federalsburg Goldsboro Greensboro Henderson Hillsboro Maryland Preston Ridgely Templeville West Denton Williston **Carroll County** Eldersburg Hampstead Manchester Mount Airy New Windsor Ridgeville Sykesville Taneytown Union Bridge Westminster **Cecil County** Cecilton Charlestown Chesapeake City Elkton Elkton Heights Elkton Landing Hollingsworth Manor North East Perryville Port Deposit Rising Sun **Charles County** Benedict Benville Bryans Road Bryantown Cobb Island Hughesville Indian Head La Plata Pomfret Port Tobacco Potomac Heights Riverview Village Rock Point Saint Charles Waldorf Warington Hills **Dorchester County** Algonquin Brookview Cambridge Church Creek East New Market Eldorado Elliott Fishing Creek Galestown Hurlock Madison Secretary Taylors Island Vienna **Frederick County** Adamstown Ballenger Creek Bartonsville Braddock Heights Brunswick Buckeystown Burkittsville Clover Hill Discovery Emmitsburg Frederick Jefferson Libertytown Linganore Middletown Monrovia Myersville New Market Point of Rocks Rosemont Sabillasville Spring Garden Estates Spring Ridge Thurmont Urbana Walkersville Woodsboro **Garrett County** Accident Bloomington Crellin Deer Park Finzel Friendsville Gorman Grantsville Hutton Jennings Kitzmiller Loch Lynn Heights Mountain Lake Park Oakland Swanton **Harford County** Aberdeen Bel Air Burns Corner Darlington Edgewood Fallston Havre de Grace Hickory Hills Jarrettsville Joppatowne Perryman Pleasant Hills Pylesville Riverside **Howard County** Columbia Elkridge Ellicott City Fulton Highland Ichester North Laurel Savage Scaggsville **Kent County** Betterton Butlertown Chestertown Edesville Fairlee Galena Georgetown Kennedyville Millington Rock Hall Tolchester Worton **Montgomery County** Ashton Aspen Hill Barnesville Bethesda Broadwood Manor Brookeville Brookmont Burtonsville Cabin John Carroll Manor Chevy Chase Chevy Chase Section 4 Chevy Chase Section Five Chevy Chase Section Three Chevy Chase View Chevy Chase Village Clarksburg Cloverly Colesville Croydon Park Damascus Darnestown Deer Park Derwood Fairland Falls Orchard Forest Glen Four Corners Friendship Heights Friendship Village Gaithersburg Garrett Park Germantown Glen Echo Glenmont Glenora Hills Hillandale Hungerford Towne Kemp Mill Kensington Layhill Laytonsville Martins Additions Montgomery Village North Bethesda North Chevy Chase North Kensington North Potomac Olney Poolesville Potomac Potomac Woods Redland Rockcrest Rockland Rockville Rollins Park Rossmoor Sandy Spring Silver Rock Silver Spring Somerset South Kensington Spencerville Takoma Park Travilah Twin Brook Twin Brook Forest Washington Grove West End Park Westmore Wheaton White Oak Woodley Gardens **Prince George's County** Accokeek Adelphi Aquasco Baden Beltsville Berwyn Berwyn Heights Bladensburg Bowie Boxwood Village Branchville Brandywine Brentwood Brock Hall Calverton Camp Springs Capitol Heights Cedarville Cherry Hill Cheverly Chillum Clinton College Park College Park Woods Colmar Manor Coral Hills Cottage City Croom Daniels Park District Heights Eagle Harbor East Riverdale Edmonston Fairmount Heights Forest Heights Forestville Fort Washington Friendly Glassmanor Glenarden Glenn Dale Goddard Greenbelt Hardesty Hillcrest Heights Hollywood Hyattsville Kaywood Gardens Kettering Lake Arbor Landover Landover Hills Landover Park Langley Park Lanham Largo Laurel Marlboro Meadows Marlow Heights Marlyon Mitchellville Morningside Mount Rainier New Carrollton New Hampshire Gardens North Brentwood Oxon Hill Peppermill Village Queenstown Riverdale Park Rosaryville Seabrook Seat Pleasant South Laurel Springbrook Terrace Springdale Springhill Lake Suitland Temple Hills University Park Upper Marlboro Walker Mill West Laurel Westphalia Woodlawn Woodmore **Queen Anne's County** Barclay Centreville Chester Church Hill Grasonville Kent Narrows Kingstown Queen Anne Queenstown Stevensville Sudlersville **Somerset County** Chance Crisfield Dames Quarter Deal Island Eden Fairmount Frenchtown Mount Vernon Princess Anne Rumbley Smith Island West Pocomoke **St. Mary's County** California Charlotte Hall Golden Beach Leonardtown Lexington Park Mechanicsville Piney Point Saint George Island Tall Timbers **Talbot County** Cordova Easton Oxford Saint Aubins Heights Saint Michaels Tilghman Island Trappe **Washington County** Antietam Bagtown Bakersville Beaver Creek Big Pool Big Spring Blue Hill Boonsboro Breathedsville Brownsville Cascade Cavetown Cearfoss Charlton Chewsville Clear Spring Conococheague Dargan Downsville Eakles Mills Edgemont Ernstville Fairplay Fairview Fountain Head Funkstown Gapland Garretts Mill Greensburg Hagerstown Halfway Hancock Highfield Indian Springs Jugtown Keedysville Leitersburg Long Meadow Mapleview Mercersville Mount Aetna Mount Briar Mount Lena Myersdale Orchard Hills Paramount Pecktonville Pinesburg Pondsborne Reid Ringgold Robinwood Rohrsersville Rohrsersville Station Saint James San Mar Sandy Hook Sharpsburg Smithsburg Tilghmanton Trego Williamsport Wilson Yarrowsburg **Wicomico County** Allen Bivalve Delmar Fruitland Hebron Jestersville Lincoln Heights Mandela Springs Nanticoke Nanticoke Acres Parsonsburg Pittsville Powellville Quantico Salisbury Sharptown Spring Grove Tyaskin Waterview Whitehaven Willards **Worcester County** Berlin Bishopville Girdletree Newark North Ocean City Ocean City Ocean Pines Pocomoke City Snow Hill Stockton West Ocean City Whaleyville **Allegany County** Barreilville Barton Bel Air Bier Bowling Green Bowmans Addition Carlos Clarysville Corriaganville Cresaptown Cumberland Danville Dawson Detmold Eckhart Mines Eilerslie Flintstone Franklin Frostburg Gilmore Grahamtown Klondike La Vale Little Orleans Lonaconing Luke McCoole Midland Midlothian Moscow Mount Savage National Nikep Ocean Oldtown Pleasant Grove Potomac Park Rawlings South Cumberland Spring Gap Vale Summit Westernport Woodland Zihlman **Anne Arundel County** Admiral Heights Annapolis Arden on the Severn Arnold Brooklyn Park Cape Saint Claire Crofton Crownsville Deale Eastport Edgewater Ferndale Forest Villa Friendship Galesville Gambrells Germantown Glen Burnie Green Haven Herald Harbor Highland Beach Hillsmere Shores Jessup Lake Shore Linthicum Londontowne Maryland City Mayo Odenton Parole Pasadena Primrose Acres Pumphrey Riva Riviera Beach Selby-on-the-Bay Severn Severna Park Shady Side South Gate Truxton Heights Tyler Heights Victor Haven Wardour West Annapolis **Baltimore County** Arbutus Baltimore Highlands Bowleys Quarters Carney Catonsville Cockeysville Dundalk Edgemere Essex Garrison Hampton Kingsville Lansdowne Lochearn Lutherville Mays Chapel Middle River Milford Mill Overlea Owings Mills Parkville Perry Hall Pikesville Ranchleigh Randallstown Reisterstown Rosedale Rossville Timonium Towson White Marsh Woodlawn **Baltimore City** Arlington Armistead Gardens Belgravia Brooklyn Canton Carroll Cedarcroft Cherry Hill Cheswolde Clifford Curtis Bay Dickeyville Dixon Hill Dorchester Heights Fairfield Fallstaff Forest Park Gardenville Glenmore Park Guilford Gwynn Oak Hamilton Hampden Highlandtown Homeland Howard Park Hudson Heights Hunting Ridge Irvington Kenilworth Park Lakeland Lauraville Leahigh Melvale Montebello Park Morrell Park Mount Hope Mount Washington Mount Winans Norwood Heights Orangeville Ramblewood Rognel Heights Roland Park Ten Hills Violetville Walbrook Waverly West Baltimore West Forest Park Westport Wetheredsville Woodberry Woodhome Heights **Calvert County** Broomes Island Calvert Beach Chesapeake Beach Chesapeake Ranch Estates Drum Point Dunkirk Huntingtown Long Beach Lusby North Beach Owings Prince Frederick Saint Leonard Solomons West Beach **Carroll County** Choptank Denton Federalsburg Goldsboro Greensboro Henderson Hillsboro Maryland Presto Ridgely Templeville West Denton Williston **Carroll County** Eldersburg Hampstead Manchester Mount Airy New Windsor Ridgeville Sykesville Taneytown Union Bridge Westminster **Cecil County** Cecilton Charlestown Chesapeake City Elkton Elkton Heights Elkton Landing Hollingsworth Manor North East Perryville Port Deposit Rising Sun **Charles County** Benedict Benville Bryans Road Bryantown Cobb Island Hughesville Indian Head La Plata Pomfret Port Tobacco Potomac Heights Riverview Village Rock Point Saint Charles Waldorf Warington Hills **Dorchester County** Algonquin Brookview Cambridge Church Creek East New Market Eldorado Elliott Fishing Creek Galestown Hurlock Madison Secretary Taylors Island Vienna **Frederick County** Adamstown Ballenger Creek Bartonsville Braddock Heights Brunswick Buckeystown Burkittsville Clover Hill Discovery Emmitsburg Frederick Jefferson Libertytown Linganore Middletown Monrovia Myersville New Market Point of Rocks Rosemont Sabillasville Spring Garden Estates Spring Ridge Thurmont Urbana Walkersville Woodsboro **Garrett County** Accident Bloomington Crellin Deer Park Finzel Friendsville Gorman Grantsville Hutton Jennings Kitzmiller Loch Lynn Heights Mountain Lake Park Oakland Swanton **Harford County** Aberdeen Bel Air Burns Corner Darlington Edgewood Fallston Havre de Grace Hickory Hills Jarrettsville Joppatowne Perryman Pleasant Hills Pylesville Riverside **Howard County** Columbia Elkridge Ellicott City Fulton Highland Ichester North Laurel Savage Scaggsville **Kent County** Betterton Butlertown Chestertown Edesville Fairlee Galena Georgetown Kennedyville Millington Rock Hall Tolchester Worton **Montgomery County** Ashton Aspen Hill Barnesville Bethesda Broadwood Manor Brookeville Brookmont Burtonsville Cabin John Carroll Manor Chevy Chase Chevy Chase Section 4 Chevy Chase Section Five Chevy Chase Section Three Chevy Chase View Chevy Chase Village Clarksburg Cloverly Colesville Croydon Park Damascus 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